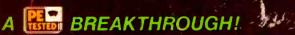
WORLD'S LARGEST SELLING ELECTRONICS MAGAZINE SEPTEMBER 1975,754



## NOW...EXCHANGE COMPUTER DATA EASILY, INEXPENSIVELY

Introducing PE's Hobbyist Interchange Tape (HIT) System

#### KARNAUGH MAPS FOR FAST DIGITAL DESIGN

A neat, simple method for working with logic

## **HOW TO GET EXTRA FUNCTIONS FOR SIMPLE HAND CALCULATORS**

Add memory, constant, % at little cost

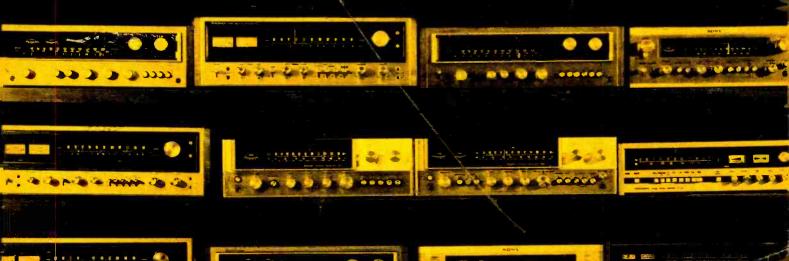
#### **BUILD A DIRECT-READING LOGIC PROBE**

Readout displays high, low, open and pulse

#### **TEST REPORTS:**

- Heathkit "Digital" Color TV Realistic Portable Scanner
- Pickering Discrete 4-Channel Cartridge
- Crown Electronic Crossover Hickock Curve Tracer

# What Does Your Stereo Receiver Dollar Buy? Hirsch-Houck Labs compares performance and cost



# Pioneer's new 9191...the best cassette deck under \$450 that money can buy.

Here is a magnificent cassette deck with specifications that are beyond what our industry had been aware were possible; specs that surpass anything that a deck of this price, performance and quality has ever been able to come up to before. Unbelievably low wow and flutter; splenoid controls that operate at a touch with almost magical precision, and a unique, truly-visible horizontal front loading system by which the passette is effortlessly set into place with two fingers, are only a few highlights.

Pioneer's new 9191 incorporates a cascade of features and innovations: automatic CrO<sub>2</sub> tape detector and indicator light; an illuminated panel scale that lets you see at a glance the amount of tape remaining or a cassette; and an advanced memory rewind circuit that permits quick and easy location of (and automatic restart from) any point on a cassette tape. It also has two independent drive motors; including an electronically-controlled DC unit for recording and payback.

Our engineers took into consideration the many types of tapes available and included superior bias and equalization corcuitry and switching (in addition to the the automatic CrO<sub>2</sub> detection system) so that the 9191's recording capability is



Unique, effortless front-loading system.



Selectable equalization and bias switches.

optimized for any kind of cassettes you want to use. And, of course, there's built-in Dolby B\* to bring the 9191's S/N ratio up to 62 dB, even with standard tapes. We've also included separate mic/line mixing, and an extra pair of input and output jacks.

By now you realize that here is a cassette deck rivalling the performance of decks costing hundreds of dollars more; a deck whose controls make it respond faster than many reel-to-reel machines, and which offers greatly-extended frequency response and dynamic range. And it's the only front-loading, front-

control, stackable deck to have all the features we've mentioned.

But of all the ingredients that make up the 9191: performance, reliability, style and features, the most important of all is its value. We set out to build a cassette deck that was better, but less costly, than any deck built previously. We know we have succeeded. We know that you'll agree when you see and handle the Pioneer CT-F9191 of your Pioneer dealer.

#### CT-F9191 Specifications:

Frequency Response: Standard, LH tape: 25-16,000 Hz ∕(35-13,000 Hz ±3dB); CrO₂ tape: 20-17,000 Hz (30-14,000 Hz ±3dB)

Signal 10-Noise Ratio: Dolby OFF: More than 52 dB; Dolby ON: More than 62 dB (Over 5,000 Hz, Standard and LH tapes) More than 66.5 dB over 5,000 Hz with CrO<sub>2</sub> tape

Harmonic Distortion: No more than 1.7% (OdB) Wow and Flutter: No more thas 0.07% (WRMS)

U.S. Pioneer Electronics Corp., 75 Oxford Drive, Moonachie, New Jersey 07074.

West: 13300 S. Estrella, Los Angeles 90248 / Midwest: 1500 Greenleaf, Elk Grove Village, Ill. 60007 / Canada: S.H. Parker Co.

## **OPIONEER**



\*Dolby is a trademark of Dolby Laboratories, Inc

+\$449.95 is manufacturer's suggested resale price only and includes walnut grained vinyl top & side panels. Actual selling price is set by Pioneer dealer at his option.

CIRCLE NO. 66 ON FREE INFORMATION CARO

www.americanradiohistory.com





#### Other Model 1-612 features:

- LARGE (1%" x %") S-RF METER. Offers visual signal input and power output indication.
- TWIN LED LIGHT indicaté transmit (red) and receive (green).
- VARIABLE TONE CONTROL. You adjust audio response level to compensate for high noise levels.
- LOCAL-DISTANT RF GAIN SWITCH prevents overload and distortion from nearby transmitters.
- AUTOMATIC NOISE ELIMINATOR SWITCH with On-Off feature.
- PLUS THESE OTHER GREAT FEATURES AND CONVENIENCES: CB-PA switch converts unit into powerful, 5-watt P.A./Hailer system . . . full-size, plug-in mike . . . illuminated channel dial . . . AMC circuit to prevent overmodulation . . . Tuned RF stage . . . Positive and negative ground operation . . . Full 4 watts power to antenna . . . Dual conversion superheterodyne receiver . . . External speaker jack.

#### Royce Model 1-612 Gyro-Lock Citizens Band Transceiver

That's Gyro-Lock! An amazing new innovation in CB engineering design. Imagine—full, 23-channel operation from only 2 crystals. Advanced, integrated circuits (10 of them) replace other crystals formerly needed. So, unlike old synthesizers which can be affected by temperature changes—with Royce Gyro-Lock you are always on channel, on every channel.

Reason enough to choose the Royce Model 1-612. But, your Royce Dealer has many other features to show you. Stop by and see them all—soon!



1142 Clay Street
- North Kansas Cry, Missouri 64116
CALL: (816) 842-02,52 • TELEX: 426-145

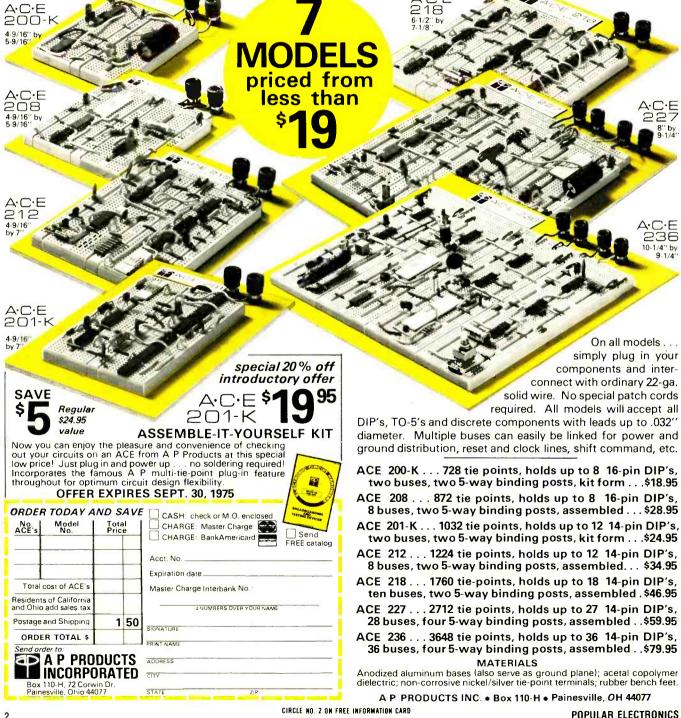
Send for full-line color brochure today!

CIRCLE NO. 46 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### **NEW...from AP Products**



# OBSOLETES ordinary breadboards — for fast, solderless, plug-in circuit building and testing



#### **SEPTEMBER 1975 VOLUME 8, NUMBER 3**

# Popular Electronics

WORLD'S LARGEST SELLING ELECTRONICS MAGAZINE

#### **FEATURE ARTICLES**

LATORE ARTICLES	
WHAT DOES YOUR STEREO RECEIVER DOLLAR BUY?	
KARNAUGH MAPS FOR FAST DIGITAL DESIGN	50
A neat, simple method for working with logic.  ENGLISH-LANGUAGE SHORTWAVE BROADCASTS FOR SEPT. & OCT. 1975 Richard E. Wood	82
CONSTRUCTION ARTICLES	
HOW TO ADD FUNCTIONS TO SIMPLE HAND CALCULATORS	
BUILD A HIGH-PERFORMANCE CD-4 DEMODULATOR	
BUILD A DIRECT-READING LOGIC PROBE	54
SKIN TEMPERATURE THERMOMETER	62
COLUMNS	
STEREO SCENE	22
COMPUTER BITS	
TEST EQUIPMENT SCENE Leslie Solomon Checking the Sweep Generator "Birdie."	
DX LISTENING	
SOLID STATE Lou Garner New IC's for Digital Watches.	
HOBBY SCENE Editorial Staff	91
PRODUCT TEST REPORTS	
PICKERING MODEL XUV/4500Q CD-4 PHONO CARTRIDGE	
HEATHKIT MODEL GR-400 "DIGITAL" COLOR TV RECEIVER KIT	
REALISTIC MODEL PRO-6 PORTABLE SCANNING RECEIVER	
HICKOCK MODEL 440 TRANSISTOR CURVE TRACER	
DEPARTMENTS	
EDITORIAL	4
LETTERS	. (
OUT OF TUNE  Build a Muscle Feedback Monitor (May 1975)	•
NEW PRODUCTS	
NEW LITERATURE	20
TIPS & TECHNIQUES	
ELECTRONICS LIBRARY	97

COVER PHOTO Photographed at Grand Central Radio. New York City

POPULAR ELECTRONICS. September 1975, Volume 8, Number 3 Published monthly at One Park Avenue New York, NY 10016 One year subscription rate for U.S., \$6.98 U.S. Possessions and Canada \$7.98, all other countries, \$8.98 Second Class postage paid at New York, NY and at additional mailing offices. Authorized as second class mail by the Post Office Department. Ottawa. Canada and for payment of postage in cash Subscription service and Forms 3579, P.O. Box 2774 Boulder. CO 80302

OPERATION ASSIST .....

Subscription service and Forms 3579, P.O. Box 2774 Boulder CO 80302 POPULAR ELECTRONICS including ELECTRONICS WORLD. Trade Mark Registered Indexed in the Reader's Guide to Periodical Literature COPYRIGHT 1975 BY ZIFF-DAVIS PUBLISHING COMPANY ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

Ziff-Davis also publishes Boating, Car and Driver Cycle, Flying Modern Bride Popular Photography Skiing and Stereo Review

Editorial correspondence: POPULAR ELECTRONICS. 1 Park Ave New York NY 10016 Editorial contributions must be accompanied by return postage and will be handled with reasonable care, however, publisher assumes no responsibility for return or safety of manuscripts, art work, or models

Forms 3579 and all subscription correspondence: POPULAR ELEC-TRONICS Circulation Dept PO Box 2774. Boulder, CO 80302 Please allow at least eight weeks for change of address Include your old address enclosing if possible an address label from a recent issue

# **Popular Electronics**®

#### EDGAR W. HOPPER

Publisher

#### ARTHUR P. SALSBERG

Editorial Director

#### LESLIE SOLOMON

Technical Editor

#### JOHN R. RIGGS

Managing Editor

#### ALEXANDER W. BURAWA

ANDER W. BURAY

Associate Editor

#### EDWARD I. BUXBAUM

Art Director

#### JOHN McVEIGH

Assistant Editor

#### ANDRE DUZANT

Technical Illustrator

HERBERT S. BRIER
LEN BUCKWALTER
LOU GARNER
GLENN HAUSER
JULIAN D. HIRSCH
RALPH HODGES
ART MARGOLIS
WILFRED M. SCHERER

Contributing Editors

#### JOSEPH E. HALLORAN

Advertising Directo

#### JOHN J. CORTON

Advertising Sale

#### LINDA BLUM

lvertising Seri ice Manage

#### PEGI McENEANEY Frecutive Assistant

r. vecutu e Assistai

#### STANLEY NEUFELD

Associate rubusner

#### FURMAN H. HEBB Group VP, Electronics & Photo

ZIFF-DAVIS PUBLISHING COMPANY

Popular Electronics Editorial and Executive Offices One Park Avenue New York, New York 10016 212-725-3500

Hershel B. Sarbin, President
Furman Hebb. Executive Vice President
Vincent Perry, Financial Vice President and Treasurer
Phillip T. Heffernan, Senior Vice President. Marketing
Edward D. Muhlfeld, Senior Vice President. Sports Division
Philip Sine, Senior Vice President

Philip Sine, Senior Vice President
Frank Pomerantz, Vice President, Creative Services
Arthur W Butzow, Vice President, Production
Lawrence Sporn, Vice President, Circulation
George Morrissey, Vice President
Sydney H Rogers, Vice President
Sidney Holtz, Vice President
Charles B Seton, Secretary
Edgar W Hopper, Vice President, Electronics Div.

William Ziff, Chairman W Bradford Briggs, Vice Chairman

Midwestern Office
The Pattis Group, 4761 West Touhy Ave
Lincolnwood, Illinois 60644, 312, 679-110

Lincolnwood. Illinois 60644, 312 679-1100 GERALD E WOLFE: THOMAS HOCKNEY Western Office

9025 Wilshire Boulevard, Beverly Hills, CA 90211 213 273-8050, BRadshaw 2-1161 Western Advertising Manager, BUD DEAN

Japan James Yagi Oji Palace Aoyama. 6-25, Minami Aoyama 6 Chome, Minato-Ku, Tokyo 407-1930/6821, 582-2851







of Circulations



The publisher has no knowledge of any proprietary rights which will be violated by the making or using of any items disclosed in this issue



#### **ABOUT EDITORIAL BULL SESSIONS**

The editors here at POPULAR ELECTRONICS get together on a regular and irregular basis to ruminate about the state of the art, where it's headed, and sundry editorial problems and challenges. Here's a minuscule sampling of what we typically discuss at these bull sessions.

Why do two audio amplifiers with identical performance specifications sometimes sound different? One consideration, we concluded, may be "transient intermodulation distortion" or TIM. Essentially, this concerns the delay that occurs between a transient input signal to an amplifier and its output signal. Because of the delay, there is no feedback to modify the momentary high input as occurs under steady-state conditions. The upshot is often some degree of overload clipping, compounded by an extension of cut-off time by the feedback mechanism. Such a short burst of intermodulation distortion is said to resemble momentary crossover distortion in solid-state amplifiers, which is revealed as a harshness of sound.

Unfortunately, TIM is undetectable at the output. To measure it requires disconnecting the feedback loops, a job that's easier said than done. Conclusive tests on this elusive distortion mechanism have not been made, to our knowledge. So you can be sure that we'll be kicking this one around again.

We naturally follow electronic developments very closely, keeping each other posted on what we learn. For instance, moderately priced erasable PROM's for hobbyists do not appear to be too far down the road. Also of interest, fusable-link PROM's (see our July 1975 issue), which in effect allow you to make your own ROM's, are obviously untested by the manufacturer in final form. As a result, some 2% are likely to be defective. So add an extra device or two to your order to cover this possibility.

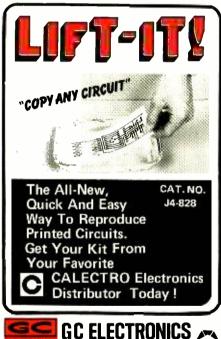
Our readers are a major subject of discussion, too. What do you want to hear about: microprocessors, shortwave listening, hi-fi? Your letters help us answer this question and you'll sometimes see editorial changes reflecting them. For example, it's clear that our recently introduced quarterly column, "Computer Bits," will be increased in frequency due to its enormously favorable response and the many requests for more coverage. Also, we'll be resurrecting "Operation Assist" for readers who can't locate the schematics or parts for an old product. Other pleasant surprises are in store for you, too.

And, of course, we chat about problems with some reader mail. So there are a few requests we'd like to make of you. They concern letters that you hope to have answered. To help ensure a reply, please enclose a stamped, self-addressed envelope. Due to the tremendous volume of mail received, we can't respond if this is not done. Furthermore, we simply cannot modify or troubleshoot circuits by mail, as much as we'd like to. To answer complicated design questions would jeopardize our schedule, which must be met monthly to satisfy all of our nearly 400,000 readers.

At Salsberg







Coming Up In The October

DIVISION OF HYDROMETALS, INC. ROCKFORD, ILLINOIS 61101 U.S.A.

# **Popular Electronics**

THE "SENIOR SCIENTIST" CALCULATOR
DESIGNING SOLID-STATE OSCILLATORS
USING PHASE-LOCKED LOOPS
RHOMBIC ANTENNAS FOR TV
WHAT'S NEW FOR HI-FI IN 1976



#### BITS ON COMPUTER BITS

The response to Jerry Ogdin's first Computer Bits column (in the June issue) has been tremendous. Here are excerpts from just a few of the letters:

Thanks for your new column. I am interested in being a member of a computer hobbyist group. — John F. Sprague, Allendale, N.J. ... Make it monthly instead of quarterly as soon as possible. I am a reasonably good programmer but need support in electronics. — Peter Nevius, Niskayuna, N. Y. . . Because of this, I have just subscribed to your magazine. — Howe C. Fong. Los Angeles, Calif. . . . I have years of experience with hardware, but none with software. Please continue the column. -J. E. Kircher, Hannibal, Mo. . . . I would like to see this column become regular, instead of a quarterly thing. Glad to see somebody's in touch with 1975. - R. M. Bash, Fairbanks, Alaska... We found your new column very interesting. We will be using your magazine as a "textbook" starting next fall. The wide variety of articles, new components, career opportunities, basic design projects, guizzes, printed and digital circuit projects all fit into our introductory electronics course. — J. W. Craig, St. Louis, Mo . . . . I welcome the appearance of "Computer Bits." However, I resent your statement that there are those who know hardware but nothing of programming and those who know software but not hardware. I know both very well and fully believe that you can't understand all implications of either without knowing both. — H. J. Kuhman, Pittsburgh, Pa. . . . I am quessing that your "neat, inexpensive solution" to the program-sharing problem will be achieved with cassettes. I am planning to buy a microcomputer. When asked why I wanted one, I came up with the following planned uses: Files Management (adaptation for record-keeping in a small business); Teaching Programs (programmable learning via teletype or CRT display); Software Experience; Academic and Job Augmentation (doing work at home with a phone hook-up to a big plant); Home Recreation (for the sheer fun of it). — Gary Walker, Gilroy, Calif.

We're still gathering computer club info and will alert respondents to them in the near future. Commencing with this issue's "Computer Bits," the column will be bimonthly instead of quarterly.

#### CREDIT FOR CONVERTER CIRCUIT

I was pleased to see a good application for a V-to-f converter in the article "Converter Turns Counter into a Digital VOM" (May 1975). However, I was disappointed to see that a reference was not given for the source of this circuit. I developed the circuit shortly after the NE 555 timer became available. — H. Klement, White Plains, N.Y.

The author included the reference in his manuscript. It was dropped in editing.

#### RED IS OK

In the article "Build a Digital Marine/Auto Tachometer" (June 1975), it was stated that the use of red displays for anything other than emergency indicators in automobiles is illegal.

We checked this out with the National Highway Transportation Safety Administration, which is responsible for Federal Standard 101 (covering the subject), and also with the Motor Vehicles Manufacturers Association in Detroit, which provides automobile industry standards. We find no basis for the prohibition mentioned. — David K. Bradley, E. F. Johnson Co., Waseca, Minn.

Thanks for bringing us up to date. Our statement was based on information we received several years ago when the NHTSA was with the Department of Commerce.

#### THE LONG CONNECTION

In your July 1975 editorial (The ATIS Connection), you said that transmission of the identifying code would take about 1/4 to 1/5 of a second. Using the most common implementation of the ASCII code, including framing bits for synchronization, a total of ten or eleven bits is required per character. Thus a 22-character message (suggested for ATIS) means the transmission of 220 or 242 bits. At 100 bits per second, each ATIS would take just under 2½ seconds.

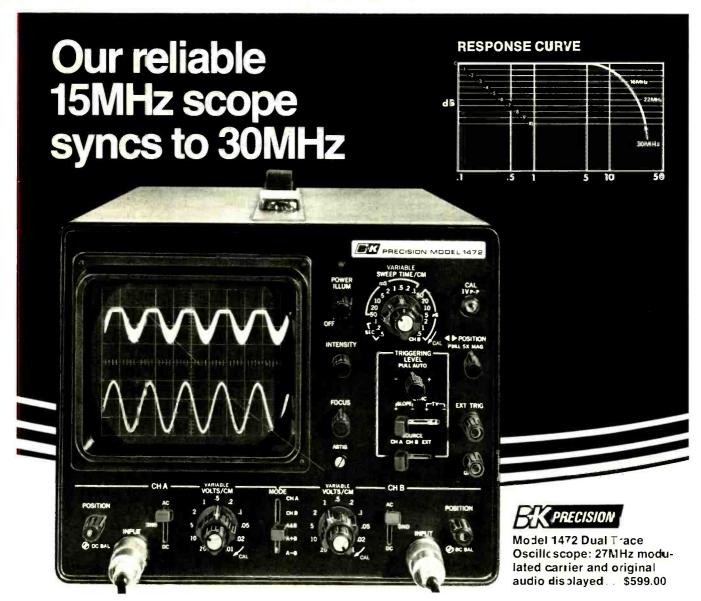
Even more discouraging (about ATIS) is that the suggested frequency is smack-dab in the middle of the speech band. Of course, that's where you want it for use with equipment designed for spoken communication, but ATIS will sound like a canary. — Bob Brown, Atlanta, Ga.

Identification would require 176 bits of information. Transmitting this at 100 baud would require 1.76 seconds. — Stuart Goldberg, Warrington, Pa.

How right you are! It's 22 characters times 8 bits divided by 100 baud equals 1.76 seconds. That's a SMOP (small matter of programming) for you.

# Out of Tune

In "Build a Muscle Feedback Monitor" (May 1975), the polarity of *B2* in Fig. 2 should be reversed.



Model 1472 Dual Trace Scope has reliable automatic sync and plenty of deflection for waveform analysis at frequencies far beyond its nominal range. Look at its actual, smooth roll-off curve and you can see how you can do an expensive scope's job with our far less costly but equally reliable, easy-to-use counterpart. Model 1472 lengthens the B&K-Precision complete line of 2 to 10MHz bandwidth scopes—a line of scopes that now outsells every other 10 to 15MHz scope because our users have discovered our reliability, performance and instant delivery from our distributors.

Model 1472 has 19 calibrated sweeps— $.5\mu$ SEC/cm to .5SEC/cm and sweep to  $.1\mu$ SEC/cm with 5x and to 1.5SEC/cm with uncalibrated vernier. Deflection factor is 0.01V/cm to 20V/cm  $\pm 5\%$  in 11 ranges plus fine adjustment. Regulation maintains calibration accuracies over 105-130VAC range. Rise time is 24nSEC, fast enough to check most digital logic circuitry, including CMOS. Automatic triggering is

obtained on waveforms with as little as 1cm deflection. Dual trace display has algebraic addition and subtraction and differential input capability. Mode automatically shifts between CHOP and ALTERNATE as you change sweep time, speeding set-up. Extremely flat in-band response is particularly useful for demanding applications like adjusting color video to close tolerances in TV broadcast studios.

Front panel X-Y operation uses matched vertical amplifiers, preserving full calibration accuracy for both amplitude and phase. The intensity modulation input (Z axis) is available for time or frequency markers. Bright blue P31 phosphor and variable illuminated graticule make any waveform easy to see.

#### In Stock For Free Trial

Model 1472 or any B&K-Precision oscilloscope can be obtained from your local distributor for a free trial. You'll find the scope you need in stock today. Write for detailed specifications.



1801 W. Belle Plaine Avenue Chicago. IL 60613 CIRCLE NO. 10 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

# Where do the pros get their training?



Almost half of the successful TV servicemen have home study training and with them, it's NRI 2 to 1. It's a fact! Among men actually making their living repairing TV and audio equipment, more have taken training from NRI than any other home study school. More than twice as many!

Not only that, but a national survey,\* performed by an independent research organization, showed that the pros named NRI most often as a recommended school and as the first choice by far among those who had taken home study courses from any school. Why? Perhaps NRI's 60-year record with over a million students...the solid training and value built into every NRI course...and the designed-forlearning equipment originated by NRI provide the answer. But send for your free NRI catalog and decide for yourself.



# Two Famous Educators... NRI and McGraw-Hill.

NRI is a part of McGraw-Hill, world's largest publishers of educational material. Together, they give you the kind of training that's geared for success...practical knowhow aimed at giving you a real shot at a better job or a business of your own. You learn at home at your convenience, with "bite-size" lessons that ease learning and speed comprehension. Kits designed to give you practical bench experience also become first-class professional instruments you'll use in your work.

\*Summary of survey results upon request.



# 25" Diagonal Color TV... Professional Instruments

As a part of NRI's Master Course in TV/Audio servicing, you build a big-screen solid state color TV with every

modern feature for great reception and performance. As you build it, you perform stage-by-stage experiments designed to give you actual bench experience while demonstrating the interaction of various stages of the circuitry. And your TV comes complete with console cabinet, an optional extra with other schools. Likewise, NRI's

instruments are a cut above the average, including a 3½ digit precision digital multimeter, triggered sweep 5″ oscilloscope, and integrated circuit TV pattern generator. They're top professional quality, designed to give you years of reliable service. You can pay hundreds of dollars more for a similar course and not get a nickel's worth extra in training and equipment.

## Widest Choice of Courses and Careers.

NRI doesn't stop with just one course in TV/Audio servicing. You can pick from five different courses (including an advanced color course for practicing technicians) so you can fit your training to your needs and your budget. Or, you can go into Computer Technology, learning on a real, digital computer you build yourself. Communications with famous Johnson transceiver. Aircraft or Marine Electronics. Mobile radio. and more.

#### Free Catalog... No Salesman Will Call.

Send the postage-paid card for our free color catalog showing details on all NRI electronics courses. Lesson plans, equipment, and career opportunities are fully described. Check card for information on G.I. benefits. No obligation, no salesman will call. Mail today and see for yourself why the pros select NRI two to one!

If card is missing, write to:



#### **NRI SCHOOLS**

McGraw-Hill Continuing Education Center 3939 Wisconsin Avenue, Washington, D.C. 20016

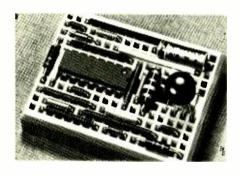


# **New Products**

Additional information on new products covered in this section is available from the manufacturers. Either circle the item's code number on the Reader Service Card inside the back cover or write to the manufacturer at the address given.

#### AP PRODUCTS BREADBOARDING STRIPS

A new series of terminal and distribution strips is available from AP Products. These solderless, plug-in strips are available in three basic configurations of terminal strips and two versions of distribution



strips. The Model L terminal strips contain two rows of 5-tie-point terminals, are available in four lengths, and are said to accommodate all components and jumpers with leads up to 0.032" (0.8 mm) diameter. The full-length model will hold eight 14-pin DIP's. The Model R terminal strips are available with either one or two rows of 4-tie-point terminals and are useful in breadboarding circuits using standard DIP's. Distribution strips are available in two models. The first consists of two continuous bus strips (three lengths available), and the second consists of two groups of three-bus strips. All buses are comprised of 4-tie-point terminals. All contacts are nickle-silver copper alloy. Price varies from \$2.00 to \$12.50, depending on model.

CIRCLE NO. 70 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### MAGNAVOX MX 4-/2-CHANNEL AM/FM STEREO RECEIVER

The MX Model 1620 receiver from Magnavox features four power amplifiers, SQ and RM decoders, and a full complement of controls. The tuner section features the ASNC system (which reduces noise level on weak stereo stations,) and three dualgate MOSFET's in the front end. The amplifier section has a direct-coupled output, a power boost circuit to double power out-

put in stereo mode, and an Automatic Protection Circuit for amplifiers and speakers. Claimed FM sensitivity is 1.8  $\mu$ V (IHF), stereo separation 50 dB  $\alpha$  10,000 Hz, harmonic distortion 0.3% (stereo), and capture ratio 1.5 dB. The amplifier is rated at 12 W rms/ch (30 W/ch stereo), over a power bandwidth of 20-20.000 Hz with 0.5% THD into 8 ohms. The Model 1620 measures 22¾" W × 15" D × 6" H (57.2 × 38.1 × 15.2 cm) and weighs 33 lb (15 kg). Includes grained walnut veneer enclosure. \$499.95.

CIRCLE NO. 71 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### INFINITY MONITOR II LOUDSPEAKER SYSTEM

Infinity System's new Monitor II is a floorstanding, four-way loudspeaker system, Program material ranging from 23 to 450 Hz is reproduced by a patented long-throw 12-inch (30.5-cm) damped woofer. A 11/2-inch (3.8-cm) enclosed midrange driver is active in the 450-5000-Hz range, while a 1-inch dome tweeter covers 5000 to 10.000 Hz. A Walsh Transmission Line Tweeter, which looks like an ice cream cone, handles material in the 10,000- to 28,000-Hz range with 360° horizontal dispersion. The Monitor II's floor-standing, oiled walnut enclosure comes with two tops-one oiled walnut and one cloth-wrapped. The system is not recommended for use with amplifiers rated at less than 60 W rms/channel. Nominal impedance is 8 ohms. The Monitor II measures 50" H  $\times$  17" W  $\times$  16" D (127  $\times$  43.2  $\times$  40.6 cm) and weighs 94 lb (42.7 kg).

CIRCLE NO. 72 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### GEMTRONICS MOBILE CB TRANSCEIVER

The newest addition to Gemtronics' line of CB transceivers is the Model GTX-23 mobile rig. Among its features are a fre-



quency synthesizer providing 23 crystalcontrolled transmit and receive channels, three-position delta tune, PA/CB operation, S/r-f meter, a modulation indicator lamp and noise limiter.

CIRCLE NO. 73 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### OVER-VOLTAGE PROTECTION FOR MOBILE EQUIPMENT

The Voltector, by D.R. Corbin Manufacturing Co., is a solid-state over-voltage protection device for 12-V dc mobile equipment. A PUT is used in a voltage comparator that is said to track  $\pm 0.5$  volt from 20°F to 200°F (-6.7°C to 93.3°C). The comparator output feeds a high-current thyristor switch that crowbars the supply line. Voltage on the

line is clamped to about 1 volt, which blows the line fuse normally used with the equipment. The unit is housed in a waterproof enclosure with aluminum r-f shielding, and looks much like a small electrolytic capacitor with two flexible leads. The Voltector can be used with either positive- or negative-ground 12-V systems. \$29.50

CIRCLE NO. 74 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### HELECTRONIX FUNCTION GENERATOR KIT

The Model L-10 Function Generator kit by Helectronix has a pre-wired and pre-tested circuit board to facilitate assembly. Fre-



quency range is claimed at 1 Hz to 100 kHz with amplitude constant ±0.5 dB. Sine output with variable amplitude up to 10 Vpp into 600 ohms is said to contain less than 2% distortion. The generator's triangle wave is claimed to have a typical linearity of 0.1%, with variable amplitude output up to 12 V<sub>pp</sub> into a 600-ohm load. The square wave and pulse (variable width) output has a fixed amplitude at TTL logic one (greater than 3 V) levels. Rise and fall times are said to be less than 15 ns. Duty cycle of the pulse output can be varied from 5 to 95%. Fanout is 30 gates, according to the manufacturer. The L-10 weighs 2 lb (0.9 kg) and measures  $7" \times 5" \times 4.5"$  (17.8  $\times$  12.7  $\times$  11.4 cm). \$49.95

CIRCLE NO. 75 ON FREE INFORMATION CARO

#### **UHER LIGHTWEIGHT STEREO HEADPHONES**

Uher of America is offering a pair of openair headphones in three configurations. The Model W674 has a two-pin plug for use with Uher open reel decks, the Model W675 has a 5-pin plug for use with Uher cassette decks, and the Model W676 has a phone plug termination for use with amplifiers having the standard headphone jack. The headphones have a frequency response of 20 to 20,000 Hz. It is said that they weigh only 2.2 oz (62 g), and permit you to hear external sounds as well as the program material. An eight-foot (2.4-m) cord is included. \$49.95

CIRCLE NO. 76 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### MAXELL RECORDING TAPES

Maxell has introduced two new lines of recording tape. A family of premium cassettes will be known as the UDXL series, available in 60- and 90-minute packages. Epitaxial blending techniques of pure and alloy ferrites provide large dynamic range,

POPULAR ELECTRONICS

#### **MITS Altair Computer Report II**

## MITS Announces Lower Memory Prices!

On July 1, 1975, MITS lowered the price of the Altair 1K Static Memory Card (88-1MCS). The kit price was dropped from \$176 to just \$97 while the assembled price was dropped from \$209 to \$139.

This price reduction was made possible by a reduction in the price of the Altair 1K 8101 memory chips.

Also affected was the price of 88-MM 256 byte (word) memory modules. The \$53 kit price was lowered to just \$14 and the \$61 assembled price to \$26.

#### Altair BASIC—Not Just Anybody's BASIC

Altair BASIC is an easy-to-use programming language that can solve applications problems in business, science and education.

You will find that with only a few hours of using BASIC that you can already write programs with an ease that few other computer languages can match.

Altair BASIC doesn't compromise power for simplicity. While it is one of the simplest computer languages in existence, it is also a very powerful language.

ALTAIR BASIC comes in three versions. The first of these is a 4K BASIC designed to run in an Altair with as little as 4,000 words of memory. This powerful BASIC language has 6 functions (RND, SQR, SIN, ABS, INT, and SGN) in addition to 15 statements (IF . . . THEN, GOSUB, RETURN, FOR, NEXT, READ, INPUT, END, DATA GOTO, LET, DIM, REM, RESTORE, PRINT, STOP) and 4 commands (LIST, RUN, CLEAR, SCRATCH).

The second ALTAIR BASIC option is the 8K BASIC designed to run in an Altair with as little as 8,000 words of memory. This BASIC language is the same as the 4K BASIC only with 8 additional functions (COS, LOG, EXP, TAN, ATN, INP, FRE, POS) and 4 additional statements (ON . . . GOTO, ON . . . GOSUB, OUT, DEF) and 1 additional command (CONT). This BASIC has a multi-tude of advanced STRING functions and it can be used to control low speed devices—features not normally found in many BASIC languages.

The third ALTAIR BASIC is the EXTENDED BASIC version designed to run on an Altair with as little as 12,000 words of memory. It is the same as the 8K BASIC with the addition of PRINT USING, DISK I/O, and double precision (13 digit accuracy) add, substract, multiply and divide.

Altair BASIC is only the beginning. MITS is currently engaged in an extensive software development program. Other software now available includes an Assembler, System Monitor, and Text Editor.

Altair software comes with complete documentation.

#### One Month Specials

The Altair Users Group is quite possibly the largest computer hobbyist organization in the World. It is both a means of communication among Altair Users and a method of building a comprehensive library of Altair programs. All Altair 8800 owners are entitled to a free, one year membership in this group.

For one month only, you can become an Associate Member for one year at a reduced rate of \$10 (regularly \$30). Among other benefits you will receive a subscription to the monthly publication, Computer Notes, which contains complete update information on Altair hardware and software developments, programming tips, general computer articles and other useful information.

Now available is the **Altair Software Documentation Book I** which contains technical data on the Altair Assembler, Text Editor, System Monitor and BASIC language software. This documentation is free to purchasers of Altair BASIC. For one month only, it is being offered for only \$7.50 (regularly \$10).

Offers good until September 30, 1975.

The 1K Static Memory Card contains 1024 bytes of memory with a maximum access time of 850 nanoseconds.

Now ready for production is the new Altair 2K Static Memory Card (88-2MCS) with 2048 bytes of memory. Like the 1K Static Memory this new card contains memory protect features and provisions for disabling the ready.

It has a maximum access time of 850 nanoseconds and is engineered with the finest components available. It is inexpensively priced at \$145 kit and \$195 assembled.

HARDWARE PRICES:	
Altair Computer kit with complete assembly in	nstructions\$439
Assembled and tested Altair Computer	\$621
1,024 Byte Static Memory Card	\$97 kit and \$139 assembled
2,048 Byte Static Memory Card	\$145 kit and \$195 assembled
4,096 Byte Dynamic Memory Card	\$264 kit and \$338 assembled
Full Parallel Interface Card	\$92 kit and \$114 assembled
Serial Interface Card RS232)	\$119 kit and \$138 assembled
Serial Interface Card (TTL or Teletype)	\$124 kit and \$146 assembled
COMTER II*	

\*The Comter II Computer Terminal has a full alpha-numeric keyboard and a highly readable 32-character display. It has its own internal memory of 256 characters and complete cursor control. Also has its own built-in audio cassette interface that allows you to connect the Comter II to any tape recorder for both storing data from the computer and feeding it into the computer. Requires an R\$232 Interface Card.

SOFTWARE PRICES:	
Altair 4K BASIC	\$350
Purchasers of an Altair 8800, 4K of Altair Memory, and Alta	air Serial I/O o
Audio-Cassette I/O	UNLT 36
Altair 8K BASIC	\$50
Purchasers of an Altair 8800, 8K of Altair Memory, and Alt	tair Serial I/O o
Audio-Cassette I/O	ONLY \$7.
Altair EXTENDED BASIC	\$75
Purchasers of an Altair 8800, 12K of Altair Memory, and Al	ltair Serial I/O o
Audio-Cassette I/O	ONLY \$15

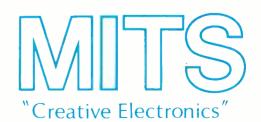
Altair PACKAGE ONE (assembler, text editor, system monitor)
Purchasers of an Altair 8800, 8K of Altair Memory, and Altair I/O ONLY \$30

NOTE: When ordering software, specify paper tape or cassette tape.

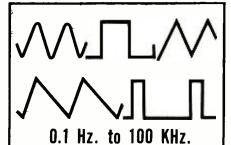
Warranty: 90 days on parts for kits and 90 days on parts and labor for assembled units. Prices, specifications, and delivery subject to change.

#### MAIL THIS COUPON TODAY!

☐ Enclosed is check for \$					
☐ BankAmericard #	🗆 or Master Charge #				
☐ Altair 8800 ☐ Kit Include \$8 for postage & handling	☐ Assembled	☐ Options (list on separate sheet)			
☐ Altair Users Group Associate	☐ Software Documentation				
☐ Please send free literature					
NAME					
ADDRESS					
CITY	STAT	E & ZIP			
MITS /6228 Linn N.F. Albuquerque	NM 87108 505/26	5-7553 or 262-1951			



MITS/6328 Linn N.E., Albuquerque, NM 87108 505/265-7553 or 262-1951





#### For only \$39.95

Our new FG-2 Function Generator kit gives you all five of the most useful waveforms for design and testing at one fourth the cost of previous similar instruments. Thanks to improved IC's the FG-2 now features amplitude stability of ± 1 db over any range, Sine wave distortion of less than 1% from 20 Hz. to 20,000 Hz. and an output of 4.0 Volts peak-to-peak with adjustable offset. The offset selector lets you put the positive peak, negative peak, or the center of the Waveform on DC ground. The DC coupled circuit keeps the waveforms in exactly the same position no matter what the level control setting.

Gray impact plastic case 5% x 6% x 2%. 115 Volts 60 cycle power supply included.

FG-2 Function Generator Kit shipping weight 3.0 lbs.......\$39.95 PPd

**GET OUR** 

#### NEW 1975 CATALOG

listing this and other unique kits

"F R E E"

by simply circling our number on the reader service card.



SOUTHWEST TECHNICAL PRODUCTS CORPORATION

DEPT. PE

219 W. Rhapsody San Antonio, Texas 78216 high sensitivity, uniform distribution and wide frequency response, according to Maxell. Other features are a redesigned package with side and tape travel indications, a built-in 5-second cueing line, and a head cleaning leader. Also being introduced is a new high-level mastering tape known as Ultra Dynamic back-coated tape. Maxell claims that this tape can provide a flat response over the range of 20 to 24,000 Hz when properly biased (about 115% bias current). The conductive back coating is said to provide good capstan traction and bleedoff of static charges. The new UD back coated tape will be marketed in 7- and 10-inch reel formats.

CIRCLE NO. 77 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### SANSUI CASSETTE DECK

Sansui's new Model SC363 stereo cassette deck boasts a magni-crystal ferrite head, a 4-pole hysteresis synchronous drive motor, high-inertia flywheel, and belt-



driven capstan. The transport has fail-safe devices, which according to Sansui eliminate tape jamming, stretching, and breakage. A photelectric sensor stops the tape automatically when it reaches either end. Other features are low-noise circuitry, Dolby-B noise reduction, a line/mic shorting circuit to eliminate hum, provisions for a stereo headphone, and a no-click pause button. Wow and flutter are claimed at less than 0.12% (WRMS) and tape speed accuracy at 1.5%. Winding time is less than 70 seconds for a C60 cassette. Frequency response is 30 to 13,000 Hz for standard tape, and 30 to 16,000 for CrO2. \$279.00

CIRCLE NO. 78 ON FREE INFORMATION CARO

#### **B&K 6-DIGIT AUTORANGING FREQUENCY COUNTER**

B&K's new model 1801 is a six-digit autoranging frequency counter with a guaranteed measurement range of 20 Hz to 40 MHz with a typical accuracy of 10 PPM. A front panel switch selects either a "1 SEC" preset gate interval or the "AUTO" range. The display consists of 7-segment solid-state numerical digits, and three LED's for units (kHz and MHz) and overange indication. A 10-MHz crystal time base is incorporated, but an external time base can also be used. The 1801 measures  $10\frac{1}{2}$ " D × 8-11/16" W × 3-5/16" H (26.7 × 22.1 × 8.4 cm), and weighs 4 lb (1.8 kg). \$230.00

CIRCLE NO. 83 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### SCOTT DIGITAL FM TUNER

The Scott T33S digital stereo FM tuner uses MSI and phase-locked-loop circuitry. digital frequency readout, a MOSFET r-f front end, two pre-tuned phase-linear i-f filters, and a quartz crystal reference standard. Frequency selection is accomplished by automatic or manual scan, or by using prepunched cards for preferred stations. Channel spacing is set at 100 kHz, and deemphasis is switch-selected (50 or 75 usec), which allows the tuner to be used in either the U.S. or Europe. The tuner will work on 120 or 240 V ac. Among other features are a front panel Tape Out jack, both upscale and downscale scanning, a mute control, hiss filter, and gas-discharge display. Specifications include 1.8µV IHF sensitivity; frequency response, 20-15,000 Hz ± 1 dB; tuning accuracy, 0.001%; and an image rejection of 85 dB. The tuner measures 17.5"  $\times$  11.6"  $\times$  5.3" (44.5  $\times$  29.5  $\times$ 13.5 cm). \$999.95.

CIRCLE NO. 79 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### HEATH PORTABLE DIGITAL MULTIMETER

Heathkit's IM-2202 DMM uses a rechargeable NiCd battery pack (included) and a built-in charging circuit for portable opera-



tions. Up to eight hours of continuous operation can be obtained from each charge. Its 26 ranges include full scales of 100 mV to 1000 V dc, 100 mV to 750 V ac, 100 µA to 1000 mA, and 100 ohms to 1000 kilohms. The meter's 100% overanging capacity operates on all ranges except 1000 V dc and 750 V ac, giving full 2-A and 2-megohm capability. According to Heath, internal standards supplied with the kit allow field calibration to 0.5% (dc) and 1% (ac). Better accuracy can be obtained using lab standards. The 3½-digit display features automatic polarity indication and decimal point placement. \$179.95.

CIRCLE NO. 5 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### **E&L MICROPROCESSOR SYSTEM**

A new Microprocessor System is being introduced by E&L Instruments. The basic system provides a CPU and interface control built around Intel's 8080 microprocessor chip, a memory card featuring 1K of read and write memory space and a  $256\times8$  PROM, a front panel, power supply, and an interface board. The front panel controls have priority over software, load 16 bits of address data, reset and suspend functions over the system program. The system is

POPULAR ELECTRONICS



# MOBILE PHONE

scans any station in the nation

- 16,000 different, digitally-derived frequencies instantly at your command. Hear every "action" station within range, 30-50MHz, 150-170MHz, 450-470MHz and 490-510MHz.
- Cards easily programmed from list supplied.
   Simple visual check of program.
- Insert card in slot for instant 10 channel program change even while mobile. Without equal when traveling by car, truck, RV, boat.
- Smallest size and only crystal-less scanner with integral power supply for 12'/JC and 115VAC. USE FOR BASE CR MOBILE.
- No confusing, error-prone switches, tabs, mechanical gadgetry. Permanent card memory eliminates need for continual re-programming.
- Get the complete story on OPTISCAN write now for 4-color descriptive brochure.



LINEAR SYSTEMS, INC.

220 Airport Blvd. Watsonville, CA 95076

INTERNATIONAL OFFICES:

E. S. GOULD MARKETING CO., LTD.

Quebec, Canada H4T, 189

LINEAR SYSTEMS, S.A. 5 Rue des Alpes, P.O. Box 163, 1211 Geneva 1, Switzerland

# Sound reasons 1 thru 5 why an SAE gives you what you pay for.

You are an audio connoisseur. You know exactly what you are looking for in audio components. The right features. The right functions. The right power. But you can't find one at the right price. And you won't. What you're looking for costs plenty to produce. Some build additional price right into their units. We build additional unit into our price. Here are some reasons why an SAE gives you what you pay for.

1

S YEAR FREE SERVICE CONTRACT
SAE—first in the industry to offer a
TRANSFERABLE FULL S YEAR\* FREE
SERVICE CONTRACT to parts, labor and
performance specifications. This contract
cover's SAE's complete line of audio
products when returned to the factory or
an authorized service agency

We start with a Free Five Year Transferable Service Contract. It's on parts, labor and specifications. If you're a connoisseur, you'll demand it.

We design each product from the strict requirements of professionals. After a unit has passed our rigid engineering and quality control standards, it must meet the demands of professional use. Road testing. Testing that requires extreme power handling for longer periods of time. Testing that requires surviving continual movement from place to place. All of which simply means that each unit will work that much better in your home.



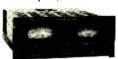
The professional approach led to the development of the "Steady-State" audio component. A component that lasts longer because it's built as an efficient package to perform perfectly under highest demand conditions





Our product, its professional appearance and its unique features, create their own reasons for costing more. Like our Mark XXV Stereo Power Amplifier. It features Parallel-Series-Output circuitry (PSO). Forced air cooling. Triple diffused output transistors. Dual relay protection circuits. As if these were not enough to justify its \$1250 price, the unit delivers a minimum of 300 Watts RMS per channel into 8 Ohms, both channels driven from 20Hz-20kHz, ±.25dB, with no more than 0.05% total harmonic distortion from 250mW to rated output. Yet it weighs less than 60 pounds (lift others with the same specs).

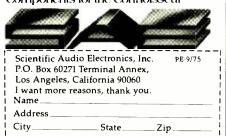




It all started here with our 2500 professional version shown with rack mount for professional use.

There are many other reasons. Send us the attached coupon and we'll send you an additional 25, plus literature, and the location of a dealer who'll be able to supply even more.

Components for the Connoisseur



easily expanded, with the following options available: synchronous communications interface; printer output; priority interrupt with a real-time clock; D/A converters; A/D converter with 8 channels of MPX; 4K of read-write memory (up to 64K total), 2K PROM (ultraviolet erasable) memory, and cassette I/O. Computer interfacing, hardware development and software are taught through the "Bugbooks" III and IV (included).

CIRCLE NO. 80 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### DRAKE GENERAL COVERAGE RECEIVER

R.L. Drake's new Model SSR-1 is a synthesized radio receiver capable of desktop or portable operation over a range of 500 kHz to 30 MHz on AM, Upper or Low-



er Sideband (selectable), and CW. The receiver is supplied with a built-in speaker, removable telescoping whip antenna, holders for 8 D cells, and a built-in, switchable 117/234 V ac power supply. With batteries installed, the SSR-1 will automatically switch to battery operation if ac power fails or the line plug is pulled. For reduced current drain on battery power, the dial lamps do not light up unless a red pushbutton on the front panel is depressed. Include coarse and fine tuning controls, preselector, clarifiers, S meter, and headphone jack.

CIRCLE NO. 81 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### EICO CONVERTER/CHARGER

A solid-state power supply, Model 1040, which permits auto stereo tape players or mobile CB rigs to be operated at home, has been introduced by Eico Electronic Instrument. Twelve-volt dc equipment can be operated from 120-V ac lines or can be checked out prior to installation in a car or boat. It can also be used as a charger for 12-V batteries. Input: 120-V ac, 50-60 Hz; output: 12-V dc at 4 A continuous. \$19.95 (wired only).

CIRCLE NO. 82 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### RECORDING TAPE/TIME SLIDE RULE

The Tape Measure of is a double-slide cardboard slide rule which computes the amount of recording or playing time left on a given length of tape. The slide rule can be used with regular 5-, 7- and 10½-inch open-reel tapes. Calibrated time scale ranges from 2 minutes to 24 hours. Available for \$1.84 from the Rothchild Printing Co., 7900 Barnwell Avenue, Elmhurst, NY 11373.



#### SHAKESPEARE WHIP ANTENNA CATALOG

Shakespeare has released its latest catalog of the Royal line of fiberglass whip antennas. Radiators for CB mobile, base station, and marine operation, as well as mounting hardware, co-phasing harnesses, and gutter clips are described. The White Knight base-loaded whip is representative of the line, featuring a tuning-screw adjustment for minimum SWR, and a helical coil in a sealed enclosure, which the company claims helps keep feedpoint impedance constant. For base operation, the Greyhound, a %-wave antenna, uses a capacitive "hat" to reduce static and radiation angle. All Shakespeare antennas are rated to full legal power without burn outs. Address: Shakespeare Industrial Fiberglass Div., Jefferson Sq., P.O. Drawer 246, Columbia, SC 29202.

#### CB RADIO ACCESSORIES CATALOG

An 8-page catalog from GC Electronics illustrates and describes its line of CB and amateur radio replacement parts and accessories. Items such as base and mobile microphones, SWR meters, noise filters and suppressors, and mike and antenna connectors are featured. Address: GC Electronics, 400 South Wyman, Rockford, IL 61101.

#### CTS SPEAKER LINE

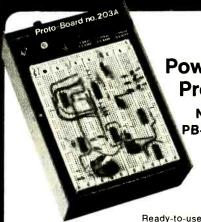
An 8-page catalog featuring CTS of Paducah's line of high-fidelity loudspeakers. Twenty-four models are now available, ranging from a 1¾-inch tweeter with a frequency response of 2000 to 20,000 Hz to a 12-inch woofer with a 50-watt power rating and a response of 20 to 2000 Hz. All CTS speakers are designed with an 8-ohm nominal impedance measured at 400 Hz. Address: CTS of Paducah, Inc., 1565 N. 8th St., Paducah, KY. 42001.

#### WATTS RECORD CARE BOOKLET

A new 27-page booklet entitled, "Watts, Just For The Record," is available for \$1 from Elpa Marketing. The booklet discusses static and dust build-up on phonograph discs and styli, and how to keep them clean. The Watts line of record care products is illustrated, and explicit directions are given for their use. The booklet also gives tips on handling records, storing and washing them, and how to keep the stylus in good condition. Address: Elpa Marketing Industries, Inc., New Hyde Park, NY 11040.

# five new breadboard teste from

Continental Specialties Corp. offers a total line of breadboard test devices ... everything from inexpensive kits to high-power professional units and logic monitors too. Each high quality, compact unit comes with a guarantee of complete satisfaction or your money back within 10 days. Here are but five of the "hottest" tems we make...



Power for the **Professional!** 

> **New Proto Boards** PB-203 and PB-203A with built-in regulated short-proof power supplies!

Ready-to-use. Just plug in and start building! 2 extra floating 5-way binding posts for external signals (PB-203 only). Completely self-contained with power switch, indicator lamp and power fuse. 24 14-pin DIP capacity. All metal construction. no chipping or cracking as with plastic cases. Two-tone quality case makes both PB-203 and PB-203A aesthetically, as well as technically attractive.

#### PB-203

- J-2U3
  3 QT-59S Sockets
  4 QT-59B Bus Strips
  1 QT-47B Bus Strip
  Fuse Power Switch
  Power-On Light
  9.75" L 6.6"W x 3.25"H
  Weight: 5 lbs. Weight: 5 lbs. 5V, 1 AMP regulated power

supply

Add \$2.50 shipping/handling

OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS

Output Voltage Rippie & Noise 5V ± 1/4V @ 1/2 AMP 10 millivolts

Load Requiation

Better than 1%

#### PB-203A

- \*\*D-ZUJA\*

  3 QT-59S Sockets

  4 QT-59B Bus Strips

  1 QT-47B Bus Strip
  Fuse Power Switch
  Power-On Light
  9.75" L 6.6"W x 3.25"H
  Weight: 5 lbs.

  5V, 1 AMP regulated power
  supply (same as PB-203)

  + 15V, ½ AMP regulated
  power supply power supply - 15V, 1/2 AMP regulated
- power supply

Add \$2.50 shipping/handling

OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS

Output Voltage

15V, internally adjustable

Ripple & Noise

@ 1/4 AMP,

Load Regulation

Better than 1%

Continental **Specialties Corp** LOGIC MONITOR brings ICs to life faster than a scope .... safer than a voltmeter LM-1

each Add \$2.50 shipping/handling

Self-contained, pocket size. No adjustments or calibrations needed. Puts life into digital designs. Just clip to any DIP IC up to 16 pins. NO POWER SUPPLY NEEDED! Simultaneously displays static and dynamic logic states of DTL, TTL, TTL, NEED ED.

dynamic logic states of DTL, TTL,
HTL or CMOS on 16 large high Intensity LEDs. Watch
signals work through counters, shift registers, timers,
adders, flip flops, decoders, entire systems. Concentrate on
signal flow and input/output truth tables. Forget probe
grounds, pin counting or sync polarity. Precision plastic
guides and flexible plastic web\* insure positive connections. Versatile. Fast. Accurate. Indispensable. Order yours today!

PROTO BOARD 100

kit with full IC capacity

PE-100 Complete Kit A complete minibreadboard budget

Add \$1.50 shipping/handling

The PB-100 is a low cost, big 10 KC capacity breadboard kit, complete down to the last rut, bolt and screw. Includes 2 QT-35S Sockets; 1 QT-35B Bus Strip; 2 €-way binding posts; 4 rubber feet; screws and easy assembly instructions. 4.50" (114.3mm) wide x 6.00" (152.4mm) long x 1 35" (34.3mm) high. Order your PB-100 kit! Start building and testing now!

#### PROTO-CLIP offers power-on... hands-off signal tracing...under \$5!

Trace signals or troubleshoot fast. Inject signas or wire unused circuits into existing boards. Flexible plastic web construction aliminates springs and pivots. Plus, the narrow throat is perfect for high density pc boards. O'der now!

PC-14 14-pin Proto-Clip: \$4.50 ea. PC-16 16-pin Proto-Clip: \$4.75 ea

Add \$1.00 shipping and handling

Scope probes, test leads lock onto unique toothed grips



COPYRIGHT CONTINENTAL SPECIALTIES COFPORATION 1975

All Continental Specialties breadboard rest devices are made in the USA, and are available off- he-shelf from your local distributor or C3C. Direct purchases may be charged on BankAmericard, Master Charge or American Express. You get a FREE English Metric conversion slide rule with each order. Foreign orders please add 10% for shipping/handling. Prices are subject to change. Write or phone for complete illustrated catalog, plus the name and address of the CSC dealer nearest you

Patents Pencir g



CONTINENTAL SPECIALTIES CORP.

44 Kendall St., Box 1942, New Haven. CT 05509 · 203/624-3103

West Coast Office: Box 7809, San Francisco, CA S-119 • 415/383-4207 CANADA: Available thru Len Finkler Ltd., On ar o

# You can tear out all the cards in this magazine...

# But this is the one you should mail!

If you're thinking of investing your money in a learn-at-home program in electronics, there are a few things you should know first.

Selecting a home electronics program isn't easy. It could be one of the most important decisions you'll ever make for your future. So you want to decide carefully and get the best education you can.

After all, you're investing your time and money, and you want a full return on that investment.

#### What should you look for before you select a school?

You probably want a school with a proven track record of quality and performance. You want personal attention plus, the convenience of learning at home. You want the most up-to-date technical texts...teaching aids and learning methods.

But most of all you want to actually learn what electronics is all about. Not just theory, but actual hands-on experience with the latest and best technical equipment available today!

## At Bell & Howell Schools, you get all that...and so much more!

Bell & Howell Schools has been in the home-study electronics business a long time. Almost half a century. In that time, we have developed teaching techniques that provide our students with the most vital and comprehensive learning system available for at-home study.

#### Techniques like our "step-by-step" concept of learning.

At Bell & Howell Schools, we start you off with the basics. Then take you step by step through the learning process. You work at a comfortable pace—not too fast...not too slow. If you already have some learning or experience, we'll arrange advanced standing in the program so you can skip the beginning lessons. And don't worry if you don't have any electronics background. 25% of our graduates never

even had any electronics training before enrolling with Bell & Howell Schools. (Based on a recent survey of our graduates conducted by an independent research firm. Survey results available on request.)

#### Or our system of personal contact.

No course is without its problems. And when you get hung up on a problem, you want answers and you want them fast. Here at Bell & Howell Schools, we combine the convenience and pleasure of learning at home with a system of personal contact with faculty and other students that rivals—if not beats—any other program available.

For problems that "just can't wait" we have a toll-free "hot-line" that you can call and discuss your questions with an experienced instructor. You get real attention—someone whose only job is to see to it that your individual questions are answered. And answered quickly and clearly!

To help you develop your thoughts and understand electronics principles more thoroughly, Bell & Howell Schools has developed a unique feature that no other learn-at-home program has—In-Person Help Sessions in 50 major cities throughout the United States. These let you get together with instructors and other fellow students. There you can talk shop with other people who share your ir terests... explore your problems further ... and get additional assistance.

But that's not all that Bell & Howell Schools will do for you! In addition to our vast experience and expertise, is a philosophy that the best learning comes from working with the best equipment a allable. And that's exactly what our students do!

# What better way to learn electronics than to actually work with electronics equipment?

And what better way to find out how things fit together...how they work and why they work than to actually build the equipment? And we don't mean gadgets that will be worthless to you later.

We mean equipment like the Bell & Howell Schools exclusive "Electro-Lab\*" electronic training system including design console, digital multimeter and oscilloscope, that you can use professionally after you've graduated.

The design console will allow you to set up and examine circuits without having to solder them in place.

The digital multimeter measures voltage, current and resistance and displays its findings in big clear numbers for easier reading.

And the solid-state "triggered sweep" oscilloscope is similar in principle to the kind used in hospital operating rooms to monitor heartbeats. But you'll use it to monitor and analyze tiny integrated circuits. And you'll find the "triggered sweep" feature locks in signals for easier observation.

# That's not all you build when you choose a course from Bell & Howell Schools!

To learn the most advanced electronics technology, you have to work with the most advanced

training tools.

So in addition to the exclusive "Electro Lab\*" system that you will build as part of Bell & Howell's Home Entertainment Electronics program, you'll also build a 25" diagonal color TV with digital features.

Sounds exciting, doesn't it? Well, digital electronics is exciting! Its growth and application are giving us new and better products and a whole new realm of split-second accuracy that was just a dream a few years ago. And this new technology is being applied more and more to TV's, clocks, radios and other home entertainment equipment.

By studying with Bell & Howell Schools—one of the first schools to introduce digital electronics as part of its training program—you can actually get in on the ground floor of this new technology while learning all the basic electronics principles and skills you'll need to detect and troubleshoot problems professionally on digital and other electronic equipment.

Make no mistake about it! As you build your digital color TV, you'll get a thorough grounding in electronics principles. You'll develop a working knowledge of "state of the art" integrated circuitry and the 100% solid-state chassis. Plus you'll actually know how to program a special automatic channel selector to skip over "dead" channels and how to build a remarkable on-the-screen digital clock that flashes the time in hours, minutes and seconds.

#### But most importantly, you'll have the skills that could lead you to a brighter future...

And isn't that what education is supposed to be all about? At Bell & Howell Schools we've always thought so although no school can guarantee you a job or income opportunity. Get full details about us, our courses, our philosophy of education by mailing the postage-paid card today. If you take one of our courses for vocational purposes, this program is approved by the state approval agency for Veterans' Benefits.

Mail card today for full details!

If card has been removed, write:
An Electronics Home Study School
DEVRY INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
ONE OF THE

763/4R1

BELL & HOWELL SCHOOLS

4141 Belmont, Chicago, Illinois 60641

Simulated TV test pattern.

SEPTEMBER 1975

"Electro Lab" is a registered trademark of the Bell & Howell Company



# Stereo Scene

By Ralph Hodges

#### STARTING WITH A LACQUER DISC

CCORDING to my sources, two United States companies, Capitol (formerly Audio Devices) and Transco, are responsible for at least 90 per cent of the world's blank lacquer discs for record cutting. Capitol has the larger share of the market—maybe 55 to 60 per cent. Recently, I joined other members of the press on a trip to the Capitol plant in Winchester, Virginia, where the pictures shown here were taken. (I can't take credit for the photography since that belongs to a professional, Thomas Bancroft, who was employed for the expedition).

The blank lacquer disc is of course the modern equivalent of the wax- or tinfoil-covered surfaces on which the first phonograph and gramophone records were cut. Today's cutting (inscribing) device is a precision cutting head mounted on a heavy wormgear-driven lathe (Fig. 1). The inscribing stylus, a tiny jewel arrowhead with complex facets, is heated to ease its passage through the lacquer material, while the coils of the cutting head, which must dissipate enormous amounts of power, are cooled, usually by a flow of liquid helium.

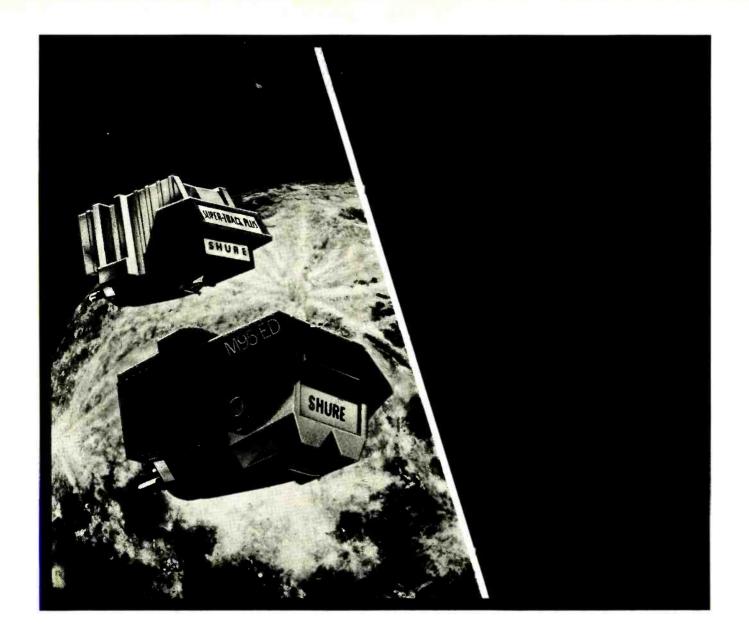
The lacquer records made on this device are used to produce metal molds for vinyl disc pressing. They are not intended to be played, although they can be with high-quality pickups (keeping in mind that the stylus mass and damping of pickup cartridges are designed for vinyl, not lacquer, and

Fig. 1. Disc-cutting lathe used for evaluation of lacquers. Test cuts can be seen on the lacquer's surface.

some differences in high-frequency response can be expected as a result). When they are, they provide an eerily quiet background—quite obviously the best signal-to-noise ratio, audibly and measurably, of any recording medium in current use. Unfortunately, their durability under any practical playing situation is extremely poor.

Lacquer Noise. This outstanding noise performance depends, of course, on a good master tape (tape noise is usually dominant on any lacquer disc, as you soon become aware), good electronics, and a very consistent and well-defined interaction between cutting stylus and lacquer material. How quiet is a lacquer master that is not limited by tape noise? Well, Capitol claims to measure signal-to-noise ratios that are typically about 65 dB with A weighting. Hardly astonishing, you say, and in fact well within the proven capability of the tape medium. But the difference is that tape S/N is rated at a recorded level that comes rather close to the saturation point of the tape, while the lacquer S/N is referred to a recorded velocity of 3.54 centimeters per second-a very moderate level indeed. Recorded velocities briefly exceeding 20 centimeters per second have been found on commercial disc records, and some of the better playback cartridges (the consumer's cartridge, not the recording system, determines the upper limit for levels on discs) are capable of around 30 centimeters per second at mid-frequencies before mistracking. If the lacquer has a 65-dB S/N at 3.54 centimeters per second, the equivalent S/N at 20 centimeters per second would be about 80 dB. Now you begin to understand how quiet the disc medium can really be.

Basically, lacquer noise is low because the groove wall is smooth, with a grain so fine that only the finest scanning electron microscopes can resolve it. This exquisite polish is acguired through the action of the heated cutting stylus on the lacquer material. It is not known whether the heat actually melts (briefly) the material or simply softens it to facilitate a smooth passage for the stylus, but it is known that the right stylus temperature is critical for a quiet cut. (In fact, temperature requirements change from the outer grooves to the inner, where linear velocities are lower, so that a compromise must be made.)



# II'nd only to the III.



The new Shure M95ED phono cartridge combines an ultra-flat 20-20,000 Hz frequency response and extraordinary trackability with an utterly affordable price tag! To achieve this remarkable feat, the same hi-fi engineering team that perfected the incomparable Shure V-15 Type III cartridge spent five years developing a revolutionary all-new interior pole piece structure for reducing magnetic losses. The trackability of the M95ED is second only to the Shure V-15 Type III. In fact, it is the new "Number 2" cartridge in all respects and surpasses much higher priced units that were considered "state of the art" only a few years ago. Where a temporary austerity budget is a pressing and practical consideration, the M95ED can deliver more performance per dollar than anything you've heard to date.

Shure Brothers Inc. 222 Hartrey Ave., Evanston, IL 60204 In Canada: A. C. Simmonds & Sons Limited



Manufacturers of high fidelity components, microphones, sound systems and related circuitry.



Fig. 2. After coating, steps are carried out under clean-room conditions, including inspection.

What Makes a Good Lacquer? A blank lacquer disc is a rather impressive product to behold. It is mirrorfinished (Fig. 2), solid and stiff, and has an intriguing chemical aroma. The mirror qualities are not so important to performance, although they do imply precision (and they give some indication of the degree of polish the finished groove walls will take on). The near-perfect flatness is. With many modern disc-cutting lathes the depth of the groove cut will of course vary if the recording surface rises and falls beneath the cutting stylus. Since deeper grooves must be spaced further apart, it becomes difficult to decide on the appropriate average groove spacing, and on how many grooves (i.e., how long a program) the



Fig. 3. In curing tunnel, counter measures airborne particles.

disc side will accommodate. It has even been suggested that a non-flat cutting surface may introduce a slight "warp wow," since the cutter head has a certain amount of freedom to ride up and down

What else? To a significant extent the motion of the cutting stylus is controlled by the compliance and damping the lacquer material presents, so that linear performance of the system requires a material that is both correctly constituted and homogeneous. The material should behave properly under the stress of cutting, so that forces "stored" during the modulation of one groove do not work themselves through the material to an adjacent groove, causing the phenomenon called "groove echo." Consistent performance of the lacquer under the temperatures involved in cutting is vital. Otherwise the cut will be noisy, or the thin thread of material (the "swarf") thrown up by the stylus will not separate cleanly from the groove. Occasionally deposits of lacquer material will bake right onto the stylus, scoring the groove. And, of course, impurities or irregularities in the lacquer coating are verboten.

By now all these requirements are pretty much known and understood, but now and then a bizarre problem surfaces. For example, a cartridge manufacturer recently drew my attention to a fault in a test record's stereo separation that he tentatively attributed to the lacquer/cutting-stylus interaction. Apparently the cutting situation involved too much friction, distorting the drive impulses from the cutter and altering the included angle of the groove being cut.

How It's Done. However complicated it may be, the making of a blank lacquer disc certainly looks simple enough. It begins with a disc of aluminum alloy, its surfaces prepared either by calendering or polishing, followed by whatever cleansing and chemical treatment the manfacturer deems appropriate. Then comes the lacquer, composed of a nitrocellulose base with various (often proprietary) additives. It is made up in controlled batches, filtered, deaerated, and then stored in special tanks that keep its highly volatile contents stable until the moment of use.

British recording pioneer Cecil Watts acquired a certain reputation for eccentricity through his initial scheme for coating his own recording

blanks. Reportedly he built up the coating in thin layers, letting each one cure for a precise period of time, and so had to rise at all hours of the night to perform a fresh application. The Capitol technique (which we were not allowed to view) is a one-step process, taking only a second or so for each side. After each side is done there is a trip through a curing tunnel (Fig. 3) that is monitored constantly for temperature and cleanliness. Then it's all over except for inspection, centerhole punching, and packaging, all of which involve clean-room environments and elaborate handling precautions. During inspection, blanks for the various record sizes are sorted into both-sides-usable or one-sideusable categories. As might be im-



Fig. 4. Separating the metal master from the lacquer disc.

agined, there is a lot of feedback from customers about the performance and consistency of the product, and this is taken quite seriously.

The Lacquer's Fate. While we were there, Capitol permitted us a look at the Winchester pressing plant—a real treat for me, since I had never been admitted within the doors of such a facility before. Although I am not as a rule an admirer of pressing plants, I did manage to work up some genuine sympathy for their problems, considering that they're expected to keep intact every nuance of a recording they won't even get a chance to hear until it's half way to the mass-production stage.

There is not enough space here for a detailed description of the record-making process (many of you are probably familiar with it anyway), but I can present some photographs of sights that few in the outside world have seen first-hand. Figure 4 shows the lacquer's fate. Here, in the



Fig. 5. Metal mother is played and imperfections are marked for later removal through "microsurgery."

operator's right hand, the lacquer is being separated from a rather thick metal coating that has been built up on it through an electroplating process. The coating, called a "metal master," is a negative of the lacquer. It will in turn be electroplated to create a metal part that can actually be played on a turntable (Fig. 5), so that flaws can be detected. When okay, it is itself plated, creating the die that will mold side one or side two of the record you'll ultimately have a chance to buy. Before it is mounted in the press, however, its edges will be trimmed and crimped to mold the contour of the record's edge. It will also have a

hole punched in the precise center of the groove spiral (Fig. 6). I say "precise" bemusedly, since I too have had my share of off-center records. But from the look of this process, it couldn't miss if performed properly.

The presses that mold the vinyl records are becoming automated more and more. The ones I saw require little more than an attendant to pick up the stacks of finished discs and cart them away. And that, after inspection (I hope) and packaging, is the last intended thing that happens to the offspring of the blank lacquer disc before you have it in your own quivering and anticipatory hands.



Fig. 6. Locating center hole for stamper involves spinning disc until groove pattern appears stationary.



Johnson

MINI-SCAN

... the professional pocket scanner

E. F. JOHNSON CO., WASECA, MINNESOTA 56093
IN CANADA: A. C. SIMMONDS & SONS, LTD.
CIRCLE NO. 33 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

# 100 MAN SHIGHTS

#### International Digital Data Service

Western Union International has applied to the FCC for permission to start a new international data communications service (IDDS). IDDS features simultaneous digital transmission over both satellite and submarine cable links for greater assurance of continuous service. Equipment will sample incoming data signals up to 6000 times each minute and select the preferred path at each instant. Transmission rates of 50 to 9600 bits/second will be used. A real-time link between New York and Paris using IDDS has already been demonstrated.

#### **RCA Demonstrates AM Stereo System**

RCA conducted live demonstrations of a proposed AM stereo transmitting system at the National Association of Broadcasters convention in Las Vegas. The system is said to be compatible with existing monophonic receivers, with the capability of multiplexing two discrete left and right channels. Appropriate industry standards and FCC approval would be necessary before AM stereo broadcasts could become a reality.

#### **Talking Computers**

An expert in human and computer-synthesized speech predicts that computers will someday be talking to man and helping him to do certain tasks. Dr. James Flanagan of Bell Labs says that talking laboratory computers can already read out stored information, verify the identity of a caller by checking his voice, and respond to simple spoken commands. Computers speak in their own distinctive voices and accents, Dr. Flanagan says, which they assemble from the speech resonances and rules of syntax with which they are programmed. The voices can exchange fairly complex information with a questioner. The machines' capacities are still restricted to recognizing single words from a limited vocabulary. One system handles about 200 words, and another responds to spoken digits.

#### **CB** Mobile Use

The EIA's Citizens Radio Section reports that 1 in 5 long-haul trucks is equipped with CB radios and that 1 out of every 28 American families (1 of 15 farm families) uses the Citizens Band in one way or another, with over 6¼ million CB radios now in use. Through the use of emergency channel 9, approximately 20 million emergencies are said to be reported every year.

#### Self-Healing Fuse

NASA has developed a self-healing fuse, primarily for use in remote locations. It is a very fast-acting, current-limiting device that provides current overload protection for vulnerable circuit elements. It then re-establishes the conduction path within a few milliseconds. It also performs as a fast-acting switch to clear transient overloads. The fuse has a current-time curve almost identical to that of an SCR. Life tests indicate at least 500 operations before failure with fuse ratings from 4 to 40 amperes and 50 to 100 volts dc.

#### **Production-Line CCD**

Fairchild Camera and Instrument Corp. is now producing a charge-coupled memory device on a production-line basis. The high-density CCD 450, a 1-kilobyte serial storage element, is expected to be incorporated into terminals, video displays, and electronic switching networks for data communications. It is organized as 1024 words by 9 bits. OEM sample pricing is \$90 in quantities of 1 to 10.

#### Artificial Sky-Wave Propagation

Scientists at the Stanford Research Institute have demonstrated that a temporary bubble can be produced in the ionosphere which reflects radio signals back to earth. The bubble is produced by heating the atmosphere with radio signals from a ground-based "heating transmitter." The heating is based on principles similar to those employed by microwave ovens. The bubble is typically about 100 miles in diameter and 10 miles thick directly above the transmitter, and is invisible to the naked eye. Space-charge irregularities within the bubble act as radio reflectors. When the heating transmitter is turned off, the bubble disappears without a trace. The technique will be most useful for reflecting vhf signals, particularly those from public service radios and mobile radio telephones. Existing 500-kW shortwave transmitters can be used for heat sources.

#### **GE Marketing Transient Protector**

A solid-state device will be introduced by GE to protect home entertainment equipment against potentially dangerous voltage spikes on ac power lines. The GE-MOV<sup>tm</sup> is a voltage-sensitive metal-oxide varistor said to be able to respond to line transients in 50 billionths of a second. It absorbs them and dissipates the energy in the form of heat. Voltage spikes can be caused by the starting of pumps, oil burners, fluorescent lights, as well as lightning-induced effects. The device will not protect equipment against a direct lightning hit, however. Voltage transients are believed to be responsible for as many as one-half the component failures in solid-state television receivers and other home entertainment equipment.

#### Transmitting Technique for "Ghosts"

RCA Broadcast Systems has demonstrated that circular polarization of television transmission virtually eliminates ghosting—an effect caused by reflected signals. RCA says that the use of matching transmitting and receiving antennas (both circularly polarized) provides "polarization discrimination" rejecting a reflected signal. An application has been made to the FCC to permit special antennas to be used for TV broadcasting. If approved, the use of such antennas (and special receiving antennas) should provide relief to viewers whose screens are haunted by "ghosts."

# The new Sansui LM Loudspeakers that set the AES



Convention on its ears.

At the Convention of the Audio Engineering Society in Los Angeles last May, Sansui demonstrated a new concept in loudspeaker design.

The reception from these experts—chief engineers of radio and TV stations, record producers, recording engineers and sales executives of audio companies—was even more sensational than we ourselves expected.

And these are the reasons:

Unlike conventional speakers, the LM design incorporates a multi-radiational tweeter device. High frequencies instead of being lost through encapsulation, are diverted through three special exponential horns and recovered into sound energy that

adds a breathtaking sense of ambience, and realism. The LM speakers also display extremely stable and well-defined stereo images. At the same

time, both the transient response and efficiency of the system are greatly increased. An extra large woofer assembly gives exceptionally strong bass response ordinarily available only in much larger and more expensive speakers.

Hear any of the 3 models available at your nearest Sansui franchised dealer. You never heard music so alive before.

SANSUI ELECTRONICS CORP.

LM 220 LM 110

Woodside, New York 11377 • Gardena, California 90247

SANSUI ELECTRIC CO., LTD., Tokyo, Japan • SANSUI AUDIO EUROPE S.A., Antwerp, Belgium • ELECTRONIC DISTRIBUTORS (Canada) Vancouver 9, B.C.

ulti-radiational tweeter

LM 330



As an NTS student you'll acquire the know-how that comes with first-hand training on NTS professional equipment. **Equipment you'll build and keep.** Our courses include equipment like the **NTS/Heath Digital GR-2000 Solid State color TV** with first-ever features like silent varactor diode tuning; digital channel selection, (with optional digital clock), and big 315 sq. in. ultra-rectangular screen.

Also pictured above are other units — 5" solid state oscilloscope, vector monitor scope, solid-state stereo AM-FM receiver with twin speakers, digital multimeter, and more. It's the kind of better equipment that gets you better equipped for the electronics industry.

This electronic gear is not only designed for training; it's field-type — like you'll meet on the job, or when you're making service calls. And with NTS easy-to-read, profusely illustrated lessons you learn the theory behind these tools of the trade.

Choose from 12 NTS courses covering a wide range of fields in electronics, each complete with equipment, lessons, and manuals to make your training more practical and interesting.

Compare our training; compare our lower tuition. We employ no salesmen, pay no commissions. You receive all home-study information by mail only. All Kits, lessons, and experiments are described in full color. Most liberal refund policy and cancella-



tion privileges spelled out. Make your own comparisons, your own decision. Mail card today, or clip coupon if card is missing.

NC OBLIGATION. NO SALESMAN WILL CALL

APPROVED FOR VETERAN TRAINING

Get facts on new 2-year extension



TECHNICAL-TRADE TRAINING SINCE 1905 Resident and Home-Study Schools 4000 So. Figueroa St., Los Angeles, Calif. 90037

TOOKET MADIO	
NATIONAL TECHNICAL SCHOOLS 4000 South Figueroa St., Los Angeles Please send FREE Color Catalog and NO OBLIGATION. NO SA_ESMAN WI	Sample Lesson.
Color TV Servicing B & W TV and Radio Servicing Electronic Communications FCC License Course	☐ Electronics Technology ☐ Computer Electronics ☐ Basic Electronics ☐ Audio Electronics Servicing
NAME	AGE
ADDRESS	APT #
CITY	STATE
Please fill in Zip Code for fast service  Check if interested in G.I. Bil Check If interested ONLY in o	

New Mallory Ni-Cad Batteries. Rechargeable 1000 times.



Economical recharging— Mallory BC-1 Charger draws only two watts.

Team these long-life nickel-cadmium cells with an automatic Mallory Charger, and you can recharge them 1000 times, or more.

You'll be "sure of having fresh D, C, and AA batteries, while saving money, time and trouble. Mallory Rechargeable Nickel-Cadmium Batteries keep on coming back for more in electronic calculators, tape recorders, radios, cameras, toys, other battery-powered products.

Keep a spare set of Mallory Ni-Cads on hand.

and you'll never run out of battery power again. They recharge to full strength, two or four at a time. And unlike ordinary dry cells that lose voltage during discharge, Mallory Ni-Cads with a full charge maintain operating voltage during the entire work cycle. You get maximum power, continuously, for top product performance.

For the long run, Mallory Rechargeable Ni-Cads...the 1000-time batteries. Get them now at your Mallory Distributor.



#### MALLORY DISTRIBUTOR PRODUCTS COMPANY

a division of P.R. MALLORY & CO. INC.

Box 1284, Indianapolis, Indiana 46206; Telephone: 317-856-3731

Batteries • Capacitors • Controls • Security Products • DURATAPE® • Resistors • Semiconductors • SONALERT® • Switches • Fastening Devices DURATAPE® and SONALERT® are registered trademarks of P. R. Mallory & Co. Inc.

# Popular Electronics

■ ITH stereo receiver prices ranging from less than \$200 to more than \$1000, choosing a model around which to build your hi-fi system is no easy task. The difficulty lies in the wide variety of features, functions, and performance offered by the literally hundreds of receiver models available. Obviously, a major consideration when you are out shopping is what you get for your money. If you have settled on a \$400 to \$500 receiver, for example, you'll want to know what it will give you that you can't obtain with a receiver selling at a lower price and what you'll be missing that a costlier receiver offers you.

We have studied the characteristics of stereo receivers typical of each price category. Bar graphs provide at-a-glance performance expectations versus price. Obviously, there are many other factors to consider—operating and control features, cosmetic styling, warranty policies, etc.—and we will touch on these also in this report.

**Features.** A basic hi-fi system might consist of a stereo receiver, two speaker systems, and a record turntable. Naturally, one should expect the

What Does Your Stereo Receiver Dollar Buy?

receiver to have a magnetic phono input. This should be supplemented by at least one high-level (AUX) input through which the audio output from an eight-track cartridge tape player or a TV receiver can be played.

The basic hi-fi receiver should also have inputs and outputs for a tape recorder and a tape monitor switch for simultaneous listening to the playback from the tape deck while recording. The latter feature is important even if you don't plan to use a tape player because it protects your receiver from obsolescence. Furthermore, a variety of accessoriesincluding noise-reduction units, active equalizers, and quadraphonic decoders and adapters-can be connected to a receiver via its tape monitoring jacks. The accessories permit you to update your system.

Common to every receiver are volume and tone controls. Each receiver has at least one tone control for the bass range and another for the treble. Some of the more expensive receivers have tone-control circuits that are more elaborate, permitting more flexibility in tailoring the sound to the listener's preferences.

Almost all volume-control circuits

Hirsch-Houck Labs compares performance and price.

BY JULIAN D. HIRSCH



are supplemented by loudness compensation systems that boost the low frequencies relative to the midrange and high frequencies when the volume level is reduced. Unfortunately, it has been our experience that fully 95% of all such systems either do not have the best response characteristics or lack the provisions for matching the volume-control settings to the actual volume of the sound.

Almost all stereo receivers have a headphone jack on the front panel for private listening. The rear apron usually contains output connectors for at least two speaker systems (one per channel).

Most receivers that sell for more than \$200 feature interstation noise muting that removes the between-station hiss when tuning across the FM band. Since some muting circuits are more effective than others, it pays to perform a listening test before you buy.

The great majority of receivers have at least one meter to aid in tuning. In lower-priced receivers, the meter gives a broad indication when a station is properly tuned. Better receivers might use a zero-center meter instead, while still better models are likely to have both types of meters for unambiguous tuning indication.

Other control features, such as rumble or hiss filters, microphone inputs, multiple-speaker-system switching, and the like, may or may not be important to you. On higher-priced receivers, it is not unusual to find additional input facilities, for a second phono cartridge, one or two more high-level sources, and a second tape monitoring system. The last is nice to have if you plan to use a tape deck and some other accessory that would normally use the receiver's tapemonitoring facilities.

Electrical Performance. Perhaps the most advertised electrical specification, and the one most closely related to price, is the receiver's output power. The greater the output power, the larger and more expensive the output transistors, the larger the heat sinks, and the larger the power transformer and filter capacitors. All of this costs money and adds to the sale price of the receiver. Determining how much power you need depends on your speaker systems, the size and acoustical properties of your listening room, and your musical preferences.

Any receiver that costs more than

\$200 should be able to drive acoustic-suspension speaker systems of moderately low efficiency to a more than comfortable volume level in your listening room. Bear in mind that the human ear requires a considerable increase in power for a modest increase in subjective volume level. A ten-fold power increase will roughly double the apparent loudness. Fortunately, typical home listening levels can be obtained with surprisingly little audio power-on the order of one watt or less. So, if you do not know how much power you need, play it safe and err on the high side.

The recent FTC ruling regarding advertised amplifier power rating requires manufacturers to specify distortion level at any output power between 0.25 watt and maximum at any frequency limits specified by the manufacturer. Furthermore, all channels must be driven into the loads specified by the manufacturer (usually 8 ohms). The low and high frequency limits most often set for hi-fi products are 20 and 20,000 Hz.

The rated distortion is the maximum figure. One can expect that, at most frequencies and power levels, it will be much lower than the published figure. In fact, it is often less than a tenth of the receiver's rated distortion level. In any event, the distortion should not be

particularly audible as long as the amplifier is operated within its design ratings.

It is not our purpose to go into detail here on frequency response, noise level, input sensitivity, and so on. Though these are important considerations, our experience suggests that just about all modern receivers are compatible with good hi-fi standards in these characteristics.

One amplifier characteristic that is often overlooked is its phono overload level: the input signal amplitude at which the phono preamplifier stage begins to distort significantly. With some combinations of heavily recorded discs and high-output cartridges, it is possible for the phono preamp to severely distort if it is poorly designed. This one minor rating appears to correlate very well with the overall quality of the amplifier.

In the FM tuner section, sensitivity is really not a very important specification, especially in view of the way it is presently defined. However, it does give a clue to the over-all caliber of the tuner's performance. Much more important is the signal input required to achieve a listenable signal-to-noise (S/N) ratio. One might assume that higher FM sensitivity (a lower number of microvolts in the specifications) would go hand-in-hand with higher

TABLE: 1 TABULATION OF SURVEY DATA (AVERAGE PERFORMANCE LEVEL)

	PRICE RANGE (\$)								
Survey Parameter	200-250	251-300	301-350	351-400	401-450	451-508	501-600	600±	
Power (watts)	15.4	16.8	23	40	46	53	49	79	
THD (%)	1,1	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.2	
Phono Overload (mV)	77	88	102	117	87	144	152	210	
FM Sensitivity (μV)	2.5	2.3	2.1	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.7	
Mono FM THD (%)	0.63	0.39	0.42	0.34	0.36	0.29	0.24	0.18	
Stereo FM THD (%)	1.0	0.58	0.73	0.64	0.60	0.53	0.42	0.30	
Capture Ratio (dB)	2.7	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.5	
Alternate-Channel Selectivity (dB)	51.2	51.2	55	65	66	68	78	83	
Image Rejection (dB)	53.4	60	65	77	70	86	88	95	
Average Price*	\$225	\$268	\$334	\$368	\$442	\$488	\$564	\$714	
Receivers Surveyed	26	6	19	20	8	11	8	9	
AE II 40=4									

<sup>\*</sup>Fall, 1974

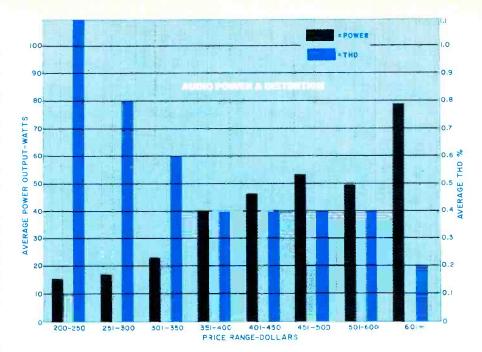
"quieting" sensitivity (a higher dB number). This is not necessarily true, especially when comparing tuners with roughly the same IHF sensitivity rating. However, only the listener with severe weak-signal problems is likely to need all the sensitivity built into any modern receiver.

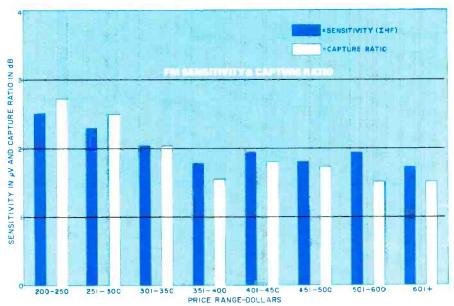
An excellent indicator of the quality of an FM tuner's front-end design is its image rejection. A good image rejection figure is needed to eliminate interference on certain frequencies. If you are located near a busy airport, or on a flight path into or out of an airport, you may already be aware of the problem of interference. The only cure is a receiver with a higher (in dB) image rejection characteristic.

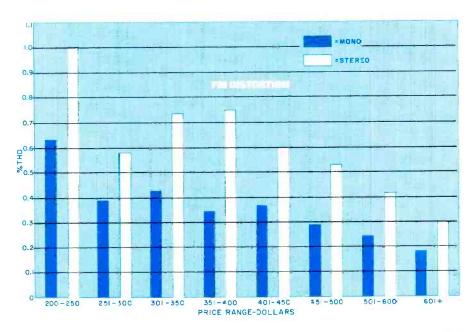
Another source of interference is alternate-channel signals from a strong FM carrier 400 kHz removed from a weaker signal you are trying to tune. This can happen in locations very close to a powerful FM tansmitter. (It is unlikely to occur if you are more than a few miles from the nearest transmitter.) Again, the best cure is high alternate-channel selectivity (the higher the dB number, the better), which is a function of the receiver's i-f amplifier design.

Many manufacturers emphasize the capture ratio of their receivers. This is an indication of how completely the stronger of two signals on the same frequency will take over (or capture) and prevent the weaker from being heard. A low number is better. Some receivers have a capture ratio as low as 1 dB. This means that with a signal level difference of only 1 dB, the stronger will suppress the weaker by 30 dB, and if the signals are more than 1 dB apart, it is possible that the weaker will not be heard at all. In most geographical areas, it is unlikely that two receivable signals will occupy the same channel.

The greater significance of capture ratio is in its ability—together with AM rejection, to which it is somewhat related-to reduce multipath distortion. This distortion can deteriorate the quality of stereo FM reception. It occurs in many urban and suburban locations, where signals are received from stations via several different paths. The direct signal arrives first, followed by one or more delayed signals reflected from obstacles in the surrounding terrain. The time differences between the arrivals of the signals cause severe cancellations and amplitude modulation of the re-







ceived signal. The ultimate solution to severe multipath distortion is a directional antenna, but a receiver with a good capture ratio will tend to discriminate against the weaker portions of the multiple signal and reduce the distortion.

The distortion imparted to signals by the FM tuner section of the receiver is a function of the amplitude and phase characteristics of the i-f amplifier and detector. Elaborate and expensive components are needed to provide the nearly ideal characteristics that minimize distortion in the finest tuner designs. In stereo, distortion problems are compounded because the stereo demodulator adds distortion of its own. As a result, stereo distortion is almost always greater (by an average of twice as much) than mono distortion.

Performance vs Cost Study. The performance categories we analyzed in our study were: output power per channel into 8-ohm loads with both channels driven over the audio range (usually but not always 20 to 20,000 Hz); maximum THD at full power within the frequency range; phono input overload signal level; FM sensitivity (IHF usable); FM distortion in both mono and stereo; FM capture ratio; FM alternate-channel selectivity; and FM image rejection. There are many other specifications that could have been included, but not all were available for a sufficient number of receivers to provide meaningful results. However, we consider the specifications selected to give a good picture of the overall quality of a receiver's amplifier and FM tuner sections.

The performance ratings were taken directly from the figures published by the various manufacturers. Some people might question this approach, but it has been our experience that, for the most part, most manufacturers honestly and even conservatively rate their receivers. A receiver's performance will often surpass its published ratings by a comfortable margin. Even when it fails to meet a particular specification, the difference is rarely serious.

The objective of our survey was to determine the average level of performance offered in each price range. If you want to know which receiver is inferior or superior to the average, you should examine manufacturer spec sheets or the listings in the STEREO DIRECTORY & BUYING GUIDE. Due to the

TABLE 2: COMPARISON OF MEASURED RECEIVER PERFORMANCE

		BRAND NAME	E AND MODEL	
Parameter	Pioneer SX-836	Rotel RX-402	Sherwaad S-7110	Sylvenia RS-4744
Price (\$)	350	290	230	400
Power (W)	23/25/25*	16.8/25/25	15.4/17/17**	40/60/60
THD (%)	0.6/0.5/0.06	0.8/0.5/0.6	1.1/0.9/0.1**	0.4/0.25/0.13
Phono Overload (mV)	102/110/100	88/85/87	77/90/88	117/NA/82
FM Sensi- tivity (μV)	2.1/1.9/1.8	2.3/2.0/1.8	1.8/2.0/2.1	1.8/1.8/2.0
Capture Ratio (dB)	2.1/1.0/0.7	2.5/2.0/3.3	2.7/1.5/0.7	1.6/1.5/0.7
Selectivity (dB)	55/60/63	51/70/71	51/60/61	65/55/51
Image Rejection (dB)	60/60/70	60/60/ <mark>5</mark> 3	53/60/51	77/53/56
Mono THD (%)	0.42/0.20/0.12	0.39/0.20/0.65	0.63/0.44/0.22	0.34/0.40/0.27
Stereo THD (%)	0.73/0.40/0.48	0.58/NA/0.45	1.0/0.6/0.28	0.64/0.40/0.63

<sup>\*</sup>Three-figure entries in each column are interpreted, left to right, as follows: Averaged value from Table 1/manufacturer specification/Hirsch-Houck Labs measurement. NA means information not available.

spread in performance within each of the arbitrary price ranges we selected, you can expect some overlap in performance. The best receivers in one range may well be superior to the lowest ranks in the next higher range.

The results of the study are tabulated in Table 1 and graphically via the bar graphs. The graphs clearly illustrate the relationship of each performance rating to price. Starting with the lowest-priced receivers, audio power gradually increases with increasing price, although not significantly until the \$450 point. The most notable increment comes in the most expensive (\$600-plus) category, where the average power rating of almost 80 watts/channel is at least 50%. greater than in any of the lower-priced groups. It is striking to note the rapid drop in rated distortion with increase in price and the leveling-off at the \$350 mark, above which there is no significant reduction in distortion until the \$600-plus point is reached.

Phono overload level rises steadily

with price, except for a drop in the \$401 to \$450 range, which may reflect an inadequate sample lot. Even the lowest-priced receivers can typically handle 80 mV (the higher the mV the better) without overloading. Only a few years ago, such a high overload level was available in a very few of the highest-priced receivers.

FM sensitivity improves slightly with price. This is partially because today's receivers approach the theoretical limit, which is variously stated to be between 1.5 and 1.8 µV. Since it is relatively easy to achieve a 2.5-µV sensitivity in a low-priced receiver, the gap between the least and most expensive models is slight. Although the quieting sensitivity for a 50-dB S/N ratio is more meaningful, this information wasn't available for a sufficient number of the receivers surveyed to be included in our calculations. Our experience with actual receiver performance indicates that there are appreciable differences among receivers with respect to quieting sensitivity, especially when weak-

<sup>\*\*</sup>Specified at 40 to 20,000 Hz. All others 20 to 20,000 Hz

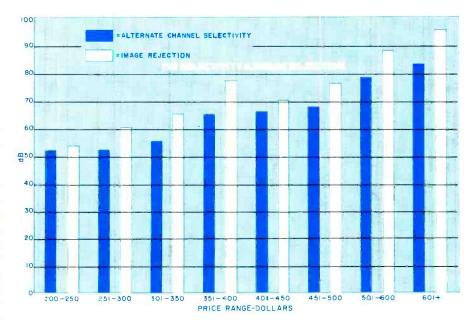
signal FM reception is required. Naturally, the more expensive receivers tend to be better in quieting sensitivity. In most strong-signal areas, the differences in quieting, or ultimate S/N ration, are usually difficult to detect without critical listening.

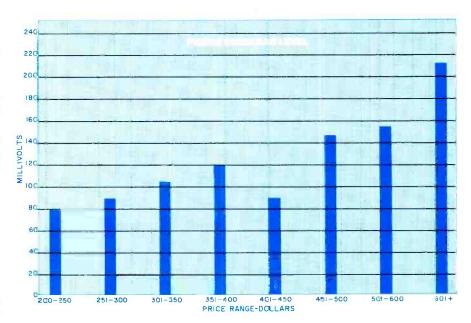
Capture ratio seems to follow sensitivity as price goes up. But here, too, the differences are slight. FM distortion, like audio distortion, decreases steadily with increasing price, with the major improvements taking place between \$200 and \$300 and again above \$500. Selectivity and image rejection go hand in hand, although they are related to completely different parts of the tuner circuitry, with little change up to the \$301 to \$350 range, where a steady and significant improvement occurs all the way to the most expensive receivers.

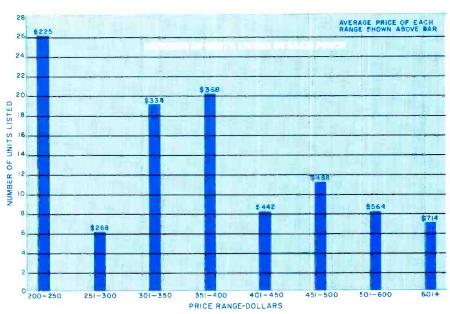
Receivers often surpass their published specifications in many respects. To illustrate this, we have reviewed our recent laboratory tests and have chosen representative receiver models in each of the four lowestpriced ranges in our survey. There wasn't sufficient choice of receivers in the high-priced range, since most \$500-plus models tested in the recent past have been 4-channel models. As it happens, the receivers we selected all surpassed many of their published ratings and were above the average specifications in their respective price groups.

Conclusions. The most interesting result (which we weren't entirely prepared for) of our survey was that the greatest incremental improvement for the extra cost can be obtained by going to the \$351 to \$400 range. It is in this price range that all facets of receiver performance seem to be optimum. Lower-priced receivers are less advanced in their performance, to say nothing of control feature limitations, while a worthwhile improvement would probably require a jump to over \$500.

There is a danger in reading too much into the above because of the overlap between ranges and the wide variations within each range among receivers from different manufacturers. Of course, there is the matter of features and control flexibility, which, although they are not among the tabulated parameters, are the major differences between models in adjacent price ranges where electrical performance differs very little.







## HOW TO ADD FUNCTIONS TO SIMPLE HAND CALCULATORS

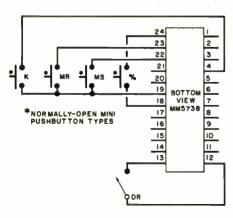
If it contains the right IC, you can turn your calculator into a more useful one at little extra cost

#### **BY DONALD SHAPIRO**

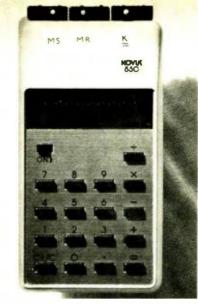
ALCULATOR manufacturers often stock just one type of IC and use it in a range of units-from a simple four-banger to one having memory, constant, percent, and battery-saver functions. So it is possible that your inexpensive calculator can be modified to include the extra functions. We say possible because if the "bare-bones" MM5737 is used. there are no extra functions available. With an MM5738 IC, however, there may be one or more extra functions available. The basic arithmetic functions will be intact but the extra functions are inoperative. In the latter case. the IC manufacturer usually indicates an inoperative function by marking the case near the pin with a dot.

A simple test can be performed from the calculator keyboard to determine if the extra functions are available. This test is based on the ability of the MM5738 IC to perform repeated squares. Press:  $3, \times, =, =$ . An answer of 9 indicates that no modifications are possible, but if the answer is 81, extra functions can be used.

Modifying the Calculator. It would be an unrealistically expensive ap-



Where to add switches to IC.



proach to replace the keyboard in an inexpensive calculator with one that has extra keys to accommodate the extra functions. It would be far more practical to mount several miniature pushbutton switches on the outside of the calculator's case for the constant, storage memory, and percent functions and make one minor printed circuit board change to activate the battery-saver feature. The photos show how a Novus Model 850 calculator was modified to take advantage of the constant (K) and memorystore (MS) and memory-recall (MR) functions that were operational in its MM5738 IC.

To perform this type of modification, the calculator case must be disassembled to allow access to the bottom of the printed circuit board and provide working room for mounting the extra-function switches on the top of the case. First, isolate pin 13 of the IC from the rest of the circuit by carefully cutting through the copper foil near the IC pin; this will activate the battery-saver feature. Then, carefully drill holes for and mount the switches.

Now, referring to the schematic diagram, solder lengths of hookup wire to the extra-function IC pins that are operational. Route the wires along the bottom of the board, and reassemble the case, with the wires exiting through the battery compartment cutout. Solder the free ends of the wires to the appropriate switch lugs.

Cut a shallow groove in the case, making it just deep enough to accommodate the wires when the battery-compartment cover is in place. Then neatly arrange the wires in the battery well so that they will not be in the way of the battery. Plug the battery into its connector, set it into the well, and replace the well cover.

Photo at left shows switches mounted on top of calculator

Checkout and Use. Turn on the calculator and push the numeral keys at random to just fill the display. Allow the display to remain undisturbed for about 60 seconds. If the battery-saver feature is operational, the seven most significant figures in the display will blank out. Depress the = key; the same random number should instantly reappear in the display. You can depress any of the arithmeticfunction keys to restore the display in this manner. Alternatively, you can use an externally mounted switch to restore the display; label this switch DR. for display recall.

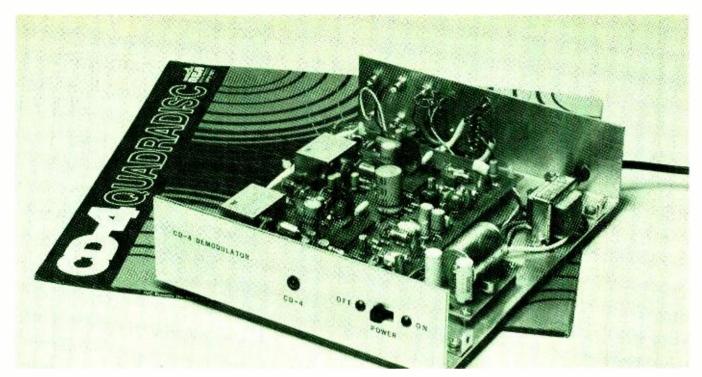
Depress keys C, 1, 2, and 3. The display should now have the number 123 showing. Now, depress %; the display should now indicate 1.23. (Any time



Arrange wires in battery well so they do not interfere.

the % key is operated, the calculator automatically multiplies the displayed number by 0.01.)

Finally, check out the constant function for both the  $\times$  and  $\div$  functions. Start by pressing C. Then turn on K and press 2,  $\times$ , 2, =, K, K, K, K. The answer displayed, if the constant function is working properly, should be 64. Hit C, 8, 8, 8,  $\div$ , 2, =, K, K; the display should now read 111. The constant function works on only the  $\times$  and  $\div$  functions. The number used as the constant in either case is the one fed into the calculator after the arithmetic command is entered.



#### **BUILD A**

# HIGH-PERFORMANCE CD-4 DEMODULATOR

Low-cost add-on unit for playing discrete 4-channel discs.

#### **BY LOUIS DORREN**

THE Compatible Discrete 4-channel sound system, called CD-4, permits four fully separate channels of sound to be reproduced, starting with discrete channel information incorporated right into the record groove. This contrasts with SQ\* or QS matrix 4-channel sound, where channel information is encoded.

Some four-channel receivers today are akin to multiple-speed record players that play 33-1/3 or 45 rpm discs. The receivers can quite often handle information from either discrete or matrix discs. There are many 4-channel receivers, however, that only have a CD-4 input jack for adding a demodulator that's needed to play CD-4 discs (which includes RCA's "Quadradiscs," among other labels), while incorporating decoding circuits for SQ and/or QS matrix discs. If this is the case with your receiver, you will want to build the high-performance,

low-cost demodulator described here. With the demodulator plugged into your receiver and a CD-4 cartridge on your record player, you will be able to play all types of 4-channel discs including discrete.

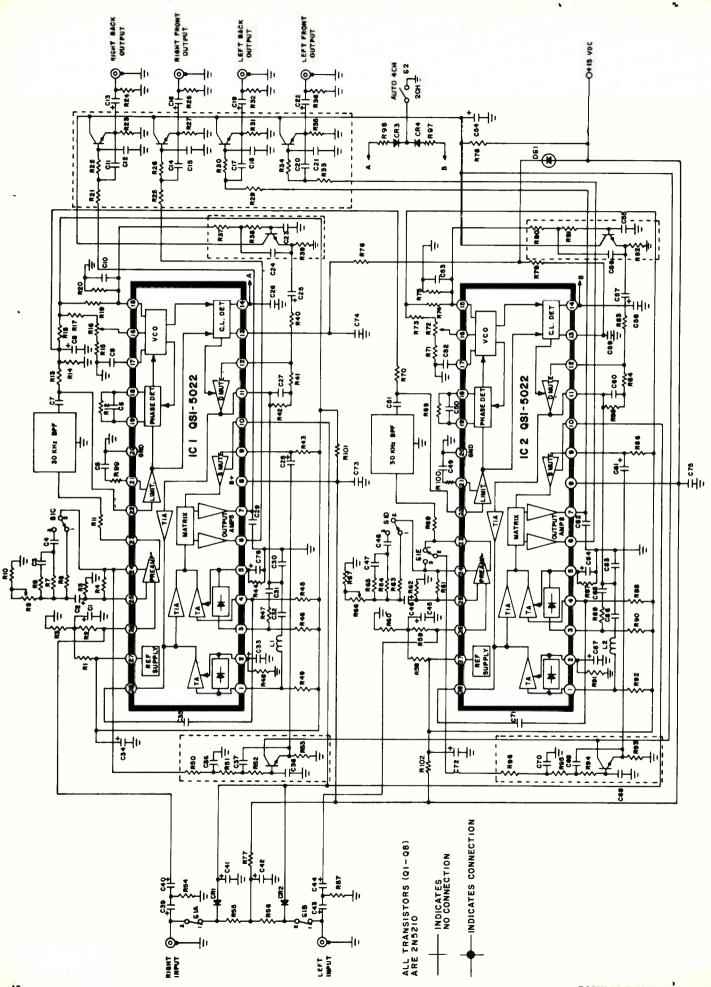
**CD-4 Operation.** The CD-4 system was designed to utilize the standard V-shaped record groove to assure compatibility of quadraphonic disc recordings with conventional stereo and mono playing equipment. So, all of the information contained in the four signal channels had to be combined to physically fit on the two walls of the record groove. In the process, the left-front and left-back signals are combined and impressed on one wall, while the right-front and right-back signals are combined and impressed on the other wall of the record groove.

To facilitate separation (demodulation) of the front and back channels

from the combined right and left signals, separate 30-kHz subcarriers are used. One carrier contains the difference of left-front and left-back signals and the other contains the difference of the right-front and right-back signals. By mixing the signals in an appropriate resistive network, each of the originally recorded channels can be extracted, resulting in the four discretely different channels originally recorded.

While the CD-4 system is basically very simple, special techniques developed to minimize signal degradation require a complex demodulator circuit design. Pre-emphasizing the carrier is one such technique. Unlike the case in standard FM broadcasting, the pre-emphasized signal is frequency modulated from 0 to 630 Hz and from 6000 to 15,000 Hz, and audio information between these two ranges is phase modulated (PM) to provide a

39



#### **DEMODULATOR PARTS LIST**

BPF1,BPF2-30-kHz bandpass filter (EUL-BPF006) C1,C8,C13,C16,C19,C22,C25,C28,C39, C40, C43, C44, C45, C57, C61—3.3-µF, 25-volt electrolytic capacitor C2, C46-220-µF, 25-volt electrolytic capacitor C3, C47—0.0047-μF capacitor C4, C48—0.002-µF capacitor C5, C49, C64, C76—0.47-µF capacitor C6, C50—0.033-μF capacitor C7, C51, C59, C73, C74, C75—0.01-μF capacitor C9, C52—0.0027-µF capacitor C10, C36, C53, C70—0.0031-µF capacitor C11, C14, C17, C20—0.0062-µF capacitor C12, C15, C18, C21—820-pF capacitor C23, C38, C55, C68—960-pF capacitor C24, C37, C56, C69—0.0039-µF capacitor C26, C35, C58, C71—0.0068-µF capacitor C27, C60—0.0072-µF capacitor C29, C30, C41, C42, C54, C62, C63 -100-pF capacitor C31, C65—0.0022-μF capacitor C32, C66—0.68-μF capacitor C33, C67—4.7-μF, 25-volt electrolytic capacitor C34, C72—33-pF capacitor CR1 to CR4—Diode (IN914 or similar) DS1-Low-current red LED (20-mA max.) IC1, IC2—Demodulator (QSI-5022) L1, L2-100-mH inductor Q1 to Q8—Transistor (2N5210 or similar) The following resistors are ½ watt, 10% tolerance: R1, R24, R28, R32, R36, R58, R97, R98—47,000 ohms R2, R18, R59-100,000 ohms R3, R46, R60, R90-10,000 ohms R4, R14, R61—150,000 ohms R5, R6, R7, R20, R45, R62, R63, R6 R75, R88, R101, R102—15,000 ohms R8, R11, R13, R65, R68, R70-2200 ohms R10. R67, R99, R100—20 ohms R12. R69, R77, R78—330 ohms R15, R71—6800 ohms R17, R40, R73, R83—8200 ohms R19, R74—7500 ohms R81, R82, R84, R86, R89, R93, R94, R95, R96-4700 ohms R27—Not used R42, R85—27,000 ohms R44, R48, R87, R91—220,000 ohms R49. R92—3300 ohms R54. R57—470,000 ohms R55, R56-1800 ohms R76, R79-1000 ohms R9, R66—500-ohm trimmer potentiometer R16, R72-5000-ohm trimmer potentiometer \$1-5-pole, double-throw switch S2—Spdt switch Misc.—Printed circuit board; suitable chassis (see text); phono jacks for inputs and outputs (6); spacers or plastic standoffs: 28-pin IC socket or Molex Soldercons (optional); hookup wire; machine hardware; solder; etc.

Note—The following are available from Southwest Technical Products Corp., 219 West Rhapsody, San Antonio, TX 78216: BPF1, BPF2, IC1, IC2, L1, and L2 for \$24.50; etched and drilled power supply and demodulator printed circuit boards for \$13.00; complete kit of parts, including chassis and power supply, for \$50,00.

Fig. 1. Schematic, left, shows how two IC's, with added components make up circuit.

better signal-to-noise (S/N) ratio as well as other advantages from the standpoint of higher level-capacity to the overall system.

Audio level compression is also applied in the modulation technique. It reduces the harmonic distortion of second-, third-, and fourth-order components. In some cases, it even reduces noise.

How It Works. Each specialized IC used in this project contains all of the subsystems required for demodulating one pair of channels. These include a phono preamplifier to increase signal levels from the phono cartridge; a high-gain limiter FM detector; a phase-locked-loop (PLL) FM detector; and a high-speed carrier dropout cancellation circuit. Also present on-chip are an FM/PM/FM amplifier, mid- and high-band audio expanders, resistive combining output networks (true matrix), output buffer amplifiers, a drive circuit for a quadraphonic indicator LED, a complete power-supply regulator, and automatic changer transient muting circuits. By combining two IC's, with appropriate filters and other related components, in a single system (see Fig. 1), we can obtain a CD-4 demodulator of advanced design.

The input signal from a magnetic phono cartridge is applied to pins 26 of IC1 and IC2. Equalization networks between pins 24 and 25 of each integrated circuit shape the frequency responses of the amplifiers to produce the RIAA curve characteristic. In the case of a semiconductor phono cartridge input, the equalization is flat for the preamplifier. The preamplifier has both inverting and non-inverting outputs. The inverting network is used in one IC and the noninverting network is used in the other IC because the semiconductor outputs are out-ofphase with each other and only one must be inverted before the signal is passed to the rest of the demodulating system.

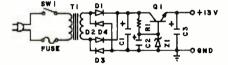
The outputs of the preamps (pins 23) go through 30-kHz bandpass filters that isolate the subcarriers and eliminate unwanted signals from the main, or audio, channels. The filter outputs go to the circuit limiters (pins 22). Then, pins 21 serve as the bypasses for the limiter stages.

The outputs from the limiters (inside the IC's) feed the phase detectors of the PLL's.

Because the fidelity of the 4-channel

output relies on precise tracking of the 30-kHz carrier that is present—along with the standard stereo information-even the smallest variation in turntable speed can significantly degrade the overall signal. Hence the need for the PLL. The other reason why the PLL is needed is the very wide deviation of the 30-kHz subcarriers, which presents extreme difficulties for low-distortion demodulation to other types of FM detectors.

Whenever an input signal differing from the 30-kHz free-running loop frequency is applied to the phase detector, a corresponding error voltage is produced in the loop filter (RC networks R12/C6 and R69/C50) that is set to the bandwidths of the PLL's. This output information causes the vco to swing toward the input frequency, reducing the error voltage until the vco and input signal frequencies are equal. At this point, the PLL is "locked" and remains so in spite of minor input variations. Pins 17 of IC1 and IC2 connect to timing capacitors C9 and C52 of the vco's while pins 16 connect to potentiometers R16 and R72 that are used to set the center frequency of the vco's.

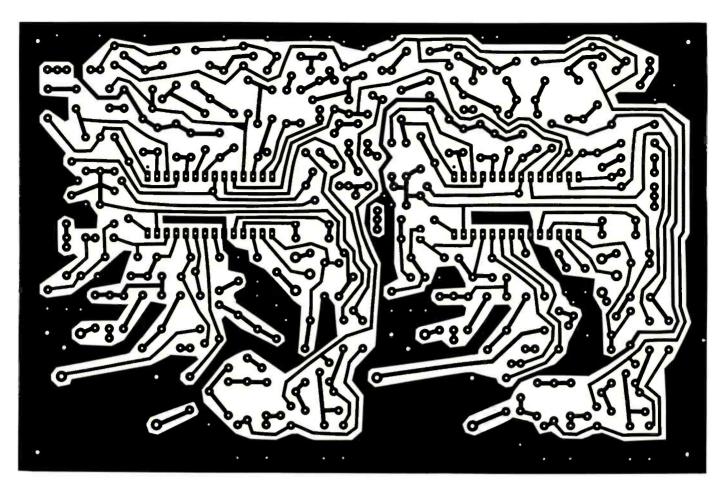


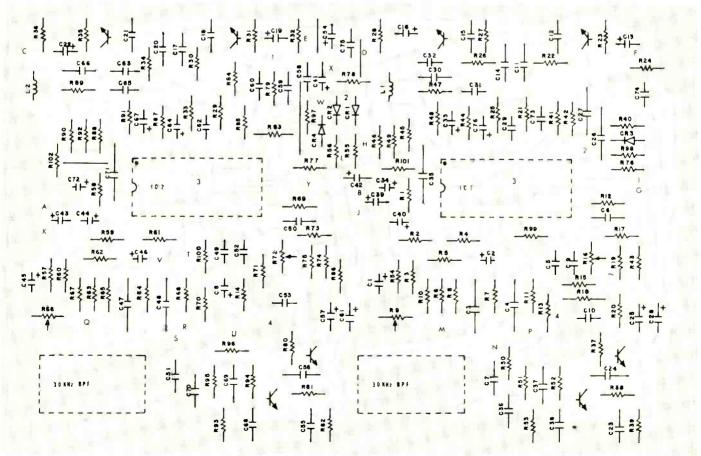
#### POWER SUPPLY PARTS LIST

- C1-2000-µF, 25-volt electrolytic capac-
- C2, C3-50-µF, 25-volt electrolytic capacitor
- DI to D4-Diode (IN4001 or similar)
- F1-1/2-ampere fuse
- Q1-40406 (RCA) or similar transistor
- R1-330-ohm, 1/2-watt resistor
- S1—Spst switch
- T1—15-volt, 300-mA transformer Z1—15-volt, 500-mW zener diode (HEP Z0225 or similar)
- Misc.—Printed circuit board; spacers: fuse holder; line cord; rubber grommets: grounding lug: hookup wire: machine hardware; solder; etc.

Fig. 2. Conventional power supply uses zener regulation.

The audio output signals from the IC's, at pins 15, are coupled to 15-kHz low-pass emitter-follower filters and the networks required in the subchannel systems for delay equalization (see small dashed boxes to the right of the IC's). The vco's also feed back to the phase detectors to yield a locked condition when the carrier is present. The outputs of the limiters are





 $Fig.\ 3.\ External\ connection\ guide:\ A-LEFT\ IN,\ F-RB\ OUT,\ L-S1B-2,\ R-S1D-2,\ W-S2-2,\ B-RIGHT\ IN,\ G-DS-1,\ M-S1C-1,\ S-S1D-3,\ X-13\ VDC,\ C-LF\ OUT,\ H-S1A-1,\ N-S1C-2,\ T-S1E-1,\ Y-GND,\ D-RF\ OUT,\ J-S1A-2,\ P-S1C-3,\ U-S1E-2,\ E-LB\ OUT,\ K-S1B-1,\ Q-S1D-1,\ V-S1E-3,\ Jumpers\ from\ 1\ to\ 1,\ 2\ to\ 2,\ 3\ to\ 3,\ and\ 4\ to\ 4.$ 

also passed to the carrier-level (C.L.) detectors, which consist of quadrature phase detectors. These are fed from the limiters, vco's, and carrier dropout cancellation circuits. When the signal is locked, the quadrature detectors sense the 90° quadrature differences between the vco and input signals, turning on 4-channel LED DS1 and allowing the audio from the subchannel detectors to pass to the expanders.

Pins 14 of each IC can be used to select between 4-channel and 4-channel/auto operation as they are grounded or left floating, respectively, via S2. The output circuits that drive DS1, accessed through pins 13 on the IC's, provide a current sink of no more than 20 mA. So, it is important that you use a low-current LED for DS1.

Pins 12 are the signal inputs to the audio shaping networks in the subcarrier system. They are fed from the 15-kHz low-pass filter and delay networks. Audio-frequency shaping networks for FM/PM/FM equalization are connected to the IC's via pins 11 and 12. Pins 11 also drive the expander controls and audio inputs. Pins 2 and 5 are used for the expander time-constant controls, while pins 1, 3, 4, and 28 serve as audio and control inputs for the expanders.

The outputs from the expanders feed the resistive combining networks (true matrices), which are also fed by the subsystem amplifier and automatic changer muting circuits. Pins 10 are the control inputs for the automatic changer muting detectors, while pins 9 are the audio inputs and bias terminals for the amplifiers. Pins 8 are the

#### "CD-4 HANDBOOK" AVAILABLE

A comprehensive 28-page "CD-4 Handbook" available from Matsushita Electric Corp. explains what quadraphonic sound is all about. It especially explains how the CD-4 format differs from the matrixed disc formats. Topics included in the booklet include a quick look at the disc from Thomas Edison to the present; how quadraphonic systems work; information on quadraphonic FM broadcasts; a roster of CD-4 equipment manufacturers; a complete list of CD-4 Quadradisc artists and albums; suggested speaker placement for the optimum listening environment; etc. To Obtain a copy of the "CD-4 Handbook," write to: Matusushita Electric Corp. of America, I Panasonic Way, Secaucus, NJ 07094 or JVC America, Inc., 50-35 56 Road, Maspeth, NY 11378.

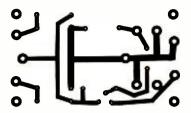


Fig. 4. Etching and drilling guide (above) and component layout for power supply (right)

positive-voltage inputs for the IC's, while pins 6 and 7 are the audio outputs. These outputs are fed to the final 15-kHz emitter-follower low-pass filters.

The power supply for the demodulator is shown schematically in Fig. 2. It is quite conventional in design, employing bridge (D1 through D4) rectification, zener-diode (Z1) regulation, and a series-pass transistor (Q1).

**Construction.** Owing to the complexity of the circuit that makes up the demodulator, printed circuit board assembly is highly recommended. An actual-size etching and drilling guide for the pc board is shown in Fig. 3, along with the component placement diagram **shown from foil side**.

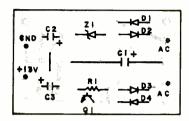
Start assembly by installing and soldering into place on the board the resistors, capacitors, and inductors (coils). Follow with the diodes, transistors, and bandpass filters. Pay careful attention to the polarities of the electrolytic capacitors and diodes and the basing of the transistors.

Last to be installed on the pc board should be the two IC's. You can directly mount the IC's and solder their pins to the pads on the board, or you can install sockets or Molex Soldercons® into which the IC's can be plugged.

Next, wire the power supply board. (The etching and drilling and component placement guides for this subassembly are shown in Fig. 4.) Again, pay careful attention to diode and electrolytic capacitor polarities and the transistor's basing.

The prototype of the CD-4 demodulator was mounted in a 9"D  $\times$  7"W  $\times$  2"H (23  $\times$  18  $\times$  5.1-cm) U-shaped metal chassis. The six INPUT and OUTPUT jacks, *S1*, *S2*, and a grounding lug mount on the rear panel. A hole drilled through this panel through which the line cord exits must be rubber grommet lined.

The POWER switch and 4-CHANNEL



LED indicator *DS1* mount on the front panel. Use a small rubber grommet in the hole for the LED. Mount the power transformer and fuse holder, side by side, to the floor of the chassis, locating them to one side and near the rear panel.

Solder lengths of hookup wire to both boards to facilitate interconnections. Keep tabs on where the free end of each wire is to terminate. Immediately interconnect the two circuit board assemblies and the power transformer with the power supply board. Mount the boards on the floor of the chassis with machine hardware and spacers or plastic standoffs. Then, referring back to Fig. 1, connect and solder the free ends of the wires to the appropriate jacks, switches, and LED. (Note: Before completing the wiring, refer to the Test Procedure outlined below.)

Test Procedure. Temporarily connect a milliammeter between the positive terminal of the power supply and the positive voltage input of the demodulator board. Remove DS1 from the circuit. Plug the line cord into an ac outlet. Turn on the power and observe the meter indication. The current drain should be less than 100 mA. If you obtain a higher reading, a short circuit exists and must be corrected. In this event, turn off the power and unplug the line cord from the ac socket. Carefully examine all your wiring and soldering, particularly around the closely spaced pads to which the IC pins or sockets are soldered.

Once you obtain a normal current reading, connect a voltmeter from pin 27 of each IC and ground. You should obtain a 5.8-volt reading in both cases. Turn off the power, disconnect the line cord, remove the milliammeter from the circuit. Then wire the positive leads from the power supply and demodulator boards together and the LED back into the circuit.

Connect a 4-channel (CD-4) phono

# on't miss.

the next issue of the magazine that gives you the most exciting build-it-yourself projects anywhere.



You can always count on ELECTRONIC EXPERI-MENTER'S HANDBOOK. Published each year by the editors of Popular Electronics, it's the one publication that helps you get it together . . . with a score of build-it-yourself projects.

> The all-new 1976 edition goes on sale nationally September 18, 1975.

It will again be packed with features and articles and complete lab-tested instructions that are sure to guarantee successful hours and months of mind absorbing projects for fun and practicality.

This offer is being made to readers of POPULAR ELECTRONICS Magazine

Regular newsstand price is \$1.50; mail order price \$1.85. You can reserve your copy now at this special pre-publication price of only \$1 by completing the Reservation Form and returning it promptly along with your remittance. The 1976 ELECTRONIC

YOU CAN RESERVE YOUR COPY NOW AT THE SPECIAL **MONEY-SAVING** PRE-PUBLICATION PRICE **OF ONLY \$1.00** POSTPAID.

**PRE-PUBLICATION** RESERVATION **FORM** 

Electronic Experimenter's HarConsumer Sr

Enclosed is \$1.00

MENTER'S

price, to

bot

Print Name	 	
Address		
/		

Residents of Cal., Col., Fla., III., Mich., Mo., N.Y. State, D.C. and Tex. add applicable sales tax.

Cit State

cartridge to the demodulator via the audio input jacks. Make certain that switch S1 is set to SEMICONDUCTOR or MAGNETIC, according to the type of cartridge you are using. Use the setup tone provided on a CD-4 test record for an audio signal at all four outputs from the demodulator. (A CD-4 test record can be obtained for \$5.00 from the source given in the Parts List.) The absolute levels of the individual channel outputs are not critical at this point, but the left-front level should be the same as the left-back level and the right-front level should be the same as the right-back level.

When the system is properly detecting, *DS1* will glow brightly. If it glows dimly or does not glow at all, one or both of the phase-locked loops may be too far out of adjustment. In this case, any of the following procedures can be used to set the PLL's on the correct 30-kHz frequency:

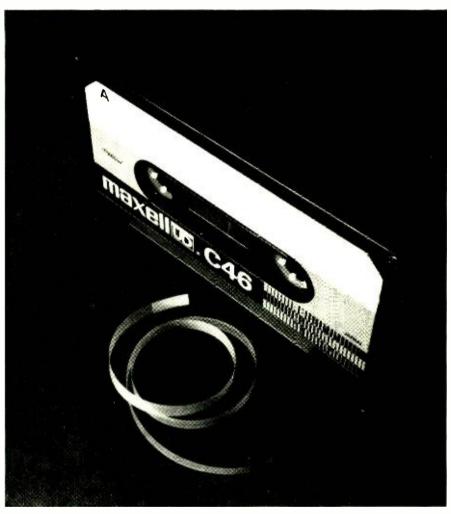
- 1. With the cartridge stylus tracking the setup band of the test record, adjust the vco's via *R16* and *R72*. Adjust first one vco until the LED glows, then adjust the other until the LED glows at maximum brightness. Because of the high-level subcarrier modulation, you should now hear severe signal distortion. Now, adjust *R16* and *R72* for minimum audible distortion.
- 2. Using an accurate 30-kHz sine-wave source, feed this signal to pin 22 of *IC1* through a 1000-pF capacitor. Adjust the vco's center frequency via *R16* until the LED glows. Then couple the test signal to pin 22 of *IC2* and adjust the other vco via *R72* for maximum brightness.
- 3. Connect a high-impedance frequency counter to pin 16 of *IC1* and ground and adjust the vco to 30 kHz (*R16*) without an input signal. Repeat the procedure for *IC2* (*R72*).

Any of the above procedures will work successfully, but be sure that you adjust the center frequency of both IC's.

Once the vco's have been properly adjusted, use the test record to check out the entire demodulator. Carefully listen to the rear channels and adjust separation controls for minimum volume level of these channels. Once these adjustments have been made, they do not have to be touched again unless you decide to replace the phono cartridge.

The CD-4 demodulator is now ready to use. Fasten the case cover to the chassis, and connect the demodulator into your 4-channel hi-fi system.

# THE MISSING LINK



# The first five seconds of every Maxell UD cassette cleans your recorder heads. Another Maxell exclusive.

The leader in our UD cassettes sweeps dust and debris off your recorder heads before they can foul-up a recording. And it sweeps gently, with no damaging abrasives to ruin your equipment.

Our head-cleaning leader is also calibrated, so you can use it to the your recordings.

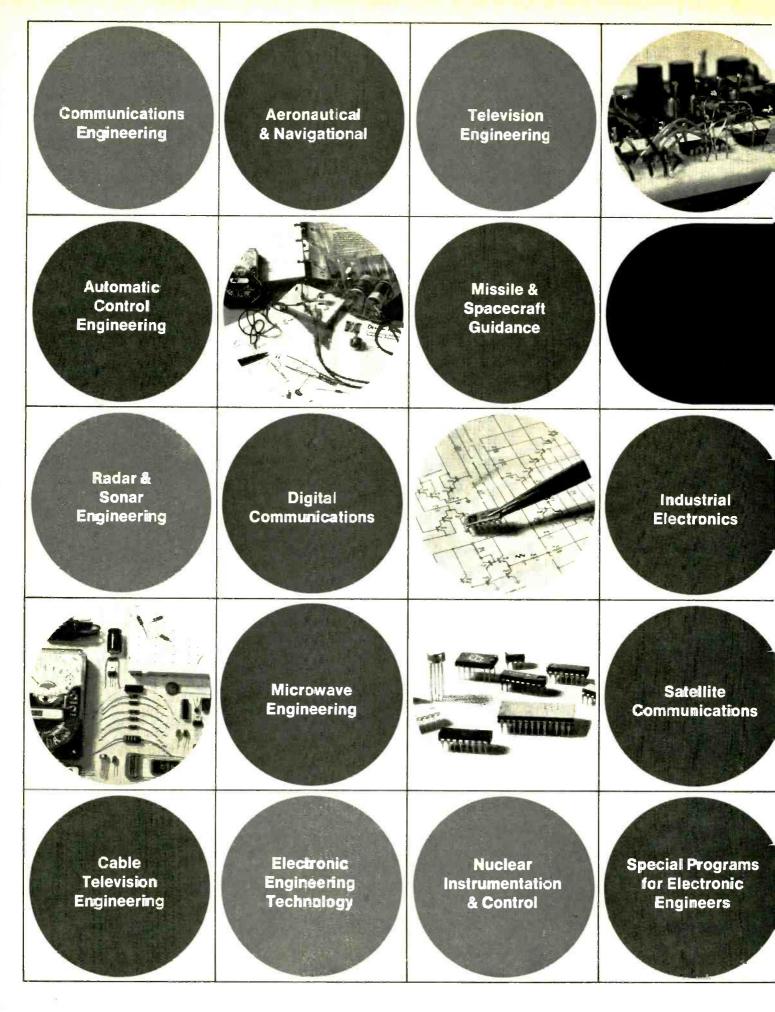
It's on both ends of all Maxell Ultra Dynamic casse tes. It's another reason you can record the very best sounds (both high and low) your equipment produces, without tracking dust all over your music.

Maxell Corporation of America, Mooncchie, New Jersey 07074. Also available ir Canada.

For professional recordings

CIRCLE NO. 35 DN IREE INFORMATION CARD

arb at home.



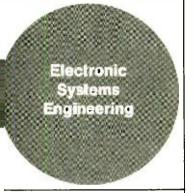


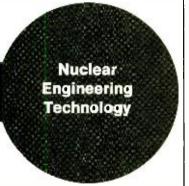
#### ADVANCED ELECTRONICS CAREER TRAINING AT HOME

If you are too busy to go to college to learn advanced electronics, CREI brings college level training to you. CREI programs give you practical engineering training that you can apply in your work to move ahead to higher paying jobs. And CREI lets you specialize in exactly the area of electronics you want. You have a choice, depending on your qualifications, of 18 different programs.

Not only are CREI programs college-level but arrangements are available for you to earn college credit applicable to advanced degrees.

# Only CREI offers you a choice of 18 programs in advanced electronics







For over 45 years CREI programs have been recognized by leading technical organizations as effective home study training in advanced electronics.

#### **NEW OPTIONAL LAB PROGRAM**



CREI now offers a supplementary ELECTRONIC DESIGN LABORATORY PROGRAM to make learning advanced electronics easier and to give you actual experience to use in your work. Only CREI offers this complete college type laboratory program. You learn to actually design electronic circuits. At the same time you get extensive experience in tests and measurements, breadboarding, prototype

building and other areas important to your career.

Qualifications to Enroll. To qualify for enrollment in a CREI program, you must be a high school graduate (or equivalent). You should also be working in electronics or have previous training in this field.

Send for FREE book. If you are qualified, send for CREI's newly published book describing your career opportunities in advanced electronics. This full color book is filled with facts about career opportunities for you.



Accredited Member, National Home Study Council

CREI, Dept. E1209F 3939 Wisconsin Avenue Washington, D. C. 20016

Rush me your FREE book describing my opportu-

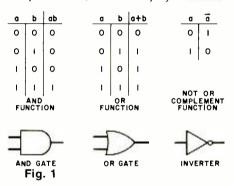
nities in advanced graduate.	electronics.	am a high school		
Name		Age		
Address				
City	State	ZIP		
If you have previous t	raining in electroi	nics, check here 🗌		
Employed by				
Type of Present Work				
Veterans and servicemen, check here for G. I. Bill information				

ENGINEERING

A Division of McGraw-Hill Continuing Education Co. 3939 Wisconsin Avenue. Washington, D. C. 20016

AVE you ever tackled a digital design project with vim and vigor—only to find yourself entangled in a morass of logic ones and zeros and a "this goes up, and that goes down" nightmare? If you have, don't despair. There is a much neater, much simpler method than the brute force approach. This article provides a coherent approach to digital design. The method is not a substitute for intuition and practical seat-of-the-pants experimentation, but a tool for getting the end results quickly.

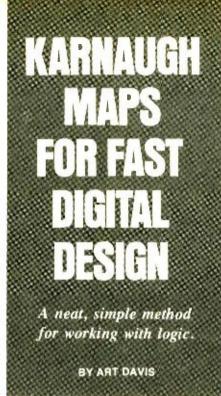
Before getting down to actual techniques, it might be wise to do a little reviewing. The truth tables for the AND, OR, and NOT (or COMPLE-MENT, or INVERTER) functions are shown in Fig. 1. The function a AND b is written ab; a OR b is written a + b; and NOT a is written a. Note that + as defined here is different from ordinary addition, and merely symbolizes



the function defined by the truth table of Fig. 1. A truth table is simply an array, one side of which contains all possible combinations of the input variables and the other side of which contains the corresponding values of a logic function—or output. Figure 1 also shows the digital logic gate symbols for the three functions.

Any logic function can be constructed from these three basic types of functions or gates. It is often convenient, though, when working with a particular type of logic family (TTL, DTL, etc.) to use two other types of function, the NAND and the NOR. The NAND function of a and b is written  $\overline{ab}$ , and the NOR function,  $\overline{a+b}$ . Their truth tables and logic symbols are illustrated in Fig. 2. All of these functions except the NOT, or INVERTER, can be extended in an obvious way to include more than two inputs. With these functions at hand, it becomes possible to construct any logic function desired.

In manipulating the basic functions



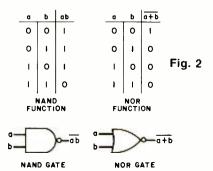
to form more complex ones, it is expedient to have available two important, yet simple, rules of basic logic theory known as DeMorgan's Laws. Figure 3 contains truth tables for the logic functions  $\overline{ab}$ ,  $\overline{a} + \overline{b}$ ,  $\overline{a} + \overline{b}$ , and  $\overline{ab}$ . Comparing them yields the formulas of DeMorgan's Laws:

1) 
$$\overline{ab} = \overline{a} + \overline{b}$$
  
2)  $\overline{a + b} = \overline{ab}$ 

These formulas are useful in implementing digital functions using only NAND or only NOR gates.

Why Map Techniques? A truth table is one way of specifying a logic function—the Karnaugh map (pronounced Kar-no) is another. To get an idea of what such a map is. and why it is a convenient tool, let's look at a practical digital design problem.

Suppose we are faced with designing the digital black box of Fig. 4, which has three inputs a, b and c, and a single output f(a,b,c). The black box is to provide a logic one output under the following input conditions:



a=b=c=1, a=c=1 and b=0, a=0 and b=c=1, or a=b=0 and c=1. How can we manufacture the digital logic inside the box from this specification?

One possible answer is to be methodical. A person unfamiliar with map techniques—but very methodical—might reason in the following way.

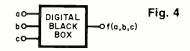
"The output function f(a,b,c) is logic one whenever a=b=c=1. An AND gate puts out a one whenever all inputs are logic one, so let's use an AND. But the AND output is zero for all other input combinations, and f(a,b,c) is a one for several other input conditions.

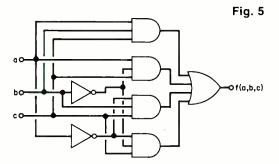
"Well, the AND gate did pretty well for the first input combination, so why not try it for the second? Let's take the complement of b by passing it through an INVERTER and run it into an AND gate with a and c. This AND will put out a one when a=c=1 and b=0, as desired. This seems to be working well, so let's do the same with each of the other two combinations."

With all the AND gates and INVER-TERs arranged as above, our methodical experimenter will then observe that, since f(a,b,c) is to be a logic one whenever the input variables form the first combination, or the second, or the third, or the fourth, all he has to do is OR the outputs of the four ANDs to generate f(a,b,c). The resulting logic is shown in Fig. 5.

Now this logic design works. It will do the digital job, but it is inefficient. It requires four AND gates, one OR, and two INVERTERs. This is costly, and it would cause quite a few layout problems because of the numerous interconnections. In addition, the design procedure outlined above is slow and, for more complicated circuits, error prone. What can be done to streamline the procedure?

	-	,-					
a	b	ab	a	ь	<u>a+p</u>		
0	0	ı	0	0	ī		
0	١.	ı	0	ı	1		
1	0	1	ı	0	1		
1	1	0	1	ı	0		
	$\overline{ab} = \overline{a} + \overline{b}$						
<u> </u>	ь	a+b	_ a	b	аb		
0	0	1	0	0	1		
0	ı	0	0	1.	0		
ı	0	0	ı	1. 0 1	0		
-1	1	0	1	ı	0		
ig. 3							

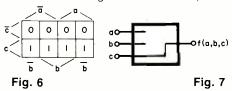




The answer is the Karnaugh map. This is just a rectangle divided up into a number of squares, each square corresponding to a given input combination. The Karnaugh map of our function f(a,b,c) is shown in Fig. 6. The right half of the map corresponds to a=1, the left half to a=0 ( $\overline{a}=1$ ), the middle half to b = 1, and so on. The basic idea is that there is one square for each input combination. If we write into that square the value of the output function for that particular input combination, we will have completely specified the function. The ones and zeros in Fig. 6 are the values which f(a,b,c) assumes for the associated input variable combinations.

Now recalling our methodical design procedure, it is easy to see that each square which has a one in it corresponds to the AND function of those input variables, and f(a,b,c) can be generated as the OR function of all of the ANDs.

A key factor arises here. It isn't necessary to include all of these AND functions, and the Karnaugh map tells us how to eliminate some of the terms. For example, looking at Fig. 6, we see that f(a,b,c) is a one for four adjacent boxes forming the bottom half of the map. (We will consider squares on opposite edges to be adjacent.) It is also easy to see the following: The only variable which does not change as we go from one square with a one to another with a one is c. It remains at one. What this means is that f(a,b,c) cannot depend on a and b because, regardless of their values, f(a,b,c) is a one as long as c=1. Therefore we can forget about a and b, and



SEPTEMBER 1975

implement our black box as shown in Fig. 7. We have grouped together the four adjacent squares to eliminate a and b. Notice that we have simplified things a great deal, since we now need no gates at all.

Using a Karnaugh Map. Maps of one, two, three, and four variables are shown in Fig. 8. Maps of one variable are rarely used, and maps with more than four variables are seldom needed—even if such a problem were to chance along, the Karnaugh map would not be the tool to use. Its value depends on the pattern recognition capability of the user, and it becomes hard to recognize pattern groupings in maps of more than four variables.

Using the three-variable map as an example, note that there is one box for abc, one for abc, another for abc, and so on, with abc corresponding to the input combination a=1, b=1, c=1;  $a\overline{b}c$  to a=1, b=0, c=1; and  $\overline{a}b\overline{c}$ to a=0, b=1, c=0; etc. Each box, then, corresponds to a single row in the truth table. The map is arranged in such a way that half of it corresponds to the uncomplemented form of a given variable and the other half to its complemented form; and the variables are interleaved so that every input combination corresponds to exactly one square, and conversely. Usually only the uncomplemented form of each variable is written-it being clear that the other half of the map corresponds to the complemented form.

Now, a logic function is displayed by placing ones and zeros in the boxes on the map. If a given input combination produces an output, or function value, of one, a one is placed in the corresponding square on the map. If the output is zero, a zero is placed in the square. As an example, look at the logic function in Fig. 9. On the Karnaugh map, the box given by abc has a 1 in it. This means that f is a logical one when the input variables have the value a=1, b=1, and c=1. The box given by  $ab\overline{c}$  has a 0 in it. This means that f=0 when a=1, b=1, and c = 0. These entries, as well as all the others, can be verified by looking at the truth table.

The logic function in Fig. 9 is not at all simple looking. The question is, how can the function be reduced to its simplest form? Variables can be eliminated from the function by use of the following definition and rules:

Definition: Two boxes are adjacent if the corresponding variables differ in only one place, for example if one box corresponds to  $a\overline{b}\overline{c}$  and the other to  $a\overline{b}c$ . Notice that boxes on opposite edges of the map are adjacent under this definition.

Rule 1: If two boxes containing ones are adjacent, the single variable which differs between the two (uncomplemented for one, complemented for the other) can be eliminated and the two boxes combined. These two boxes correspond to the AND function of all the variables except the one eliminated.

Rule 2: If four boxes containing ones are adjacent in such a way that each box is adjacent to at least two others, these boxes can be combined and the two variables eliminated—those two which appear in both complemented and uncomplemented form somewhere within the group. The group of four corresponds to the AND function of all the variables except for the two which have been eliminated.

Rule 3: The same procedure holds for eight, sixteen, and so on, adjacent boxes. Each box in a grouping must be adjacent to three, four, etc., others within that group.

Rule 4: The various AND functions produced by the above groupings are "ORed" together to yield the simplest function.

It should be noted that a given box can be included in more than one grouping if that will simplify the overall function, but each grouping should contain at least one box which doesn't belong to an existing group-

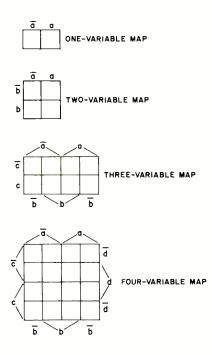
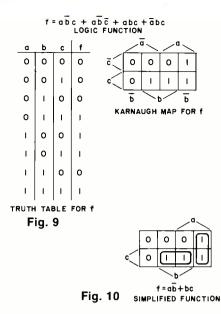


Fig. 8



ing (otherwise, this would lead to redundancy).

To illustrate, the Karnaugh map of Fig. 9 is repeated in Fig. 10, along with the adjacency groupings and the resulting simplified function. Note the contrast in simplicity. The boxes represented by abc and abc, although adjacent, are not grouped together because each is already included in an existing grouping. Now we are equipped to tackle a real-life problem.

**BCD-to-Decimal Decoder.** Consider the BCD counter of Fig. 11, with the four output variables a, b, c, and d. Suppose we need to decode the count of decimal eight and provide a control pulse, lasting one clock period, to some other digital circuit. We must build a logic function  $f_8$ 

defined by the truth table of Fig. 11. This truth table introduces a new variable, called a don't care and given the symbol "X." The don't care means that we can define the output function  $f_8$  to be either zero or one for that particular input combination—simply because the input combination will never occur. A BCD counter never counts above decimal nine. The X's can be given values of zero or one so as to simplify the resulting function. In our case, the don't cares have been chosen as indicated by the smaller ones and zeros on the map. Notice the very simple form for the function  $f_{y}$  which can be constructed from a single AND gate and an INVERTER.

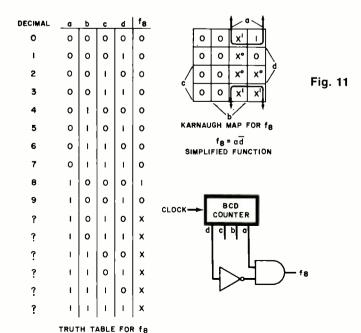
The preceding was an example of what is called combinational logic. The outputs at a given time are dependent only upon the inputs at that time. Actually, the gates used to build up a logic function have some delay. In the case of combinational logic, though, this just means that after the input values are established, there is some flat delay before the output value is established. The delay is critical only if we have to compare the output value with another being similarly generated. If this is the case, we could encounter problems with the timing margins.

In the digital game we are playing, though, the gate delays can be important for a different reason. They allow us to build so-called sequential machines for storing information, as well as for a myriad of other useful things. The general idea of a sequential machine is illustrated in Fig. 12.

ΑII the gate delays of delta seconds-for illustrative purposes only-are assumed to be lumped into the output leads. The leads labeled  $x_1$  $x_3$  and  $x_3$  are the external inputs, and those tagged  $q_1$ ,  $q_2$ , and  $q_3$  are the outputs. (There could, of course, be any number of inputs and any number of outputs.) The leads labeled Q1 Q2 and O3 are assumed to respond instantaneously to the inputs and fedback outputs.

If the inputs have been in one state for a long time, the circuit will have settled into a stable situation with  $q_1$  $q_2$  and  $q_3$  identical with  $Q_1$ ,  $Q_2$  and  $Q_3$ . respectively. Now suppose one or more of the inputs changes values. Then no longer will the small a's be the same as the upper-case Q's. After the passage of (delta) time corresponding to the gate delays, though, the values of Q will have propagated through to the outputs, and the small q's will again be identical with the large ones. For a given set of input values, then, the small q's are called the unstable states and the large ones the stable states of the sequential machine. The feature which allows memory storage and other effects is the regenerative characteristics created by the feedback.

The R-S Flip-Flop. An R-S flip-flop is a one-bit digital memory whose output is set to the one state by a one on an input set (S) line and to the zero state by a one on another line, called the reset (R). An incomplete truth table for this device is sketched in Fig. 13. It is incomplete because the output stable state is specified not only in terms of ones, zeros, and don't cares, but depends in addition on the present (unstable) state q. We can form a complete truth table by including q as one of the input variables, thus creating a feedback situation. The complete truth table is also shown in Fig. 13, along with the resulting Karnaugh map and the derived logic equation for the state Q. Note that we must always have RS=0(called the RS flip-flop constraint) to



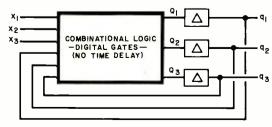
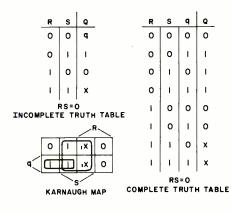
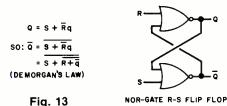


Fig. 12





keep from violating the condition that R=S=1 must never occur. Figure 13 also shows how DeMorgan's Law is used to get the function into a form requiring only NOR gates for its construction. By assuming all three possible combinations of input variables (remembering the R=S=1 is disallowed from ever occurring) and computing outputs, the truth table can easily be verified. It is also easy to show in this way that the output labeled Q is, indeed, the complement of the output labeled  $\overline{Q}$  for all input conditions except the disallowed R=S=1.

The Clocked R-S Master-Slave Flip-Flop. It is often desirable to have available an R-S flip-flop which changes state only on, for example, the trailing edge (or 1-0 transition) of a clock signal. It is possible to use the Karnaugh map to derive the form of such a flip-flop, but the end result, although economical in number of gates and number of inputs per gate, would not shed much light on the internal workings.

This type of sequential machine is depicted in Fig. 14. When the clock goes high, the R and S inputs are passed through the input gates and stored in the master. When the clock goes low, the input gates are disabled, and the information is coupled through the transfer gates into the slave flip-flop. The function of the preset and clear inputs is evident. Try assuming a set of input values for R and S, and trace the information flow, letting the clock change as described

above, to convince yourself that the unit performs the R-S function.

**The J-K Flip-Flop.** Let's return to our newly developed map technique now and develop the (clocked) J-K flip-flop as a last example. For convenience, since output changes are allowed only on clock transitions, let's denote the unstable state q by  $Q_n$  and the stable state Q by  $Q_{n+1}$ . This is reasonable, because  $Q_n$  is the stable state just prior to the  $n^{th}$  1-0 clock transition, and is the unstable state just afterward, with the flip-flop settling down into the stable state  $Q_{n+1}$  before the next clock transition occurs.

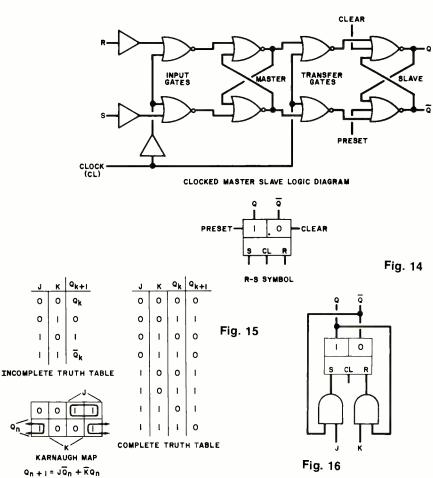
The incomplete and complete truth tables are shown in Fig. 15, along with the Karnaugh map and the resulting simplified function. The J serves as the S and K as the R, respectively, of an R-S flip-flop. The only difference is that the J=K=1 output is now defined  $(\overline{Q}_n)$ .

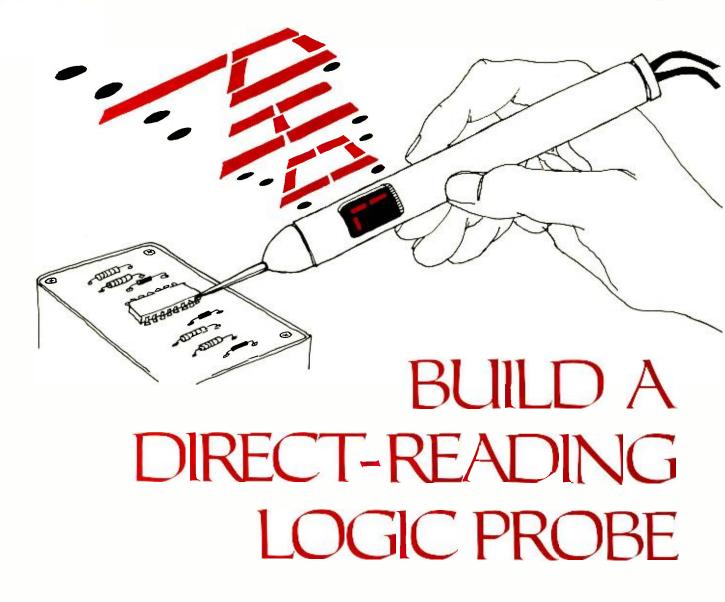
Let's use the clocked R-S flip-flop to build the J-K from our derived equation. For this purpose, let  $S=J\overline{Q}_n$  and  $R=KQ_n$  be the inputs to the clocked R-S. According to the R-S equation,

 $\begin{array}{ll} Q_{n+1} = S \ + \ \overline{R}Q_n = JQ_n \ + \ (\overline{KQ}_n)Q_n \\ \text{Now, applying DeMorgan's law to} \\ \overline{KQ}_n, \ \text{we get} \\ Q_{n+1} = J\overline{Q}_n \ + \ (\overline{K} + \overline{Q}_n)Q_n = J\overline{Q}_n \ + \ \overline{K}Q_n \\ + \ \overline{Q}_nQ_n \\ \text{But } \overline{Q}_nQ_n = 0 \ \text{always, so} \\ Q_{n+1} = J\overline{Q}_n \ + \ \overline{K}Q_n \\ \text{which is the J-K flip-flop equation.} \\ \text{Notice that the R-S constraint is satisfied, since} \end{array}$ 

 $RS = (J\overline{Q}_n)(KQ_n) = JK(\overline{Q}_nQ_n) = 0$  Fig. 16 shows the construction of the J-K from the R-S using two AND gates. Again, test the operation by assuming a set of conditions for J and K and tracing the logic flow. A glance back at the incomplete truth table will reveal that if J=K=1 (J and K inputs tied to a logic one) the J-K forms a toggle flip-flop.

The preceding examples have been intended to accomplish two things. In the first place, knowledge of the logical operation of the various types of flip-flops is essential in order to use them intelligently in an original design. As a second objective, they have provided an effective demonstration of the economy of thought which results when the Karnaugh may is used in a digital design effort.





Seven-segment readout displays high, low, open, and pulse.

BY R. M. STITT

THE LOGIC probe is almost a necessity in checking digital circuits. Usually the probe detects and discriminates between high-level, low-level, and pulse conditions at various points in a digital circuit. The results are then displayed on miniature lamps or discrete light-emitting diodes.

If you want a more advanced logic probe, try the one described here. It does what the conventional probe does, but has the additional capability of being able to sense an open circuit or an out-of-tolerance high or low logic level. And the indicator is a single seven-segment LED display. The four possible test conditions are shown as actual letters on the seven-segment display.

The letters are: H (high logic level), L (low logic level), O (open), and P (pulse). This type of display makes testing faster and improves accuracy in reading the results.

**How It Works.** Shown in Fig. 1 is the logic probe's schematic diagram. Transistor *Q1* functions as a voltage comparator and buffer with a threshold of approximately 0.6 volt. Transistor *Q2* and diodes *D1*, *D2*, and *D3* function as a voltage comparator and buffer with an approximate 2.4-volt threshold. These thresholds are slightly wider apart than is standard for TTL devices, thus providing a safety margin.

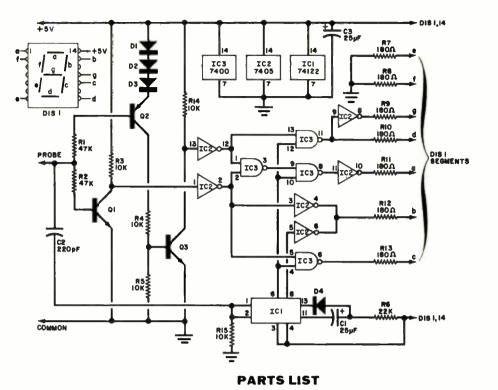
Resistors R4 and R5 and transistor Q3 shift the level of Q2 to make it TTL

compatible. The outputs of the two comparator circuits are further buffered and conditioned by *IC2*, the high (H) and low (L) outputs of which are decoded by the remaining circuitry. Assuming that the point under test is either at a constant high or a constant low, the end result will be an H or an L displayed on *DIS1*.

In the event of any pulse activity at the point under test, one-shot multivibrator *IC1* will trigger and generate a P (for pulse) on *DIS1*. If a single pulse occurs at the test point, *IC1* will still cause a P to be displayed, but only for about 0.5 second. (The probe is capable of "capturing" pulses as short as 10 ns in duration.)

Any time the probe tip is not touching a point in the test circuit or is

**POPULAR ELECTRONICS** 



C1.C3—25-µF, 6-volt tantalum electrolytic capacitor

C2—220-pF ceramic disc capacitor

D1 thru D4—Signal diode (1N914 or similar)

DIS1—Common cathode seven-segment LED display (Opcoa SLA-7 or similar) IC1—Retriggerable monostable multivibrator (74122)

IC2-Hex inverter (7405)

1C3—Quad two-input NAND gate (7400) Q1,Q3—Npn silicon switching transistor

(2N3904 or similar) Q2—Pnp silicon switching transistor (2N3906 or similar)

The following are 1/4-watt, 5% tolerance resistors

R1,R2-47,000 ohms

R3,R4,R5,R14,R15-10.000 ohms

R6-22,000 ohms

R7 thru R13-180 ohms

Misc.—Printed circuit board; 71/4" × 1/2" inner diameter CPVC plastic tubing; 5% or 1/2" diameter hardwood dowel stock (see text); one red- and one blackbooted alligator clips; 72" length of No. 18 test lead cable; 6d finishing nail; solder; etc.

Fig. 1. Schematic diagram of the logic probe. Transistors Q1 and Q2 are in comparator circuits which set the logic levels, IC2 and IC3 decode the signal.

touching a point that is electrically isolated from the circuit, *DIS1* will display an o. Furthermore, any logic level that is within the range set by the comparators will also result in an o being displayed.

In operation, Hindicates a high TTL state (greater than 2.5 volts); Lindicates a low TTL state (less than 0.6 volt); O indicates an open circuit or an out-of-tolerance TTL state (high impedance or less than 2.5 volts but greater than 0.6 volt); and Pindicates a pulse train or single pulse.

**Construction.** When assembling the probe, parts layout and lead dress are not particularly critical. The test prod lead should be kept as short and direct as possible through the junction of *R1* and *R2*.

To keep the electronic assembly as compact as possible, a printed circuit board is a must for component mounting. The etching and drilling and component placement guides are shown in Fig. 2. Since you will be making your own double-sided board and will not be able to plate through the holes, it is important to solder connections on both sides of the board. Consequently, you must install the components in a set sequence. Install and solder into place R7, R9, R13, and R15 before you install R8, R10, R11, and R12. Likewise, install C2 before C1. All remaining components can be installed in whatever sequence you desire. (Note: The component placement guide shown in Fig. 2 is the view from the top, or component, side of the board. The items to be installed first are indicated in phantom in Fig. 2.)

After wiring the circuit board, solder a 1" (25 mm) length of insulated wire to the pad under *DIS1* nearest the end of the board. The free end of this wire goes to the probe's test tip. Prepare the ends of two 36" (about 1-m) lengths of test-lead cable, and solder one end to the +5-volt and ground pads on the board.

Now, cut a 34" long by 5/32" deep (19  $\times$  3.8-mm) window 1/2" (13 mm) from one end of the tube. Use CPVC tubing; it has thinner walls to provide a slenderer assembly than is possible with ordinary PVC tubing. CPVC tubing is available from most hardware and building supply stores.

You can fabricate the end caps for the tube to the dimensions given in Fig. 3 by turning on a lathe or whittling with a knife 5/8" (16-mm) diameter hardwood dowel stock. If you don't have access to a wood-turning lathe or don't relish whittling, you can fashion blunt end caps from 1/2" hardwood dowel stock and use small screws to hold them in place. In either case, drill a 1/4" (6.5-mm) diameter hole through the rear end cap and a hole just large enough to require force fitting a 6d finishing nail into it through the front end cap.

Pass the power leads for the probe through the hole in the rear end cap. Connect and solder a red-booted alligator clip to the +5-volt and a black-booted alligator clip to the ground cables

Test the probe by connecting its power cables to the +5-volt and common buses of a known good circuit and touching the probe lead to the +5-volt bus, common bus, and a point in the circuit where there are pulses. When the power leads are initially hooked up, the display should indicate 0. Touching the probe lead to the +5-volt and common buses should cause an H and an L to be displayed, respectively. With the probe lead touching a point in the circuit where pulse activity is taking place, the display should indicate a P.

The circuit board is deliberately wider than the inside diameter of the plastic tube. To get the board into the tube, you will have to deform the latter. To do this, place the tube between two blocks of wood in a vise and very carefully close the vise just enough to permit the board to slip into place. Before opening the vise, make certain that the display is centered in the window of the tube.

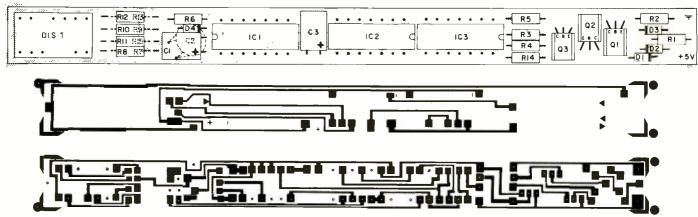
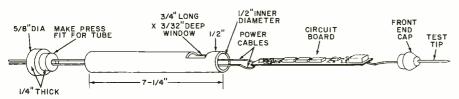


Fig. 2. Etching and drilling guides and component layout for pc board are above.

Fig. 3. Diagram shows how to assemble the probe. Be sure display shows in the window.



File or grind the point of the finishing nail to a sharp tip, contouring it like a standard test-probe point. Drive the nail into the front end of the cap, leaving about 1/4" of the nail head free. Locate the free end of the probe tip wire coming from the circuit board. Strip away about 3/8" of insulation from the wire, wrap the exposed wire around the nail head, and drive the nail home in the end cap. Push both end caps into the tube (and secure them with small screws if necessary), and the probe is ready to use.

#### You don't have to buy a new car to get an electronic ignition.



Most of you know the evaluation of automotive electrical systems . . . an evaluation characterized only occasionally by efficiency and performance. I know that, and that's why I use the Delta Mark Ten B CDI on all my cars, new and old. And believe me, you don't have to have a new car to appreciate the best electronic ignition available today. Study these features and you'll know what I mean.

- 1. Mark Ten and Mark Ten B Capacitive Discharge Ignition Systems are manufactured by Delta Products, Inc., a company with a conscience, and with a proven record of reliability both in product and in customer relations.
- 2. The Mark Ten CDI's really do save money by eliminating the need for 2 out of 3 tune-ups. Figure it out for yourself. The first tune-up or two saved pays for the unit, the rest is money in your pocket. No bunk!
- 3. Because the Mark Ten CDI's keep your car in better tune, you actually can save on expensive gasoline.
- 4. With a Mark Ten, spark plugs stay clean and last longer . . . fouling is virtually eliminated.



No matter what kind of car you drive, it too can use a Delta quality lift.

			Ol's. Send me compl mprove the performa
Name			
Address			
City		State	Zip
P.O.	TA PRODU  Box 1147, Depte 242-9000		<b>C.</b> Junction, Colo. 8150

Mark Ten B, assembled Mark Ten B, kit

\$64.95 ppd \$49.95 ppd Standard Mark Ten, assembled . Deltakit®

\$49.95 ppd \$34.95 ppd



By Jerry Ogdin

#### HOBBYIST INTERCHANGE TAPE SYSTEM

OMPUTER hobbyists have an insatiable appetite for new programs. Consequently, they are increasingly using the practice of sharing their programs.

But efficient sharing requires a common communications medium. Short programs can be exchanged easily by correspondence on a type-writer or even longhand. As software becomes more complex, however, the possibility of translation error increases so it is essential that a universally recognized exchange medium be used. Further, price and simplicity are of great importance since many hobbyists can't afford expensive commercial equipment.

With no such common exchange medium available to hobbyists today, we have taken the bull by the horns and developed a standard which we think meets all of the foregoing requirements. We call it the Hobbyists Interchange Tape System or simply HIT. The system uses an ordinary low-cost audio cassette tape recorder as the hardware/software interface: and it can be adapted for use with any computer. In the following discussion, HIT is used with an 8080 CPU-design microcomputer.

HIT is probably not the most efficient nor simplest possible system, but we think it is the best compromise for public interchange of software. At the tape speeds used, data will appear on the tape at rates between 30 and 360 bits per second—not a blindingly fast speed, but reliable! However, by changing some of the circuit and software values and using a high-quality recorder, 2500 bits per second can be achieved.

The technique does not depend on frequency, amplitude, or phase. Indeed, the low-cost cassette recorder does not even have to handle digital pulses directly. In practice, short and long bursts of tone are used, with each

zero bit represented by a short burst and each one bit by a long burst. Here is how it works.

Basic Theory. Every digital pulse has a leading and trailing edge; a bit interval extends from the leading edge of one bit to the leading edge of the next. If we synchronously count up during the time from the leading edge to the trailing edge, as shown by the dotted line in Fig. 1. and then count

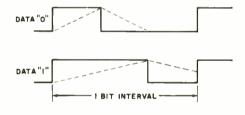


Fig. 1. Pulse waveforms show how zero and one bits differ in length.

down from the trailing edge to the next leading edge, we can determine whether the pulse is long or short. If, as shown in the upper waveform of Fig. 1, we can count down to zero before the next leading edge, we know that the data bit was a "O". If, however, the counter is stopped by the leading edge of the next pulse (lower waveform), we know that the bit was long and the data was a "1."

Unfortunately, steep-edged pulses are unacceptable to most cassette recorders. So we convert them into audio tones, with a data pulse represented by a burst of approximately 2000 Hz, which is compatible with most low-cost recorders. The schematic for the complete HIT translator is shown in Fig. 2, and the associated waveforms are shown in Fig. 3.

The output of the computer consists of two data lines from an output port latch. One (Fig. 3A) is called the envelope and is true during the tone burst. The other (B) is called modulation and is a software-controlled 2000-Hz square wave. Op amp IC1A converts the TTL-level signals into an approximate 2-kHz sine-wave burst (D) which can be recorded easily on any tape machine. The output of IC1A is about 2 volts peak-to-peak at the AUX output jack and about 50 mV at the MIC jack. When recording on a stereo cassette, write this data into the right channel.

The playback circuit takes the re-

57

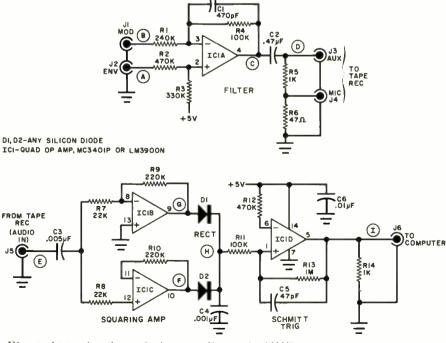


Fig. 2. At top is schematic for recording end of HIT system. Circuit at bottom reads from cassette into computer.

www.americanradiohistory.com

corded data signal from the tape recorder (Fig. 3E) and converts it back to the original digital signal. This circuit, consisting of *IC1B*, *C*, and *D*, works with an input signal level from 0.75 V to 4 V, although 2 to 2.5 V is ideal. The input is squared up in *IC1B* and *IC1C* (Figs. 3F and G) and then rectified by diodes *D1* and *D2*. The combined output (H) is then applied to a Schmitt trigger (*IC1D*) which produces the output signal (I), an exact reproduction of the original envelope input.

The frequency of the tone burst is not critical. In writing a tape to be mailed to another person, use a frequency near 2 kHz as the modulating input. The reliability of the recorded data depends on how long each pulse is written. With very brief tone bursts, the data rate is high, but the reliability can be adversely affected by poorquality tape and inexpensive cassette recorders. Each bit may be as short as 1250 microseconds or as long as 35 milliseconds, depending on the writer of the tape. In the programs that follow, 2.75 milliseconds is used as the bit time. The playback circuit and software should be capable of adapting automatically to pulse lengths since it is the ratio of the first half to the second half that determines the data value.

With this wide range of permissible pulse lengths, virtually any computer can be used to write these standard format tapes. Even the slower 8008 CPU can write out bits that have 1-ms

durations and still be able to recover them successfully.

Programs. The software we have used with an 8080 is shown in Program 1 (overleaf). The output port (named TAPEO in the program) puts the envelope signal on the mostsignificant bit and the modulation on the least-significant bit. Since most output ports are TTL-compatible, the simple writing circuit of Fig. 2 can be directly connected. Each data bit is shifted into the CARRY flag of the computer, where the decision to emit a short or long pulse is made. The least-significant bit of the counter is used to determine how long to emit the tone burst (modulation) signal. After all of the tone burst has been sent out, we wait in a counting loop (built into the program) for some tape to move past the recording head before starting the next output bit.

Nine bits are written for each 8-bit byte. Since this new recording scheme uses the leading edge of a burst as the "clock," it is necessary to assure that there is a data bit after the eighth bit of a byte. This ninth bit is always written as a "0". The time that it takes this bit to move past the recording head is the time that we can use to process the character and store it away in memory.

The data rate is 364 bits per second, using all the values in the illustrations. This writing routine, like the reading routine of Program 2, is critically

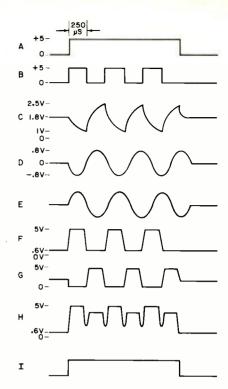
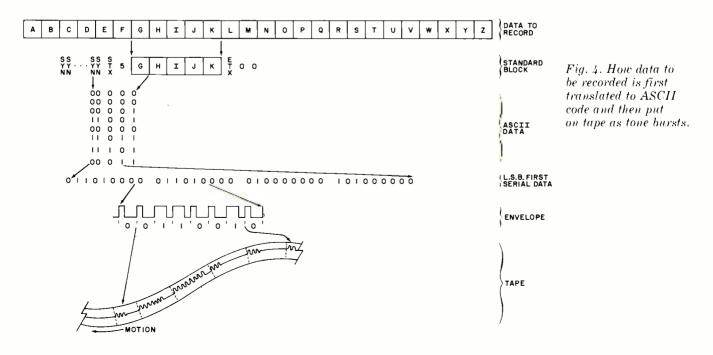


Fig. 3. Waveforms at various points in the writing and reading circuits of the HIT.

timed. Consequently, do not change the instruction sequences unless you fully understand the timing relationships of the instructions.

In reading the data back in, the input port (the least significant bit is used) is examined until a zero-to-one transition is found; that is the leading edge of the burst. We now count up (in the B register) until the trailing edge is



found. After that, we count down until either a new leading edge is detected (making the data bit a 1), or the counter goes to zero (data is a 0). Note that each bit condition must be sensed two times in succession to be considered valid. This provides noise protection.

Each time a bit is found, it is shifted into place. After eight bits are located, the return is taken. When the character reading routine returns, the leading edge of the ninth bit has thus always been sensed.

**Data Format.** Having a standard medium and a standard recording form is not enough for successful computer data exchange. We must all agree on the code and format of the data. As far as possible, the method described here uses national and international data communications standards. All data is written in ASCII code unless otherwise agreed upon by writer and reader. It is possible, for example, to agree on the transmission of actual eight-bit object code. All data is recorded with the least-significant bit first.

The record format we use is shown in Fig. 4. This technique is synchronous, and from the beginning of the data to the end, there should be no dead spots. At this time, it should be pointed out that cassette recorders have ago or limiter circuits. When the data first appears at the record input of such a machine, the ago does cruel things to the waveshape. By not allowing this to happen, except in the first part of the data where it is permissable, many problems can be avoided. This is done as follows: Each data block begins with at least 32 ASCII SYN (synchronizing codes 0001 0110). The SYN codes repeat long enough to allow the recorder's ago to settle down and the software to go into character "sync." A special character signal at the start of text (ASCII STX code 0000 0010) appears next, followed by an eight-bit count word. That count specifies how many more characters appear in the date record. If the count is zero, then this is called an end-offile block. If it is not zero, it specifies how many eight-bit bytes appear in the data record. At the end of the data bytes (if any), is an ASCII ETX (end-oftext 0000 0011) character and two block-check characters. These two characters are normally zero, but can be used to hold the CRC code, or a check-sum, or whatever error protection the writer wishes to employ here.

If the block-check characters are used, the writer of the original tape is expected to provide a computer program in the first few data blocks for the machine of interest that will read and utilize them. This program should appear at the front of the tape and be terminated by an end-of-file block. The data to be read in should then follow on the tape. This front-end program is called a "bootstrap leader."

Programs for reading and writing standard format data tapes from memory of an 8080 are shown in Program 3. We can read or write 1024 bits in about 30 seconds using the standard format.

**Higher Speed.** This cassette interface can also be used locally for normal input/output needs. However, in your own computer, you may be able to go substantially faster. Our experiments have shown that you can expect to have a data bit rate about one-fourth of the modulation frequency. If your tape recorder will faithfully reproduce a 10-kHz signal, as many better decks do, you can expect to handle 2500 bits (240 characters) per second.

You may also want to add some additional hardware to eliminate some of the software. A simple gated oscillator can be used instead of performing the modulation in software. The envelope signal can drive the gate of an oscillator. You can even go so far as to have an eight-bit parallel output bit port and perform all of the timing and serialization external to the computer. You will probably want to have two versions of these circuits: one to be used to write standard tapes at standard frequencies and rates, and the other to write at whatever speed your own tape recorder can handle without errors.

The playback circuitry can also be expanded. The count-up/count-down software can be converted into a couple of timers that control ramps. Similarly, you may want to assemble incoming bits into eight-bit characters in hardware. With all this hardware installed (it takes about 10 IC's), the software becomes only a few input and output statements.

What is needed now is a central exchange point. Perhaps some of the emerging hobbyist groups (or even individuals) will agree to create a library of tapes for exchange or have them available at a nominal charge. A brief listing of program function,



#### PROGRAM 1

```
;WRITE THE BYTE IN THE -C- REGISTER OUT TO TAPE,
     LEAST-SIGNIFICANT BIT FIRST. AFTER EIGHTH BIT WRITE OUT A DATA 'O'. REGISTERS (A & B) ARE DESTROYED. OCCUPIES 74 BYTES.
     VARIABLES -WRWAI- AND -WRLEN- CONTROL DATA RATE.
-WRWAI- DEFINES PERIOD OF EACH MODULATION HALF-
CYCLE; -WRLEN- DEFINES LENGTH OF EACH DATA BIT.
      DATA RATE IN BPS IS:
                                  1000000
           BPS =
                   (15 WRWAI + 64) (6 WRLEN - 1) C
           WHERE -C- IS 8080 CYCLE TIME IN MICROSECONDS
EQU 29 ;2004 HZ IF C=500 NANOSECONDS
EQU 2 ;REDUNDANCY = 2
WRWAT
WRLEN
           GET NEXT DATA BIT TO TRANSMIT
WRCHA:
           MOV
           STC
                              ; JAM IN STOPPER BIT
WRCHX:
           RAR
                              ;GET LEAST-SIGNIFICANT BIT ;SAVE ALL OTHER BITS FOR LATER
           MOV
                   C.A
           LDA
                   WRLNG
                              ; (FOR DATA '1')
           JC
                   WRBST
           T.DA
                   WRSHT
                                (FOR DATA '0')
                   TONE BURST OUT TO TAPE
WRTIM ;WRITE OUT FIRST HALF-CYCLE
           WRITE
WRBST:
           CALL
                   WRFIN
                                (GO DO LONG PART NOW)
           CALL
                   WRTIM
                              ;WRITE OUT SECOND HALF-CYCLE
           JNZ
                   WRBST
                                 (KEEP GOING)
           OUT
                   TAPEO
                              ; TERMINATE MODULATION
           LDA
                   WRSHT
                              ; (GO DO SHORT PART NOW)
           JMP
                   WRDLY-1
WRFIN:
          OUT
                   TAPEO
                              ;TERMINATE MODULATION
           LDA
                   WRLNG
           WRITE OUT NO MODULATION FOR REST OF BIT TIME
           MOV
WRDI.V -
          CALL
                   WRTIM+3 ; JUST DELAY
                             ; (WASTE MORE TIME)
                   $+3
           JMP
           MOV
                   A,A
           JNZ
                   WRDLY
           PREPARE NEXT BIT FOR OUTPUT
           MOV
                   A,C
           ORA
                              ;IF ZERO, CHARACTER'S ALL DONE
;IF 1, WE'VE FOUND STOPPER BIT
;(JUST ANOTHER DATA BIT)
           CPT
           JNZ
                   WRCHX
           XRA
                              ; EMIT A TERMINAL 'O
                   WRCHX
           JMP
           TIMING DELAY LOOP FOR CONTROLLING MODULATION MOV A,B ;GET COUNTER WORD
WRTIM:
          MOV
                   TAPEO
                              ; WRITE OUT CARRIER
           OUT
                   A, WRWAI ; SET UP WAIT
           MVI
           DCR
                   S-1
           JNZ
           INR
                              ; UPDATE COUNTER
                   В
  SHORT- AND LONG-BURST CONSTANTS
                   255-WRLEN-WRLEN+2 ; (MUST BE ODD)
255-WRLEN-WRLEN-WRLEN-WRLEN+1 ; (EVEN)
WRSHT:
          DB
WRLNG:
          DB
```

#### **PROGRAM 2**

```
READ A BYTE FROM TAPE INTO THE -C- REGISTER.
         IS LOADED LEAST-SIGNIFICANT BIT FIRST
     INTO THE MOST-SIGNIFICANT POSITION. 122 BYTES
     SAMPLE PERIOD FOR INCOMING DATA IS SET BY -\text{RDTIM-}, WHICH IS COMPUTED AS:
                    T - 100C
                                        (T IS TIME IN USEC,
C IS 8080 CYCLE TIME
          RDTTM = -
                      15C
                                            IN USEC)
                            ; TO SAMPLE EACH 100 USEC
RDTIM
          EOU
          SET UP NORMAL WORD-SIZE STOPPER
          MVI
RDCHA:
                 C.128
                            ; AWAIT DATA '0' CONDITION ; BEFORE LOOKING FOR
          IN
                  TAPET
          RRC
                  RDCHA+2;
                               LEADING EDGE
          MVI
                  A, RDTIM+2
          CALL RDBIT ; WAIT FOR SAMPLE PERIOD,
JC RDCHA+2; THEN CONFIRM '0'
FIND AND CONFIRM LEADING EDGE OF DATA BURST
RDCHC:
                           ;LOOK FOR LEADING EDGE
                 TAPEI
          RRC
          JNC
                  RDCHC
          MVI
                            ;INITIALIZE RAMP COUNT
                 B,1
          MVI
                  A, RDTIM+2
          CALL
                  RDBIT
                           ;GO CONFIRM LEADING EDGE
          JNC
                 RDCHC
          MVI
                            : CONFIRMED.
                  A,l
                                            START COUNTING
                UP (-B- REGISTER) UNTIL TRAILING EDGE
B ;INCREMENT RAMP COUNT
B,A ;SAVE RAMP COUNT
          RAMP
          ADD
RDCH3:
          MOV
          JC
                 RDCHE
                               (BAD DATA; PULSE TOO LONG)
          MVI
                 A, RDTIM+1
RDCHR:
          CALL
                 RDBIT
                           ;GO READ NEXT SAMPLE
          MVI
                 RDCH3
                           ; IF SAMPLE = '1', CONTINUE COUNT
```

CONFIRM TRAILING EDGE

```
NOP
         MVI
                A.RDTIM+2
         CALL
                RDBIT
                        ; CONFIRM
         MVI
         JC
                RDCH 3
                         ; EARLIER '0' WAS NOISE
         MVI
                          ;BEGIN TO COUNT DOWN
                A . -2
         COUNT DOWN AFTER TRAILING EDGE
RDCH5:
         ADD
                         ; DECREMENT RAMP COUNT
         MOV
                B.A
         JNC
                RDCHO
                         ; DATA BURST WAS SHORT. DATA='0'
         MVI
                A.RDTIM+1
         CALL
                         ; READ NEXT SAMPLE
                RDBIT
         MVI
          JNC RDCH5 ;STILL '0', CONTINUE COUNT DOWN CONFIRM CLOCK (NEXT LEADING EDGE)
         JNC
         NOP
         MVT
                A, RDTIM+2
         CALL
                          :GET SAMPLE TO CONFIRM
                RDBIT
         MVI
                A,-2
         JNC
                RDCH 5
                          ; EARLIER '1' WAS NOISE
         FOUND NEW LEADING EDGE; DATUM =
         MOV
                A,C
         RAR
                         ; INSERT '1' INTO BYTE
         MOV
                C.A
                         ; IF STOPPER BIT IN -CY-, QUIT
         MVT
                B. 2
                A.RDTIM
         MVI
         JMP
                RDCHR
                         ;GO CATCH THIRD SAMPLE
TO ZERO; DATUM = '0'
         COUNTED DOWN TO ZERO; DATUM = '0'
MOV A,C ;INSERT '0' INTO BYTE
RDCH0:
         RAR
         MOV
         JNC
                RDCHC
                         ; GO WAIT FOR LEADING EDGE
         IN
                         ;AT END OF BYTE, BE SURE
                TAPEI
         RRC
                         ; TO AWAIT LEADING EDGE
                $-3
                         ; OF TERMINAL 'O' BIT
         JNC
         RET
         TIMING DELAY FOR READ SAMPLE PERIOD
RDBIT:
         DCR
                         ; DELAY
         JNZ
                RDBIT
         IN
                TAPEI
         RRC
                         ; PUT SAMPLE INTO CARRY BIT
         ERROR ROUTINE. CLEAR CARRY TO REPORT ERROR
RDCHE:
         XRA
         RET
```

```
PROGRAM 3
 ; READ A BLOCK OF DATA FROM TAPE INTO LOCATIONS
     NAMED IN (H,L). REGISTER -E- WILL BE SET
      TO THE INPUT BLOCK SIZE; (A,B,C,D) ARE ALL
     USED. OCCUPIES 60 BYTES.
UPON RETURN, FLAGS REPORT CONDITIONS FOUND:
ZERO CARRY CONDITION
         1
                 1
                        NORMAL DATA BLOCK END-OF-FILE BLOCK
                 0
         0
                        BAD BLOCK FORMAT READ
 XXSTX
                          ; ASCII START-OF-TEXT (STX)
          EQU
                          ; ASCII END-OF-TEXT (ETX)
; ASCII SYNC CODE (SYN)
 XXETX
          EQU
                 20
 XXSYN
          EOU
          SET WORD-SIZE STOPPER BIT IN -C-
 RDBLK:
          MVI
                 C,128
          CALL
                 RDCHC
                          ;AT OUTSET, READ ANYTHING
          MOV
                 A.C
                 XXSYN
          CPI
                          :SEE IF SYN FOUND YET
          JΖ
                 RDSYN
          GET ONE MORE BIT TO SEE IF SYNC CODE YET
 RDNXT:
          ORT
                 1
                          ; SET TO READ ONLY ONE BIT
          MOV
                 C.A
                 RDBLK+2
          JMP
          CONFIRM THE SYNC CODE FOUND
 RDSYN:
          \mathtt{CALL}
                 RDCHA
                          ; READ A SECOND SYNC CODE
          MOV
                 A.C
          CPI
                 XXSYN
          JNZ
                 RDNXT
          FIND THE STX AND COUNT WORDS
          CALL.
                 RDCHA
          MOV
                 A.C
          CPI
                 XXSTX
          JNZ
                 RDNXT
                          ;LOST SYNC. TRY AGAIN
          CALL
                 RDCHA
                          ; READ IN BLOCK SIZE
                 A,C
          MOV
                 D,C
          MOV
                          ; SAVE FOR OUR COUNTING
          MOV
                 E,C
                          ; SAVE FOR THE CALLER
          ORA
                 Α
          RZ ; IF ZERO, RETURN END-FILE. READ IN DATA BYTES AND STORE THEM AWAY
 RDATA:
          CALL
               RDCHA
                          ; READ NEXT DATA BYTE
          MOV
                 M,C
                             AND PUT INTO STORAGE
                          ; ADDRESS NEXT BYTE
          TNX
                 Н
          DCR
                          ;SEE IF WE'RE DONE YET
          JNZ RDATA ; (NO)
READ AND PROCESS BLOCK EPILOG
          CALL
                 RDCHA
                          ; READ IN ETX CODE
          MOV
                 A,C
          SUI
                 XXETX
                          ;SET ERROR FLAG
          STC
                           ; MARK NOT-EOF
```

#### PROGRAM 3 (Continued)

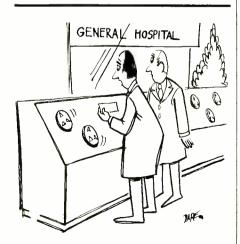
```
WRITE A BLOCK OF DATA TO TAPE FROM THE ARRAY
     STARTING AT ADDRESS IN (H,L).
     ASSUMED TO BE IN ASCII AND THE NUMBER OF
     CHARACTER TO WRITE IS IN -E-. IF -E- = 0, WRITE A NULL BLOCK AS END-OF-FILE.

(A,B,C,D,E) ARE USED. (H,L) WILL END UP POINTING TO END OF ARRAY + 1. USES 50 BYTES.
     RECORD FORMAT:
                     SSSN
                                       EBB
        YY...32...YYTN...DATA...TCC
                                       XCC
XXBCC
          EOU
                  Λ
                             ; DUMMY BLOCK-CHECK WORD
          WRITE OUT SYNC CODES AT FRONT OF BLOCK
WRBLK:
          MVT
                  D,32
          MVT
                  C,XXSYN
                             ; WRITE OUT NEXT SYN CODE
          DCR
                  WRBLK+2
          JN2
          WRITE OUT STX AND THEN COUNT WORD (NNN)
                  C, XXSTX
```

```
WRCHA
                       :WRITE OUT THE STX CODE
        CALL
        CALL
              WRCHA
                       ; WRITE OUT COUNT
        DETERMINE WHETHER DATA NEEDS TO BE WRITTEN
        MOV
              A,E
        ORA
                       ; IF COUNT=0,
              WRBLF
                         DON'T WRITE ANY DATA
        WRITE
              OUT DATA BLOCK
WRRI.I.
                       GET DATA BYTE
        MOV
              C,M
        INX
        CALL
              WRCHA
                       ;WRITE BYTE OUT
        DCR
                       : REPEAT UNTIL DONE
        JNZ
              WRBLL
        WRITE OUT BLOCK EPILOG
WRBLF:
               C, XXETX
        MVI
        CALL
               WRCHA
                       ;WRITE OUT END-TEXT CODE
        MVI
               C,XXBCC
                       ;WRITE OUT BLOCK CHECK BYTES
        CALL
              WRCHA
               C,XXBCC
        MVI
        CALL
```

machine, and source could be highly useful. For starters, reader David Yulke, 121 Liberty Ave., Selden, NY 11784, wants to trade software at no cost and offers PROM programming and assembling service at nominal cost to cover his time and postage. He has a home-designed 8008 sytem with cassette, CRT terminal, ASR-33 Teletype, and 1702A or 5203 programmer. Software includes MON-8 modified for UART operation and a RAM test feature; modified cassette routine, octal loader and hex loader (paper tape), all on 3 PROM's with an error routine. He is working on a "black-jack" program and a home accounting program. So let us hear from any other readers who wish to list such information.

Response. Thanks for the overwhelming response to our first column in June. We're gathering material on hobbyist computer clubs and will alert writers as soon as our input is complete. (POPULAR ELECTRONICS will be increasing the frequency of this column shortly as a result of so many reader requests to do so. -Ed.)



"He wants to call in a few other

#### computers for consultation.'

# 20 hi-fi watts in 1.2 cubic inches

What a powerhouse! SK3154 packs a 20-watt RMS audio amplifier in one small module. With virtually flat response from 15 Hz to 70 kHz. In the SK3154 package you'll find all the information you need. Just follow the instructions for adding 12 easy-to-get passive components, power supply and hardware - and you've got one channel of a fine stereo or quad amplifier. The fun - and a super finished product - are yours. (Ten and 15-watt SK modules also available.) Start now! See your RCA electronics distributor.

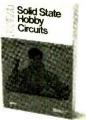


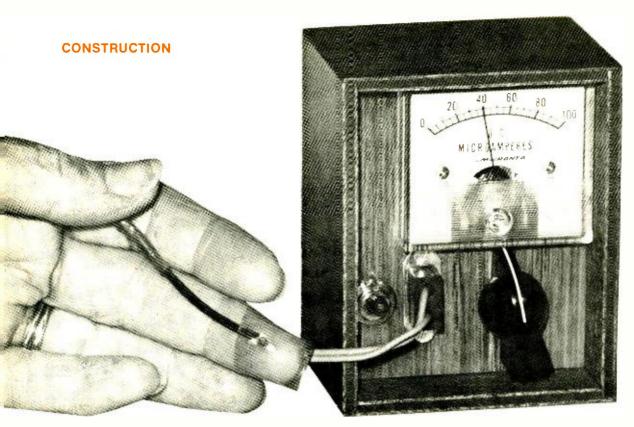
#### Solid fun in 399 pages

Electronic organ, temperature alarm, tachometer, light-operated switch-68 useful solid-state projects in one book. Complete instructions plus some theory. \$2.95 optional price. At your RCA electronics distributor.

> RCA Solid State. Box 3200. Somerville, N.J. 08876

CIRCLE NO. 45 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD





# TEMPERAT THERMOMETER

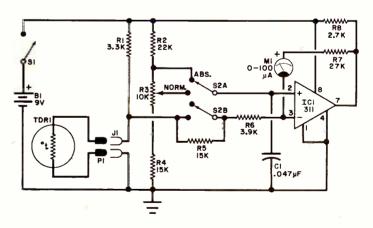
Consciously controlling the blood flow by measuring skin temperature is said to improve several body functions.

BY COLIN SHAKESPEARE

URING the past few years, a lot of research has been directed at learning how to consciously control some of the "involuntary" body functions. Electronics has played a major role in this research, providing the means for both sensing and monitoring body functions. Among the more commonly measured and, hence, controlled body functions are skin resistance, potential, and temperature, as well as alpha, beta, theta, and delta brain waves.

Our interest, in this article, is in skin temperature, which is an indication of the flow of blood in the peripheral parts of the body (hands and feet). We want a skin temperature thermometer that will serve to teach the user how to increase and decrease the flow of blood to his limbs. With training, it is even possible to control the flow of blood in each hand independently.

Controlling the flow of blood is one way of solving the problem of cold hands and feet. Another use for this technique is the control of migraine headaches. Working on the theory that the throbbing headache pain is caused by the blood vessels in the



#### **PARTS LIST**

B1-9-volt transistor battery

C1-0.047-µF capacitor

IC1—Comparator integrated circuit (311)

J1-Two-contact jack

M1-0-100-µA meter movement

P1-Two-contact plug

The following are 1/8-watt, 10% tolerance resistors:

R1-3300 ohms

R2-22,000 ohms

R4,R5-15,000 ohms

R6—3900 0hms R7—27,000 ohms

R8-2700 ohms

R3-10,000-ohm linear-taper potentiome-

S1—Spst switch (part of R3)

S2—Dpdt switch

TDRI—Thermistor (Fenwal No. JA33J1)

Misc.—Perforated board and solder clips; socket for IC1; contact clip for B1; suitable box to house circuit; machine hardware; zip cord; hookup wire; solder; etc.

Difference between drop across TDR1 and reference is shown on M1.

head being stretched (vasodilated) by the flow of blood, when more blood is diverted to the limbs, there is less to go to the head and the rest of the body. This reduces the pressure of the blood in the vessels of the head, which, in turn, diminishes the pressure pain.

Once a person learns how to increase the flow of blood in one limb while reducing it in others, it is possible that he can control bleeding from a wound. However, a great deal of physical and mental self control must be exercised — which may be impossible in the heat of the moment — for success. The uses to which such control can be put are almost limitless. If a person persists with regular training over a period of weeks, considerable control can be achieved.

**About the Circuit.** As shown in the schematic, the skin temperature thermometer's circuit is a simple configuration. Temperature sensor *TDR1* is an ordinary thermistor, while microammeter movement *M1* is the monitor indicator. Voltage variations, resulting from variations in temperature, from *TDR1* are fed to the inverting input of comparator integrated circuit *IC1*. Inside the IC, this voltage is compared with a reference voltage applied to the IC's noninverting input. The output from *IC1* then provides an amplified voltage that drives *M1*.

For training purposes, two meter ranges (scales) are useful. One must be fairly sensitive; so, for this, a zerocenter scale with a range of ±2° C was chosen. An absolute scale, covering the range from room temperature to blood temperature is also required. This is important because once a subject's hands are within a few degrees of blood temperature, no amount of control will get them any warmer. (Most users will find that there is an upper temperature limit that will vary from person to person by a degree or so. From a training point of view, then, you must pick a time when the subject's hands are cool or start with training to reduce blood flow.)

With S2 in the position shown, M1 is on the ABSOLUTE scale, indicating nominally from  $20^{\circ}$  to  $40^{\circ}$  C. In this position, potentiometer R3 has no effect, and at room temperature, the pointer of M1 would be near the zero index on the scale. Setting S2 to its alternate position puts the meter on the SENSITIVE scale ( $\pm 2^{\circ}$  C), in which case, the pointer of M1 will peg at the left end of its travel. (This is a normal

condition and will not harm the meter movement.)

**Construction.** The skin temperature thermometer project can be made very compact, as shown in the lead photo. With the exception of *B1*, *M1*, *R3/S1*, *S2*, and *TDR1*, all parts can be mounted on a piece of perforated board that has holes on 0.1" (2.54-mm) centers. Use a socket for *IC1* and, if you want, solder clips for the rest of the components.

The meter movement, switched potentiometer, range switch, and input jack for the thermistor mount on the front panel of a suitable enclosure. At one end of a 3' (about 1 m) long piece of thin zip cord, solder plug P1. At the other end of this cable goes the thermistor. Put insulating tubing over the leads of the thermistor, and heat sink TDR1 during the soldering operation. Slide the sleeving right up to the thermistor's disc. As a final touch, apply a thin coat of lacquer or other insulating material over the probe. Keep the coating as thin as possible to avoid increasing the time constant of the sensor

When making hookups to the circuit board assembly, keep the leads to the two inputs of the IC as short as possible. If oscillation problems are encountered during checkout, which would appear as a high reading on the meter, reroute the IC's input wires away from the other leads and components in the circuit.

**Checkout and Use.** As potentiometer *R3* is adjusted through its range with *S2* in the RELATIVE position, a balance point will be found. The voltage appearing across *TDR1* during this test should fall between 3.0 and 4.7 volts.

Due to the tolerance of the thermistor used in the thermometer, the actual scale reading for blood temperature must be obtained by experiment. The absolute value of the temperature is not particularly important. What is of importance is to learn by trial and error the maximum temperature that you can normally achieve.

To use the skin temperature thermometer, the thermistor should be lightly taped to a finger. Then sit in a relaxed, comfortable position. The more relaxed you become, the better results you will achieve. Any tension will completely override attempts to increase the flow of blood in the hands.

Stravinsky made us do it.



Stravinsky . . . and every composer who has ever written music with the range, power and majesty of "Rites of Spring" . . . music that demands far more than any stereo can deliver without adequate amplifier power.

The Phase Linear 700B Power Amplifier faithfully reproduces the most difficult passages of the most demanding recorded music. It lets *all* of the music through at realistic volume levels. You never have to reach for your volume or tone controls to prevent clipping.

The 700B has the highest power, widest frequency response and lowest distortion of any stereo amplifier in the world. Take Stravinsky to your dealer and listen to what we mean.



Phase Linear 700-B

THE POWERFUL DIFFERENCE

PHASE LINEAR CORPORATION, P. O. BOX 1335, LYNNWOOD, WASHINGTON 98036

CIRCLE NO. 42 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD



### CIE's Warranty says a lot to you!

#### A lot about CIE's FCC License training programs...and a lot more about our school.

Our FCC License Warranty means just what it says. If you enroll in any CIE career course that includes FCC License preparation and successfully complete your training...you'll pass the Government FCC exam. We warrant that you'll succeed.

CIE can make this no-nonsense warranty because we're confident of our in-depth career training programs. You see, we have *specialized exclusively* in Electronics education-by-mail for more than 40 years. Just Electronics. And, the courses we offer today are the result of these years of teaching experience and proven methods of training.

Our courses of study are written in easy-to-understand language, so you can progress at your own learning pace, at home, in your spare time. And, there are never any classrooms to attend.

CIE courses challenge your thinking . . . help you develop your understanding of important electronics theories and applications . . . enable you to learn new skills and knowledge. Our courses are thorough. They have to be.

You see, we're training you for a career in Electronics. And, if an FCC "ticket" is part of your goal, you'll have to pass a tough licensing exam administered by the Federal Communications Commission (an agency of the U.S. Government). And you'll be prepared.

CIE is willing to warrant that you will pass! The reason is . . . we have every reason to expect that you will do exactly that. Based on a series of continuing surveys, close to 9 out of 10 CIE grads pass their FCC exams!

#### What's a license worth?

An FCC License can be worth a lot if you're interested in any area of Electronics involving communications. In some fields, federal law requires that you must have one. And, even in careers where a license is not required, it is

FCC LICENSE
WARRANTY OF SUCCESS

CIE warrants that when you enroll in any CIE course which includes FCC License preparation, you will, upon successful completion of the course and the FCC License material, pass the Government FCC Examination for the License for which your course prepared you. If you do not pass the appropriate FCC Examination, you will be entitled to a full refund of an amount equal to the cash price for CIE's "First Class FCC License Course," No. 3. This warranty will remain in effect from the date of your enrollment to 90 days after the expiration of the completion time allowed for your course.

Government certification of certain electronics knowledge and skills.

#### What about other CIE courses?

In every CIE career course, you'll find the same timetested instructional techniques that have made CIE's FCC License preparation programs so successful.

Each CIE career course is built on the principle that the best way for you to learn and retain what you've learned is to explain; then to check your understanding; then to reinforce your comprehension with practical applications. In some courses, you will perform experiments and tests with your CIE Experimental Electronics Laboratory using authentic electronic components and gear. And, if you select a course that includes Color TV technology, you will not only build and keep a 25" diagonal Color TV which features digital circuitry . . . you'll also learn how to troubleshoot your TV.

The CIE course you select (beginner, intermediate, or advanced college-level), will be a complete educational program, designed by *experts* to give you the best in Electronics home-study education.

#### Send for FREE school catalog

Discover more about the career opportunities open to people with electronics training. Learn how CIE career courses can help you build new skills and knowledge and prepare you for a meaningful, rewarding career. Whether you are just starting out in Electronics or are a college-trained engineer in need of updating, (or anywhere in between), CIE has a course designed for you. And, more than half of CIE's career courses include FCC License preparation.

Send today for our FREE school catalog and booklet on FCC License information. For your convenience, we will try to have a representative call to assist in course selection. Mail reply card or coupon to CIE... or write: Cleveland Institute of Electronics, Inc., 1776 East 17th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 44114. Do it TODAY.

#### G.I. Bill benefits

All CIE career courses are approved for educational benefits under the G.I. Bill. If you are a Veteran or in service now, check box for G.I. Bill information.

		Institute of Electro 17th Street, Cleveland, C		
		ited Member National Home Study Co		
Yes, I want		ol catalog and career inf	ormation	
	ally interested in	n:	PE-86	
☐ Electronics Technology ☐ Industrial Electronics				
☐ FCC License Preparation ☐ Electronics Engineering				
☐ Color TV Maintenance ☐ Other				
		U Other		
	mmunications			
☐ Mobile Co			ıt.	
☐ Mobile Co  Print Name  Address		Ap	ıt.	
☐ Mobile Co			t.	
☐ Mobile Co Print Name Address			ot.	



#### **ABOUT THIS MONTH'S HI-FI REPORTS**

On testing Pickering's new "second geration" CD-4 cartridge, we found it to be one of the finest stereo cartridges on the market — not to mention its ability as a superb transducer for playing CD-4 quadraphonic discs. Thus, it overcomes the "stereo-playing" shortcomings exhibited by many earlier CD-4 cartridges made in the U.S., which did not equal the tracking ability and general performance of the same manufacturer's top stereo models.

The second hi-fi product examined this month is Crown's new electronic crossover system. There has long been a school of thought that passive crossover networks were a significant weakness in conventional speaker systems. A biamplifier or triamplifier system, with electronic crossover networks preceding separate amplifiers for the different frequency ranges, is an ideal solution to this "problem." One of the most versatile accessories we have seen in some time is Crown's VFX2 electronic crossover. Its independently adjustable low-pass and high-pass filters can be set to cross over at any frequency between 20 and 20,000 Hz. They can also be connected to form a three-way crossover or a band-pass filter. The VFX2 should be an invaluable aid to anyone brewing his own speaker system, as well as to those wishing to experiment with loudspeaker crossovers.

—Julian D. Hirsch

#### PICKERING MODEL XUV/4500Q CD-4 PHON ) CARTRIDGE

Plays CD-4 and matrix 4-channel records, as well as being a superb stereo transducer.





In the company's own words, the Pickering Model XUV/4500Q is a "second-genera-

tion" discrete phono cartridge that is designed to play all types of mono, stereo, matrixed, and CD-4 records at a very low 1-gram tracking force. In short, this is a universal-program cartridge. The "first generation" of CD-4 cartridges required at least 1.5 or 2 grams of tracking force for proper op-

eration, although their specially shaped styli actually caused less record wear at these forces than do ordinary ellliptical styli operating at 1 gram.

Pickering's "Quadrahedral" stylus assembly has a built-in hinged brush that removes dust from the surface of the record. This brush exerts a 1-gram upward vertical force that must be cancelled out. To do this, you just set the downward vertical force to 2 grams to yield a 1-gram net tracking force on the record's grooves. Other stylus assemblies for playing mono LP's and 78-rpm discs are available from Pickering, and they can be interchanged with the Quadrahedral.

As is the case with most CD-4 cartridges, the output of the XUV/4500Q must be operated into a low-capacitance load (100 pF or less in parallel with 100,000 ohms) to obtain the full 50,000-Hz response of the cartridge. For 2-channel stereo opera-

tion, the load requirement is less stringent, with typical values being 275 pF in parallel with 47,000 ohms.

Although most CD-4 cartridges have the wide frequency response required for playing CD-4 discs, very few of them can play the highest recorded levels on stereo discs without distortion. Pickering has taken pains to eliminate this shortcoming in the new cartridge to allow it to perform at its best with all types of discs.

The Pickering Model XUV/4500Q phono cartridge retails for \$139.95.

Laboratory Measurements. We tested the cartridge in the tonearm of a Garrard Zero 100 record player, using the recommended 100-pF in parallel with a 100,000-ohm load. The 30-cm/s, 1000-Hz tones of the Fairchild 101 test record were played with negligible distortion at an extremely low 0.5-gram tracking force, but we had to go to 1 gram to track the high-level 32-Hz portion of the Cook Series 60 test record. For all subsequent tests, we used the 1-gram tracking force.

At 1 gram, the cartridge was able to track the 80- $\mu$ m (micrometer), 300-Hz tones of the German Hi-Fi Institute test record. This is a very severe test of a cartridge's midrange tracking ability. No other CD-4 cartridge has passed this test, and only a couple of the very finest stereo cartridges have squeaked by. Even more impressive was the fact that the Pickering cartridge played the highest level on this record (100  $\mu$ m) at its maximum rated tracking force of 1.5 grams.

The output voltage from the cartridge measured 3.95 mV at a 3.54-cm/s velocity, which is a relatively high level for a CD-4 cartridge. That this output performance was identical for both channels is a very unusual occurrence in our experience. The 1000-Hz square-wave response of the CBS STR-111 test record revealed a single cycle of ringing at about 10,000 Hz. The output distortion was checked with the aid of two Shure test records. The TTR-102 is a conventional IM (intermodulation) distortion record, containing 400- and 4000-Hz test tones recorded at velocities up to 27.1 cm/s. The IM measured 1.5% at all levels except the highest where it reached 2.5%. This is not only exceptionally low distortion, but it also indicates a very good contact between the stylus and the record groove walls at levels that cause most pickups to lose contact on modulation peaks.

68

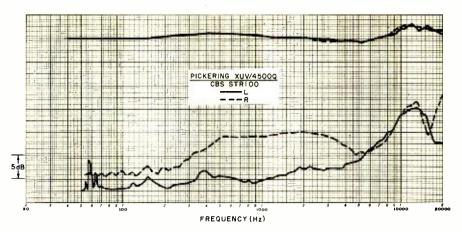


1000-Hz square wave.

The TTR-103 test record has specially shaped 10,800-Hz tone bursts at a 270-Hz repetition rate, with velocities from 15 to 30 cm/s. The 270-Hz content of the cartridge's output is an indication of the high-frequency nonlinearity of its tracking performance. In this test, the cartridge was comparable to the best stereo cartridges on the market and distinctly superior to the average for CD-4 cartridges.

Next, we measured the frequency response of the cartridge from 1000 to 50,000 Hz with a JVC TRS-1005 test record. The response was exceptionally uniform, varying by only  $\pm 3$  dB in one channel and  $\pm 1.5$  dB in the other channel over the full range. The channel separation reached a minimum of 15 to 20 dB in the vicinity of 10,000 to 12,000 Hz. It was typically 25 to 30 dB at the lower and higher frequencies.

When the audio frequency response of the cartridge was checked with the CBS STR-100 record, the output was flat to within  $\pm 2$  dB from 40 to 20,000 Hz. In this range, the frequency response was not changed measurably when we changed the cartridge load to the typical stereo load of 335 pF in



parallel with 47,000 ohms. The low-frequency tonearm/phono cartridge resonance had a "double-humped" shape with the maxima at 5 and 6.5 Hz and an amplitude of only 4 dB or less. These figures, of course, might be different with other tonearms, but they are essentially what we would expect from a high-compliance cartridge.

**User Comment.** Our 4-channel listening tests were conducted with a Panasonic Model SE-405H CD-4 demodulator. In general, we feel that the Pickering cartridge delivered quadraphonic reproduction that was at least as good as, and usually better than, we have heard from our CD-4 records with any other cartridge.

With stereo records, the cartridge was easily the peer of today's finest and most advanced stereo cartridges. The most heavily modulated recordings played without strain at only 1 gram of tracking force, and the slightly elevated signal output from the cartridge in the 10,000-to-12,000-Hz

range provided an ideal complement to the falling response of most speaker systems in this range. At all times, the sound was smooth.

This is one of the most expensive phono cartridges on the market and, as such, is obviously intended for a select listening audience. Offsetting the high price is the fact that this cartridge is one of the very few that can deliver flawless CD-4 performance at the maximum inherent fidelity in the program at a 1-gram tracking force. Add to this the cartridge's ability to track the highest levels on stereo discs without significant distortion and the bonus of extremely low record wear.

We were impressed with the close matching of such important operating characteristics as output level, frequency response, crosstalk, and distortion between the two channels. All things considered, we must agree with Pickering's claim that the XUV/4500Q represents a genuine advance in cartridge performance.

CIRCLE NO. 65 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### CROWN MODEL VFX2 ELECTRONIC CROSSOVER STEREO SYSTEM

Features active IC filters and continuously variable crossover from 20 to 20,000 Hz.





Some years ago, before the advent of stereophonic sound and solid-state

electronics, there was considerable interest in electronic crossover systems among audiophiles who built their own speaker systems. The crossover systems were designed to be installed between the preamplifier and the power amplifiers that drove the appropriate portions of the speaker system. This permitted the listener to vary crossover frequencies over a wide range (not practical with fixed networks) and eliminated subtle distortions thought to have been created by crossover network components in the speaker system.

As stereo sound came into being,

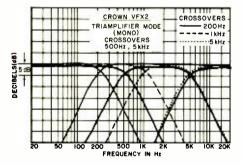
69

the development of small and relatively inexpensive high-quality speaker systems eliminated most of the incentive to home-brew speaker systems. Most modern speaker systems do not provide electrical access to their individual drivers. Fortunately, there are a few systems that do provide such access, and when they are used with one of the new electronic crossover systems now being marketed, they make excellent choices for bi- and triamplification systems. One of the new electronic crossover systems available is the Model VFX2 from Crown International.

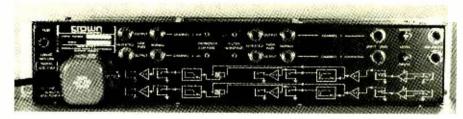
The Model VFX2 contains two independent but identical signal channels, each of which employs active operational-amplifier IC filters in lowand high-pass configurations. The cutoff slopes of the filters are fixed at 18 dB/octave. Each filter, of which there are two per channel, has a step switch, supplemented by a continuously variable control, to permit adjusting its 3-dB down frequency over a full 20-to-20,000-Hz range (as well as providing a flat frequency response).

The crossover system is physically compact. It is designed for standard rack mouting and measures 19"W  $\times$  5 $^3$ 4"D  $\times$  3 $^1$ 2"H (48  $\times$  15  $\times$  9 cm) and weighs 6 pounds (2.7 kg). Retail price is \$249.

**General Information.** The front panel control complement consists of a switch and control for the high- and low-pass filters in each of two channels. The only other control on the panel is the POWER switch.



On the rear apron are 12 phone jacks that give complete access to all parts of the crossover system's circuitry. A functional block diagram is silk-screened onto the panel to clearly illustrate how the signal is modified by plugging it into any of the jacks. Each channel has separate unity-gain and balanced (transformerless) inputs. Screwdriver controls can be adjusted to increase the gain of the balanced



Back panel of network.

inputs by about 15 dB. Each low- and high-pass filter section has two outputs, one that is in-phase with the input and the other that is 180° out-of-phase with the input. Slide switches for each channel can be used to connect the two filter sections for parallel input, the normal method for electronic crossover applications, or in tandem for use as an adjustable bandpass filter.

By patching the signal between channels, the system can be used as a three-way crossover system for triamplification. In this mode, two crossover systems are needed for stereo operation. Another function, suggested for Crown amplifiers but also suitable for many other amplifiers, makes use of the normal and inverting outputs to drive the amplifier inputs and create a mono signal at a much higher power level across the two "hot" output terminals of a stereo power amplifier.

The comprehensive instruction manual that comes with the crossover system includes curves that illustrate the typical phase and frequency charactistics of the filters, as well as complete specifications and technical data. The maximum unclipped output is rated at 10 volts into a high-impedance load, and the low output impedance makes it possible to develop 6.4 volts rms across 600 ohms.

The rated output of the system, with typical Crown conservatism, is 2.5 volts, with hum and noise stated to be 100 dB below 2.5 volts. The IM distortion is rated at less than 0.01% at 2.5 volts output. The unity-gain inputs have 1-megohm impedances, and the balanced inputs are rated at 20,000 ohms (10,000 ohms from either side to ground) impedance.

**Laboratory Measurements.** The filters have ideal shapes, with identical gains above and below the crossover frequency, no passband ripple, an intersection within 0.5 dB of the ideal -3-dB response point, and a crossover frequency generally within 10% of the value indicated by the control

knobs. The steep slopes also make the crossover filter highly suitable for conventional audio filtering applications, and the continuously variable cutoff frequencies can easily be adjusted to suit the program.

For distortion and output level tests, we set up the crossover system as a 20-to-20,000-Hz bandpass filter, using the unity-gain inputs. The output clipped at 9.7 volts into a highimpedance load and exactly at the rated 6.4 volts into 600 ohms. The gain was unity (1), except through the balanced inputs, where it could be increased by as much as 16.5 dB. Somewhat unconventionally, the screwdriver adjustment controls on the rear apron, labelled LEVEL, increase the gain as they are turned counter-clockwise. The output noise level was well below the  $100-\mu V$ minimum indication point of our meter, which corresponds to 88 dB below 2.5 volts.

The distortion of the system can be measured, even approximately, with only the most advanced test equipment. With the Crown IMA intermodulation analyzer, the IM readings were the residual of the instrument at 0.001% up to 1 volt output. It increased to 0.003% at the rated 2.5 volts and to 0.07% at 8.5 volts output, which is just below the clipping level. The 1000-Hz THD was less than the noise level up to 0.5 volt, measuring between 0.004% and 0.008% from 1 to 9 volts output.

User Comment. It is hardly necessary to comment on the electrical performance of the electronic crossover system, which could hardly be more ideal with respect to frequency response, distortion, and noise characteristics. To determine how well the system performed its intended functions, we connected it between a preamplifier and two power amplifiers in a biamplifier setup. Lacking any speaker systems designed for biamplification, we combined two full-range systems, using one as the "tweeter" and the other as the "woofer."

Simply varying the crossover frequency made dramatic differences in the overall sound quality. Needless to say, the optimum frequencies will depend on the specific drivers used. One thing that was immediately obvious was the need for gain controls on the power amplifiers, not all of which have them. The reason for this is that the crossover system supplies the same

signal level at both outputs and one cannot reasonably expect the woofer and tweeter to have the same efficiency.

Setting up the system in a bandpass configuration, its performance in this filter mode was excellent in every respect. Of course, this would be an expensive way of using the system.

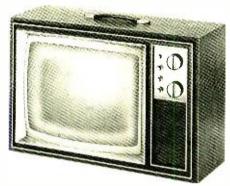
Whether or not you can benefit from

a multiamplifier system is difficult to say with certainty, since there are differing points of view on the subject. But one thing is certain: if you decide to go the biamplifier route, the Crown Model VFX2 electronic crossover system will give you the utmost in operating versatility and superb electrical performance.

CIRCLE NO. 66 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### **HEATHKIT MODEL GR-400 DIGITAL COLOR TV RECEIVER KIT**

Ultra-rectangular 17-inch CRT provides bright, clear picture.



THE Model GR-400 is the mid-size version of three new small-screen color TV receivers being marketed by Heath. This 17" (43.2-cm) diagonal measurement, "ultra-rectangular" receiver employs virtually every state-of-the-art feature currently available in small-screen models, plus a few that are exclusive to Heathkit receivers.

One of the new "digital" receivers on the market, the Model GR-400 features on-screen channel numbers. An optional digital clock accessory (pioneered with the company's topof-the-line Model GR-2000 color receiver) also places digitally generated numerals on-screen.

The receiver comes as an all-inclusive kit at a retail price of \$489.95. This includes walnut-grained cabinet, adjustable telescoping vhf antenna, and ring-type uhf antenna. Optional items available are the \$29.95 Model GRA-2000-1 clock kit, \$24.95 Model GRA-500-3 pedestal stand, and \$21.95 Model GRA-403-18 roll-around cart.

**General Information.** Among the latest features employed in the receiver are all-solid-state modular assembly, extensive use of IC's, and the latest in picture tubes. The solid-state design keeps energy requirements down, while the modular assembly simplifies kit construction and service.

Ten IC's are used in the receiver.

One is in the power supply, where it regulates the 24-volt line. Two more are in the on-screen readout assembly for gating and character generation. (If the optional clock is used, the digital system uses a total of three IC's.) In the i-f section are two IC's, one for wider than usual bandwidth i-f amplification and the other for video detection. A fixed LC filter in the i-f section virtually eliminates the need for future realignment.

The aft and agc/sync sections each have an IC to eliminate almost all other active devices. Sound i-f amplification and detection are accomplished by another IC. Finally, there are two IC's on the color demodulator board. One is for chroma demodulation; the other performs all remaining chroma functions.

By far the most important feature of this receiver is its picture tube. It replaces the familiar dot triad format with three in-line electron guns, a slotted mask, and color stripes. The stripes are surrounded by a negative-guard-band black matrix. Furthermore, the tube itself is designed to be operated at higher anode voltage (from a voltage tripler in this receiver). The result is brighter pictures with increased contrast and excellent color fidelity.

The precision static toroid yoke assembly comes permanently bonded to the neck of the picture tube. It is factory adjusted and sealed, which reduces the number of convergence and purity adjustments during setup to zero. The new tube design has even done away with another potential source of trouble: pins. Metal contacts on the base of the tube pressure-mate with contacts on the tube socket for positive electrical contact.

The vhf tuner used in this receiver borrows heavily from the top-of-the-line Model GR-2000 color TV receiver,

including a four-circuit design for improved selectivity. The dual-gate MOSFET r-f amplifier is designed for low-noise performance, high gain, and low cross modulation. A dual-gate MOSFET is also used in the mixer circuit.

Both the vhf and uhf tuners are detented for all channels in their respective ranges. Extensions on the rears of the control shafts of both tuners accommodate code wheels. The plastic wheels work with three printed circuit board assemblies (two on vhf, one on uhf) to electro-mechanically decode the channel numbers. Coded voltages are then fed to the character generator board for incorporation into the video signal.

On the character generator board are three controls and three wire jumpers. Two of the controls permit the display to be positioned anywhere on the CRT screen, while the third control can be adjusted for the desired display time. One jumper lets you display the numbers on-screen either continuously or for a predetermined period of time before they blank out. (The display automatically activates whenever the receiver is turned on or a channel change is made.) A second jumper allows you to select between four- and six-digit time display format. The final jumper lets you select between channel-only or channel-and-time display format. The brightness level of the display can be adjusted as desired. When the display comes on and blanks out, it is simultaneous channel and time (if you are using the clock accessory and the jumpers are set for this format). With the receiver in the instant-on mode, the clock is always keeping time, even though there is no raster.

A welcome convenience feature for families that have children who like to play with front-panel knobs is the one-button preset picture control (PPC) system. Duplicated on a small panel buried inside the receiver are the front-panel brightness, contrast,

color, and tint controls. You preset these controls according to your own tastes. Then, whenever you push in the PPC button on the front panel, it disables the primary controls and switches their functions to the preset controls.

The receiver has built-in service features, backed up by Heath's exclusive troubleshooter instrument that accompanies the GR-400 as a kit. There is a sound-output jack for operating the receiver through a hi-fi system. (A switch on the tuner bracket lets you defeat the speaker when the hi-fi hookup is made.)

Both 75- and 300-ohm vhf antenna inputs are provided. The 75-ohm input is for direct feed with low-loss coaxial cable, such as from a CATV or an MATV system. The 300-ohm input has built in Balun coils for proper impedance match between receiver and twin-lead transmission line.

About the Kit. This was a very simple kit to assemble. We see no reason why a rank amateur to electronic kit building could not assemble it, assuming that he follows the soldering and assembly instructions carefully. This is due in no small part to the excellently written and profusely illustrated assembly manuals. Some credit must also be given to the modular design and the fact that very few of the components in the receiver mount on the chassis. Also, the high-voltage assembly and both tuners come factory wired and tuned

Assembly starts off with Book 1, which covers the details for wiring the 11 plug-in printed circuit board sub-assemblies and the aft board. Each board and its components are packed separately to avoid confusion. Note-worthy is the fact that all IC's and on-board transistors plug into sockets, rather than having their pins and leads solder directly to the pads on the pc boards. The board-wiring portion of the assembly procedure took us some 10 hours to complete.

Next came chassis and front panel assembly, covered in detail in Book 2. This consisted mostly of putting together the metal chassis, mounting the circuit board connectors and the few chassis-mounted components, and interconnecting the factoryprepared wiring harnesses in the main chassis. It also included the putting together and wiring of the tuner bracket subassembly and the wiring of the three identical pc boards that make up the decoder for the character generation system. The metal parts that make up the chassis went together without our having to force screw holes and panels to line up. By the time we finished this portion of the assembly, another 18 hours had passed.

Another five hours were spent on picture tube mounting and final assembly. A separate assembly manual details this portion of the assembly procedure.

We spent another hour assembling the troubleshooter instrument kit. All

told, we put in about 35 hours of assembly time over a period of about two weekends and five week nights. Add another two hours for doublechecking all wiring and soldering.

Finally, working from Book 3, we performed the initial tests to assure that everything was okay, after which we plugged in the circuit board assemblies and made the circuit adjustments according to instructions. When we were finished, we had a picture that was truly superb.

**User Comment.** Although this is a very easy kit to assemble, if you take it in bite-size pieces, it does require considerable time to complete. But when you are finished with assembly and tuning, you are rewarded with a picture quality that is second to none.

The pictures provided by this receiver are indeed brighter and sharper than was possible with old receiver technology. In fact, the brighter, sharper picture and ultra-rectangular screen design make this receiver appear larger than it really is. We proved this in a side-by-side comparison with a large-screen console.

We particularly like the PPC system. From a service point of view, the modular assembly and slide-out chassis permit easy access to every point in the receiver's circuitry.

In summation, this is a first-class color TV receiver, well worth the effort of assembling it from a kit.

CIRCLE NO. 5 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### REALISTIC MODEL PRO-6 PORTABLE SCANNING RECEIVER

Scans four crystal-controlled frequencies in low or high bands.



N RESPONSE to the growing popularity of vhf narrow-band FM monitoring, Radio Shack is marketing

the very compact portable Realistic Model PRO-6 scanning receiver. It is designed to receive up to four crystal-controlled, fixed-frequency channels. The channels can be divided between the 30-to-50-MHz low and 148-to-174-MHz high bands. Any single channel can be continuously monitored, or the receiver can be set to scan any or all of the four channels, at a rate of six channels per second.

The receiver is powered by four penlight cells. It also has a jack for connecting any suitable external 6-volt dc power source. A second jack, located next to the first on the side of the receiver, is provided for connecting a charger when nickel-cadmium batteries are installed. An attached clip is

provided for hanging the receiver on a belt. Crystals and batteries can be installed through separate covered compartments. A 2" (5.1-cm) loud-speaker is built in for completely self-contained operation.

Resembling a CB walkie-talkie, the receiver measures a compact 61/2"L  $\times$  23/4"W  $\times$  11/2"D ( $16.5 \times 7 \times 3.8$  cm) and weighs only about 12 ounces (0.37 kg). It retails for \$119.95, which includes earphone, antenna, and batteries. Crystals do not come with the receiver and are not included in the retail price. This is because crystals must be selected according to the specific frequency allocations in the listener's area.

**General Description.** All operating controls are located on the top panel of the receiver's case. The VOLUME-control/power-switch and the

POPULAR ELECTRONICS

squelch control are thumbwheel operated. Four light-emitting diodes (LED's) are provided, one assigned to each of the four channels. They come on sequentially as the scanner stops at each channel. Four slide switches are used to lock out any unwanted channel or channels from the scanning sequence as desired. A separate toggle switch has positions to put the receiver into the scanning mode or to manually advance one channel at a time (in the same sequence as on scan).

As with other scanning receivers, this monitor begins to scan when the SQUELCH control is advanced to the point where interstation hiss drops out. It stops scanning when a signal is detected on any of the channels. When the transmission ends, scanning resumes after about a one-second delay.

Two miniature phone jacks are provided for the antenna and private-listening earphone. Built into the receiver is a loop antenna that is suitable for reception where transmitted signals are strong. Better reception can be obtained in areas where the signals are not so strong by use of the external 20" (50-cm) wire antenna. For best results, a mobile whip or a fixed-station antenna is advisable. (An antenna of about 36", or roughly 1 meter, in length is preferable for low-band reception.)

The receiver features a double-conversion superheterodyne design. The first conversion is to a 10.7-MHz i-f, while the second is to a 455-kHz i-f. Separate front ends are employed for the low and the high bands. Each front end has its own r-f amplifier, mixer, and oscillator. Except for the input and output transformers and the 10.7-MHz ceramic filter in the i-f strip, all of the i-f stages are RC coupled. Two integrated circuits are employed in the scanning section.

**Laboratory Measurements.** Only limited laboratory measurements were possible on the receiver. The input impedance is not stated in the manual, but with a 50-ohm resistor connected across the antenna jack, 20 dB of quieting required an input signal level of 2.5 to  $3~\mu V$  on both the low and the high bands.

Signal deviations of at least 11,000 Hz could be accommodated without serious distortion. (The rated deviation is  $\pm 7000$  Hz maximum.) The squelch threshold could be adjusted from less than 3 to greater than 20  $\mu$ V.

# Our new cartridges will turn your good record player into a great record player.

Perhaps you've tried to track your records at the lowest advertised setting for your elliptical stylus. In the hopes of optimizing performance and reducing record wear. But every footstep threatens to bounce the stylus out of the groove. And big crescendos are simply fuzzy. Should you get a better player? No. Get a better stylus.

We have a sensible new approach. A stylus shape that contacts more of the groove wall, to spread tracking force over a greater vertical area. The Shibata

stylus. It safely tracks your records at up to 2 grams while maintaining response to 45,000 Hz, offering great stereo separation, and reducing record wear...even compared with an elliptical stylus at less than a gram.

Put an Audio-Technica Dual Magnet\* UNIVERSAL cartridge with genuine Shibata stylus in your good old record player today. It's a great combination for better sound today and tomorrow, and tomorrow.







#### UNIVERSAL

T.M. Audio-Technica. Dual Magnet cartridges are protected by U.S. Patent Nos. 3,720,796 & 3,761,647.



audio-technica.

AUDIO-TECHNICA U.S., INC., Dept. 95P, 33 Shiawassee Ave., Fairlawn, Ohio 44313
Available in Canada from Superior Electronics, Inc.
CIRCLE NO. 9 DN FREE INFORMATION CARD

# Mt Intosh CATALOG

Get all the newest and latest information on the new McIntosh Solid State equipment in the McIntosh catalog. In addition you will receive an FM station directory that covers all of North America.



#### **MX** 113

FM/FM STEREO - AM TUNER AND PREAMPLIFIER



ZIP

If you are in a hurry for your catalog please send the coupon to McIntosh.

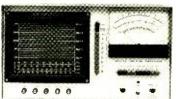
For non rush service send the Reader Service Card to the magazine.

CIRCLE NO. 30 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

# Your NEW Heathkit



Now over 400 do-it-yourself electronic kits for home, hobby, and industry. All designed to give you more for your money...more value, more performance, more satisfaction. All designed so even beginners can build them. Send for your free catalog today.



#### New Professional 12" Ignition Scope — Kit or Wired

Does more than others for \$1000 less. Spots tough ignition problems on all types of systems in 3, 4, 6, 8 cyl. or 2-rotor Wankel engines; sets itself automatically for no. of cylinders. Big 12" screen has 2 cali-brated primary and secondary voltage grids plus dwell angle indications. Special circuit maintains trace length regardless of RPM. Displays "superimposed" patterns, of RPM. Displays Superimposed patterns, single cyl. pattern, primary or secondary "parade" patterns. "Power balance" feature even helps spot bad valves or right." 8" meter with tach & DCV ranges. Optional low cost timing light, alternator adaptor & cart. Kit CO-2500 \$379.95; Assembled WO-2500 \$695.



#### **Vew** Automobile **Intrusion Alarm Kit**

Total Protection. Alarm mounts anywhere; connects to switches on doors, hood, & trunk. Underdash switch arms or disables unit. Adjustable delay time allows you to quickly enter or leave car without triggering alarm, but opening trunk or hood trig-gers alarm instantly. Alarm sounds car horn in repeated 2-minute cycles. Kit GD-1157 Alarm \$24.95; Kit GDA-1157-1 Siren (gives yelping sound louder than car horn) \$19.95

waiting to serve you with more values, more new kits, than ever before



### New Programmable Digital Stop Watch Kit

Another "first" from Heath. 2 IC counters, 8 digits & 7 functions with typical accuracy to  $\pm 0.003\%$  and resolution to 1/100th of a second. Function 1 (Start/Stop Elapsed) times individual events while also counting total. Function 2 (Sequential) times each part of event & displays each separately while timing overall event. Function 3 (Total Activity) accumulates total elapsed time of a series, excluding time between events. Function 4 (Split) displays cumulative time to each "split" point while continuing overall event time. Function 5 (Start/Stop Activity) shows separate time for each event & totals all individual times. Function 6 (Programmed Upcount) counts up to "learned" time. Function 7 (Programmed) Downcount) counts down from "learned" time. Stop watch can "learn" time from other functions or be programmed up to 9 hours, 59 minutes, 59 seconds. Has jacks for external triggering devices and alarms. Includes nickel-cadmium batteries & charger. Kit GB-1201, \$99.95.



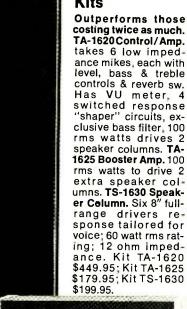
#### **VEW** Digital Wind Speed & Direction Indicator Kit

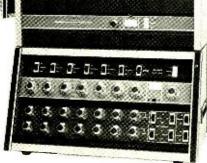
Unique. Two big, bright digits show wind speed to 99 mph. As you build, choose 2 readout modes: miles, knots, or kilometers per hour; front panel light shows mode in use. 8 incandescent lights show wind direction at principal compass points; adjacent lighted bulbs give 16 point resolution. Remote transmitter boom clamps to TV mast. Styled in black plastic to match Heathkit GC-1005 Digital Clock and ID-1390A Digital Thermometer. Kit ID-1590, \$69.95 Iess cable.

#### New \_ Two-Way Telephone Amplifier Kits

Now, hands-free telephone use with amplified "talk" and amplified "listen" - with or without dialer. Talk & listen from 10' away. Voice-actuated circuitry switches from talk to listen without feedback or clipped words. Listen button lets you monitor line without built-in microphone activated. Dialer model may be used with or without regular telephone. Includes 4-prong jack & phone coupler connector. Battery powered. Kit GD-1112 (no dial) \$49.95; Kit GD-1162 (w. dial) \$69.95.

> **New** Public Address Sound System Kits

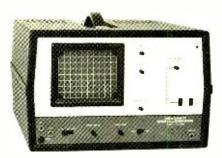






#### New DC-5 MHz Triggered Scope — Kit or Wired

Best scope value today. Wide bandwidth, 20 mV sensitivity, & stable triggering — ideal for TV, audio and RF servicing. Easyto-use controls. Trigger circuit (not recurrent type) has normal & automatic modes, switched AC & DC coupling, & front panel external inputs (special TV position allows low freqs. to pass while rejecting high freqs. for easy triggering on complex TV signal. 7 calibrated time bases from 200 ms to 0.2 µs/cm. 20 mV/cm vertical sensitivity with 9 calibrated attenuator positions up to 10 v/cm, plus variable control. 5' round flat-face CRT (8 x 10 cm graticle). Lightweight, durable blue plastic cabinet with white panel. Kit IO-4540 \$179.95; Assembled SO-4540 \$275.



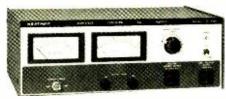
### New -Lowest cost Triggered 5 MHz Scope Kit

The scope everyone can afford, and it has the performance you need. DC-5 MHz band width, 100 mV vertical sensitivity with X1, X10 & X100 attenuation, AC or DC. Automatic, positive locking horizontal sweep continuously adjustable from 20 ms to 200 ns/cm. Stable displays due to zener regulated amplifiers and sweep. 5" round flatface CRT with 8 x 10 cm graticle. Simplified controls and switches make it easy to use. Lightweight, durable blue plastic cabinet; white panel. It's the best instrument buy in years. Kit IO-4560 \$119.95

#### **New catalogs** and kits also available at

**HEATHKIT ELECTRONIC CENTERS --**Units of Schlumberger Products Corporation Retail prices slightly higher.

ARIZ.: Phoenix; CALIF., Anaheim, El Cerrito, Los Angeles, Pomona, Redwood City, San Diego (La Mesa), Woodland Hills; COLO.: Denver; CONN.: Hartford (Avon); FLA.: Miami (Hialeah), Tampa; GA.: Atlanta; ILL.: Chicago, Downers Grove; IND.: Indianapolis; KANSAS: Kansas City (Mission); KY.: Louisville; LA.: New Orleans (Kenner); MD.: Baltimore, Rockville; MASS.: Boston (Wellesley); MICH: Detroit; MINN.: Minneapolis (Hopkins); MO.: St. Louis (Bridgeton); NEB.: Omaha; N.J.: Fair Lawn; N.Y.: Buffalo (Amherst), New York City, Jericho (L.I.), Rochester, White Plains; OHIO: Cincinnati (Woodlawn), Cleveland, Columbus, Toledo; PA.: Philadelphia, Pittsburgh; R.I.: Providence (Warwick); TEXAS: Dallas, Houston; VA.: Norfolk (Va. Beach); WASH.: Seattle; WIS.: Milwaukee.



# New Variable Isolated AC Supply

What every tech & hobbyist needs. The IP-5220 isolates equipment under test from the AC power line and provides an AC output which is variable from zero to 140 volts. Great for locating circuit faults caused by high or low voltage or testing equipment with unknown power requirements. Power rating is 360 volt-amperes, continuous. Variable output current rating: 3A. max. Direct output curent rating: 10A. Two meters: voltmeter 0-150 VAC; ammeter: 0-1 & 0-3A. Ammeter and variable output socket are fused. Kit IP-5220, \$109.95



### **lew** Oscilloscope Calibrator Kit

For time calibration, it generates a 0.5 second to 1 µsec square wave in 1-2-5 sequence accurate to 0.01% with 200 mV peak (≤3% overshoot) and ≤4 ns rise time. Voltage calibration ranges are 1 mV to 100 v. in decade sequence, accuracy within 2%, DC plus variable 2 Hz to 10 kHz in 1-2-5 sequence (internal stnd. accuracy within 1%). Use it to calibrate scopes up to 35 MHz and voltmeters; it's also a fast rise time squarewave generator and good bench freq. standard. Kit IG-4505 \$44.95

#### New 21" (dlag.) Digital Design Color TV Kit

All the advanced technology of digital circuitry in a small-er screen size. **Electronic** touch-to-tune varactor front end (nothing mechanical to wear out) with computer-like programming board for up to 16 channels. On-screen channel numbers, adjustable in brightness, position, and duration. On-screen digital clock; a low-cost option; programmable in 12 or 24 hour format, displays 4 or 6 digits.

Fixed-filter IF, a Heath exclusive that assures better pictures longer, never needs instrument alignment. 100% solid state more ICs than any other - sophisticated circuitry that results in less interference, better color tints, improved sensitivity, greater noise immunity, improved picture definition. Black negative matrix 21V picture tube for brighter, sharper pictures. Total touch-tune remote control-low cost option that operates all functions, including recall of time & channel.



Easier to build & service - thanks to extensive modular design and built-in servicing tools including digital-design dot generator, front access slide-out Service Drawer, new picture centering and pincushioning correction circuits, and Test Meter. Enjoy the best in TV design - now in smaller size at lower cost. Kit GR-2050 \$599.95. Kit GRA-2000-6, remote control, \$89.95. Kit GRA-2000-1, digital clock accessory, \$29.95. Contemporary or Mediterrangan cabinets from \$119.95.

#### Use coupon below to order your favorite new kit or to get your FREE new Heathkit Catalog.

HEATH Schlumberger Please send m	Heath Company Dept. 10-09 Benton Harbor, MI 49022 y free 1975 Heathkit Catalog.	
☐ Enclosed is \$_ Please send m	plus shipping. odel(s)	
ADDRESS		
CITY	STATE	ZIP.
PRICES ARE FACTORY MA	IL ORDER, FOB SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.	CL-57

The audio frequency response, relative to the 400-Hz input, varied by  $\pm 6$  dB between 230 and 4000 Hz. Into a 16-ohm load, such as the accessory earphone, the maximum undistorted output power was 62 mV.

**User Comment.** We fitted our test receiver with crystals for the NOAA

Weather Transmissions on 162.55 MHz and several fire and police channels employed in the metropolitan New York area. No transmitting stations were nearer to our listening location than 10 miles (16 km) and several were at least 20 miles (32 km) away.

We heard strong signals on all channels. The audio volume was

good, and received signals had excellent clarity and intelligibility.

The PRO-6 should prove to be ideal for receiving local Civil Defense units, volunteer fire department calls, etc. For these purposes, its light weight and compactness provide a big advantage.

CIRCLE NO. 68 ON FREE INFORMATION CARO

#### **HICKOCK MODEL 440 TRANSISTOR CURVE TRACER**

Identifies and matches transistors by displaying characteristic curves.



N ORDINARY in/out-of-circuit transistor tester is sufficient if all you want to do is track down a defective transistor. But when you have to identify an unlisted or unmarked transistor by its performance characteristics or to match two devices of the same type, there is no substitute for a transistor curve tracer.

While the simple go/no-go tester is a self-contained instrument, the curve tracer must be used in conjunction with an oscilloscope to display a family of characteristic curves for the semiconductor under test. One such instrument recently put on the market by Hickock Electrical Instrument Company is the Model 440 transistor curve tracer, retailing for \$165.

This instrument performs the usual curve tracing functions for germanium and silicon bipolar signal and power transistors. In addition, it can also test FET's, SCR's, UJT's, and signal, switching, rectifier, and zener diodes.

The 4½-pound (2-kg) transistor curve tracer measures  $8½" W \times 7½" D \times 45½" H (21 \times 19 \times 12 cm)$ .

**General Information.** The curve tracer has a unique feature, which Hickock calls "Insta-Beta," that takes the guesswork out of transistor beta and FET parameter calculations. In

the transistor mode, this function displays a single full-range  $I_{\rm c}/I_{\rm B}$  curve from which ac and dc beta can be instantly determined. This curve also shows beta linearity at a glance. Switching to the FET mode, the Insta-Beta function displays the entire transfer curve, including pinch-off voltage  $(V_{\rm p})$ , full-on current  $(ID_{\rm ss})$ , and the active portion for easy transconductance  $(G_{\rm m})$  calibration.

In conventional semiconductor testing, the tracer features a variable step control that provides up to 10 steps per family. The steps are in base current for bipolar transistors and gate voltage for FET's.

A horizontal volts/division control is provided for changing oscilloscope sensitivity without having to recalibrate the scope. The maximum sensitivity of 1 V/division is especially useful for measurements in the semiconductor threshold or turn-on region.

The collector supply is variable from zero to 100 volts peak via a knob on the curve tracer's control panel.

A pull-out card at the lower edge of the instrument's front panel provides a ready reference for information for calibration, setup, and operation of the curve tracer.

Two transistor sockets on the control panel provide a convenient means for testing and matching devices by the A-B comparison method. The sockets are supplemented by two sets of color-coded banana jacks for incircuit tests and for connecting physically large transistors to the curve tracer for out-of-circuit testing. All operational controls are clearly labelled as to function and setup. Fast setup positions on the legends for each control are marked by small arrowheads when the user does not know the actual starting parameters.

**User Comment.** The first test to which we put the Model 440 curve

tracer was in troubleshooting. We had on our bench an expensive oscilloscope that had resisted all of our efforts to repair. We had not had a curve tracer to help us, although we did know that one transistor of a differential pair was bad. We replaced that transistor, but there was still a problem with stability.

Since we now had on hand a transistor curve tracer, we pulled both the good transistor and the supposedly exact replacement transistor and ran an A-B comparison. Both transistors had the same 2N numbers stamped on them, but when their characteristic curves were displayed, they were worlds apart in performance. We then sorted through a number of transistors until at last we had a matched pair. Upon installing the pair in the scope and performing the recommended tuning, the scope worked perfectly.

Our scope problem is just one type of job the curve tracer can tackle in short order in a service shop. Another job is identifying transistors marked with foreign numbers in imported radios, recorders, etc., according to performance characteristics. The method of identification is to run A-B comparisons with domestic transistors until you find the proper substitute. Of course, a transistor manual helps enormously for this operation by providing families of curves that match those displayed for the unknown transistor.

The curve tracer is an extremely useful tool for sorting through a collection of unmarked or house-marked devices. We quickly sorted through several semiconductor devices we have been collecting. Transistors were graded according to type, beta, etc., and diodes according to type (silicon or germanium and signal or rectifier) and, for zeners, according to voltage. We even found a few expensive FET's in the collection. In this one instance alone, the curve tracer more than paid for itself.

CIRCLE NO. 69 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD



By Leslie Solomon

#### **CHECKING THE SWEEP GENERATOR "BIRDIE"**

HERE are many uses for sweep generators in aligning FM, TV, and other r-f systems. Most of these sweepers include some form of variable-frequency oscillator to produce the "birdie" markers used to identify particular points along the viewed trace.

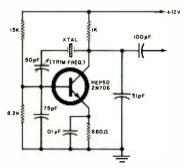
Obviously, the more accurate these marker frequencies are, the more accurate the alignment. So, the question is, just how accurate are your markers? It should be noted that some sweeper manufacturers include crystal-controlled frequencies (4.5, 10.7.TV frequencies, etc.), but here we are discussing those older sweepers that use a vfo and do not have the crystal-controlled provision.

Possibly, you have stored away in a small cardboard box a number of guartz crystals obtained from longforgotten CB rigs, ham gear, or old test equipment. Here is your chance to determine their frequencies and make use of them.

**Determining the Frequency.** First you have to make sure just what the crystals' frequencies are. Despite the markings that may be on them, many crystals have fundamental frequencies far different. The identification process is quite simple. All you need is a conventional r-f signal generator (a sweeper will do if you can tune it manually without sweep), a frequency counter, and a scope.

Connect the signal generator ground to the scope's ground. Then connect the unknown crystal between "hot" leads of the generator and scope. A quartz crystal is a veryhigh-Q device, and when the generator is tuned to the frequency of the crystal, the scope will suddenly display a waveform (should be a sine wave). There will be almost no waveform when the generator is not tuned to the crystal frequency.

Starting at a low frequency, tune the signal generator until you see the display on the scope. This will be (roughly) the fundamental frequency of the crystal (despite what it may say on the box). Now couple the frequency counter to the r-f generator; and, as you carefully tune for maximum waveform display on the scope, note and record the frequency. Use a felttipped marker pen to identify each crystal. As we said, however, this is a rather rough frequency value; so it is necessary to take one more step to refine the value. At least this test has given you a "ballpark" figure



In the Radio Amateurs Handbook. we found a good transistor crystaloscillator circuit. We built the oscillator circuit on a small pc board and "stole" the required power from the solid-state r-f generator we were using.

With the oscillator circuit operating, we plugged the known good crystals in and checked the operation on the scope. Then we used the frequency counter to get the exact frequency. Once we had a decent selection of frequencies, we used a multiple-pole rotary switch for crystal selection and marked the switch with the frequencies. Using the same approach as that of the vfo within the sweeper, we coupled the crystal oscillator to the sweeper mixer.

Tuning the Birdie. If you are lucky, you will have some good frequencies to use. (Of course, you can always buy a low-cost crystal with a useful freguency.) Now, with the sweeper working with a scope and an r-f circuit to be swept, turn on the sweeper's vfo and tune the birdie. Then turn on the crystal oscillator to a frequency that is within the swept range and note its birdie. Operate the vfo dial until you get a zero beat between the two birdies. The vfo dial should now indicate the exact frequency of the selected crystal. If not, you can make the necessary adjustments to the vfo dial so that it is correct. You can use harmonics of a crystal or higherfrequency crystals to check the other ranges of your sweeper.

**ACE OF THE** MONTH SPECIALS



ASCII COMPUTER KEYBOARDS

ASGI COMPUTER KEYBOARDS

These keyboards were manufactured for use on Texas Instrument's line of Silent 700 series data terminals. They are fully encoded with TTL large scale integrated circuits (T.I. TMS-5000 in 28 pin socket). Additional IC's provide a parrallel 7 bit, without parity, code plus a strobe signal indicating "valid" data and six other independent outputs for those special keys which are not encoded. The keys are reed type with a format similar to typewriter. Internal circuitry provides for two key rollover and de-bounce. Output is on standard 10 pin double readout connector for data and power input. And 8 pin double readout connector for six special switch functions.

KEYBOARDS

KEYBOARDS

KEYBUANUS
KB-6 - Clare/Pendar 720627-1
T.I. Part number 959327-1
A 56 key ASCii encoded Alphanumeric keyboard with six extra switch closures to ground marked HERE IS, PAPER ADV., BREAK, REPEAT, TAPE+, TAPE+ code 1 - \$47.50 2 - \$37.50 3 - \$17.50

KB-7 - Clare/Pendar 720731-1

T.I. Part number 959326-1 as used on T.I. Silent 700 data Terminals. This is a 64 key full ASCii encoded

code 1 · \$49.95 2 · \$39.95 3 · \$19.95

1. All keyboards supplied with wiring diagrams, code tables, and other useful documentation.

PRICE:
1. New - tested and guaranteed w/test record
2. Used - tested and guaranteed w/test record Used tested and guaranteed w/test record
Used untested appear to be in good condition.
SI Chip missing may have a few bad or broken

ACOUSTIC COUPLER



This coupler was manufactured by Novation, Inc. Tarzana, California for use in Texas Instrument's model 725 Electronic Data Terminal is compatible with Bell 103 and 113 data sets or equivalent. The coupler operates asynchronously to a maximum speed of 450 band in the full-or half-duplex mode coupled to a standard telephone handset. Transmit freq. is 1270hz for mark and 1070hz for space. Receive frequency is 2225hz for mark and 2025hz for space. Unit required ± 12 VOLTS and + 5 VOLTS for operation. Complete with schematic & all pertinent information, fully reconditioned, cal ibrated, and guaranteed -\$59.95.

#### MEMORY CHIP



METER

EMICO Model \*3 EMICO Model "3 - 0-1 ma edgewise meter Scale is marked 0.10 relative output. Mounts in a 3/4 X 1.7/8 rec tangular hole with a press on clip supplied with the meter. New \$1.95 each 10 for \$15.00 \$15.00

SN74S201N 256-BIT RAM with 3 state output Plug in replacement for SN74 Plug in replacement 10. 2. 200 & SN74S200. 43. 95.ea. 10 for \$25.00

NEW GUARANTEED TERMS: We pay postage, unless otherwise specified. Or ders over \$50.00 subtract 10%. Include check or money order, no COD. Texas residents add 5% sales tax.

**ELECTRONIC** 



**PARTS** 3303 Mangum Road Houston, Texas 77018

CIRCLE NO. 14 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD



By Glenn Hauser

#### **ANTARCTICA CALLING**

FTER a long, hot summer, how about armchair an trip to Antarctica? Just a year ago, North American DX'ers began picking up the American Forces Antarctic Network on 6.012 MHz (not to be confused with a spur from AFRTS, Ohio on 6.018 MHz or a spur from HCJB. Ecuador, on 6.012 MHz). Reception of AFAN peaked in October and November, especially on the West Coast around 1100 GMT. Then, last April, from his ideally situated monitoring post at the southern tip of New Zealand, Arthur Cushen flashed news of a change for AFAN to 7.050 MHz. It is possible that AFAN may have returned to 6.012 MHz, by now.

DX'ers speculate that other nations with Antarctic bases may initiate their own broadcasts since radio news and entertainment help diminish the sense of isolation. Meanwhile, North American DX'ers can hear, with some effort, a handful of programs beamed on shortwave from the home country toward Antarctica.

For instance, Radio RSA has a program for the South African National Antarctic Expedition, Sundays at 0956-1045 GMT on 15.220 (alternate: 15.155) and 11.970 MHz. Radio New Zealand also broadcasts weekly toward Antarctica, Sundays GMT at 0015-0045 (that's Saturday evening here) on 15.280 MHz.



Radio Canada has simplified their QSL to save money.

Radio Australia calls its men in Antarctica on Fridays GMT at 0300-0330 on 15.290; 0400-0430 on 15.240; and 0915-0945 on 6.005 MHz. Radio Moscow transmits (in Russian) twice a week toward Antarctica-Mondays and Thursdays at 1530-1600. Freguencies often change, but try 12.000. 11.630, 9.510, 9.490 or 7.135 MHz. Now for the easy ones: BBC designates 7.130 MHz exclusively for Atlantic Islands and Antarctica, at 2245-0430 GMT daily, with the same World Service programs heard elsewhere. But on Sundays "Calling the Falkland Islands" approaches an Antarctic service, at 2200-2245 on 9.915 and 12.040 MHz.

Antarctica happens to be in the same direction as the Caribbean, viewed from Bethany, Ohio, so AFRTS transmissions from there serve both regions, 24 hours a day, on 6.030, 9.755 or 15.330 MHz.

Less and Less English? The Voice of Germany, on April Fool's Day, cut its English broadcasts to North America from three hours a day to 40 minutes-the same amount as Belgium. Radio Finland soon launched trial balloons on eliminating its English programs completely and then was crippled by a June strike of English-language freelance program producers. One nation where English broadcasting is secure is Australia. By Dec. 20, the abandoned U.S. tracking base at Carnarvon is to become the temporary replacement transmitter site for Darwin, which was blown off the air last Christmas.

Spanish and Portuguese dominate Latin American airwaves. This year's big story is the extensive rearrangement of Brazilian frequencies in the 60- and 90-meter bands—so don't jump to conclusions by referring to an outdated list. A new Colombian shortwaver appeared on 5.9618 MHz

with the romantic name of La Voz de los Centauros—and then attained its nominal channel of 5.990.

Nicaragua happens to be a rare country for shortwave broadcasts, so DX'ers welcomed the reappearance of Radio Atlántico, Bluefields, on 6.1182 MHz. The station does have an English program, but it's during the daytime. Mexico City's cultural outlet, Radio Universidad, went to 9.767.2 MHz from its nominal 9.600 last November, and then went silent. This summer it returned, on 9.60945 MHz, facing stiff interference from the world's most distant SWBC station, ABC-Perth, on 9.610 MHz—until the Australian closes down at 1602 GMT.

**Publications.** The only major club specializing in SWBC DX news is the North American Shortwave Association, Box 13, Liberty, IN 47353. Dues are \$12 per year; or send \$1 for a sample of the monthly journal *FRENDX*. Long-needed and now available is a *TV Station Guide*, with channel-bychannel maps and accompanying tables showing location, call, net, power, offset (even on UHF!), plus extensive listings and maps of stations as far south as Ecuador. You can order it for \$5 from WTFDA, Box 163, Deerfield, IL 60015.

The QSL Flap. Tuning in broadcasts from all over the world is exciting enough—but many DX listeners aren't satisfied with just hearing a station, perhaps taping it, and above all knowing they heard it. They want something tangible to "prove" their reception. Since it's good public relations, and a way to encourage listeners to send in reception reports, most major broadcasters go along with the practice (derived from ham radio) of 'verifying' reports with QSL cards.

I have quite a QSL collection myself. They're great for display at conventions and make nice, often artistic souvenirs. But a reputable DX'er shouldn't really need anything beyond his word of honor to convince others of what he has heard. In addition, an unhealthy aura can surround these QSL cards. There is tendency to judge a DX listener by the extent of his QSL collection, which is actually an option. And this leads to narrow definitions of just what constitutes a valid QSL.

When Radio Canada International announced that it would cease specifying the frequency or any other details on its QSL's, howls of protest

were heard from avid QSL collectors. (RCI made the move to cut down its operating expenses.) At issue, actually, is the real purpose of international broadcasting: filling QSL albums or propagating a nation's news and image. Would we rather have detailed QSL's or quality programming?

Conventions. Coincidentally, RCI is co-hosting this year's Association of North American Radio Clubs convention, in Montreal, Aug. 22-24. All DX'ers are cordially invited, though by now it's a bit late to secure hotel reservations. For details, call (514) 486-9614. Among many other topics, RCI's new QSL policy will be discussed by Ian McFarland, the RCI DX program producer.

If you're at the other end of the continent over the Labor Day weekend (Aug. 29-Sept. 1), you're invited to drop in for the NORCAL get-together, at El Rancho Inn. Millbrae, California. For information, contact Rick Heald, 17412 Rolando Ave., Castro Valley, CA 94546.

Handicapped Aid. RCI's support of both the Canadian and American Handicapped Aid Programs (CHAP and HAP-US) shows its heart is in the right place, whatever its QSL policy. Reel or cassette tapes of RCI's African idents and interval signals series are available through either group for \$3.50. Tapes covering other regions of the world are soon to follow.

HAP and CHAP deserve the support both of benefactors and of handicapped people already enjoying the shortwave and DX listening hobbies. If you know someone whose handicap has led to a contracting world, you can help expand it by putting her or him in contact with HAP, c/o Ted Poling, Box 163, Mt. Sterling, IL 62353; or CHAP, c/o Harold T. Sellers, 122 Giroux St., Apt. 20, North Bay, Ont. P1B 7Y7. HAP and CHAP offer to loan SW receiving equipment and a half-price DX club membership to deserving handicapped applicants.

In addition to the tapes, HAP financing comes from a translation service and sales of happy-face rubber stamps. CHAP also sells stamps for collectors. When inquiring, please enclose a self-addressed stamped envelope. Regular HAP progress reports are broadcast on the Saturday DX programs of RCI and HCJB, and via Radio Nederland each third Thursday of the month.

SEPTEMBER 1975

#### Could the ultimate system be all Crown?



It depends on how you define "ultimate". But Crown may be the only topquality, state-of-the-art manufacturer whose components could build a complete ultimate system.

For Instance: A CX-824 tape deck, worldrenowned for reliable performance. Connected to an IC-150 pre-amp. With the signal amplified by a DC-300A power amp, proved in many thousands of hours of professional use. Output controlled, monitored and switched by an OC-150. Possibly a VFX-2 for personal control of crossover points. And sound faithfully reproduced by ES-212 electrostatic speakers.

All Crown. We think that system would be somebody's ultimate. Certainly ours. Maybe yours.

Write us today for the name of your nearest Crown dealer. He'll talk to you - ultimately.

When listening becomes an art.



CIRCLE NO. 16 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

# NEW, FULL-FEATURE PERSONAL 2-WAY

STYLED FOR THE CB'ER WHO IS BUDGET MINDED, YET WANTS A COMBINATION OF PERFORMANCE, STYLE AND RUGGEDNESS FOR HIS CB RADIO.

PACE CB 144 is a fully synthesized 23 channel AM transceiver offering full legal transmit power.

Maximum control at your fingertips: Noise blanker switch • Automatic noise limiter switch • RF gain control • PA control • Delta tune • Illuminated S/RF meter • transmit indicator light • Plug-in microphone.

Operates on 12V DC (+) or (-) ground.

Suggested retail price \$179.95

See your distributor today.



PACE COMMUNICATIONS, Div. of Pathcom Inc., 24049 S. Frampton Ave., Harbor City, CA. 90710, Dept.62

Available in Canada from Superior Electronics Ind. Export: 2200 Shame's Dr., Westbury, N.Y. 11590

CIRCLE NO. 39 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD



ALLTYPES OF SPEAKERS, SPEAKER SYSTEMS AND OTHER ELECTRONIC PARTS SEEK IMPORTER AND DISTRIBUTOR



CHIEN CHANG INDUSTRIAL CO. LTD.

241 Wanta Road, Taipei 109, Taiwan Republic of China TELEX 22416

# PACE 15 BIT \$125

FROM NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR "THE SECRET MICROCOMPUTER CO": THIS 40 PIN DIP FEATURES TRI-SHARE AND A POWERFUL INSTRUCTION SET. WE ARE PROUD TO OFFER THIS EXCITING IC TO THE COMPUTER ENTHUSIAST STARTING SEPTEMBER 1st.

#### ...and 16 BIT basic kit ★MicrocomPuter!★

IT SEEMED LOGICAL TO WRAP A COMPUTER KIT AROUND OUR PACE IC, AND HERE IT IS. WE'VE PUT A LOT OF THOUGHT INTO THIS ONE AND WE THINK YOU'LL LIKE IT; OUR ONLY PROBLEM IS WE DON'T HAVE A NAME FOR THE BEAST YET. SEND US YOUR IDEA—IF WE USE IT, YOU'LL GET ONE OF OUR KITS. AVAILABLE SEPT. IST; WRITE FOR DETAILS AND PRICING.

...AND 8 BITS, TOO: 8008 - \$27,95!

#### BODBOUL BILL GODBOUT ELECTRONICS BOX 2355, OAKLAND AIRPORT, CA 94614

THIS AD IS ONLY THE TIP OF THE ICEBERG; OUR FLYER TELLS ALL ABOUT OUR TTL (7400 & 8200 SERIES), CMOS, MOS, LINEARS, COMPONENTS, READOUTS, POWER SUPPLIES, MUSICIAN'S KITS & MORESEND FOR IT. BE SURPRISED!

SEND FOR IT.... BE SURPRISED!

TERMS: Cal + tax. Bankamericard\*/Master-charge\* call (415)357-7007 24 hr. No COD.
CIRCLE NO. 24 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

82

#### ENGLISH-LANGUAGE SHORTWAVE BROADCASTS FOR SEPT. & OCT. 1975 by Richard E. Wood

TIME-PDT 4:00-5:15 a.m.	TIME-GMT	STATION	100000000	-
4:00.5:15 a.m.		STATION	QUAL*	FREQUENCIES, MHz
4.110.b.3b.am				
4.00 3.13 6.111.	1100-1215	London, England	Ģ	5.99 (via Sackville) 11.75 (via Tebrau)
5:15-6:15 a.m.	1215-1315	Lundon, England	F	11.75 (via Tebrau)
6:00-6:15 a.m.	1300-1315	Tokyo, Japan	G	5.99
7:00-7:30 a.m.	1400-1430	Tokyo, Japan	G	9.505
7:00-9:00 a.m.	1400-1600	**V0A,	6	6.185, 9.565
0.00 0.20	aron aron	Washington, U.S.A.		0.505
8:00-8:30 a.m. 9:00-10:15 a.m.	1500 1530 1600-1715	Tokyo, Japan London, England	G G	9.505
9:42-9:51 a.m.	1642-1657	Hilversum, Holland	G	15.365 (via Sackville) 15.14, 15.19 (via Bonaire;
(MonFri.)	1046 1001	Tinversum, Honana	2000	mixed English/Outch)
10:00-10:15 a.m.	1700-1715	Tokyo, Japan	G	9.505
11:00·11:15 a.m.	1800 1815	Tokyo, Japan	G	9.505
12 noon-12:15 p.m.	1900-1915	Tokyo, Japan	G	15.105
1:00-1:15 p.m.	2000-2015	Tokyo, Japan	G	15.105
2:00-2:15 p.m. 2:15-4:00 p.m.	2100-2115	Tokyo, Japan London, England	G	15.105
3:00-3:15 p.m.	2200-2215	Tokyo, Japan	F G	9.58 (via Ascension) 15.105
4:00·4:30 p.m.	2300-2330	Tokyo, Japan	G	15.105
4:00-5:30 p.m.	2300-0030	London, England	G	6.175, 9.51 (via Sackville),
		, 3		9.58 (via Ascension)
5:00·5:15 p.m.	0000-0015	Tokyo, Japan	G	15.105
5:00-7:00 p.m.	0000-0200	**V0A,	G	15.29, 17.895
E. 20 0. 20	0000 0000	Washington, U.S.A.		0.475 / : 0
5:30-8:30 p.m.	0030-0330	London, England	, U	6.175 (via Sackville), 9.51 (via Greenville),
			Va.	9.58 (via Ascension)
5:30-6:00 p.m.	0030-0100	HCJB, Quito, Ecuador	G	5.97, 9.56
6:00-6:15 p.m.	0100-0115	Tokyo, Japan	G	15.105
6:00-7:00 p.m.	0100-0115	Peking, China	G	9.94, 11.945, 15.06
6:00-8:00 p.m.	0100-0300	Melbourne, Australia	G	15.32, 17.795
	and the second	Moscow, U.S.S.R.	G	12.05, 15.18, 17.775
6:00 p.m12 mdt,	0100 0700	HCJB, Quito, Ecuador	G	(via Soviet Far East) 5.97, 9.56, 11.915
,		Trans, Esaguer	523 8	(includes Eskimo)
6:30-7:30 p.m.	0130-0230	Tokyo, Japan	G	15.195, 15.42, 17.725, 17.825
7:00·7:15 p.m.	0200-0215	Tokyo, Japan	G	15.105
7:00-8:00 p.m.	0200-0300	Peking, China	G	11.455, 11.965, 12.055, 15.06
7:00-8:50 p.m. 7:30-8:00 p.m.	0200-0350 0230-0300	Taipei, Taiwan Stockholm, Sweden	F F	11.86, 15.125, 17.72 9.695, 11.705
8:00-8:15 p.m.	0300-0315	Tokyo, Japan	G	15.105
8:00-8:30 p.m.	0300 0330	Seoul, Korea	P	15.355
8:00-8:45 p.m.	0300-0345	Madrid, Spain	P	6.065, 11.925
8:00-9:00 p.m.	0300-0400	Peking, China	G	7.12, 9.78 (via Tirana),
				11.445, 12.055, 15.06,
8:30-9:30 p.m.	0330-0430	London, England	G	15.385, 17.735, 17.855 9.58 (via Ascension)
8:30 p.m12 mdt.	0330-0700	Moscow, U.S.S.R.	G	11.72, 12.05, 15.18
9:00-9:15 p.m.	0400-0415	Tokyo, Japan	G	15.105
9:00-9:30 p.m.	0400-0430	Sofia, Bulgaria	F	9.70
	1	Oslo, Norway	F	9.645, 11.87 (Sun.)
9:00-9:15 p.m.	0400 0415	Budapest, Hungary	E.	6.00, 7.22, 9.833, 11.91
(Tue., Fri.) 9:00-10:00 p.m.	0100-0500	Montreal, Canada	G.	C 125 D CC5
9:30-10:00 p.m.	0430-0500	Lisbon, Portugal	F	6.135, 9.655 6.025, 11.935
,	3,50	Berne, Switzerland	F	9.725, 11.715
10:00-10:15 p.m.	0500-0515	Tokyo, Japan	G	15.105
		Jerusalem, Israel	F C	12.025
10:00-11:00 p.m.	0500-0600	Montreal, Canada	G	6.135, 9.655
10:00-11:20 p.m. 10:30-10:50 p.m.	0500-0620	Hilversum, Holland	G F	6.165, 9.715 (via Bonaire)
11:00-11:15 p.m.	0530-0550 0600-0615	Cologne, Ger. Fed. Rep. Tokyo, Japan	G	6.075, 6.185. 9.545 9.505
11:00-11:30 p.m.	0600-0630	Oslo, Norway	F.	9.645, 11.87 (Sun.)
11:00 p.m12 mdt.	0600-0700	Buenos Aires, Argentina	G	9.69 (MonFri.)
11:30 p.m1:00 a.m.	0630 0800	Havana, Cuba	G C	9.525
12 mdt12:15 a.m.	0700-0715	Tokyo, Japan	G	9.505
1:00-1:15 a.m.	0800-0815	Tokyo, Japan	G	9.505
2:00-2:15 a.m. 3:00-3:30 a.m.	1000-0915	Tokyo, Japan	G	9.505
3.UU-3:3U 8.III.	1000-1030	Tokyo, Japan	G	9.505

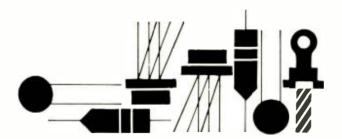
<sup>\*</sup>Reception quality, East Coast location: G-good, F-fair, P-poor

Frequencies are accurate as of press time, but subject to change especially for Sweden, U.S.S.R. and Lebanon.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Not intended for North America, but receivable satisfactorily

TO EASTERN NORTH AMERICA				
TIME-EDT	TIME-GMT	STATION	QUAL*	FREQUENCIES, MHz
THAT - EDT	TIME CALL	OTATION	GUAL	THE GENOLES, MILE
7:00-8:15 a.m.	1100-1215	London, England	G	5 000 (via Saskville) 15 07
7:00-7:30 a.m.	1100-1213	Tirana, Albania	G F	5,990 (via Sackville), 15.07 9.48, 11.985
7:00-9:00 a.m.	1100-1130	**VOA,	G	6.185, 9.565
7.00 5.00 a.m.	1100-1300	Washington, U.S.A.		0.103, 0.303
7:15-8:15 a.m.	1115-1215	Montreal, Canada	G	5.97
7:15-8:45 a.m.	1115-1245	Melbourne, Australia	G	9.58
8:00-8:55 a.m.	1200-1255	Peking, China	F	11.685
8:15-9:00 a.m.	1215-1300	London, England	G	15.07
8:30-9:00 a.m.	1230-1300	Stockholm, Sweden	G	17.71
9:00-10: <b>3</b> 0 a.m.	1300-1430	London, England	G	15.07, 17.79
9:15-9:4 <b>5</b> a.m.	1315-1345	Berne, Switzerland	G	15.1 <mark>4</mark>
10:00-10:30 a.m.	1400-1430	Stockholm, Sweden	G	17.71
		Oslo, Norway	F	17.80 (Sun. only)
10:30-11:00 a.m.	1420 1500	Helsinki, Finland	G	15.185
11:00-11:15 a.m.	1430-1500	Lordon, England London, England	G G	15.07, 17.79, 17.84 (via Ascension) 15.07, 15.26, 17.79, 17.84
17.00-17.13 d.m.	1300-1313	London, England		(via Ascention)
11:15 a.m12:15 p.m.	1515-1615	London, England	G	15.07, 17.79, 17.84 (via Ascension)
12 noon-12:30 p.m.	1600-1630	Oslo, Norway	F	15.17, 17.80 (Sun. only)
4:00-4:55 p.m.	2000-2055	Jerusalem, Israel	G	7.395, 9.815, 12.025
5:15-6:45 p.m.	2115-2245	London, England	G	9.58 (via Ascension), 11.78, 15.26
5:30-6:50 p.m.	2130-2250	Hilversum, Holland	G	9.715, 11.73 (Sun.: Dutch)
6:30-7:00 pm.	2230-2300	Vilnius, U.S.S.R.	F	7.32, 7.35 <b>5</b>
6:30-7:20 p.m.	2230-2320	Johannesburg, S. Africa	G	5.985, 9.525, 9.695, 11.90
6:45-11:30 p.m.	2245-0330	London, England	G	5.975, 7.325, 9.58 (via Ascension)
6:55-7:15 p.m.	2255-2315	Brussels, Belgium	G	9.73
7:00-7:30 p.m.	2300-2330	Stockholm, Sweden	F	6.035, 9.605, 11.705
7:00-8:30 p.m.	2300-0030	Moscow, U.S.S.R.	G	7.15, 7.205, 7.355, 7.39, 9.685
7:45-8:45 p.m.	2345-0045	Tokyo, Japan	F	15.27, 15.30
8:00-8:30 p.m.	0000-0030	Tirana, Albania	G	7.065, 9.78
		Osto, Norway	F	6.18, 9.645 (Sun.)
8:00-9:00 p.m.	0000-0100	Peking, China	F	11.945, 15.06, 15.52, 17.673
0.00.10.00	0000 0000	Sofia, Bulgaria	F	9.70
8:00-10.00 p.m.	0000-0200	**VOA, Washington, U.S.A.	G	6.13, 9.65, 11.710, 11.83, 15.205
8:30-9:00 p.m.	0030-0100	Kiev, U.S.S.R.	G	7.15, 7.205, 9.685 (Mon./Thu,/Sat.)
8:30-9:00 p.m.	0030-0100	Vilnius, U.S.S.R.	F	7.32, 7.355 (Fri./Sat.)
8:30-9:00 p.m.	0030-0100	HCJB, Quito, Ecuador	G	5.97, 9.56
8:40-9:00 p.m.	0040-0100	Brussels, Belgium	G	6.08
9:00-9:15 p.m.	0100-0115	Vatican City	G	5.995, 6.165, 9.605
9:00·9:20 p.m.	0100-0120	Rome, Italy	G	9.575, 11.81
9:00-9:45 p.m.	0100-0145	Berlin, Ger., Dem. Rep.	Р	9.73
		Madrid, Spain	G	6.065, 11.925
9:00-10:00 p.m.	0100-0200	Peking, China	G	7.12, 9.78 (via Tirana), 11.945,
				11.965, 15.06, 15.52
		Prague, Czeckoslovakia	G	5.93, 7.345, 9.54, 11.99
9:00 p.m3 a.m.	0100-0700	HCJB, Quito, Ecuador	G	5.97, 9.56, 11.915
0.00.40.00	2400 0000			(includes some Eskimo)
9:00·10.00 p.m.	0100-0200	Montreal, Canada	G	6.085
9:00-10:30 p.m.	0100-0230	Moscow, U.S.S.R.	G	7.15, 7.205, 7.355, 9.685
9:30-9:50 p.m.	0130-0150	Cologne, Ger. Fed. Rep.	G	6.01, 6.04, 6.10 (via Malta),
	1		10.00	9.565, 9.69, 9.745, 11.865 (via Malta)
9:30-9.55 p.m.	0130-0155	Tirana, Albania	G	6.20, 7.30
5.66 6.86 p.m.	0100 0133	Vienna, Austria	P	6.155, 9.77
	- R-31	Bucharest, Rumania	P	5.99, 9.57, 11.94
9:45-10:15 p.m.	0145-0215	Berne, Switzerland	G	5.965, 6.135, 9.725, 11.715
10:00-10:30 p.m.	0200-0230	Budapest, Hungary	F	6.00, 7.22, 9.833, 11.91 (Ex. Sun.)
	The state of the s	Oslo, Norway	F	6.18, 9.645 (Sun.)
10:00-11:00 p.m.	0200-0300	Peking, China	F	11.965, 15.06
10:00-11.20 p.m.	0200-0320	Hilversum, Holland	G	6.165 (via Bonaire)
10:00-11.30 p.m.	0200-0330	Cairo, Egypt	G	9.475
10:00 p.m. 12 mdt.	0200-0400	Warsaw, Poland	Р	6.095, 6.135, 7.27, 9.675,
10.20 11.00	0220 0200	Dainet Labora	Р	11.815 (mixed Polish/English)
10:30-11:00 p.m. 11:00-11:30 p.m.	0230-0300	Beirut, Lebanon Budapest, Hungary	F	9.675 6.00, 7.22, 9.833, 11.91
11:00 p.m12 mdt.	0300-0400	Buenos Aires, Argentina	G	9.69 (MonFri.)
77.00 p.m. 72 mat.	0000 0400	Peking, China	G	7.12, 9.78 (via Tirana)
		Prague, Czechoslovakia	G	5.93, 7.345, 9.54, 11.99
11:30 p.m12 mdt.	0330-0400	Tirana, Albania	G	6.20, 7.30
		Kiev, U.S.S.R.	G	7.205, 7.39, 9.685
	6			(Mon./Thu./Sat.)
11:30 p.m12:30 a.m.	0330-0430	London, England	G	5.975, 9.58 (via Ascension)
11:30 p.m2:00 a.m.	0330-0600	Havana, Cuba	G	11.76
12 mdt12:30 a.m.	0400-0430	Bucharest, Rumania	Р	5.99, 6.19, 9.57, 11.94
12 mdt2:00 a.m.	0400-0600	Moscow, U.S.S.R.	G	7.15, 7.205, 7.355, 7.39
1:00-1:15 a.m.	0500-0515	Jerusalem, Israel	G	5.90, 7.395, 9.009, 9.815





# Solid State

By Lou Garner

#### **NEW IC'S FOR DIGITAL WATCHES**

ITH the entertainment equipment market well covered and the calculator market approaching saturation in many areas, several semiconductor manufacturers are concentrating their big guns on the digital electronic watch market. The result? Improved quality, better distribution, much lower prices, and a plethora of designs to suit virtually every need and desire.

As predicted in my January column, digital electronic watch prices have taken a nose dive. Today, you can buy any of a number of calendar digital watches for less than \$100.00, and I've seen standard (time only) watches offered for less than sixty dollars retail. If you shop at discount houses, you may be able to pick up a digital electronic watch for less than \$50.00, despite inflation.

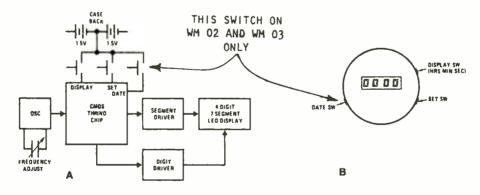
More and more major semiconductor manufacturers are offering digital-watch IC's as stock, rather than custom, products. In last June's column, you may recall, I discussed the DF111 CMOS LSI watch chip introduced by Siliconix, Inc. (2201 Laurelwood Road, Santa Clara, CA 95054). Suitable for operation on dc sources of 2.7 to 3.4 volts, the DF111 requires only a 32.768-kHz crystal, batteries, a LED display with drivers, and three small switches, plus a case and hardware for watch assembly.

The *ne plus ultra* of digital watch devices, however, is probably the WM series recently introduced by the National Semiconductor Corporation (2900 Semiconductor Drive, Santa Clara, CA 95051). The electronic equivalent of

the legendary "Swiss watch movements," the WM devices are complete electronic digital modules ready to slip into a basic watch case. All that is required for final watch assembly is a suitable standard 13 ligne case (1.152 inches in diameter), pushbotton actuators aligned to contact the module's integral switches, and a pair of small battery cells.

Currently, three standard models are offered by the manufacturer—the WM 01, WM 02 and WM 03. All three are pretested and precalibrated for an accuracy of better than 5 seconds per month. As illustrated in Fig. 1, the WM modules include a CMOS timer chip, a 2.5-mm four-digit LED display, segment and digit LED driver chips, a 32.768-kHz quartz crystal, an oscillator, a timing adjustment capacitor, battery contacts, and built-in spring switch elements with special debounce circuitry to insure positive contact actuation. Designed for rugged service, the oscillator crystal is potted in a compound that absorbs shock, while another specially developed compound coats all the semiconductor components and protects them from handling and environmental damage.

In operation, the circuit's low power consumption permits more than twenty time checks per day for one year with a single pair of 1.5-volt batteries. A special extra feature permits the user to turn off the module during shipment or periods of storage and thus to obtain an indefinite shelf life.



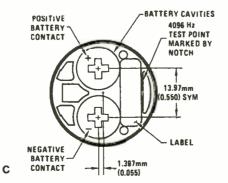


Fig. 1. Basic design of National Semiconductor's new line of watch modules: (A) block diagram; (B) view of readout; (C) rear view showing battery cavities.

The basic WM 01 module is designed to display the time in hours, minutes and seconds upon pushbutton command. Models WM 02 and WM 03 are generally identical to the WM 01 except for an additional capability of displaying the date of the month on command. The WM 02 displays time in a 12-hour format with an AM/PM indicator, while the WM 03 displays time in a 24-hour format.

Siliconix and National Semiconductor are not the only major semiconductor manufacturing firms making waves in the digital watch market, of course. Litronix, Inc. (1900) Homestead Road, Cupertino, CA 95014) has recently announced a new CMOS circuit chip for LED watches that displays hours, minutes, seconds, day and date. Designated type LMC-6130, the Litronix chip requires a 32.768-kHz quartz crystal, two capacitors, two resistors, bipolar driver chips, a suitable LED display, and external spst switches. In practice, up to eight modes of operation may be selected by switch actuation: display off, display time, display date and day, advance hours, advance minutes, advance day, advance date, and zero seconds while holding hours and minutes. Designed for operation on 2.7-to-3.2-volt dc, the LMC-6130 requires only 15 µW, and will function from 0° to 50° C.

Motorola Semiconductor Products, Inc. (Box 20912, Phoenix, AZ 85036) is now offering a pair of low-power liquid-crystal watch displays, types MLC500 and MLC501. Differing slightly in overall size, both feature a 3½-digit, center-colon readout. Both offer a typical contrast ratio of 25:1 at 3 volts bias, both feature turn-on and turn-off times of 290 and 250 ms, respectively, and both are compatible with standard CMOS watch IC's.

**Reader's Circuit.** Combining magnetic reed switches and semiconductor devices, the circuit illustrated in Fig. 2 is suitable for an electronic game or puzzle. Adapted from a design submitted by reader Joel Grodstein (400 South Fourth Ave., Highland Park, NJ 08904), the game can be made simple enough for children to enjoy or so difficult that even an adult would have trouble winning.

Referring to the schematic diagram, SCR1 serves as an electronic switch supplying power to the LED used as a win indicator through current limiting resistor R1. Power is furnished by battery B1, controlled by switch S1. The actual game circuit consists of from 3 to 9 (or more, at the builder's option) magnetic reed switches and SCR2. Game circuit power is supplied by C1, charged by B1 when momentary contact switch S2 is depressed. Capacitor C1 discharges through R2, providing a time limit on play. Optional rotary switches S3 and S4 are used to program the game, making it more difficult for the player. One or more reed switches are included as PENALTY switches which, if actuated accidentally, will discharge C1, thus causing the player to lose. With the arrangement shown, the PENALTY switches are SC1, SC2, and SC3. Resistors R3 and R5 limit the gate currents of silicon controlled rectifiers SCR2 and SCR1, respectively, while R4 serves as SCR2's cathode load.

The circuit's operation can be followed most easily by considering the moves that a player would make in winning the game. First, of course, S1 would be closed. Next, S2 would be depressed (charging C1) and released. The player would then touch his playing piece (small permanent magnet) to reed switch SB1, closing this switch momentarily, supplying a gate current to SCR2, and causing the SCR to switch to a conducting state. He would then

**NEW** 

FROM

TECO

TRI Model 6355

Digital Multimeter

\$279

TRI Model 5163

250 MHz Frequency Counter

\$295



**MODEL 6355** 



**MODEL 5163** 

High resolution 10µV on DCV/High accuracy 0.15% of rdg. 5 functions in one — DCV ACV, OHM, DCI,

ACI.
Fully automatic for
easiness of operations
Truly portable — Free
from power cord.
Common input for all
measurements.
Safety design protects
from high voltage.

NEW! \$279

¥ 250 MHz

25mV sensitivity 8 digits/LED

> NEW! \$295

NOW AVAILABLE FROM TECO!
CALL OR WRITE FOR COMPLETE SPECIFICATIONS



P. O. Box 1050 . Garland, Texas 75040

TOLL-FREE CALL 800-527-4642

(In Texas call collect 214-348-8800)

CIRCLE NO. 58 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD



Send for your free copy of Circuit Design's new 1975 catalog. In it, you'll find lots of new ideas in solderless breadboarding aids and instrumentation (in kit form or assembled), as well as a host of hard to find components. If you are involved in any aspect of electronics, you can't do without it.

For your free copy, write to:

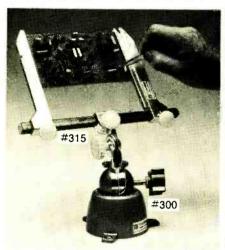
#### CIRCUIT DESIGN, INC.

Div. of E&L Instruments
P.O. Box 24 · Shelton, Connecticut 06484

CIRCLE NO. 12 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

touch his playing piece to reed switch SA1, closing this switch, supplying a gate current to SCR1, and causing the SCR to fire and supply current to the WIN light (LED1) through R1. However, he must touch the switches in proper order, since they remain closed only as long as the magnet is held against (or near) them, and within the time limit established by C1-R2's time constant. In addition, when SCR2 fires, R4 is an additional load across C1 in parallel with R2, thus causing a sharp reduction in the available playing time.

# BETTER THAN A THIRD HAND!



PANAVISE TILTS, TURNS, AND ROTATES TO ANY POSITION. IT HOLDS YOUR P.C. BOARD EXACTLY WHERE YOU WANT IT.

Quite possibly the finest new tool you will buy this year. PanaVise is built to exacting professional standards. We guarantee it!

Illustrated is P.C. Board Holder #315 in the #300 Base. This combination has exclusive multiple positioning ability. Boards are gently but firmly locked in place with one arm spring loaded to facilitate quick board changes.

Three other bases and a wide variety of heads are available. All interchange! Buy a basic unit, then add on to create your system.

FREE Write for the latest PanaVise catalog, prices, and dealer listing.

Available through your dealer.



A Division of Colbert Industries
10107 Adella Ave., South Gate, CA 90280
CIRCLE NO. 41 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

In practice, of course, the game can be quite difficult. The programming switches (\$3 and \$4\$) are hidden. The player is confronted with an array of reed switches arranged in a row, rectangular matrix, or random pattern, depending on the builder's choice of layout. He doesn't know which two switches will win. If he accidentally actuates one of the penalty switches (\$C1\$ to \$C3\$), he'll lose. And, once he depresses \$2\$, he has a limited amount of time to complete his moves. And only two switches, actuated in proper order, will register a win.

Ideally, the game should be assembled in a wooden, plastic or metal case, with only the ON-OFF, PUSH-TO-PLAY and reed switches available to the player and the programming switches hidden. The silicon controlled rectifiers. SCR1 and SCR2, are low-voltage types similar to HEP 320. The LED may be any standard type. Resistors R1 to R5 are ½-watt types. The capacitor, C1, is a 10-to-15-volt electrolytic. A 9-volt battery is used for B1. The power switch is a spst toggle, rotary or slide type, while S2 is a momentary contact spdt pushbutton or lever type. Programming switches S3 and S4 are rotary types, with the "play" switches all small magnetic reed types similar to Calectro type E2-102.

Neither layout nor lead dress is critical and the circuit may be assembled on a pc board, on perf board, or using point-to-point wiring, as preferred. The reed switches may be left exposed on the playing surface or, if desired, hidden behind a thin panel on which locations are marked by dots or circles. Depending on the SCR's used, some experimentation with R4's value

may be necessary. Normally, this resistor should have as large a value as is practicable while maintaining SCR2's holding current.

If you wish to simplify the game for children, omit the penalty switches (SC1 to SC3), increase the size of C1 and/or R2 to lengthen the playing time, omit the programming switches, and provide only a single reed switch in each playing position. On the other hand, if you wish to make the game more difficult, add additional penalty and play switches (changing the programming switches as needed to 4, 5, 6 or more positions), and replace R2 with a 10,000-ohm resistor in series with a 50,000-ohm potentiometer to provide a variable time delay.

Once the project is completed and tested, it can be used in a variety of ways. You can use it as a simple puzzle to challenge your friends, for example, or in competititive play, where different players take turns resetting the programming switches for their opponents, with the player having the greatest number of "wins" in a given number of attempts declared the winner.

**The Lit Bit.** Recent publications by semiconductor manufacturers which you may wish to add to your library:

**Power Transistor Users Guide** 

—Published by General Electric, this is a 120-page,  $8\frac{1}{2} \times 11$  manual filled with practical data on power transistor circuit applications, handling and mounting. The book covers GE's broad line of power transistors, including complementary pairs, Darlingtons, and high-voltage types, as well as both metal and plastic encap-

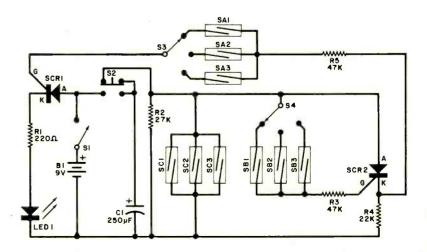


Fig. 2. Schematic of versatile game circuit suggested by reader.

sulated devices. Two items we found of particular value were a 16-page interchangeability guide referencing GE devices to standard industry types and a component chart which illustrates basic devices, symbols, construction, and characteristic curves. The book carries a nominal price of \$1.50, but may be available without charge to quantity device users. It is stocked by GE Electronic Components Sales Offices and authorized GE Electronic Components distributors.

Small-Signal Multiple Transistor Selection Guide & Cross-Reference, Publication SG31—A 24-page booklet covering Motorola's broad line of quad, dual and Darlington transistors. Complete specification tables are included together with device outlines and a competitive cross-reference index. Notes are provided on power ratings and general applications are suggested for various product categories. Contact your local Motorola distributor for copies.

Opto-Couplers at Work—A 20page booklet chock full of practical application circuits for Motorola's line of Opto-Couplers. Each circuit includes a brief description and all parts values are noted directly on the schematics. Among the projects described are a digitally programmed dc voltage regulator, a high-voltage, complementary output switching amplifier, and a variety of solid-state relay circuits. The booklet also includes a cross-reference guide to the products of other manufacturers. (Motorola Semiconductor Products, Inc., Box 20912, Phoenix, AZ 85036).

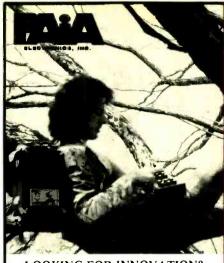
Semiconductor Data Book **1975**—A massive 418-page,  $8\frac{1}{2} \times 11$ handbook covering the Unitrode line of semiconductor devices. Full specification data sheets are provided for such devices as power hybrid circuits, rectifiers, rectifier assemblies, power zeners, power switching transistors, power Darlingtons, SCR's, photo-sensitive devices, PUT's, and pin diodes. Available without charge on letterhead request, the volume also includes an index of available Application Notes and a detailed discussion of thermal design considerations. (Unitrode Corp., 580 Pleasant St., Watertown, MA 02172)

**Device/Product News.** Experimenters and hobbyists working with digital displays should be in-

terested in a new high-current decoder/driver recently introduced by NEC Microsystems (1150 N. W. 70th St., Fort Lauderdale, FL 33309). Identified as the Model 1001, the new device is a thick-film hybrid microcircuit designed to operate incandescent 7-segment readouts. Socket interchangeable with the popular SN7447, the Model 1001 utilizes individual output transistor chips which are rated at maximums of 40 volts and 100 mA, each output, in continuous operation. Both plastic-encapsulated and hermetically sealed metal versions are offered by the manufacturer.

An unusual solid-state vane sensor that should spark the imaginations of more advanced experimenters has been announced by Micro Switch (Division of Honeywell, 11 W. Spring St., Freeport, IL 61032). Capable of functioning at speeds up to 100,000 times per second, the device, designated the AV, can be used as a tachometer sensor, a shaft-position encoding sensor, a limit switch and a cam-operated programming switch. Based on the Hall Effect and with no mechanical contacts, the AV "no-touch" sensor is actuated by the passage of a ferrous vane through a gap between a magnet and a Hall sensor. The vane prevents the magnetic flux from reaching an IC chip, developing a digital output signal. When the space between the ferrous blades of the vane appears in the switch gap, the output returns to zero. Both linear and rotary vanes may be used with the device. With a 20-mA output, the AV interfaces directly with most electronic circuitry, eliminating the need for additional amplification in most applications. Internal regulation permits the device to be used on dc power sources of 6 to 16 volts.

If you like to build amplifiers that can rattle teeth, shake walls, and shatter sanity, you'll want to investigate a new high-power transistor recently introduced by RCA's Solid State Division. An npn silicon hometaxial-base device offered in a TO-3 package, the new transistor, type RCS258, has a power dissipation rating of 250 watts! Its other specifications include a continuous collector current rating of 20 A, a peak collector current of 30 A, and a collector-to-emitter voltage rating of 80 volts. In addition to applications as an audio amplifier, the RCS-258 can be used in power-switching circuits, driver and output stages for series and shunt regulators, dc-to-dc converters, inverters, and solenoid/relay drivers.



#### LOOKING FOR INNOVATION? LOOK TO PAIA KITS.

Some recent examples . . .

The GNOME, The only Electronic Music Micro-Synthesizer available in a hand held, battery powered package.

\$48.95 ..... shipping wt. 4 lbs.

The PYGMY, battery powered practice/ headphone/stage amp. 8 watts peak power driving super-efficient 5" accoustic suspension speaker.

\$39.95 . . . . shipping wt. 6 lbs.

NEW 24 HOUR DEMO-LINE for a oneminute recorded demo of PAIA Synthesizers (405) 843-7396. Catalog requests or charge orders also accepted.

#### FREE CATALOG

PAIA Electronics, Dept. 9P, 1020 West Wilshire Blvd., Oklahoma City, OK 73116

CIRCLE NO. 40 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD



# **ALLISON** 'OPTO-ELECTRIC' The BEST...the ULTIMATE of ALL Ignition Systems!



Never wears out or needs any Maintenance!



and Operating Costs!

- ★ The Allison OPTO-ELECTRIC System eliminates the Points and Condenser, replacing them with an OPTO-ELECTRONIC TRIGGER, using a Light-Emitting Diode and Photo transistor The System operates on a beam of Light. As there are NO moving parts in rubbing contact, "Friction-wear" is completely eliminated...Timing adjustments are PERMANENT.
- Gives 40-Times more Timing accuracy than ANY system using "Mechanical" Breaker-Points! UNLIMITED RPM! 'Electronically-Controlled" DWELL automatically supplies HIGHEST Performance at both Low and High speeds. Spark strength does not fall off at high RPM. POSITIVE SPARK nelps eliminate "Misfire" for faster acceleration and improved Engine Performance Sparkplugs LAST 3 to 10-Times LONGER
- Easier Starting under any condition! Smoother running.
   (NO TIMING FLUCTUATION as with Magnetic impulse Units) All SOLID-STATE Components. UNAFFECTED By Temperature, Moisture, or Vibration! Only Highest grade materials used Guarantees you Solid, Dependable Performance!
- PERFECT TIMING INCREASES Engine Efficiency and Gas Mileage SAVES Precious Fuel! Allison gives you MAXIMUM Engine Efficiency 100% of the Time ... and that's the name of the game for the BEST in GAS MILEAGE AND ECONOMY.

#### Perfect Timing and Dwell never change.

Pays for itself! Eliminates ignition Tune-Ups forever! 'INFINITE LIFE' Once installed Never needs replacing!



You CAN install the ALLISON System in ALL the U.S. made & Foreign Cars! (4, 6, or 8-Cylinder).

"EASIEST-TO-INSTALL" UNIT ON THE MARKET. (Not necessary to dismantle Distributor as with other systems).

★ If you want the BEST, and SAVE! This is IT!

OROER with CONFIDENCE. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED 10-YEAR FACTORY WARRANTY!

Only \$4995 COMPLETE.

that's EVERYTHING

including

(Free Repair or Replacement)

Send Check or M/O

Postage & Insurance. State Make, Year, Engine Size.

(So New...it's Sold ONLY FROM FACTORY DIRECT),

You may use your MASTER CHARGE or BANKAMERICARD. Send us (1) Your Number, (2) Interbank No., (3) Exp. Date

Before buying any other Type ignition system.

#### Send Postcard for our FREE BROCHURE.

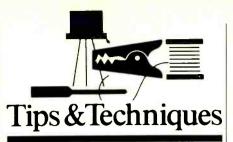
If you have already installed a C-D ignition system. Modernize and Increase its Efficiency...
CONVERT YOUR "C-D" UNIT TO BREAKERLESS!
Opto-Electric "TRIGGER UNIT"...Only "34.95

Our BEST Salesmen are the users of our ALLISON System!

America's Oldest and Largest Mfg. of

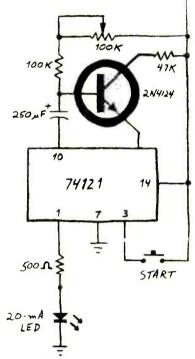


CIRCLE NO. 68 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD



#### **60-Second Interval Timer**

In some situations, such as timing Polaroid™ scope photos, it is useful to have a 60-second timer. In the circuit



shown, depressing the pushbutton will cause the LED to go off (it is normally on), and then light again after 60 seconds. Adjust the time interval to exactly one minute by varying the 100-k pot.

-Mitch Cohen, Union, NJ

#### Unclogging A Desoldering Bulb

If you use a desoldering bulb, you might find that the TeflonTM nozzle clogs with solder occasionally. To prevent this, place a drop or two of heaving mineral oil into the nozzle before use. While the oil might smoke slightly from contact with hot solder, this is harmless and eliminates frequent cleaning of the nozzle.

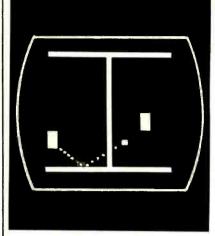
-Edward Brown, N. Miami Beach FL.

#### Plastic "Clips" Identify Cables

The plastic "clips" commonly used for closing plastic bags can double as cable identifiers. Properly label each clip, using a permanent felt-tip marker, and slip onto the cable. This will keep the many cables of your antenna farm, hi-fi system, etc. from becoming mixed up.

-Alan Prosser<mark>, N</mark>ew Brunswick, Canada.

# VIDEO **PING PONG**



- ATTACHES TO TV ANTENNA
- PLANS, PC CARD, COMPLETE KIT AVAIL.
- ONLY 14 IC'S (7400 FAMILY)

HOTEST ELECTRONIC GAME IN TOWN NOW CUSTOMIZE YOUR OWN HOME TV - SEND 50¢ FOR INFO PACK - RE-FUNDED WITH PURCHASE

VIDEO GAMES 20650 RUNNYMEDE, CANOGA CA 91306

CIRCLE NO. 61 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD



#### THE SHOPPING CENTER FOR ELECTRONICS

\*HOBBYISTS ... EXPERIMENTERS ... SERVICE TECHNICIANS ... ENGINEERS\*

YOUR SATISFACTION IS OUR TARGET!

Top Name Brands . . . Low Prices

AMPLE STOCKS - Including those hard-to-find Parts whether you want a 15¢ capacitor, or a \$50 FET-VOM — you can get it at EDI!

> Transistors, ICs, Modules, Speakers, Stereo, Hi-Fi, Photo cells and thousands of other Electronic Parts .

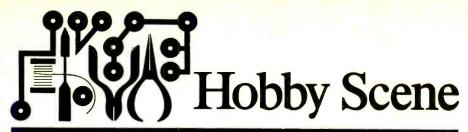
**SEND FOR YOUR** FREE CATALOG TODAY!

(updated 5 times a year) ELECTRONIC DISTRIBUTORS, INC. DEPT. PE-1 4900 Elston

_	Chicago, III.			
3	NAME			

Address City State Zip

CIRCLE NO. 23 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD



#### CAPACITANCE MULTIPLIER

Q. I've heard that it's possible to use a transistor to "amplify" the capacitance of a fixed capacitor. What does the circuit look like, and how much capacitance can be gotten from it?—Philip Alfonso, Highlands, NJ

A. A capacitance multiplier (Fig. A) can be used. It smooths a pulsating do voltage into a ripple-free one. The effective filter capacitance, C<sub>F</sub>, is euqal to the product of C<sub>f</sub>, the base filter capacitor, and  $\beta$ , the current gain of the transistor. It is possible to simulate capacitance values up to one farad or more by using medium-size electrolytics and high-beta transistors.

#### BROADCAST INTERFERENCE FILTER

Q. I have a small shortwave receiver and am experiencing interference from a new AM radio station on 1170 kHz. I pick up the AM station at many points on the shortwave bands. Is there any way I can stop this interference?-Doug Wirth, Somerville, N.J.

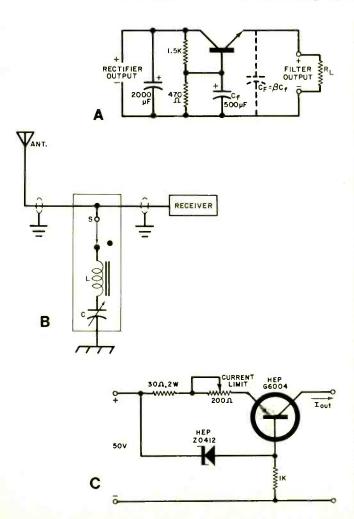
A. The interference you are experiencing is due to receiver overloading. Because you are so close to the broadcast station, its field strength at your home is very high. The shortwave receiver just can't cope with the strong signal levels and is generating false signals on the shortwave bands. A simple signal trap should be installed as shown (Fig. B). The coil can be a ferrite loop antenna coil for the AM band (Lafayette 34 F 87485). The capacitor should be a 365-pF variable unit. The Lafayette 99 F 62176 is ideal for this purpose since it has a calibrated dial. Install L and C in a metal utility box, which is bonded to a good earth ground. Be sure to use coaxial cable from the antenna to the trap, and from the trap to the receiver, and tie all chassis together by means of the coax braid. Adjust C for a null at the broadcast station's frequency and most of its signal will be shunted to ground. When listening on the AM broadcast band, (when filtering is not desired) open the switch.

#### REGULATED CURRENT SOURCE

Q. I need a current source with a regulated output covering 50 to 200 mA. Do you have a circuit?

-R. Crumb, Gary, Ind.

A. If you apply 50 V to the input of the circuit shown (Fig. C) 50 to 200 mA of regulated current can be obtained at the output. Adjust the potentiometer for the desired value. Use a good heat sink on the pass transistor to avoid thermal instability.



# SENCORE'S DVM32

## THE FIRST COMPLETE PORTABLE DIGITAL MULTIMETER



Less batteries \$198

#### IT'S ACCURATE

- Industry standard 3½ digit, L.E.D. readout.
- Complete measuring capabilities:
  - DC Volts: 1mV to 1999V, 4 ranges. MAC Volts: 1mV to 1000V, 4 MAC, DC Current: 1uA to 1.999A, 4 ranges .1 ohms to 19.99 megohms, 6 ranges \$\infty\$ 50 Kv capabilities using optional 1% High Voltage Probe
- Digital Accuracy

  BC Volts: ±.5% & AC Volts, Current: ± 1.5% BC Current and Ohms: ± 1%
- Complete High and Low Power ohms functions.
- High 15 megohm input impedance to minimize circuit loading

#### IT'S AUTOMATIC AND FAST

- Fast response time with 2½ updates a second.
- Automatic polarity, decimal and overrange indication.

#### TAKE IT ANYWHERE

- True portability using "C" cells, rechargeables or AC adaptor.
  Patent pending "Auto-Off" blanks bright L.E.D. display between measurements, drawing only 15mA, for the first, long life, battery operated L.E.D. digital multimeter.
- Portable protection. Tough Cycolac® case withstands field use.
- Overload protection to 2000V on DCV, 1000V on all other ranges.

#### BACKED BY OUR 100% MADE RIGHT LIFETIME GUARANTEE Available at your Sencore Full Line Promotional Distributor.

SENCORE 3200 Sencore Orive, Sioux Falls, S.O. 57107 Phone: 605-339-0100 TWX: 910-660-0300

## Now the most enjoyable. do-it-yourself project of your



life - a Schober Electronic Organ!

You'll never reap greater reward, more fun and proud accomplishment, more benefit for the whole family, than by assembling your own Schober Electronic Organ.

You need no knowledge of electronics, woodwork or music. Schober's complete kits and crystal-clear instructions show you whoever you are, whatever your skill (or lack of it) - how to turn the hundreds of quality parts into one of the world's most beautiful, most musical organs, worth up to twice the cost of the kit.

Five superb models, with kit prices from \$575 to around \$2,300, each an authentic musical instrument actually superior to most you see in stores.

Join the thousands of Schober Organ builder-owners who live in every state of the Union. Often starting without technical or music skills, they have the time of their lives —first assembling, then learning to play the modern King of instruments through our

superlative instructions and playing courses.
Get the full story FREE by mailing the coupon TODAY for the big Schober color catalog, with all the fascinating details!

The *Schober* Organ Corp., Dept. PE-61 43 West 61st Street, New York, N. Y. 10023 Please send me Schober Organ Catalog.

- ☐ Enclosed please find \$1.00 for 12-inch L.P. record of Schober Organ music.
- **INAME**

ADDRESS.

CITY

ZIP

STATE CIRCLE NO. 49 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD



Our volume buying power enables us to pass the savings on to you. Listen to us ... You can't go wrong

Fill out this coupon and mail to address below for our latest Free Catalogs.

Address -

□ AUDIO CATALOG MUSICAL INSTRUMENT CATALOG PE-9



7A AYLESBURY ROAD TIMONIUM, MD. 21093 [301] 252-6880

CIRCLE NO. 55 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD



# **Electronics Library**

#### TRANSISTOR SUBSTITUTION HANDBOOK No. 14

The fourteenth edition of the Transistor Substitution Handbook has been updated by the Howard Sams Engineering Staff to include the latest type numbers. Section 1 contains substitutions for American and foreign transistors, arranged in numerical and alphabetical order. Types recommended by the manufacturers of generalpurpose replacement transistors are included at the end of each list of substitutes. Additional data on the general-purpose types—the manufacturer, polarity, material (Ge or Si), and the recommended applications-are reviewed in Section 2. When an exact replacement is impossible, the closest match is listed. Over 10,000 bipolar types are included.

Published by Howard W. Sams and Co., 4300 W. 62nd Street, Indianapolis, IN 46206. 152 pages (81/2 x 11). \$2.95 softbound.

#### RCA COLOR TV SERVICE HANDBOOK

The fifth volume of RCA's Color TV Service Handbook provides service data for 1973 and 1974 models of 16 manufacturers, including Admiral, GE, Hitachi, Magnayox, Motorola, Panasonic, Philco, RCA, Sony, Sylvania and Zenith. A Chassis Index guides the user to information on chassis layouts, hot and cold leakage current checks, RCA tube and SK semiconductor replacements, and several adjustment procedures, such as those for purity, convergence, agc, horizontal hold, color killer, pin cushion, black-and-white set-up, color APFC (field), and high voltage. Information in the book is based on each manufacturer's service notes.

Published by RCA Commercial Engineering, Harrison, NJ 07029. 276 pages. Soft cover \$3.75

#### DIAL 911: MODERN EMERGENCY COMMUNICA-TIONS NETWORKS

by Leo Sands and George Leon The communications networks used to handle emergency traffic by public service agencies are described in this book. Dispatching techniques, hardware aspects of these systems, and detailed information about systems in operation in New York, Philadelphia, and other cities are highlighted. Also covered are foot patrolman's communications, electronic surveillance, "bugging," polygraphs, voice identification, and call box systems. Citizens' participation in these networks (by CB and



CIRCLE NO. 1 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

# A Major Advance...



- \*INSURES PROPER COMBUSTION
- \*EASIER STARTING
- \*LONGER POINTS and PLUG LIFE
- \*INCREASE MILEAGE up to 40%
- \*EASY INSTALLATION (12v neg. gnd.)

Labtronics' Multiple Restrike (M-R) Ignition produces a high energy repetitive spark on each power stroke to effectively ignite the air/fuel mixture. M-R statistically insures more complete combustion - resulting in greater energy and increased efficiency. Send for Labtronics' free literature on the M-R system. Better yet, experience M-R and enjoy the pleasure and the economy of a well-performing engine.

■Model VI \$79.95 • 1 Year Warranty •
■Model VI-B \$59.95
■Brochure 30 Day Money
P.P.D. in U.S.A. Back Guarantee
Send Check or Money Order to:
Labtronics, Incorporated
3635 Hittside, Yositanti, Michigan 48197

DEDICATED TO EFFICIENCY CIRCLE NO. 27 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

POPULAR ELECTRONICS



FOR JUST 29.95 YOU WILL RECEIVE THE BASIC ESSENTIALS. YOU NEED ONLY SUPPLY A FEW CAPACITORS AND RESISTORS AND THE READILY AVAILABLE MAN 3 DISPLAYS. THE MODULE HOUSING IS UP TO YOU.

THE BASIC PARTS KIT CONTAINS PC FOIL LAYOUT, IC. INSTRUCTIONS, TRIMMER, CRYSTAL AND 4 DRIVERS



DEPT 1 PO BOX 1005
MERRITT ISLAND, FLA. 32952
TO ORDER OR FOR INFORMATION

CALL TOLL FREE 800 - 327 - 2084

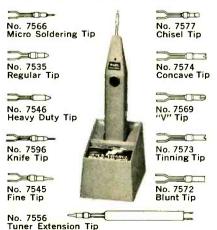
CIRCLE NO. 6 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

# ISOATIP.

# **QUICK CHARGE**

Recharges in 1/3rd the time of any other cordless iron.

Complete line of accessories available:



# WAHL CLIPPER CORPORATION ORIGINATORS OF PRACTICAL CORDLESS SOLDERING

Sterling, Illinois 61081 (815) 625-6525
"Manufacturing Excellence Since 1919"

CIRCLE NO. 60 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD SEPTEMBER 1975

amateur radio operators) is described. A list of police radio frequencies forms an appendix.

Published by Hayden Book Co., 50 Essex Street, Rochelle Park, NJ 07662. 118 pages. \$3.95 soft cover.

# HOW IT WORKS ... HOW TO FIX IT HOME/ENTERTAINMENT PRODUCTS

Written for the home handyman, this book explains in simple language how televisions, audio products, photographic equipment, typewriters and power tools operate. Tips on making minor repairs are given, supplemented with illustrations and glossaries. To keep those products operating before and after you fix them, suggestions are made on routine maintenance. With the cost of skilled repair services mounting, this book will be of interest to those with the desire and basic mechanical aptitude to repair these devices in their own home.

Published by Rand McNally and Co., 10 E. 53rd St., New York, NY 10022. 98 pages  $(8\frac{1}{2})^{2} \times 11^{2}$ . \$1.95 soft cover.

#### THE CALCULATING BOOK

by James Rodgers Subtitled "Fun and Games with Your Pocket Calculator," this book presents puzzles, tricks, and games for a four-banger with floating decimal and a chain/constant switch. Following the instructions set down by the author, you can make your calculator say "hello" (enter 07734 and read upside-down), compute famous dates in American history, guess numbers that your friends make up, and approximate square roots and  $\pi.$  Basic calculator functions and operations are also explained for more serious applications.

Published by Random House, Inc., 201 E. 50th St., New York, NY 10022, 81 pages. \$2.95 soft cover.

#### **ELECTRONIC CIRCUIT BEHAVIOR**

by Daniel Metzger

An overview of electronics, including a capsule history and fundamental concepts and theorems, introduces this work. Using simple algebra and right-triangle trigonometry, the author describes how actual electronic components work in a circuit, rather than going into deep theoretical analyses. Among the areas covered are diodes, power supplies, transistors (bipolar), switching and amplifier circuits, FET's, oscillators, linear and digital IC's. and feedback circuits. The final chapter highlights typical circuits that appear in commercial equipment. Appendices include schematic symbols, popular packages, charts, tables, formula derivations, and selected device specifications.

Published by Prentice-Hall, Inc., Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632. 426 pages. \$15.95 hard cover.

# FILES ENTALOS

# 346 Ways To Save On Instruments, Burglar Alarms, Automotive & Hobby Electronics!

The more you know about electronics, the more you'll appreciate EICO. We have a wide range of products for you to choose from, each designed to provide you with the most pleasure and quality performance for your money. The fact that more than 3 million EICO products are in use attests to their quality and performance.

# "Build-it-Yourself" and save up to 50% with our famous electronic kits.

For latest EICO Catalog on Test Instruments, Automotive and Hobby Electronics, Eicocraft Project kits, Burglar-Fire Alarm Systems and name of nearest EICO Distributor, check reader service card or send 50¢ for fast first class mail service.

#### EICO-283 Malta Street, Brooklyn, N.Y. 11207

Leadership in creative electronics since 1945.

CIRCLE ND. 20 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD



## 12 REASONS YOUR CAR NEEDS TIGER CDI

Instant starting in any weather - Eliminates tune-ups - Increases gas mileage - Increases borsepower 15% - Improves acceleration and performance - Spark plugs last up to 70,000 miles - Reduces engine maintenance expense - Amplifies spark plug voltage to 45,000 volts - Maintains spark plug voltage to 10,000 RPM - Reduces exhaust emissions - Dual ignition switch - An Unconditional LIFETIME GUARANTEE Installs in 10 minutes on any car with 12 volt negative ground - No rewiring - Most powerful, efficient and reliable Solid State Ignition made.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED or money back

TIGER 500 assembled . . . . . \$53.95 TIGER SST assembled . . . . . \$42.95 Post Paid in U.S.A.

Send check or money order with order to:

# Tri-Star Corporation

P.O. Box 1727 C Grand Junction, Colorado 81501

#### DEALER INQUIRIES INVITED

CIRCLE NO. 57 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD



send for your FREE copy now!!!

In it you'll find hundreds of quality consumer electronic products. Amateur radios, CB radios, scanners, antennas, masts, towers, rotors, tools, components, electronic kits, technical books, test gear, digital watches, calculators, portable radios, televisions, microphones, speakers, audio equipment, high fidelity, stereo systems, tape recorders, and much, much more. If it's electronic and it's quality, TECO has it.

WRITE FOR YOUR FREE COPY TODAY.



P. O. Box 1050 . Garland. Texas 75040

CIRCLE NO. 59 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

# **Operation Assist**

If you need information on outdated or rare equipment—a schematic, parts list, etc.—another reader might be able to assist. Simply send a postcard to Operation Assist, POPULAR ELECTRONICS. 1 Park Ave. New York, NY 10016. For those who can help readers, please respond directly to them. They if appreciate it. (Only those items regarding equipment not available from normal sources are published.)

York 4-Band Portable Radio, Model G34. Schematic, L. Palliser, c/o Pecan Manor, Central State Hospital, Milledgeville, GA 31062.

Precision Apparatus Tube & Battery Tester, Series 612. Source or copies of tube update rollers. Albert Stock, RD 1, Bushkill, PA 18324.

General Electronic Music Napoli Organ (468203) and Hyler Ignition Scope Model 326-A. Schematics. Peter Donneau. 11 Blanche Avenue. Cumberland, RI 02864.

Craig Electronic Notebook Model 490. Recording Tapes. Paul Chance, 17990 Graystone Lane. San Jose. CA 95120.

Federal Telephone & Radio AM/SW Receiver Model 1030-T. Schematic. Robert Remes, 813 N. Noland, Independence, MO 64050.

Jackson Electrical Instument Dynamic Tube Tester Model 636 and Winston Research Automatic Gain Control Model C. Service manuals and/or schematics. Leo Krebs. Box 842. Apple Valley, CA 92307.

Jackson Electrical Instrument AM-FM Signal Generator Model 641A. Schematic. J. James. 1187 W. 23rd St., Vancouver. BC V7P 2H2.

E.H. Scott 6-Band (150 kHz to 80 MHz) Receiver Serial E-706. Schematic and/or service manual. Jim Segrave. 5987 Franklin Ave.. Apt. 201. Los Angeles. CA 90028

General Household Utility Cabinet Model Grunow Radio (1935). Any available information, Ted Jensen, 33 Field Road, Silver Bay, MN 55614

Fisher X-101 Stereo Amplifier. Schematic. Delbert Cox. 205 Y St., Newburgh, NY 12550.

A.H. Grebe Cabinet Radio (serial 212048) and/or Atwater Kent Model 55. Any available information. Gerald Linden, 407 Longfield Rd., Erdenheim, PA 19118.

Wardle-Davenport Free Precision Proton Magnetometer Schematic and/or service into. C, Fred Goodwin. Coordinator, SMVTI. 2 Fort Road, South Portland. ME 04106.

Blaupunkt (Kofferradio) Derby Receiver Model 94770. Tuning capacitor or source for same. Edward Dygert. RD 1. Box 262. Mohawk, NY 13407.

Scintillonics (Ft. Collins, CO) Radiation Detector (meter calibrated in microroentgens/hour). Battery placement data. calibration and operating instructions. C.J. Orciuch, 982 Rosada Ct., Camarillo, CA 93010

Clairtone Solid-State 17 Stereo Receiver. Schematic and/or service info. Wayne Beirg. 1691 Garland Ave.. Tustin. GA 92680.

Argus Model AV800 CCTV Cameras. Schematic and specs. Robert Hastings. 4650 E. Fulton # 109, Tulsa. OK 74135.

Note: Supreme Publications offers schematics and service information on many old radio and TV receivers. Usual cost is \$1 for radio material and \$1.50 for TV material. covering a specific set. Address: 1760 Balsam Road. Highland Park. III.

For more information on items mentioned in editorial copy or ads, circle appropriate number on the "Free Information" Card.

# =ABOUT YOUR= SUBSCRIPTION

Your subscription to POPULAR ELECTRONICS is maintained on one of the world's most modern, efficient computer systems, and if you're like 99% of our subscribers, you'll never have any reason to complain about your subscription service.

We have found that when com-

We have found that when complaints do arise, the majority of them occur because people have written their names or addresses differently at different times. For example, if your subscription were listed under "William Jones, Cedar Lane, Middletown, Arizona," and you were to renew it as "Bill Jones, Cedar Lane, Middletown, Arizona," our computer would think that two separate subscriptions were involved, and it would start sending you two copies of POPULAR ELECTRONICS each month. Other examples of combinations of names that would confuse the computer would include: John Henry Smith; and Mrs. Joseph Jones and Mary Jones. Minor differences in addresses can also lead to difficulties. For example, to the computer, 100 Second St. is not the same as 100 2nd St.

So, please, when you write us about your subscription, be sure to enclose the mailing label from the cover of the magazine—or else copy your name and address exactly as they appear on the mailing label. This will greatly reduce any chance of error, and we will be able to service your request much more quickly.

# SAVE!

MONEY . TIME . FREIGHT

- QUALITY STEREO EQUIPMENT AT LOWEST PRICES.
- YOUR REQUEST FOR QUOTA-
- FACTORY SEALED CARTONS—GUARANTEED AND INSURED.
- SAVE ON NAME BRANDS LIKE:

A.R. DYNACO SONY

SHURE KOSS FISHER

PIONEER
AND MORE THAN 50 OTHERS
BUY THE MODERN WAY
BY MAIL—FROM



Department 217S 12 East Delaware Chicago, Illinois 60611 312-664-0020

CIRCLE NO. 63 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD
POPULAR ELECTRONICS

# LIVE IN THE WORLD OF TOMORROW...TODAY!

And our FREE 164 PAGE CATALOG is packed with exciting and unusual values in electronic, hobby and science items — plus 4,500 finds for fun, study or profit . . . for every member of the family.

## A BETTER LIFE STARTS HERE

#### He-Ne LASERS FROM \$115.00



Stock No. 79,050AV

3 Omw min — DEPENDABLE HI-POWERED LASER: 1.0mm beam dia , 0.8mRad

#### The MOST POWERFUL SOLAR CELL!



World's biggest (3" dia.), strongest silicon cell delivers over 1 amp. *ia* .5v D.C. or ½W. 5 *times* more efficient per cost than ever before!

Only 1 mil thick. Tab leads for any circuit, 100's of applications. Hook in series for more voltage; parallel--more current. Real breakthrough!

No. 42,270AV	\$19.95 Ppd.
2" DIA. 500 mA. @ .5v No. 42,145AV	\$9.95 Ppd.
PIE-SHAPED 1/4 2" DIA. 100	mA. (a .5v

#### **PRO ELECTRONIC** SOUND CATCHER

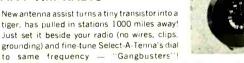


Parabolic mike w/ 18-3/4" reflecting shield 2 I.C.'s in amplifier magnifies signals 100X that of omni-directional mikes. Catch a songbird 1/2 mile off; QB's huddle strategy; sounds never before heard. Super directivity

gives highest signal to noise ratio poss. Safe: auto. cuts off ear damaging noises. Earphones, tape recorder output, tripod socket. Req. two 9v trans. batt. (not incl).

\$299.00 Ppd. . (51/2 LB.) .. No. 1649AV BIG EAR "TOY" MODEL #80,176AV ......\$32.25 Ppd.

#### SUPER POWER FOR ANY AM RADIO



Terrific for sportsmen, vacationers. Great for clearing weak signals in radio depressed area, off-coast islands, stations in crowded frequencies. Solid stateuses no electricity, batts., tubes. Works almost forever.

#### WHEN YOU COME TO PHILADELPHIA BE SURE TO SEE S FREE BICENTENNIAL LIGHT SHOW EDMUND FACTORY STORE

"POP" YOUR OWN BUTTONS

Make customized badges in minutes!
Create your own, reproduce photos with name affixed. Great anywhere, from kindergarten to business meetings, to school sports. Sell for profit!
Ingenious badge machine makes permanent buttons; kit includes precision cast hand die press, matching color dies, starter asst. for 25 complete badges including plastic protectors. Sold nationally for several dollars each, yours will pay off fast. Step-by-step instrs.

Stock No. 71,974 AV \$31.50 Ppd.

Stock No. 71,974 AV \$31.50 Ppd.

100 EXTRA BADGE PARTS

.\$13.50 Ppd.



#### AN ALPHA MONITOR FOR \$34.95?

Yes, because you build it! Use your ability to tune in your brainwaves, an aid to relaxation, concentration. Kit incls. everything you need (except 9v trans. batt.) to own a pittance: steth. earphones. electrode headband. solid-state circuitry; 5 microvolt sensitivity, more! Compl. assembly instructions & op. manual. With basic electronics knowledge, you can do it!

tronics knowledge, you can do it!

No. 61.069AV	(KIT)	\$34.95 Ppd
No. 71,809AV	(FULLY ASSEMBLED)	\$55.00 Ppd

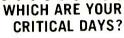


#### **BUILD A SOLAR HOME** AND SAVE!

Beat the energy crisis-build a modern 10 room solar heated & air conditioned home designed by famous ecological architect Malcom B. Wells! Its 10-yr-proven Thomason
"Solaris System" can cut conventional heating
costs as much as much as 2/3! Your builder can modify or use as-is the complete

blueprints included with "Solar House Plans III" (by Edmund, Homan Thomason & Wells). Estimated \$40,000 building cost. 48-pg book shows all pro's and cons.

9469AV (81/2 × 11" PPRBK	)
--------------------------	---



Can Bio-rhythm tell you? We're not sure, but Can Bio-rhythm tell you? We're not sure, but we're told that vast mood shifts are caused by your body's Internal Time Clock whose rhythms can be charted ahead to possibly warn you of "critical" days. Some are great, some blah. Maybe it's your physical, emotional & Intellectual rhythms converging at the right or wrong time. Compute your cycles with our Bio-rhythm kit and judge for yourself, Incls Charting kit, metal Dialgraft Calculistics.

Stock No. 71,949AV	\$14.50 Ppa.
1 YR. PERSONALIZEO REPORT BY COMPUTER	
Stock No. 19,200AV (send Birthdate)	\$15.95. Ppd.



#### CAN'T SLEEP, RELAX? TRY THIS!

Electronic sound conditioner simulates 4 kinds of soothing sounds of ocean surf and rain. "White sound" helps mask unwanted noise, adds restful, intriguing background sound. Program the solid-state unit to your own need: 2 surf, 2 rain: or "white sound", proven by medical tests to have

analgesic effects. Great for meditation, restlessness, sleeplessness psychology.

(A)-No. 71,997AV (71/2×7×31/2") 110V AC	\$79.95 Ppd
(B)-AS ABOVE, BUT "WHITE SOUND" ONLY	
No. 71,980AV (6" Rd. × 31/2" Hi)	\$28.00 Ppd



# MAIL COUPON FOR

164 PAGES • MORE THAN
500 UNUSUAL
BARGAINS

mpletely new 1975 editi electrical and electroma ronomical Telescopes, pes, Binoculars, Magn ingnetic parts, accessories, unumber ... Unique lighting and ecological in gnitiers, Magnets, Lenses, Prisms I ous scientific tools, 1000's of compo-EDMUND SCIENTIFIC CO.

300 Edscorp Building, Barrington, N. J. 08007

Please rush F	ree Glant Catalog	AV
Name,		
Address		
		_

!	
	PLEASE SI
	☐ Charge my Ba☐ Charge my M Interbank N
	My Card No. Is
- I	Card Expiration 30-DAY MONEY You must be

COMPLET	E & MAII	L WITH CHE	CK OK A	۸.٥.
EDMUND S	CIENTIFIC C	CO. 300 Edscorp Buil	ding, Barrington,	N.J. 080ù
	ny Stock No.	Description	Price Each	Total
FREE CATALOG "AV"				
Charge my BankAmericard ——	+			
Charge my Master Charge * Add H		, Orders Under \$5.00, 50¢,		
My Card No. Is	orters to	eliciose Deliber Dillolley	order for TOTAL \$	-
		Signature		
Card Expiration Date				
30-DAY MONEY-BACK GUARANTEE.	Name			
You must be satisfied or return any purchase in 30 days for full				-
refund. *\$15.00 minimum		Stat	e Zi	P

# **ELECTRONICS MARKET PLACE**

NON-DISPLAY CLASSIFIED: COMMERCIAL RATE: For firms or individuals offering commercial products or services, \$1.80 per word (including name and address). Minimum order \$27.00. Payment must accompany copy except when ads are placed by accredited advertising agencies. Frequency discount; 5% for 6 months; 10% for 12 months paid in advance. READER RATE: For individuals with a personal item to buy or sell, \$1.10 per word (including name and address.) No minimum! Payment must accompany copy. DISPLAY CLASSIFIED: 1" by 1 column (2-1/4" wide), \$215.00. 2" by 1 column, \$430.00. 3" by 1 column, \$645.00. Advertiser to supply cuts. For frequency rates, please inquire.

GENERAL INFORMATION: First word in all adsiset in bold caps at no extra charge. All copy subject to publisher's approval. All advertisers using Post Office Boxes in their addresses MUST supply publisher with permanent address and telephone number before ad can be run. Advertisements will not be published which advertise or promote the use of devices for the surreptitious interception of communications. Closing Date: 1st of the 2nd month preceding cover date (for example, March issue closes January 1st. Send order and remittance to POPULAR ELECTRONICS, One Park Avenue, New York, New York 10016. Attention: Hal Cymes

#### FOR SALE

FREE! Bargain Catalog-I.C.'s, LED's, readouts, fiber optics, calculators parts & kits, semiconductors, parts. Poly Paks, Box 942PE, Lynnfield, Mass. 01940.

GOVERNMENT Surplus Receivers, Transmitters, Snooperscopes, Radios, Parts, Picture Catalog 25 cents. Meshna, Nahant, Mass. 01908.

LOWEST Prices Electronic Parts. Confidential Catalog Free. KNAPP, 3174 8th Ave. S.W., Largo, Fla. 33540.

ELECTRONIC PARTS, semiconductors, kits, EREE FLYER Large catalog \$1.00 deposit. BIGELOW ELECTRONICS, Bluffton, Ohio 45817

RADIO-T.V. Tubes-36 cents each. Send for free catalog. Cornell, 4213 University, San Diego, Calif. 92105.

AMATEUR SCIENTISTS, Electronics Experimenters, Science Fair Students. Construction plans—Complete, including drawings, schematics, parts list with prices and sources Robot Man — Psychedelic shows — Lasers — Emotion/Lie Detector — Touch Tone Dial — Quadraphonic Adapter — Transistorized Ignition — Burglar Alarm Sound Meter over 60 items. Send 50 cents coin (no stamps) for complete catalog. Technical Writers Group, Box 5994, University Station, Raleigh, N.C. 27607.

MFTFRS-Surplus, new used, panel or portable. Send for list. Hanchett, Box 5577, Riverside, CA 92507

TELEPHONE "BUGGED"? Countermeasures Brochure \$1.00, Negeye, Drawer 547, Pennsboro, W. VA 26415.

ALTAIR 8800 USERS!

DID YOU KNOW ...

- that our 4K memory board can remember things after you pull the
- plug!

   that our I/O module will interface
  two TV typewriters, with keyboards, a
  teletype and modem, all at the same
- that all of our modules are 100% compatible with the 8800 computer! that our Software is FREE! or close to it that we deliver on time!!

INPUT/OUTPUT

INPUT/OUTPUT
This one card will meet all common I/O requirements. Interface your Altair with the TV Typewriter and at the same time a teletype or modem, plus other devices.

• Two parallel input and output ports
• One serial I/O for any teletype and/or EIA RS-232C device, uses a UART
• Two special ports for any imaginable control needs
• Serial data rate from 35 to 9600 baud
• Full I/O handshaking provided
ORDER KIT No. 3P+S.....\$125.

MEMORIES

MEMORIES
Our high speed, low power static read write memory (RAM) allows the 8800 to run at top speed. All our memory IC's are 100% tested to Military STD-883! Each card accepts up to 4096 8 bit words.
ORDER KIT No. 4KRA
4KRA-4, w/4096 8-bit words...\$215.
4KRA-2, w/2048 8-bit words...\$135.

Our PROM card accepts up to eight 1702A or 5203 erasable programmable read only memories. All necessary 8800 interface logic is provided but NO PROM's.

ORDER KIT No. 2KRO .... \$ 50.

Write for assembled unit pricing, Send for our FREE flyer or order now from:

PROCESSOR TECHNOLOGY CO. 2465P Fourth St., Berkeley, Calif. 94710 (415) 549-0857

Terms: All items postpaid if full payment comes with order. Calif. residents add sales tax. COD orders must include 25% deposit. Discounts: 5% orders over \$375: 10% orders over \$600.

WE SELL CONSTRUCTION PLANS. TELEPHONE: Answering Machine, Speakerphone, Carphone, Phonevision, Auto Dialer, Touch Button Dialer, Central Dial System. TELEVISION: \$35.00 Color Converter, Video Tape Recorder. \$25.00 Camera. HOBBYIST: Electron Microscope, 96 Hour Tape Music System, Ultrasonic Dishwasher, Radar-Oven, Plans \$4,95 each, NEW ITEM: \$75. Electronic Pocket Calculator, \$7.50, COURSES: Telephone Engineering \$39.50. Detective Electronics \$22.50. Integrated Circuit Engineering, \$49.50. NEW SUPER HOBBY CATALOG plus year's subscription to Electronic News Letter AIRMAILED \$1.00. Don Britton Enterprises, 6200 Wilshire Blvd., Los Angeles, Calif. 90048.

MECHANICAL, ELECTRONIC devices catalog 10 cents Greatest Values - Lowest Prices. Fertik's, 5249 "D", Philadelphia, Pa. 19120.

SOUND SYNTHESIZER KITS-Surf \$12.95, Wind \$12.95, Wind Chimes \$17.95, Electronic Songbird \$6.95, Musical Accessories, many more. Catalog free. PAIA Electronics, Box J14359, Oklahoma City, OK 73114.

BUGGED??? New locator finds them fast. Write, Clifton, 11500-L N.W. 7th Avenue, Miami, Florida 33168.

#### **DISCOUNT PRICES** B&K, SENCORE, LEADER, RCA

EICO, FLUKE and HICKOK

Test Equipment
ICC/Servicemaster, RCA and Raytheon Tubes
Complete line of electronic Supplies Free Catalog

FORDHAM RADIO SUPPLY CO., INC.

Bronx, N.Y. 10451 558 Morris Ave

FREE CATALOG. Parts, circuit boards for POPULAR ELECTRONICS projects. PAIA Electronics, Box C14359, Oklahoma City, OK 73114.

YOU WILL SAVE BIG MONEY! Surplus, Clearouts, Bankruptcy, Inventory, Deals. Catalog \$1 (redeemable). ETCOA Electronics, Box 741, Montreal, H3C 2V2, U.S. Inquiries

HEAR POLICE/FIRE Dispatchers! Catalog shows exclusive directories of "confidential" channels, receivers. Send 10 cent stamp. Communications, Box 56-PE, Commack, N.Y. 11725.

CONVERT any television to sensitive, big-screen oscilloscope. Only minor changes required. No electronic experience necessary. Illustrated plans \$2.00. Sanders, Dept. A-33, Box 92102, Houston, Texas 77010.

CD IGNITIONS, VHF/UHF monitors, crystals, CB radios, Southland, Box 3591-B, Baytown, Texas 77520.

CRYSTALS, Scanners, \$3.88, include make and frequency G Enterprises, P.O. Box 461PC, Clearfield, UT 84105.

ALPHA/THETA BRAINWAVE biofeedback instruments Analog instruments from \$125: digital processing systems from \$225. BioScan, Box 14168-E, Houston, Texas 77021.

SURPRISE! Build inexpensively, the most Unusual Test Instruments, Futuristic Gadgets using Numerical Readouts! Catalogue Free! GBS, Box 100A, Green Bank. West Virginia 24944.

WHOLESALE Scanners, CB, Crystals, Directories SSB/AM, Catalog 25 cents. G—Enterprises, Box 461P. Clearfield, Utah 84105.

LEARN DESIGN TECHNIQUES. Electronics Design Newsletter. Digital. linear construction projects, design theory and procedures. Annual subscription \$6.00, sample copy \$1.00. Valley West. Box 2119-B, Sunnyvale, California

TELEPHONES UNLIMITED, equipment, supplies. Catalog 50 cents. Box 1654E. Costa Mesa. Calif. 92626.

SURPRISE! SURPRISE! Digital Plano Tuning Device tunes musical instruments Accurately! Perfectly! Inexpensively! Construction-Instruction-Plans Complete \$12.95 Airmailed Postpaid! Moonlighting quickly repays \$40 electronics investment! GBS, Box 100P, Green Bank, West Virginia

PYROTECHNICAL chemicals casings fuse, tools, literature, supplies. Catalog-50 cents, with samples — \$2,00. Westech, Logan, Utah 84321

DIGITAL ELECTRONICS! Highly effective course brings immediate results, \$10.00. Satisfaction or \$11.00 refunded! Plans, Projects, Free Literature, DYNASIGN, Box 60A7. Wayland, Mass. 01778

UNSCRAMBLERS: Fits any scanner or monitor, easily adjusts to all scrambled frequencies. Only 4" square \$29.95, fully guaranteed. Dealer inquiries welcomed. PDQ Electronics, Box 841, North Little Rock, Arkansas 72115. ELECTRONIC parts, low prices, free flyer: DARTEK ELEC-TRONICS, Box 2460, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia, Canada U.S. Inquiries.



RECONDITIONED Test Equipment, \$0.50 for catalog Walter, 2697 Nickel, San Pablo, CA 94806



FREE giant bargain electronic catalog listing thousands of components, tubes, transistors, IC's, kits, test equipment. EDLIE'S, 2700-PG Hempstead Tpke., Levittown, N.Y.

CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS: Laser, \$2.00. TV Camera, \$3.95. Catalog. Technologic, Box 5262, Orchard Lake, Michigan 48033.

FREE Bargain Catalog. Ultrasonic devices, LEDS, transistors, IC's, keyboards, Xtals, unique components. Chaney's, Box 15431, Lakewood, CO 80215.

CARBON FILM RESISTORS. Brand new as low as 2-1/4 cents. FREE samples and specifications. COMPONENTS CENTER-PE, Box 134, New York, NY 10038.

ALPHA BRAINWAVE MONITOR-New from EICO. Model BW300 Kit. \$34.95; Wired, \$59.95 Postpaid. Send check or money order, M&K Electronic Corp., 135-33 Northern Blvd., Flushing, N.Y. 11354.



FOR A New Electronic Experience, learn to control your brainwaves. Aquarius Electronics, Box 96ZE, Albion, CA 95410

TEST EQUIPMENT-DISCOUNT PRICES: B&K, Sencore, Leader, EICO, Lectrotech. M&K Electronic Corp., 135-33 Northern Blvd., Flushing, N. Y. 11354.

# RT OR PACK

# TERMINAL COMPONENTS FOR YOUR SYSTEM OR OURS



Baudot Keyboard (Order: RMK)

Micro Switch Hall effect solid-state keyboard manufactured by Honeywell - no contacts or parts to wear out - 51 keys and two special direct control keys plus 16 additional encoded keys. NEW. 5 volt supply, 8 level Baudot code. Add \$1.50 for shipping, handling, insurance. \$44.50 \$44.50

Baudot-ASCII Keyboard (Order: RMKA)

With plug in conversion board to ASCII code, including lower case, and ASCII control functions. Custom encoding and new custom key tops will be available. Add \$1.50 for handling, shipping, \$54.50 insurance.

PACKAGE ONE
TV Terminal III (Order: RM TVT)

A complete I/O device - our RM Terminal unit using the case, keyboard, (combination Baudot or ASCII code), power supply, the complete RM terminal, and including our TV TERMINAL III kit of parts and PC boards, including all IC's, transistors, memories, resistors, caps. The display terminal is an improved version of the device described in February, March, April issues of Radio-Electronics. Complete RM terminal and TV Terminal III.

Add \$5.00 for shipping, handling, and insurance.

#### PACKAGE TWO

Altair\*-TV Terminal III (Order: RM TVALT)

Same as above but includes interface to Altair 8800 to plug in parallel I/O card (kit version) for complete input and output display capabilities. Add \$5.00 for handling, shipping, and insurance.

#### **PACKAGE THREE**

Mark 8 Minicomputer (Order: RM MK8)

The Famous Mark 8, as described in July, 1974 Radio-Electronics (construction manual available from them at \$5.00) using the 8008 8 bit micro processor IC - includes PC boards, 8008, all TTL, resistors, caps (no switches, hardware, or Memory IC's, or Memory Boards). Memory listed separately below. Does include input and output boards

## Memory Boards For Any Above Systems

These can also be used with Mark 8, Mod 8, (also Sclebi, Altair 8800\* with proper adaptation)

C-MOD 8-9 board with 256 x 8 of memory	\$33.95	5
C-MOD 8-5 board with 1 K x 8 memory	. 49.95	5
C-MOD 8-5 board with 2K x 8 memory		
C-MOD -6 Accomodates 4 - eight bit inputs	24.95	5
C-MOD -7 Accompdates 4 - eight bit outputs		

Please note - above boards quoted with normal speed memory - 1000 ns. For 8080 based systems 500 ns memory is recommended - please add \$2 per each 256 bytes (256 x 8) of memory ordered.

#### \*TradeMark

C.O.D. orders will be accepted (\$1 extra charge), if a 20% deposit is sent with the order.
All prices subject to change without notice; all offers subject to withdrawal.

N.Y. residents add 7% tax.

PACKAGE FOUR C-MOD 8 Minicomputer (Order: RM C8)

Introducing the C-MOD 8 in conjunction with the RM Introducing the C-MOD 8 in conjunction with the RM Terminal unit - a second generation system based on a design of an 8008 system originally developed by Microsystems International, called the MIL Mod 8. The system offered is a minimum system, priced less memory, and consists of a CPU and address latch board, and an interface board to the RM Terminal. Comes with plated-through hole PC boards, all TTL, 8008, resistors, caps, and the RM terminal as caps, and the RM terminal as described, and a backplane with 6 connectors.

PACKAGE FIVE

C-MOD 80 Minicomputer (Order: RM C80)

Introducing the new C-MOD 80 system - the 8080 version of the system above featuring faster processing times and twice as many instructions, the minimum system is offered - A CPU board and an interface board to the RM terminal, (Memory, and other input and output cards extra - see below) but comes with backplane with 6 connectors, all TTL, the famous 8080 8 bit CPU chip, resistors, capacitors, in combination with the RM Terminal described below.

Riker-Maxson Terminal (Order: RMT)

MiniMicroMart has obtained a quantity of new Riker-Maxson computer reservation terminals. Complete, less teletype printer. Contains Micro Switch kevboard, shown above, and a panel of 11 push-button illiminated momentary contact Dialco switches, as well as power supply, Boxer fan, all enclosed in an attractive housing - could be used to house complete minicomputer system. Also contains complete terminal electronics, 7 PC boards [TTL logic]; it transmits a distinct code of its own, responds to

being polled by central computer, provides for special formatting, and has capability of STORING and EDITING 512 eight bit words, then transmitting them on command. Unit can be used as is or modified for your requirements. Originally sold for more than \$3000. Add \$4.00 for handling, shipping, insurance. \$109.95

Power Supply Module (Order: RMPS)

The modular power supply is available separately. It will supply 5 amps at 5 volts, with overvoltage crowbar protections. Furnishes -5 volts [regulated] and two windings offering 24 volts DC unregulated: When our RM Terminal is offered with a kit, we supply necessary components to alter the PS to supply needed voltages. NEW. Add \$2.00 for handling, shipping, insurance.

## Other Combination Offers

We will be offering the terminal units with the world famous DEC PDP-8A and LSI-11 systems - perhaps the two most popular minicomputer systems ever introduced - featuring brand new boards, fully built, tested, and guaranteed by the Digital Equipment Corp. The PDP-8A is a 12 bit machine - the LSI-11-s a 16 bit machine. The backplane and the interface to the RM Terminal is of our design. Please write for prices and details.

1618 James Street, Syracuse, N.Y. 13203, Phone: (315) 422-4467

DATA SHEETS
WITH EVERY ITEM
749 IC WITH
EVERY \$10 ORDER\*

3/\$1.00

- REDUCE YOUR PROJECT COSTS
- MONEY-BACK GUARANTEE
- 24-HOUR SHIPMENT
- ALL TESTED AND GUARANTEED

TRANSISTORS (NPN):	
2N3563 TYPE RF Amp & Osc to 1 GHz (pl.2N918)	6/\$1.00
2N3565 TYPE Gen. Purpose High Gain (TO-92/106)	6/\$1.00
2N3567 TYPE High-Current Amplifier/Sw 500 mA	4/\$1.00
2N3866 TYPE RF Power Amp 1.5 W @ 450 MHz	\$1.50
2N3903 TYPE GP Amp & Sw to 100 mA and 30 MHz	6/\$1.00
2N3919 TYPE RF Power Amp 10-25 W@ 3-30 MHz	\$3.00
2N4274 TYPE Ultra-High Speed Switch 12 ns	4/\$1.00
MPS6515 TYPE High-Gain Amplifier her 250	3/\$1.00
Assort, NPN GP TYPES, e.g. 2N3694, 2N3903, etc. (15)	\$2.00
2N3638 TYPE (PNP) GP Amp & Sw to 300 mA	4/\$1.00
2N4249 TYPE (PNP) Low-Noise Amp 1µA to 50mA	4/\$1.00
FET's:	
N-CHANNEL (LOW-NOISE)	
2014001 TVDE DE A 9 C (TO +0/100)	0.764 00

2N4091 TYPE RF Amp & Switch (TO-18/106) 2N4416 TYPE RF Amplifier to 450 MHz (TO-72) 2/\$1.00 3/\$1.00 2N5163 TYPE Gen. Purpose Amp & Sw (TO-106) 2N5486 TYPE RF Amp to 450 MHz (plastic 2N4416) 3/\$1.00 4/\$1.00 ZNOSOB TYPE OF AMP to 450 Intra please 2014-1-5. E100 TYPE Low-Cost Audio Amplifier ITE4888 TYPE Ultra-Low Noise Audio Amp TIS74 TYPE High-Speed Switch 40Ω Assort, RF & GP FET's, e.g. 2N5183, MPF102, etc. (8) 2/\$1.00 3/\$1.00 \$2.00 P-CHANNEL: 2N4360 TYPE Gen. Purpose Amp & Sw (TO-106) E175 TYPE High-speed Switch 125Ω (TO-106) 3/\$1 00

#### SEPTEMBER SPECIALS:

1N4154 DIDDE 30 V/10mA-1N914 exc. 30 V	20/\$1.00
2N3904 NPN TRANSISTOR GP Amp & Switch	5/\$1.00
2556 OUAL 555 TIMER 1 µsec to 1 hour (OIP)	\$1.00
2N2222 NPN TRANSISTOR GP Amp & Switch	5/\$1.00
2N2907 PNP TRANSISTOR GP Amp & Switch	5/\$1.00
2N3553 RF Power Amp 5 W @ 150 MHz, 10 W @ 50 MHz	\$2.00

#### BUILD IN ONE HOUR!

8-DIGIT MEMORY CALCULATOR KIT-Pocket size, 5 function (+ - x ÷ %), addressable memory with individual recall plus constant and floating decimal. Timed display turnoff (saves batteries). Easy to assemble. Everything you need-ICs, keyboard, LEO array, handsome case, etc.; just add solder and batteries. \$19.95

LINEAR IC's:	
308 Micro-Power Op Amp (TO-5/MINI-OIP)	\$1.00
309 K Voltage Regulator 5 V @ 1 A (TO-3)	\$1,50
324 Quad 741 Op Amp, Compensated (OIP)	\$1.75
380 2-5 Watt Audio Amplifier 34 dB (OIP)	\$1.29
555X Timer 1 µs-1 hr. Oif, pinout from 555 (OIP)	\$ .85
709 Popular Op Amp (OIP/TO-5)	\$ .29
723 Voltage Regulator 3-30 V @ 1-250mA (DIP/TO-5)	\$ .58
739 Oual Low-Noise Audio Preamp/Op Amp (OIP)	\$1.00
1458 Oual 741 Op Amp (MINI-OIP)	\$ .65
741 Freq. Comp. OP AMP (OIP/TO-5/MINI-OIP)	3/\$1.00
DIODES:	

۷.	ENERO-400MW, Specify Voltage 3.3, 3.9, 4.3, 5.1, 6.6, 6.2,	
	9.1, 10, 12, 15, 18, 22, 24, 27 or 33V (±10%)	4/\$1.00
- 11	N3600 TYPE Hi-Speed Sw 75 V/200 mA	6/\$1.00
11	N3893 TYPE RECTIFIER Stud Mount 400 V/12 A	2/\$1.00
11	N914 or 1N4148 TYPE Gen. Purp. 100V/10mA	10/\$1.00
0	5 VARACTOR 5-50 W Output @ 30-250 MHz, 7-70 pF	\$5.00
F:	7 VARACTOR 1-3 W Dutput @ 100-500 MHz, 5-30 pF	\$1.00
•,	MAIL NOW! EDEE DATA SHEETS conclied with every item	from this

MAIL NOW! FREE DATA SHEETS supplied with every item from this ad. FREE ON REQUEST—749 Dual Op Amp (\$1.00 value) with every order of \$10 or more, postmarked prior to 10/30/75.

ORDER TODAY-All items subject to prior sale and prices subject to change without notice. All items are new surplus parts - 100% func-

WRITE FOR FREE CATALOG offering hundreds of semiconductors not

Itseld here. Send Toy stamp.
TERMS: All orders must be prepaid, We pay postage. \$1.00 handling herego on orders under \$10. Calif. residents add 6% sales tax. Foreign orders — add postage. COD orders — add \$1.00 service charge.

# Δ FLECTRONICS

BOX 4181 AR, WOODSIDE, CA 94062 Tel. (415) 851-0455 CIRCLE NO. 3 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### SAVE ELECTRIC POWER!

Save up to 80% electrical power with this unique. inexpensive, portable, permanent and legal method applicable for shops, homes, factories, businesses, farms, sites, 100% Refund Guaranteed if not scientifically sound or if it employs gimmicks. Information \$1.00

#### CONSUMERTRONICS CO.

P.O. Box 1399

Alamogordo, N.M. 88310

RECORD TELEPHONE CONVERSATIONS — Automatically — Unattended, Numerous other devices — Latest Most Sophisticated, Very Reasonable, Don't pay high mark-up prices other companies charge! Send \$1.00 for information applied to purchase. D. Pasquerello, Highland Terrace, Schwenksville, PA 19473.

VOICE DESCRAMBLERS, works with all scanners, several new models, priced from \$19.95. KRYSTAL KITS, Box 445. Bentonville, Ark. 72712.

POLICE CODES EXPLAINED! New report gives "10-Code" meanings. Also includes special Trucker's CB codes. Essential for monitor and CB receivers. Order Report R101/E1, \$2 postpaid. Radio Research, Box 50406, Nashville, Tennessee 37205.

# PRIZE 16 BIT MICROCOMPUTED CHIDI Godbout Godbout Bill Godbout Blectronics and prize:

months ago; now we're setting the pace again with a powerful new 16 bit microcomputer IC in a 40 pin DIP,

Mode by:

(In Charles of these Chips ... SIMPLY:

1) Reveal the Secret Microcomputer Co.'s true identity 2) Tell us in 25 words or less why you should receive a free chip

If you can convince our jaded judges, in a form suitable for use in this magazine, you win.

# t bood lucki 🤫

FINE PRINT: ALL ENTRIES MUST BE POSTMARKED BY AUG 31 AND BE IN OUR HANDS BY SEP 7, 1975; ENTRIES BECOME PROPERTY OF BILL GODBOUT ELECTRONICS. ALL CONTESTANTS RECEIVE A DATA OF BILL GOUSDIT ELECTRONICS, ALL CONTEST AND SECRET AS OUT OFF FIRST PRIZE. IN INVER MILL BE NOTIFIED BY OCT 1, 1975. IF YOU GON'T WIN ANYTHING THIS TIME ARQUIND DON'T FEEL TOO BAD; ENTER OUT COMING CONTEST FOR A COMPLETE IS BIT MICROCOMPUTER KIT. THESE CONTESTS SPOTLIGHT PRODUCTS ME'RE INTRODUCTING FOR FALL '75. SEND ENTRIES TO BIT CONTEST", BOX 2355, OAKLAND AIRPORT, CA 94614.

SURPLUS BARGAINS, Computer Accessories, Equipment, Energy Conservation, Technical Reports, Kits, Semiconductors. Specifications, 20% - 90% Discounts Catalog 751, 50 cents. E/S Lab. Box 738, College Park. Maryland 20740.

ALTAIR OWNERS-we have accessory boards, components, memories, etc. Boards, IC Kits for most popular minis. Mini Micro Mart, 1618 James, Syracuse, NY 13203.

#### AUDIO PROGRAM CONTROL CENTER



\$14.95 PPD. USA 10 inputs, 4 out-puts. Switch TV, Short-Wave, Ham, FM to Stereo Ampli-Listen & Record.

Box 454 Dept 4 Troy, N. Y. USA 12181

POLICE, Fire monitors, scanners, crystals discount priced New crystal-less scanners. Box 19224, Denver, CO 80219. TELETYPE EQUIPMENT for sale for beginners and exper-

ienced computer enthusiast. Teletype machines, parts, supplies. Catalogue \$1.00 to: ATLANTIC SALES, 3730 Nautilus Ave., Brooklyn, NY 11224. Tel: (212) 372-0349.

#### Electronics Enclosure

\$17.95 discounts for quantities

size, approximately



Tracewell Electronic Enclosures will give your project that look of a thoughtfully designed commercial product Tracewell Enclosures are beautiful blue, textured, 1st ABS plastic with black knobs and handle. Front and rear panel are flat 1/16" anodized aluminum for easy punching and silk screening. Extra panels are available

Features include molded-in vertical grooves and standoffs for PC board mounting, light weight and ventila-

To order, send \$17.95 plus \$2.00 shipping and handling in check or money order to: Tracewell Enclosures. Inc

Telephone and mail COD orders also accepted. Ohio residents add 4% sales tax.

Tracewell Enclosures, Inc. 200 Montrose Way Columbus, Ohio 43214 phone: 614/263-3702

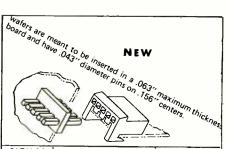


EXPERIMENTER supplies and components. Free list. Greiner, 2330 Rebecca Drive., Hatfield, PA 19440.

ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS, Meters, Government Surplus Receivers. Catalog Free. Ed French, P.O. Box 249. Aurora, III. 60507.

DIGITAL Clock/Calendar-Plans, Circuit Boards, Complete Kits. Free Flyer. C.F. Enterprise, 8905 Holly, Kansas City, Missouri 64114.

RESISTORS: 1/4 and 1/2 watt, 4 cents each, 5 per value, \$5 minimum ppd. Dynamic Electronics, Box 1131, Decatur, AL 35601.



CATALOG			ES
NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	1-10	11-99
13-0001 13-0002 13-0003	12 pos. rt. angle connector 12 position wafer 9 pos. rt. angle connector	.70	.85 .65 .75

MC14435 & MC1405L. A two piece 3½ digit A D conve system for panel meters and DV with schematics \* \$30\_00 MM5314 NATIONAL CLOCK CHIP

B' POWER SUPPLY CORDS Gray \$1.45 ea.

NE501A

2.80

1.00

.60

.74

1.10

.74 1.00

3.90

**ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS** WORKING S VOLTS DC 10 \$16,35.50 20 \$16,35,50 .16 16 30 16 50 16 35 .16

16

16

16

16

200

500

1000

2200

NE555A A710CA A741V A747CA A748CV A723CA .22 100 \$16,35,50 MC1468L .22 Red Led & Mtg. Hardware .34 T 1- 3/4 .52 1-10 | 11-100 .35 | .29 .80

& Specify ONE MINIATURE FILM CAPACITORS

	VALUE		PRICE TAB	LE
	(uF)	1-14	15-50	51-100
	.001 .0047	.10 .10	.10	.09 .09
These units are made	.01 .05	.10 .19	.10	.09 .15
by Internation Com- ponents Corp All units 100 V	.22	.24	.21 .26	.20 .25

FIXED POWE	RSUP	PLY K	ITS	
pullurions.	F0610	F 1210	F1510	DIGITAL
nput Voltage (50-500Hz) utput Voltage	105-125v 5v ± 5% 1 5A May	105-125v 12v ± 5% 1 5A May	110-125v 15v ± 5%	CIRCUITS

\$14.00 \$14.50 \$14.50 INDEFINITE SHORT CIRCUIT PROTECTION G 10 Board, All Parts and Transformer

#### DICREAV BETELO

	DISP	LAY	BEZELS	•	741
CATALOG	FILTER	PRICE	DIMENSION	These bezels are	741
NUMBER	COLOR	1-24	C	heat resistant	74
905-60	Red	\$ 2.50	1.37	plastic with a	74
€ 910-60	Red	2.55	2.00	black matte	74
£ 915-60	Red	2.65	3.00	finish, Filters	74
920-60	Red	2.70	4.00	ere circuler	74
920-70	Amber	2.70	4.00	polarized type.	74
& For -					74
breen	' ' <del> </del>				741
Add A	<b>⊸</b> 1			-	749
2 + 0					741
			_	1.54	741

Ш	SOCKETS	5	TRANS	IS.	TOR	S
ct t	LOW PROFIL These sockets are from TI.		2N3638A		le max	T
s	NUMBER OF PINS 5-90	100	2N3643 2N5133	N	.5 .05	T
s k	8 .21 14 .25 16 .28	.18 .20 24	2N5494 2N4401	N	7.00 .60	T
- 11	24 .40	.35	2N4403	Ρ	.60	T

J	2N4403 TIP32	P		TO-92	1.05
Į	2N4401	N P		TO-92 TO-92	.60 .30
4	2N5494	Ν	7.00	TO-220	1.05
٦	2N5133	Ν	.05	TO-18	.25
1	2N3643	N	.5	TO-5-4	.27
1	2N3638A	Р	.5	TO-92	.25
		Pol.	le max	t.	5

7 pin style \$ 2,00

\$2.25

900 for \$7,40 1,000 for \$8.20

\$ 270.00

500 for \$4,20 800 for \$5,00

#### TRIMMER POTENTIO-**METERS**

These are 5/8" diameter thumbwheel trimmer potentiometers. Θ ..334

**MOLEX IC TERMINAL** 100 for \$1.00 300 for \$2.80 200 for \$1.80 400 for \$3.40

VALUES OHM 500 HK 5K 10K 50K 100K 500K

PRICE TABLE 1-to 11-99 100 30 29 27 RMS \$8.00 Min. Order

16 Page Catalog

Real of 50 000

REGULATOR CIRCUITS 5 volt regulator ● 1.5A mex. 12 volt regulator ● 1.5A mex. 15 volt regulator ● 1.5A mex. DIODES

700 for \$5.80 800 for \$6.80

25¢

8/\$1.00 8/\$1.00 10/\$1.00 5/\$2.00 1N4001 1N4002 1N4148 1N5401 (3A, 100PIV)

## TRACY DESIGN CORP

15870 SCHAEFER . DETROIT, MI. 48227 . (313) 838-2501



1.26 1.25

1.11 1.10 .26 .25 .90 .89 .26 .25 3.72 3.70 .60 .59 .98 .97 1.27 1.26 .44 .43 3.01 3.00 1.27 1.26

4.06 4.05 .75 .74 .60 .59 .60 .59 3.54 3.53 1.43 1.43 .52 .51 1.34 1.33 1.34 1.33 2.68 2.58

1.50 1.49 .90 .89 .78 .68 .26 .25 1.68 1.48 .26 .25 2.30 2.20 1.98 1.78 2.30 2.20 3.28 2.98 1.88 1.68

4017AE 4018AE

4020AE

4023AE 4024AE 4025AE 4026AE 4027AE 4028AE 4029AE 4030AE



7400N TTL

7444N 7445N 7446N 7447N 7448N 7450N

7451N

7453N 7454N

7455N 7460N 7462N 7464N 7465N 7470N 7471N 7472N 7473N 7474N 7475N 7476N 7478N

7480N 7481N

7482N

7482N 7483N 7484N 7485N 7486N 7489N 7490N 7491N 7492N 7493N 7494N

\$1.05 .93 1.10 .88

7400N 7401N 7402N 7403N 7404N 7405N

7406N 7407N

7408N 7409N 7410N 7411N 7411N 7413N 7413N 7415N 7416N 7421N 7422N 7429N 7429N 7426N 7427N 7428N 7427N 7430N 7430N

7443N

#### WAVEFORM GENERATOR

XR205K KIT Only \$25.00

Here's a highly versatile lab instrument at a fraction of the cost of conventional unit. Kit includes two XR205 IC's, data & applications, PC board (stched & drilled, ready for assembly) and detailed instructions.

7496N \$.85 74100N 1.30 74108N 1.25 74105N 4.45 74107N 4.00 74109N .75 74111N .92 74115N .92 74115N .92 74112N .37 74122N .94 74128N .94 74141N .19 74141N .19 74141N .19

74147N 2.35 74148N 2.20 74150N .99 74151N .75 74152N 1.50 74153N 1.05 74154N 1.48 74156N 1.18 74156N 1.18 74157N 1.18 74156N 1.44 74160N 1.50



74161N 1.28 74162N 1.50 74163N 1.48 74164N 1.22 74166N 1.78 74166N 1.50 74170N 2.60 74173N 1.55

74174N 1.50 74175N 1.60 74175N 1.60 74176N 1.30 74177N 1.50 74180N .73 74181N 3.20 74184N 2.90 74185N 2.29 74185N 4.90 74191N 1.20 74191N 1.20 74195N 1.80 74196N 1.90 74196N 1.90 74196N 1.90 74196N 1.90 74196N 1.90 74196N 2.00 74198N 2.00 74198N 2.00 74251N 7.75 74278N 2.95 74279N 9.99 74293N .95

V<sub>io</sub> = 6mV l<sub>ie</sub> = 1000 nA l<sub>b</sub>= 2000 nA Noise = 1.5dB \$2.20

PICOPAC

THE SMALLEST

AC/DC POWER SUPPLY EVER!

Only 1.70" x 1.00" x 0.85", output preset ±5%, nine models:

1024-BIT

N-Channel

RAM

7552-1CPE 8.00 7552-2CPE 8.00

11.40 11.40 8.00 8.00 8.00 11.40

Price

DISPI	LAYS	
OPCO#		
SLA1	Red	2.2
SLA11	Green	3.5
SLA21	Yallow	3.5
SLA7	Red	1.6
LITRO	NIX	
DL80	Red	6.0
DL81	Red	6.0
DL10	Red	6.0
DL10A	Red	4.0
DL 101	Red	4.9
DL 57	Red	9.9

DL57 Red DL61 Red DL33 Red DL444 Red DL402 Red DL701 Red DL707 Red DL707 Red DL707 Red XAN72 Red XAN52 Green

**74LS** 

74LS00 \$.50

74LS02 74LS03

741.504 74LS05 74LS08

74LS09 74LS10 74LS15 74LS15 74LS20 74LS21 74LS27 74LS30 74LS38 74LS38 74LS54 74LS54 74LS54 74LS73 74LS73

.58 .58 .58 .58 .64 .65 .58 .58 .58 .58 .58 .58 .58

9.90

12.00

4.00 6.00 4.00 3.40 2.25 2.35 2.50

74LS76 74LS78 74LS107 74LS109 74LS112 74LS113 74LS138 74LS138

74LS151 2.

74LS151 2.10 74LS153 2.38 74LS157 2.10 74LS158 2.40 74LS160 2.70 74LS161 2.70 74LS170 5.92 74LS175 2.90 74LS181 3.72 74LS181 3.72 74LS251 2.53 3.05

74LS253 3.05 74LS260 .58

.92 .92 .92 .92

0 888888B	-
EP 9125 9-DIGIT DISP	1

o 888888888	0
EP 9125	-
9-DIGIT DISPLAY	
\$7.90	

 1/8" character height
 compact, thin PC package wide viewing angle

## **OPTOISOLATORS**

MONSANTO LITRONIX IL1 1.30 IL12 1.40 IL16 1.80 IL74 1.35 ILD74 1.75 ILQ74 3.40



LEDs

.125" dia.

# AMD DECTIFIEDS

MV50 Red \$.30

. ~			LINE
	10	100	1000
1N4001	1.00	7.00	60.00
1N4002	1.10	8.00	70.00
1N4003	1.20	9.00	80.00
1N4004	1.30	10.00	90.00
1N4005	1.40	11.00	100.00
1N4006	1.50	12.00	110.00
1N4007	1.60	13.00	120.00

#### PHASE-LOCKED LOOPS

LM567CM Minidip \$1.70

#### DECODED READ/WRITE RAM

P1103 \$6.20

CHOT	TLY	TTI		74S158N	2.40
CHOI	1141	116		74S160N	4.70
4S00N	.45	74S74N	1.30	74\$161N	4.70
4S02N	.80	74S85N	6.10	74S174N	3.30
4503N	.75	74S86N	2.70	74S175N	3.30
4S04N	.75	74S112N	2.20	74S181N	10.20
4508N	.80	74S113N	1.50	74S189N	5.10

74513N 1.50 74513N 90 745138N 2.40 745138N 2.40 745139N 2.40 745140N 90 745151N 2.40 745153N 2.40 745157N 2.40 74510N 74511N 74520N 74530N 74532N 74540N 74551N 74564N .65 .80 .80 .80 .80

#### LOW POWER HIGH SPEED TTL

T 1	TL.	111-411		
•	-	74H00N .3	34 7	4H53N .36
74L00N	.34			4H54N .36
74L02N	.34			4H55N .36
74L03N	.39	74H04N .3		4H60N .36
74L04N	.39	74H05N .3		4H61N .36
74L10N	.34	74H08N .4		4H62N .36
74L20N	. 39	74H10N .3		4H71N .80
74L42N	1.62	74H11N .3		4H72N .74
74L51N	.34	74H20N .3		4H73N .90
74L73N	.74	74H21N .3		4H74N .87
74L74N	.89	74H22N .3		4H76N .90
74L90N	1.62	74H30N .3		4H101N .80
74L93N	1.74	74H40N .3		4H102N .80
74L95N	1.62	74H50N .3		4H103N 1.10
93L00	1.50	74H51N .3		4H106N .95
93L01	1.60	74H52N .3	6	
93L08	3.20			
93L09	1.80	BIPOL	ND.	
93L10	2.80			
93L11	4.20	MEMO	RY	
93L12	1.80			P1101A
93L14	1.70	C3101	6.50	P1101A1
93L16	3.20	P3101	4.90	1402AN
93L18	3.50	C3101A	7.30	1403AH
93L21	1.50	P3101A	5.80	1403AN
93L22	1.80	IM5501CDE		1403AN
93L24	2.80	IM5501CPE	5.80	1404AN
93L28	3.70	MM5560D	7.30	1405A
93L34	4.00	MM5560N	5.80	1506
93L38	4.20	DM8599N 93403PC	5.80	1507
93L40	6.50	93403PC	5.80	1007

# PREMIUM QUALITY COMPONENTS

2601-1 2601-21 2602B 2602-1B 2602-2B MK4102P

We've been buying and selling top quality components for nearly ten years. Our annual volume exceeds \$3 million. We handle only original parts, from the world's leading manufacturers and our customers include some of the largest and most quality-conscious companies. Now you can take advantage of our component buying skills and power and select from a broad range of advanced circuits.



INIEKI	ACE MODULES	in the second
CY1010	Instr. Amp., Bipolar Input	29.00
CY1011A	Instr. Amp., Bipolar Input	49.00
CY1020	Instr. Amp., FET Input	34.00
CY1021	Instr. Amp., FET Input	49.00
CY1021A	Instr. Amp., FET Input	59.00
CY2137	DAC, 10 Bit, Low Drift	39.00
CY2218	DAC, 12 Bit, 2 Quad Multiplying	149.00
CY2237	DAC, 12 Bit, Low Drift	69.00
CY2735	DAC. 4 Digit BCD, Low Cost	79.00
CY3035	ADC, 8 Bit, Sect. Counting,	
	Low Cost	B9.00
CY3635	ADC, 3 Digit BCD, Sect. Count,	
	Low Cost	119.00

## AUDIO AMPS

Type	V	W	7.7	Price
LM352	6.15	1.15	8	1.60
LM354A	6.27	2.80	8	2.50
TAA611812	6-15	1.15	8	1.60
TAA621A12	6.27	1.40	8	2.00
TBA641B11	6-18	2.20	4	3.00
TBA800	5-30	4.70	8	2.20
TBA810AS	4-20	2.50	4	3.00
TBA820	3-16	0.75	4	1.70
TCA830	5-20	2.00	4	2 20
TCA940	6-24	6.50	8	4.40

2524V Recirculating 512 Bit Dynamic Shift Register 1-24: \$3.40 25 up: \$3.30

MOS-LSI

8.00 5.50

7552-2

8102-2 8102-2 9102PC

3.30 5.50 4.00 3.40 5.30 8.50 4.95 5.40 5.50 8.20 5.50

C2102-1 P2102-1

C2102-2

P2102-2

8.00 5.40 4.10

4.00 4.00 33.00 33.00 8.00 5.00

	IC SO	CKE	TS	
60 50	SOLDER TIN 8 pin DIL	1-24	25 .19	100
60	14 pin DIL 16 pin DIL	25	22	.20

75107 751088 2. 751088 2. 75109N 2. 75110N 2. 75118N 2. 75150N 4. 75154N 4. 75234N 2. 75450N 1. 75450N 1. 75453N 1. 75453N 1. .55 .72 .89 .92 24 Pin DIL .67 61 28 pin DIL .88 .80 36 pin DIL 1.09 .98 40 pin DIL 1.24 1.12 WIRE WRAP-GOLD 14 pin DIL .45 .41 16 pin DIL .54 .49 SOLDER - GOLD .37 14 pin DIL .34 .31 16 pin DIL .37 .34 TEFLON
3 pin TO-5 .65
4 pin TO-5 .65
6 pin TO-5 .90
8 pin TO-5 1.10
10 pin TO-5 1.40

FM STEREO DEMODULATOR XB1310 \$3.20

MM

А				LINEAR ICS				
	11.00	H=T05	N=DIP	M=MINI-DIP	D=C	R-DIP	K=T	03
	LM1	14H	3.00	LM311H	1.70	LM71	ICN	

_		. ▼	11 105	14 511	M. MILLAL-DII	D-CE	H-Dir K- I	,,
0			LM114H	3.00	LM311H	1,70	LM711CN	.90
7			LM300H	1.20	LM311D	1.90	LM715CH	4.30
0	7510	17	LM300N	1.20	LM311M	1.75	LM715CD	4.60
3	75107BN	2.60	LM301AH	.90	LM311N	2.00	LM723CH	.90
5	75107BN	2.30	LM301AM	.80	LM312H	2.70	LM723CN	.75
2	75109N	2.20	LM301AN	1.10	LM318H	2.60	LM725CH	5.00
9	75110N	2.20	LM301M	90	LM324N	1.90	LM725CD	5.20
2	75115N	2.25	LM301H	.90	LM331N	2.20	LM733CH	1.40
	75138N	2.95	LM302D	3.50	LM339N	3.20	LM733CD	3.50
7	75150N	3.10	LM302N	1.30	LM320 5K	2.90	LM733CN	1.30
4	75154N	4.10	LM302H	1.50	LM320-5T	2.50	LM741CH	.45
	75208N	2.70	LM304H	1.50	LM320-12K	2.90	LM741CD	1.25
В	75234N	2.50	LM305H	1.05	LM320-12T	2.50	LM741CM	.44
1	75450N	1.25	LM305AH	1.05	LM340-05K	2.60	LM741CN	.70
	75451N	1.00	LM305N	1.00	LM340-06K	2.60	LM747CH	1.70
	75457N	1.00	LM306H	.95	LM340-08K	2.60	LM747CN	.90
	75452N	1.00	LM307H	.75	LM340-12K	2.60	LM747CD	2.50
			LM307M	.95	LM340-15K	2.60	LM748CM	.55
	7520 SE	RIES	LM307N	1.50	LM340-18K	2.60	LM748CN	.55
			LM308H	1.20	LM340-24K	2.60	LM777CH	2.15
- 3	SENSE A	MP	LM308AH	5.00	LM555CM	.90	LM777CM	2.10
	7520N	4.00	LM308D	2.00	LM556CN	1.30	LM3046CN	.95
	7521N	2.00	LM308M	1.20	LM709CH	.45	LM3054CN	1.50
D	7522N	4.25	LM309H	1.75	LM709CN	.45	SG4501T	2.20
n.	7523N	1.75	LM 309 K	1.95	LM710CH	.90	SG4501N	2.20
	7524N	2.00	LM310H	1.60	LM710CN	.90	LM5000K	7.50
	7525N	4.50	LM310M	1.80	LM711CH	.90		

# MEMORY

C3101	6.50	P1101A
P3101	4.90	P1101A1
C3101A	7.30	1402AN
P3101A	5.80	1403AH
IM5501CDE	7.30	1403AN
		1404AH
		1404AN
		1405A
		1506
		1507
55.55.0	0.50	1602
	P3101 C3101A	P3101 4,90 C3101A 7.30 P3101A 5.80 IM5501CDE 7.30 IM5501CPE 5.80 MM5560D 7.30 MM5560N 5.80 DM8599N 5.80

1506 1507 1602 1702 C2102 P2102 TWO-PHASE MOS CLOCK DRIVER

# P2102-2 2505K 2512K 2521V 2524V 2525V 2533V 2602 2602-1 2602-2 3341PC 4034 **INTERSIL 8038** PRECISION WAVEFORM **GENERATOR & VCO**

For simultaneous sine, square and triangular waveforms <.001 Hz to 1MHz.

Part No.

8038CCPD \$3.90 \$2.70

# MM404H 12.00 MM405H 23.00 MM406H 6.50 MM407H 6.50 MM451H 11.40 MM500H 2.00 MM500H 3.20 MM507H 3.20 MM550H 5.60 MM555H 5.60 9102PC 5.50 MM5025N 20.00 MM5026N 20.00 MM5027N 20.00 MM5055N 5.50 MM5056N 5.50 MM5056N 5.50 MM5058N 5.50 XR-215 PHASE LOCKEDLOOP

For FM or FSK demodulation, freq. synthesis and tracking filter applications. 5 to 26V from 0.5Hz to 35MHz. Accepts analog signals 300mV to 3V. Interfaces with DTL, TTL & ECL

1-9 25 up \$6.56 \$5.74

#### HYBRID Power **AMPLIFIERS**

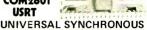
SI-1010G 10W \$6.40 SI-1020G 20W 9.90 SI-1030G 30W 18.70 SI-1050E 50W 24.90 SI-1050G 50W 24.90

#### **POWER TRANSISTORS**

BU204 3A 1300V \$4.14 BU205 3A 1500V 4.95 BU206 3A 1700V 5.94 BU207 6A 1300V 5.85 BU208 6A 1500V 6.93 BU209 6A 1700V 8.64



#### COM2601 USRT



#### RECEIVER/TRANSMITTER from Standard Microsystems



COM2502

#### **UNIVERSAL ASYNCHRONOUS** RECEIVER/TRANSMITTER from Standard Microsystems

Direct TTL compatibility © full or half duplex operation © fully double buffared © fully programmable operation © tri-state outputs PRICE: 1-9 10 up COM2502 \$13.20 \$10.60 COM2502P 8.00 6.85 SPECIFICATION SHEETS: \$.25 ee

#### COMPUTER MH0026CN \$5.50 INTERFACE

3.00

DM8820N 2.40 DM8820AN 6.90 DM8830N DM8831N DM8832N NBT26B 9600PC 9601PC 5.20 6.00 4.40 1.30 1.20 2.10 2.30 2.40 5.00 3.50 4.00 4.00 9615PC 9616DC 9617PC 9620PC 9621PC



A PORTABLE 4% DIGIT MULTIMETER FOR \$299. A 10 MHZ **FOR \$50** 



COUNTER OPTION PULSE

GENERATOR



MINIMUM ORDER: \$10.00. Add\$1.00 to cover postage and handling. SEND CHECK OR MONEY ORDER TO: Catifornia residents add 6% sales tax.

MAIL ORDER: P.O. BOX 2208P, Culver City, CA 90230 Visit our Electronic Shop: 11080 Jefferson Blvd., Culver City, CA Visit our Electronic Shop: 11080 Jefferson Blvd. Phone Order: (213) 641-4064



#### POTTER BRUMFIELD

Type KHP Relay 4 PDT 3A Contacts 24 VDC (650 coil) \$1.50 EA. 120 VAC (10.5 MA coil) \$1.75 EA.

#### DIP SOCRETS

SS. # BOR NIR BL 16 PIN PCB 4D PIN PCB 1.25 L4 PIN WIRE WRAP

#### TTL SPECIAL

7400 DIP TTL Signetic/ House Numbered

7404 DIP TTL Hex Inverter Signetic/House Numbered Each \$ .17 Ten for \$1.50

#### **FAIRCHILD "TRIMPOTS"**

Brand new 20 turn precision trimmers. These are prime parts mostly individually packed in sealed envelopes. These values in stock: 50 OHM 500 OHM 2K 10k Each only \$ .89

10 for \$7.50

#### **CARBON RESISTORS**

Carbon Resistors %-Watt 5%-full prime All values in stock. 10 per value (min-10 for \$ .45

## 2102-2 MOS 1024 BIT MEMORY (DIP) FULLY DECODED STATIC RANDOM ACCESS MEMORY DIRECTLY TTL COMPATIBLE INPUTS AND OUTPUT SINGLE SV SUPPLY - NO CLOCKS OR REFRESH

\$5.00 each 8 for \$34.95

#### DIODE ARRAY

annien andere 10 - 1N914 Silicon Signal Diodes in one package. 20 leads spaced .1"; no common connections. Each \$ .25 10 for \$2.25

#### Numeric Display 1/4" Single Digit GaAsP LED

COMMON CATHODE WITH RH DECIMAL SUPER SPECIAL \$.59 TEN for \$4.95

ACTUAL SIZE

10 - +29

ESS8

PROM

& BIT 32 WORD MEMORY

#3.00 EA

PROGRAM

Compact - 10 digits in 3° panel width Highly legible - bright red ½" character easily rea within 10 feet over a wide viewing angle (140°) Low power - 125 mW per digit at typical brightness

RECTIFIER SPECIAL!

1N4007 - 1 AMP - 1000 volt PRV \$ .13 each 10 for \$1.00

#### SEND FOR FREE FLYER!

C.O.D. PHONE ORDERS ACCEPTED--\$10 MINIMUM

All IC's new and fully tested, leads plated 

ELECTRONICS

916 334 2161

CIRCLE NO. 11 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

DIGITAL IC MANUAL-3rd edition-more than 3000 latest types / pinout diagrams-cross references, \$6.95-IC APPLICATIONS MANUAL-Analog/Digital-\$3.95. Electronetics-PE, P.O. Box 127, Hopedale, Mass. 01747.



 MONITOR SCANNERS FIRE POLICE IN FACTORY SEALED CARTONS

**BUSINESS - RECREATION - PERSONAL** SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

WRITE FOR QUOTE

**ELECTRONICS WAREHOUSE, INC.** 6234 LITTLE RIVER TURNPIKE (DEPT. 5) ALEXANDRIA, VA. 22312 OR PHONE: (703) 256-1300

BUILD THAT ELECTRONIC ORGAN YOU ALWAYS WANTED AT A PRICE YOU CAN AFFORD. Third edition of "Organ Builder's Guide," pictured product kit line, cir-cuits, block diagrams, design rationale using IC divider and independent generators with diode keying. \$3.00 postpaid. Also, free brochure on keyboards. DEVTRONIX ORGAN PRODUCTS, Dept. C, 5872 Amapola Dr., San Jose, CA 95129.

#### HYBRID AUDIO AMPLIFIER EPITEK Model 1240

12 Watts RMS Distortion 0.6% at 12W Price: \$6.95 + 50 cents postage. (CA Residents add 6% tax) ROYER COMPONENTS P.O. Box N

Beliflower, CA 90706

Send Money Order or COD

DIGITAL CONSTRUCTION PLANS: IC Tester, Pulse Generator, others. Free info. T. Wong, 103 E. Bway, Dept. 4D, New York, N.Y. 10002.

MEMORIES. Prime 2101, No surplus, \$4.45. Plug in compatibility with Altair systems; superior specifications. BankAmericard accepted. JK Electronics, Box 352. Davis. CA 95616.

ELECTRONIC MUSICAL CHIME. Program any 10 note melody: Plans \$3.50. TV PING PONG game. Plays through your set's antenna terminals: Plans \$3.25. ARS SYSTEMS. Box 1922K, Sunnyvale, CA 94088.

JAPANESE TRANSISTORS, all transistors original factory made. Free catalog. West Pacific Electronics, P.O. Box 25837, W. Los Angeles, CA 90025.

UNIVERSAL TTL/DTL/CMOS IC TESTER 100,000 test operations in 0.66 seconds. Will test 16/14 Pin Digital ICs. Circuit is easy to understand and build. ICs needed cost less than \$20.00; All are TTL. Plans \$1.40: NORTHSTAR EN-GINEERING, 3617 North Crede Drive, Charleston, WV 25302.

INTEL 8080: \$125.00; INTEL 8008: \$25.00; TV-II KIT: \$112.00 (less power supply and case). ELECTRONIC DIS-COUNT SALES, 138 N 81st Street, Mesa, Arizona 85207.

FREE FLYER. Semis. Components. Electronic Hardware. Lowest Prices. Vanguard Electronics, Ltd., Box 1193, Edmonton, Alberta, Canada, T5J 2M5.

UNUSUAL ELECTRONIC PLANS. Projects, Security Equipment, etc. Catalog \$1.00, McCord Electronics, Box 276-PE. Sylvania, Ohio 43560.

EXCITING, high-paying jobs in communications electronics are opened when you get an FCC License! Just published research report reveals best type of license to get, how to get it, much more. Order Report R102/E1, \$3 postpaid, Radio Research, Box 50406, Nashville, Tennessee 37205.

CONSTRUCTION MANUALS — GOLD recovery — SILVER recovery — Alternator adapter (120 volts from alternator) — Inverter (12vdc to 120vac) — Electronic insect trap — Bur-glar alarm system — Chemical formulary — manuals \$5.00 each — HIGHLY PROFITABLE BUSINESS COURSES!!! -"How to start a Silver recovery business" — "How to find Precious metals!" — Courses \$9.95 each — color catalog 25 cents — Airmailed 50 cents. Creative Products, Dept. PE-975, 4913 Northridge NE, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87111.

GO METRIC! It's easy with booklet-conversion tables. Only \$1.00. Wilhelm, 1524 Blvd., Dept. D, Jersey City, N.J. 07305. TV TECHNICIANS, SERVICEMEN, HOBBYISTS - Vista Model 740 Digital Crosshatch Generator. Compact crystal controlled digital divider for lowest-priced ultra-stable 5x7 crosshatch or 56 dot patterns. AC powered. \$31.95 complete kit; \$41.95 assembled. Postpaid in USA, Canada. Information available free, PHOTOLUME CORPORATION, 118 East 28th Street, New York, N.Y. 10016.

MICRO 440-MICROCOMPUTER ON ONE CIRCUIT BOARD! Four-bit 4040 CPU performs decimal, binary arithmetic, logic. 256-word memory on board, expandable to 8K. Board only, partial or complete kits, or assembled. Send 25 cents for details, \$10 (refundable) for complete documentation. COMP-SULTANTS, INC., P.O. Box 1016, Huntsville, Alabama 35807, (205) 837-5100.

TELEVISION SERVICING MANUALS, \$4.00. Sample typical volume, \$1.00. Supreme Publications, 1760 Balsam, Highland Park, Illinois 60035.

QUALITY SURPLUS ELECTRONIC BARGAINS, Catalog 25 cents refunded with order, Atlantis, P.O. Box 12654. Tucson, Arizona 85711

MEMORY-2102-1K Static RAM, \$3.75, Quantity discount, computer components, digital clock kits. Send for free list. Digitex, 2603 West Davis, Dallas, Texas 75211.

SAVINGS TO 91%! LATEST BOOKS, ANY SUBJECTS! Sams, Tab, Hayden, Wiley! \$6.50 Digital Techniques, \$1.00! "Cookbooks": \$9.95, Opamps \$7.79, Lancaster's TTL. \$6.95! FREE CATALOGS. TECHNIBOOKS—EI, Box 81, Maplewood, New Jersey 07040.

BUG DETECTORS!!! Locates transmitters and phone taps fast, Serco, P.O. Box 73, East Haddem, Conn. 06423.



#### PLANS AND KITS

ATTENTION AUDIO FREAKS!! Audio Processing Circuits designs, kits, units. Laboratory tested designs for hobbyist through professional use-limiters, compressors, equalizers, phasers, mixers and more! Send now-\$1.00 (refundable) for complete catalog-CIRCUIT RESEARCH LABS, 3920 E. Indian School, Phoenix, AZ 85018.

AMAZING ELECTRONIC PRODUCTS-Pocket Laser, See-In-The-Dark, Scramblers, Penlight Strobe, Energy Devices, TV Disruptor, Many More, All New. Catalog \$1.00. INFORMATION UNLTD.. Lord Jeffrey Drive, Box 626, Amherst, N.H. 03031.

CYCLOPS TV CAMERA KIT, featured on cover of February PE, available from CROMEMCO, 26655 Laurel, Los Altos, California 94022.

NEW FROM EICO—Listen to official FCC-Licensed background music (SCA) on your FM radio without commercials. EC5000 Kit, \$12.95 Postpaid. M&K Electronic Corp., 135-33 Northern Blvd., Flushing, N. Y. 11354.

DIGITAL CLOCK KIT \$22.50. Frequency Counter kit, PC boards only silk screened for component mounting double sided, no jumpers, full instructions \$25.00. New 2N4424 or 2N4248 or 1N5391, mixed or not 7 for \$1.00, EAST COAST ELECTRONICS, 50 Scott, Hamburg, NY 14075.

# Planning ? to move.

Let us know 8 weeks in advance so that you won't miss a single issue of POPULAR ELECTRONICS.

Attach old label where indicated and print new address in space provided. Also include your mailing label whenever you write concerning your subscription. It helps us serve you promptly.

Write to: P.O. Box 2774, Boulder, CO 80302, giv-

ng the following information:

☐ Change address only.
Extend subscription. 🗀 Enter new subscription
☐ 1 year \$6.98
Payment enclosed (1 extra BONUS issue)
□ Bill me later

L	FIX I	LABE	<u>l -</u>	<b>-</b>	) 		0176		
If you have no label handy, print OLD address here.	please print			zip-code			please print		qiz epos
l s	поте	oddress	city	store		•wol	address	ity	6101

Add'I postage per year: Add \$1 for Canada; \$2 for all other countries outside the U.S.



TESLA COIL—40" SPARKS! Plans \$7.50. Information 75 cents. Huntington Electronics, Box 2009-P, Huntington, Conn. 06484.

MOS 60HZ crystal time base kit. 4 to 15V. Board, all parts. \$9.50. AY5-1013A UART, \$10.95, 2(\$19.95, MC 1405L, MC14435, 3-1/2 digit DVM chip set with diagrams, \$29.95. Postpaid. Latest flyer, 10 cents stamp, TRI-TEK, 6522 N 43rd Ave., Glendale, AZ 85301.

FREE CATALOGUE KITS, COMPONENTS. Audio equipment, Sinclair Kits, radio parts. Gladstone Electronics, 1736 Avenue RD., Toronto, Canada, M5M 3Y7. U.S. Inquiries.

#### **BURGLAR ALARMS**

BURGLAR-FIRE alarm supplies and information. Free catalog. Frotecto Alarm Sales, Box 357-G, Birch Run, Michigan 48415.

BURGLAR ALARM dialing unit automatically calls police. \$29.95. Free literature. S&S Systems, Box 12375C, North Kansas City, MO 64116.

PRESSURE sensitive miniature cable for burglar alarm systems. Place under carpet in any contour for intrusion detection or secret switching. \$4.95 for twenty feet. Cable Switch Corp., Box 72-PE, West Long Branch, NJ 07764.

BURGLAR-FIRE ALARM components, hardware. Free catalog. Information. Silmar, 133 S.W. 57 Ave., Miami, Fla. 33144.

ALARM Equipment supplies. B&B Alarms, P.O. Box 298, Newtonville, Mass. 02160.

#### **CALCULATORS**

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS CALCULATORS DISCOUNT HOT LINE Toil Free (800) 638-8906. Phone us long distance free for the low discount price on the Texas Instruments Calculator of your choice: SR-50, SR-51, SR-16, TI-2500 II, TI-1500, TI-2500, TI-2500, TI-5050. All of the great new Texas Instruments models. Capital Calculator Company, 701 East Gude Drive, Rockville. Maryland 20850. The discount super market for top brand name calculators. Mail and phone orders accepted. BankAmericard and Master Charge accepted.

#### HIGH FIDELITY

DIAMOND NEEDLES and Stereo Cartridges at Discount prices for Shure, Pickering, Stanton, Empire. Grado and ADC. Send for free catalog. LYLE CARTRIDGES. Dept. P. Box 69, Kensington Station, Brooklyn, New York 11218.

#### WANTED

QUICKSILVER, Platinum, Silver, Gold, Ores Analyzed, Free Circular, Mercury Terminal, Norwood, Mass. 02062. AMATEUR EQUIPMENT wanted for handicapped people in Israel. Please send whatever you have to: Handicapped Workers, 43 Chefetz-Chaim, Petaah-Tiqwa, Israel.

#### **TUBES**

RADIO & T.V. Tubes—36 cents each. Send for free Catalog. Cornell, 4213 University, San Diego, Calif. 92105.

RECEIVING & INDUSTRIAL TUBES, TRANSISTORS, All Brands — Biggest Discounts, Technicians. Hobbyists. Experimenters — Request FREE Giant Catalog and SAVE! ZALYTRON, 469 Jericho Turnpike, Mineola, N.Y. 11501.

TUBES receiving, factory boxed, low prices, free price list.

TUBES receiving, factory boxed, low prices, free price list.

Transleteronic, Inc., 1365–39th Street, Brooklyn, N.Y.

11218A, Telephone: 212-633-2800.

TUBES "Oldies", latest. Lists free. Steinmetz, 7519 Maplewood, Hammond, Indiana 46324.

CASH PAID FOR OLD TUBES RCA45, RCA50, WE205B, WE252A, WE300B, WE350B, WE274A, and sound Hi-Fi equipment of Western Electric, Macintosh, Marantz, Leak, Quad, old and new types. Contact: M. Takabe, Room 1816, 303 Fifth Ave., NYC 10016.

FREE SELF-SERVICE TUBE TESTER-Receiving tube types 75% plus off list. Top manufacturers. Brand new cartoned, FREE LIST. CECO COMMUNICATIONS, 2115 Avenue X, Brooklyn, N.Y. 11235. (212) 646-6300.

TTL  5 N 7400 74012 7403 7404 7406 7406 7406 7407 74112 74114 74114 74116 74117 74127 7423 74217 7423 74217 7423 74217 7428 74217 7428 74217 7428 74217 7428 74217 7428 74217 7428 74217 7428 74217 7428 74217 7428 74217 7428 74217 7428 74217 7428 74217 7428 74217 7428 7428 7428 7428 7428 7428 7428 742	\$5555884488550599355277479547995955977555558844958897999949533344448850	SN 74121 74122 741223 741226 741226 741226 741226 741227 741226 741227 741227 741227 741227 741227 741227 741227 741227 741227 741227 741227 741	347.55.886.97.099.99.99.99.11.2287.31.97.99.766.987.31.11.17.9866.59.87.4487.55.888.99
7492 7493 7494 7495 7498 74100 74104 74107 74109 74110 74116	.49 .49 .79 .74 .79 1.25 .43 .34 .74 .54	74247 74248 74249 74265 74273 74273 74273 74283 74283 74285 74285	1.8 1.7 1.4 2.7 2.4 9 1.7 4.5 4.5
74128 C/MOS	1.98 1.35 1.40	74367	.9

C/MO	S		
CD 4000	\$ .24	CD4033	1.95
4001	24	4035	1.50
4002	.24	4040	1.24
4006	1.50	4041	.89
4007	.24	4042	.79
4008	.99	4043	.79
4009	.49	4044	.79
4010	.49	4049	.49
4011	.24	4050	.49
4012	.24	4051	1.50
4013	.49	4052	1.50
4014	1.24	4053	1.50
4015	1.24	4055	1,99
4016	.49	4056	1.99
4017	1.24	4060	1.99
4018	1.24	4066	.79
4019 4020	.49 1.24	4069	.35
4021	1,24	4071	.35
4022	1.24	4076 4081	1.24
4023	.24	4507	1.25
4024	.99	4510	1.24
4025	.24	4511	2.50
4026	1.95	4512	2.95
4027	.59	4516	1.75
4028	.99	4518	1.95
4029	1.24	4520	1.95
4030	.49	4528	1.50

TRANS	SISTORS
TIP29A	NPN 1A 60V
TIP30A	PHP 1A 60V
TIP31A	NPN 3A 60V
TIP32A	PNP 3A 60V
TIP34	PNP 10A 40V
TIP35	NPN 25A 40V
TIP36	PNP 25A 40V
TIP41A	NPN 6A 60V
TIP42A	PNP 6A 60V
TIP47	NPN 1A 250V
T1P48 T1P49	NPN 1A 300V NPN 1A 350V
TIP110	
	NPN 2A 60V NPN 5A 80V
T1P121 T1P127	NPN 5A 80V PNP 5A 100V
TIP2955	PNP 15A 60V
T1P3055	NPN 15A 60V
F1P3055	NPN 15A 60V
	The last of the la
I.C. S	OCKETS
8 Pin DIL	5.18 16 Pin DIL
14 Pin DIL	
2 4 1 111 212	
CERL	* *
LED's	& OPTO
ISOLA	TORS
DL707	7 Seg 0.3"
DL747	7 Seg 0.63"
RL2	Red Led .19"

PLASTIC POW

EXAR I.C.'s

LED's	&	OPT	0		
ISOLA	TOF	25			
DL707 DL747		eg 0.3		\$1.70 2.45	
RL2	Red	Led .	19"	.23	
TIL209	Opt	to-Coup	ler	1.20	
T L220	Opt	Led . o-Isola	tor	.24 1.25	
IL16 TIL312		o-Isola eg. 0.3		1.40	
TIL313		eg. 0.:		1.70	
			_		
			PLAS	TIC	
(metai	can)	.69	TRAI	NSISTORS	

			_
LINEAR	I.C.'s		
LM300H	Positive Voltage Regulator	(metal can)	.69
LM301AH	Hi Performance Op Amp	(metal can)	.35
LM304H	Negative Voltage Regulator	(metal can)	.75
LM305H	Positive Voltage Regulator	(metal can)	.78
LM307H	Op Amp (Super 741)	(metal can)	.28
LM307 mini	Op Amp (Super 741)	(mini dip)	.28
LM309H	5V 1 Amp Voltage Regulator	(metal can)	.99
LM309K	SV 1 Amp Voltage Regulator	(TO-3)	1.39
LM310H	Voltage Follower Op Amp	(metal can)	1.09
LM324	Quad Op Amp	(DIL)	1.75
LM339	Quad Comparator	(DIL)	1.75
LM 555	Timer_	(mini dip)	.54
LM556N	Dual Timer	(DIL)	.99
LM709CH	Op Amp	(metal can)	.29
LM709 mini	Ор Атр	(mini dip)	.29
LM709CN	Op Amp	(DIL)	.2
LM711CH	Dual Difference Comparator	(metal can)	.50
LM723CH	Voltage Regulator	(metal can)	.54
LM723CN	Voltage Regulator	(14 pin DIL)	.54
LM741CH LM741 mini	Op Amp	(metal can)	.29
	Op Amp	(mini dip)	.28
LM741CN LM747CH	Op Amp	(14 pin DIL) (metal can)	.65
LM747CN	Duai 741 Op Amp Duai 741 Op Amp	(14 pin DIL)	.75
LM747CN	Dual 741 Op Amp	(mini dip)	29
LM1458H	Dual Op Amp	(metal can)	.65
LM3046	Transistor Array	(metal can)	.85
LM3900	Quad Amplifier		.79
LI113300	Quad Ampirier		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_
BEFREAR	iec		

MEMOR	RIES	
AY5-1013P	VART	\$ 9.00
AY5-2376	Keyboard Encoder ROM	19.95
1101AP	256 Bit Static RAM MOS	3.95
1403AT	Dual 512 Bit Dyn MOS S/R	3.75
1404AT	Single 1024 Bit Dyn MOS S/R	3.50
1702A	2048 Bit Erasable Elect. Reprogrammable	
	Static MOS RAM	23.95
2102P	1024 Bit Static RAM MOS	3.95
8008R	8 Bit Central Processing Unit	44.00
8080	8 Bit Parallel CPU	195.00
TMS4030NL	4K RAM 4096 Bit	19.95

's	
XR-Chip Custom IC Design Kit	79.00
NPN Transistor Array, Small Signal	3.45
PNP Transistor Array	3.45 3,45
NPN Transistor Array, Small Signal PNP Transistor Array, Lateral & Substrate	3.45
NPN Transistor Array, Power & Schottkey	3.45
Diffused Resistor Array Diffused & Pinch Resistor Array	3.45 3.45
Diffused & Pinch Resistor Array	3.45
Balanced Modulator & NPN, PNP Current Source	3.45 20.95
Multi-Function IC Waveform Generator IC	6.25
Waveform Generator Kit	24.50
F5K Modulator Demodulator	3.89 7.75
FSK Modulator Demodulator	7.75
General Purpose PLL	4.91 1.13
Timing Circuit Timing Circuit	1.59
Dual Timing Circuit	.59 7.91
Dual Timing Circuit	2.15
Dual Timing Circuit	1.25 9.71
Tone Decoder Tone Decoder	1.37
Tone Decoder	1.25
Stereo Demodulator Stereo Demodulator	2.39
Stereo Demodulator	2.39 2.50
+SV Tracking Voltage Regulator	1.85
55V Tracking Voltage Regulator Quad Line Driver	4.25
Quad Line Driver	3.85
Quad Line Receiver	3.55
Quad Line Receiver	3.20 10.73
±15 Volt Tracking Voltage Regulator ±15 Volt Tracking Voltage Regulator	5.35
Stereo Decoder	5.35 2.39 8.35 7.67
Stereo Decoder Monolithic Function Generator	8.35
Monolithic Function Generator	4.61
Monolithic Function Generator Monolithic Function Generator	3.83
Voltage-Controlled Oscillator	3.83 11.50
Voltage-Controlled Oscillator	5.81
Voltage Controlled Oscillator	5.03 3.55
Voltage-Controlled Oscillator Voltage-Controlled Oscillator	2.85
Operational Multiplier	13.30
Operational Multiplier	6.65 5.93
Operational Multiplier	5.93
Operational Multiplier	4.19
Operational Multiplier FSK Demodulator/Tone Decoder	3.89 5.67
FSK Demodulator / Tone Decoder	5.15
Programmable Timer/Counter	14.63
Programmable Timer/Counter	14.63 6.59 5.39
Programmable Timer/Counter Programmable Timer/Counter	4.67
Programmable Timer/Counter	3.59
Dual SSS Timer	7.91
Dual S55 Timer	2.63
Dual SSS Timer	2.39 12.70
Dual 567 Tone Decoder	5.92
Dual 567 Tone Decoder Dual 567 Tone Decoder	3,88
Pagi 207 Tolle Beconti	
POWER METAL	
ORS TRANSISTORS	

METAL			
TRANS	IST	DRS	
2N696	5 .39	2N2222A	.19
2N697	.39	2N2369A	.19
2N706	.25	2N2484	.2
2N708	.28	2N2857	.99
2N709	.26	2N2904A	.21
2N718	.25	2N2905	.21
2N910	.27	2N2907A	.2
2N1131	.39	2N3054	.49
2N1303	.29	2N3055	.6
2N1304	.29	2N3137	1.5
2N1305	.29	2N3250	.29
2N1420	.19	2N3253	.4
2N1613	.30	2N3375	4.9
2N1711	.35	2N3866	.91
2N1890	.39	2N4036	.5
2N1893	.39	2N4234	. 5
2N2060	2.75	2N4237	.5
2N2102	.35	2N5415	1.2
2N2218A	.29	2N5416	1.5

SCR's			
C106B1 C106D1 2N5061 2N5062	\$.55 .85 .28 .30	2N5063 2N5064 TIC47	.32 .34 .38

# LOW POWER SCHOTTKY

	SN74L500	\$ .42	SN74LS114	.68
	741,501	.42	74L5122	.68
	741502	.42	74L5123	.84
	74L503	.42	74L5125	.68
	74LS04	.47	74L5126	.68
	74LS05	.47	74L5132	1.58
	74L508	.42	74LS136	.68
17	741.509	.42	74LS138	1.94
15	74L510	.42	74LS139	1.94
15	74LS11	.42	74LS145	1.58
15	74L512	.42	74LS151	1.58
iš	74L513	.84	74L5153	1.94
15	74LS14	2.22	74LS155	1.94
เร	74LS15	.42	74L\$156	1.94
15	74L520	.42	74LS157	1.58
15	74L\$21	.42	74LS158	1.58
15	74L522	.42	74LS164	2.27
17	74LS26	.54	74LS170	5.36
iź	74L527	.47	74L5174	2.27
ïź	74L528	.54	74LS175	2.27
17 17 17	74L530	.42	74L5181	6.30
íź	74LS32	.47	74L5190	2.87 2.87
17	74L533	.54	74L\$191	2.87
17	74L537	.54	74LS192	2.87
7	74L538	.54 . <b>54</b>	74LS193 74LS194A	2.87 2.87 2.27
17	74L540	.54	74L5194A	2.27
١7	74L542	1.25	74L5193A	2.27
29	74LS48 74LS49	1.25	74L5190	2.27
35	74L549	.42	74L5221	1.41
15	74LS54	.42	7415247	1.25
15	74LS55	.42	7415248	1.25
15	746573	.68	74L5249	1.25
15	741574	.68	7415251	1.94
17	741575	.84	74LS253	2.27
17	74L576	.68	74L5257	1.94
17	741578	.68	74L5258	1.94
17	74L5583		74L5261	5.36
17	74L5585		74L5266	.68
15	74L586	-68	7415279	.84
15	74LS90	1.25	74L5283	2.27
15	74LS91	1.25	74L5290	1.25
15	74L592	1.25 1.25	74L5293	1.25
15	74LS93	1.25	74LS295A	2.27
15	74LS954	2.27	74L\$365	.68
15	74LS595	B 2.27	74L\$366	.68
15	74LS96	1.94	74LS367	.68
42	74L5107	.68	74LS368	.68
16	74LS109		74L5375	.84
16	74LS112	.68	74L5386	.68
39 39	74L5113		74L5670	6.30
59				

# Active Electronic Sales Corp. P.O. BOX 1035 FRAMINGHAM, MASSACHUSETTS 01701

Telephone Orders (617) 879-0077

ADD \$1.00 TO COVER POSTAGE & HANDLING

MINIMUM ORDER \$10.00

#### PROGRAMMABLE COUNTER



Counter used by manufacturer of copying machines. A number from 1 to 99 is preset on the 2 rotary switches. The counter will then count to this number with each pulse. When the preset count is reached, a voltage appears on a pin, which can trip a relay, or perform any desired function. Readout tubes are NIXIE tubes, BURROUGHS 5092A, currently listing for over \$15.00 ea. Requires 24 VDC & 180VDC.

5½"x5" 2 lbs. STOCK NO.P9201 \$6.95 ea. 2/12.00



#### LATE MODEL PARTS BOARD

Board contains the following semiconductors: 1 741 Op-Amp, 1 LM300 2 to 20 volt voltage regulator, 1 D41d1 6W. G.E. PNP power tab transistor, 2 D42C5 12.5 W. G.E. power tab trans-

istors, 2 Motorola SJE 5039 Power transistors,6 small transistors, an SCR and a rectifier bridge. Plus many ½W resistors, electroytic caps, diodes, a 1 K trimpot. A parts bonanza. With data sheet.

STOCK NO.P9033 2 lbs, \$2.50 ea. 3/6.00

#### 750 WATT HIGH POWER TRANSFORMER

30 volts ct with 12 volt taps, @ 25 Amps. 750 watts of power. Makes heavy duty + 15 volt and +5 volt supply, or 12 volt and 30 volt supply, or combination of above & more. We supply data sheet showing many possibilities.

STOCK NO.P9839 wt. 20 lbs. 19.95 ea. 2/38.00

#### COMPUTER GRADE CAPACITORS

4000 Mfd. 50 V. K2189 2.50 ea. 4/9.00 7000 Mfd. 50 V. K2239 2.75 ea. 4/10.00

Include sufficient postage. Excess will be refunded. Send for new catalog 14, 64 pages of electronic bargains. MINIMUM ORDER, \$5.00.



# **DELTA ELECTRONICS CO.**

BOX 1, LYNN, MASSACHUSETTS 01903 Phone (617) 388-4705

CIRCLE NO. 17 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

# For faster service

# USE ZIP CODE

on all mail

#### **MOVIE FILMS**

8MM-SUPER 8-16MM MOVIES! Biggest Selection! Lowest Prices! Free Catalog! Cinema Eight, Box PE, Chester, Connecticut 06412.

#### **ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES & EQUIPMENT**

PLATING Equipment, Portable Platers, Supplies and "Know-How." Build your own tanks for nicket, chrome, etc. Easy-to-install PVC liners. Rectifier components—all sizes. Schematics, parts lists, formulas, operating instructions for all plating. Guaranteed to save you 25%-75%. Some good used units for sale. Write for details. Platers Service Company, 1511-PE Esperanza. Los Angeles. Calif. 90023.

#### **GOVERNMENT SURPLUS**

GOVERNMENT Surplus. How and Where to Buy in Your Area. Send \$2.00. Surplus 30177-PE Headquarters Bldg., Washington, D.C. 20014.

MANUALS for Govt Surplus radios, test sets, scopes. List 50 cents (coin). Books, 7218 Roanne Drive, Washington, D.C. 20021.

RECEIVE Weekly Catalogues containing hundreds of Surplus Electronics Bargains, plus "Buying Surplus" \$6.00/year. Send for Free Newsletter. Insidescoop, 5050 Roseville Road, North Highlands, Calif. 95660.

GOVERNMENT Surplus Electronics: How, Where, Your Area, \$1.50, Pennington, 6542 Fair Oaks, Carmichael, Calif. 95608.

#### **PERSONALS**

MAKE FRIENDS WORLDWIDE through international correspondence. Illustrated brochure free, Hermes, Berlin 11, Box 110660/ZD, Germany.

WINEMAKING. Make delicious homemade wine expertly. Recipe, \$2.00. GIGI, Box 220-B. Miami, Florida 33168.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE. Collect every penny. Detailed Instructions, \$2.00. Clifton, Box 220-A. Miami, Elorida 33168.

20 204403

## CB SPECIALS

2SC517	4.75	2SC781	3.25	2SC1237	2.00	2SC1678	5.75
2SC710	.70	2SC799	4.25	2SC1239	2.80	2SC1679	5.75
2SC711	.70	2SC1013	1.50	2SC1243	1.50	2SC1957	3.50
2SC735	.70	2SC1014	1.50	2SC1306	5.25	2SD235	1.00
2SC756	1.50	2SC1017	1.50	2SC1307	6.25	MRF8004	3.00
2SC773	.85	2SC1018	1.50	2SC1377	6.75	4004	3.00
2SC774	1.75	2SC1173	1.25	2SC1449	3.50	4005	3.00

## JAPANESE TRANSISTORS

2SA52	.60	2SB370	1.10	2SC478	.80	2SC829	.75	2SC1509	1.25
2SA101	.70	2SB379	.65	2SC482	1.75	2SC833	.70	2SC1569	1.25
2SA103	.70	2SB380	.70	2SC491	2.50	2SC838	.70	2SC1756	1.25
2SA221	60	2SB405	1.00	2SC495	.70	2SC839	.85	2SD30	.95
2SA473	.85	2SB407	2.10	2SC497	1.60	2SC930	.65	2SD45	2.00
2SA495	.65	2SB415	1.05	2SC515	.80	2SC945	.65	2SD64	.75
2SA497	.55	2SB461	1.25	2SC535	.95	2SC1010	.80	2SD65	.75
2SA505	65	2SB463	1.65	2SC536	.65	2SC1012	.80	2SD68	.70
2SA562	.70	2SB471	1.75	2SC537	.70	2SC1013	1.50	2SD72	1.00
2SA607	2.25	2SB474	1.75	2SC563	2.50	2SC1014	1.50	2SD88	1.50
2SA613	1.00	2SB481	2.10	2SC564	.70	2SC1018	1.50	2SD120	.85
2SA643	.85	2SB492	1.25	2SC568	.70	2SC 1030	3.25	2\$D130	1.50
2SA647	2.75	2SB495	.95	2SC582	.85	2SC1051	2.50	2\$D141	2.25
2SA673	.85	2SB605	2.00	2SC591	2.50	2SC1061	1.65	2SD151	2.50
2SA679	2.25	2SB606	2.00	2SC605	1.00	2SC1079	3.95	2SD170	2.00
2SA682	.96	2SC15	.65	2SC619	.70	2SC1096	1.20	2SD180	3.00
2SA699	1.30	2SC24	.65	2SC620	.80	2SC1098	1.15	2SD198	2.50
2SA699A	2.00	2SC32	.65	2SC627	1.75	2SC1115	2.75	2SD201	2.50
2SA705	.55	2SC33	.65	2SC644	.70	2SC1166	.70	2SD218	5.00
2SA714	2.50	2SC41	4.00	2SC645	.85	2SC1170	4.00	2SD235	1.00
2SA720	.70	2SC49	.80	2SC681	2.50	2SC11726		2SD261	.80
2SA733	.65	2SC56	.95	2SC684	2.10	2SC1173	1.25	2SD291	.85
2SB22	.65	2SC143	3.50	2SC687	2.50	2SC1213	.75	2SD292	.85
25854	.70	2SC154	3.75	2SC696	2.35	2SC1226	1.25	2SD300	2.50
2SB56	.70	2SC162	3.75	2SC710	.70	2SC1237	2.00	2ŞD313	1.20
2SB77	.70	2SC163	4.50	2SC711	.70	2SC1239	2.80	2SD315	.75
2SB128	2.50	2SC 185	1.00	2SC712	.70	2SC1293	.85	2SD318	.95
2SB135	.95	2SC202	1.00	2SC713	.70	2SC1308	5.00	2\$D341	.95
2SB152	4.50	2SC206	1.00	2SC732	.70	2SC1317	.60	2SD350	3.50
258172	.55	2SC240	1.10	2SC733	.70	2SC1325	5.00	2SD352	.80
2SB173	.55	2SC261	.65	2SC735	.70	2SC1347	.80	2\$D380	6.00
2SB175	.55	2SC291	.65	2SC739	.70	2SC1377	6.75	2SD369	.95
2SB178	1.00	2SC320	.75	2SC756	1.50	2SC1383	.75	2SD390	.75
2SB186	.80	2SC352	.75	2SC774	1.75	2SC1393	.60	2SD437	6.00
2SB 187	.60	2SC353	.75	2SC775	2.00	2SC1409	2.75	2SD458	.80
2SB235	1.95	2SC371	.70	2SC778	3.00	2ŞÇ1410	2.75	2SD1111	3.50
2SB303	.65	2SC372	.70	2SC783	1.00	2SC1446	1.25	2SD1115	3.75
2SB324	1.00	2SC380	.70	2SC784	.70	2SC 1447	1.25	2SK 19	2.25
2SB337	2.10	2SC367	.70	2SC785	1.00	2SC1448	1.25	2SK30	1.25
2SB364	.65	2SC394	.70	2SC792	3.00	2SC1450	1.00	2SK40	1.60
2\$ <b>836</b> 5	.85	2SC458	.70	2SC793	2.50	2SC1454	2.75	3SF11	3.14
2\$8367	1.60	2SC460	.70	2SC828	.75	2SC1507	1.25	SG609	4.95

FAIRCHILD 7400 IC—While They Last! 8/\$1.00

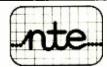
# OEM SPECIALS 3,10 2N1540 .90 2N2325 2.10 2N3247 3.50 2N3856

1N2/U	.uo	2N63U	3.10	2141240		2142323		2143247				2144402	. 13	
1N749.A	.16	2N677C	5.00	2N1543	3.00	2N2326				2N3866	.90	2N4409	.19	
1N750.A	.16	2N706	.20	2N1544	.80	2N2327	4.00	2N3375	4.95	2N3903	.19	2N4410	.19	
1N751.A	.16	2N7068	.35	2N1549	1.05	2N2328		2N3393	.19	2N3904	.19	2N4416	.75	
1N914		2N711	.35	2N1551	3.50	2N2329	6.00	2N3394	.19	2N3905	.19	2N4441	85	
1N4148	.06	2N711B	.50	2N1552	3.50	2N2368		2N3414	.22	2N3906	.19	2N4442	.90	
1N4746	50	2N718	.18	2N1554	1.75	2N2369	.19	2N3415	.25	2N3924	3.25	2N4443	1.25	
1N4747		2N718A	.25	2N1557	1.50	2N2484	20	2N3416	.28	2N3925	4.50	2N4852	.80	
1N4749	.50	2N720A	1.35	2N1560	3.00	2N2712	.25	2N3417	.30	2N3954	4.50	2N5061	.25	
1N5355	.75	2N759A	.90	2N1605	.35	2N2894	.40	2N3442	1.90	2N3954A	4.90	2N5064	.40	
1N5357.A			.40	2N1613	.30	2N2903	3.50	2N3553	1.50	2N3955	2.50	2N5 130	.19	
1N5358.A			2.25	2N1671	1.00	2N2904	.19	2N3563	.18	2N3955A	2.90	2N5133	.15	
1N5359.A			1.75	2N1711	.30	2N2904A	.25	2N3565	.18	2N3957	1.30	2N5138	.15	
2N173	200	2N918		2N1907	4.25	2N2905	.19	2N3638	.18	2N3958	1.20	2N5154	6.25	
2N178		2N930		2N2060		2N2905A		2N3642		2N4037	.60	2N5157	8.95	
2N327A		2N956		2N2102		2N2906	.19	2N3643	.15	2N4093	.90	2N5198	3.85	
2N334	1.25	2N960		2N2218	.20	2N2906A		2N3645	. 15	2N4124	.18	2N5294	.60	
2N336		2N962	40	2N2218/	4 25	2N2907	.19	2N3646	.10	2N4126	.23	2N5296	.45	
2N338A	1.10			2N2219		2N2907A		2N3730	1.25	2N4141	.23	2N5306	.20	
2N398B		2N1136	1.25			2N2913		2N3731	1.65	2N4142	.16	2N5354	.25	
2N404		2N1137A			.19	2N2914	1.25	2N3740	1.00	2N4143	.15	2N5369	.20	
2N443		2N1142		2N2221/	4 19	2N2916A	3.75	2N3771	1.90	2N4220A		2N5400	.50	
2N456	1.15			2N2222		2N3019		2N3772			1.25	2N5401	.50	
2N501A	3.50			2N2222		2N3053	.19	2N3773	2.10	2N4235	1.60	2N5457	.35	
2N508A		2N1305	.30			2N3054	.70		.25	2N4400	.19	2N5458	.35	
2N512B	2.50		1.25			2N3055		2N3823	.60		.19	2N5467	28.00	
2N555			.18			2N3227		2N3843	.25	2N4402	.19	C106B1	.45	
2N652A	.90		1.00	2N2324	2.00									

SILICON U	NIJUNC	TIONS	INTEGRATI	ED CIRC.	REC	TIFIE	RS
2N2646 2N2647 2N6027 PUT 2N6028 PUT 2N1671 D5E37	To-18 To-18 To-92 To-92 To-5 To-18	.50 .65 .55 .75 1.00 4/1.00	UA703C CA3066 CA3068 MC1305 Replacement fo 221-36, 221-37,		1N4001 1N4002 1N4003 1N4004 1N4005 1N4006	10 .60 .70 .80 .90 1.00	5.00 6.00 7.00 8.00 9.00
TRANSI	BOTS	CRAR	BAC		1N4007	1.20	11.00

#### TRANSISTOR GRAB BAG

Untested. 50/1.00 FAIRCHILD 9L00 IC's, prime units.
HOBBYIST'S 16 Pin Digital IC- Untested. 15/1.00 709C Hi-Perf. Op Amp 5/1.00 .29
741C Hi-Perf. Op Amp 4/1:00



New-Tone Electronics P.O. Box 1738 A Bloomfield, N.J. 07003 Phone: (201) 762-9020

#### ALL PARTS GUARANTEED AND TESTED ON PREMISES.

Terms: Check or money order, COD's accepted. Include 10% for postage and handling, N.J., residents add 5% sales tax. Minimum order \$5.00.



## **BUY ANY 10 TAKE 15% BUY 100 TAKE 25%**



TAKE 25%

| SN74122 48 | SN74123 48 | SN74125 59 | SN74125 59 | SN74132 1.75 | SN74126 29 | SN74132 1.75 | SN74140 2.10 | SN74150 98 | SN74174 29 | SN74150 98 | SN74174 29 | SN74150 98 | SN74174 29 | SN74150 98 | SN74174 36 | SN74174 36 | SN74175 39 | SN74174 36 | SN74176 39 | SN74177 39 | 1.25

9-FUNCTION. 8-DIGIT MEMORY CALCULATOR KIT

It's the easiest multi-function kit today!

Lightweight, 5½ x 3 x (2" at back side) x 1½" front side of angular x (2" at back side) x 1½" front side of angular x (2" at back side) x 1½" tront side of angular back side) and back side x 1½" tront for business, school, home, and for the youngaters. Slips into any pocket, briefcase with ease. Easy-to-understand pictoral instruction booklet and how-to-understand pictoral for the pictoral form of the pictoral step-by-step construction booklet.

DOUBLE MEMORY Percent, Constant, Display Restore

. 22 KEYS!



#### THE SIMPLEST! FINEST! SMALLEST! BRITE

#### 6-FUNCTION AC-DC CALCULATOR KIT!

The entire kit is even packed in a multicolor attractively designed box that in itself tells the mini calcular of story. Kit includes attractive black case with red filter. Flex Key (type 2 SK) at 2 awitches one for ONOFF, one for K constant; MAIN pc board; readout board; famous Cal Tech 5030 28-pin calculator chip: two 77.6491 ic drivers; cancet or resistating array; ac jack; 9 Volt battery connector resistating the great part of the pales; necessary were plugs; easy instructions. (Less 9 vvlit atandard battery and AC adapter) EASIEST KIT TO BUILD

Simplified Indexing
 Mark up and Mark down
 Constant multiplication

- and division
- AC adaptor jack

**555** 

OR

**558** 

Dual 741

- Lightweight, pocket size
   Extra large display
   functions plus, minus,
  times, percentage, constai
   Floating decimal
   Chain and Mix calculations

4-DIGIT AM-PM FLUORESCENT \$9.99 **CLOCK PANEL** 

"PANEL OPTICS"

YOU ASKED FOR IT' Found only at Poly Paks at the low price It's ONLY 1.3/4 x 1.3/16 x 8/8" deep panel. Designed specifically for our MM-5316 fluorescent driving clock chip. Indicates 4-digits, AM-PM, pulsating second indicator, requires minimum of parts to build. Color: BLUE-GREEN: you can use RED or GREEN flera: Character height: 0.5". Filament voltage is 1.76 VAC or DC @ 160 mils. hande voltage is 1.76 VAC or DC



2 for \$1

**S2.50** 24V FILAMENT **TRANSFORMERS** 

Scarce and very popular. 115 vac primary 24VCT secondary at 500 mils. Color-coded leads. 1000's of low voltage ideas. Metal encased.  $2\frac{1}{2} \times 2 \times 2^{\prime\prime}$ . Wt. 1 lb. 3 for \$6



\$4.95 POWER PAK
Includes 4 "A" cell niced
batteries hooked up to give
you 6-volts for all types of
energy uses. The best batteries made. Rechargeable. This unit is not advertised
— anywhere! Made for
Motorola Communications at
the original cost of \$4.50
each (for insertion in their
Walkie Talkie Program).
It's a 60-ohm imp MIKE.
It's an excellent speaker INDUSTRIAL SPEED CONTROL 

A \$30 item from G.E. Model 533A (made for Aerox) that controls home, shop and industrial lighting tool A very elaborate circuit for controlling many electrical very elaborate circuit for controlling many electronic devices. Easily controls speeds of electric drills, brush type motors, etc. 116vac, rated at 110c watts. With variable speed or dimming control in heavy-duty aluminum case. 3 x 23/4 x 2. With diagram and hookups.

POSTAGE STAMP MOBILE SPKR

MIKE | \$1.98 too, covering broad range in sound. Extremely well-made.

#### LOWEST PRICES IN U.S.A.!

NATIONAL LM-340T VR's

\$1.75 Each /O wy 3 - Take 10 %

"BLASTAWAY" ON 1N4000 RECTIFIER PRICES

	Type	PIV		Şa	ie
1 1N	4001	50	10	for	45c
□ 1N	4002	100	10	for	55c
□ 1N	4003	200	10	for	65c
□ 1N	4004	400	10	for	75c
□ 1N	4005	600	10	for	85c
□ 1N	4006	800	10	for	99c
□ 1N	4007	1000	10	for	1.29

### MONSANTO! XCITON! LITRONIX! OPCOA!



# 41/2 DIGIT DIGITAL VOLTMETER



Type MM5.330 by National utilizes P channel low-threshold enchancement mode devices and ion implanted depletion mode devices. Provides logic circuit for 4½ digit
DVM. All logic for four decade counters, a divide by
four counter, a divide by two counter for over-range
blanking, latches for all counter stages, an output ROM
to generate BCD to 9's complement BCD of the latches
and a module 4 counter to sequentially present each
of decade latches thru ROM to the BCD outputs plus
four outputs to indicate which decade is display. A
reset for all counter stages, transfer pulse generator to
set the latches, To 400 Khz operation. The compable,
With instruction sheets and diagram on 'hoto-build
a 4½ digit DVM'. Ideal with our Litronix ½'s single,

1½'s and dual digits. 16-pin DIP.

#### MICROPROCESSORS! ROMS! RAMS! **MEMORIES!**

٦	8008 Microprocessor	44.00	
₹	8080 Super 8008	50.00	
Ħ.	2102 1024 Static RAM	3.95	
Ħ	1101 256 bit RAM	1.50	
Ħ	1103 1024 bit RAM	2.95	
╡	MM5260 1024 RAM	2.95	
Ħ.	MM5262 2048 bit RAM	6.50	
Ħ	2513 Character generator	12.50	
Ħ	MM52039 Eraceable PROM	19.95	
Ħ	MM52020 Eraceable PROM .	19.95	
Ħ.	1702A Eraceable PROM	19.95	
╡	8223 Programmable ROM	2.95	
_			

7-SEGMENT READOUT SALE!

All fit Into					
Type	Sive	Color	Sale	3 for	
MAN-1	.27	Red Red	\$2.50	\$6.00	MAN
MAN-3MA		Red	.69	5.00	4
MAN-4AB	.27	Red	1.95	4.00	8
MAN-5 MAN-6		Red	4.50	12.00	m
MAN-64	.4		3.50	9.00	
MAN-7	.27	Red	1.00	2.50 4.00	A
MAN-8	.27	Yellow	1.50	4.00	

ALL ABOVE BY MONSANTO Sale 3 for \$1.95 \$5.00 1.95 \$5.00 4.95 12.00 4.95 12.00 1.95 5.00 1.95 5.00 1.50 3.00 Size Color 33 Red 33 Green 33 Yellow 7 Green 7 Yellow 33 Red 33 Red 33 Red 25 Red Type SLA-1 SLA-1 SLA-3 SLA-3 707 704A 701C FND-70

## LITRONIX "JUMBO'S"

\* Singles size: 1 x 3/4 x 5/16
\* Duals size: .8 x .9 x .29
\* 7-Segment, 25-mils per segment

Type Size Color Sale 3 for 721D .5 Red \$5.95 \$15.00 727E .5 Red 5.95 15.00 746F .6 Red 3.95 11.00 747 .6 Red 3.95 11.00

—Plus or Minus 1 plus a digit (1½ digits)
—Dual digits
—Plus or Minus 1

Terms: add postage Reted: net 30 Phone Orders: Wakefield, Mass. (617) 245-3829 Retail: 16-18 Del Carmine St., Wakefield, Mass. (off Water Street) C.O.D.'S MAY BE PHONED

20c CATALOG On Fiber Optics, 'ICs', Semi's, Parts
MINIMUM ORDER — \$4.00 POLY PAKS

Here is what Poly Paks is Famous for.

Marked 14 and/or with 16 pin dips, may include gates, registers, flip flops, counters. Who knowal

ers. Who knows!

BARPEL NIY:2 75 for
LINEAR OF AMPS. 51.98

Way include 709's 741's,
703's, 560 series, 555 iscludes marked and unmarked, DIPS

BARREL NIY:3 100 for
switching oroots \$1.98

You never saw this before.
Imagine famous switching
diodes at these prices!

BARREL NIY:7 2

40 for \$1.98 Singles, duals, variety of values, styles, big ones — small ones.

BARREL NIT :11 40 for POWER TAB TRANSISTORS \$1.98

NPN, plastic TO220 type. Assorted 2N numbers.

SEPTEMBER 1975

MOSFET TRANSISTORS
30 for \$1.98
All 4 leaders TO-18 case, includes UHF transistors

BARREL HIT 14 100 for \$1.98

40 for BARREL HIT :12
40 for POWER TAB
\$1.98 TRANSISTORS PNP, plastic TO220 type Assorted 2N numbers.

BARREL HIT FIS
DISC CAPACITORS 100 for \$1.98 Marked and unmarked, Red case type asst. values.

SCRS. TRIACS, \$1.98

25 BARRELS PURCHASED FOR THIS SALE!

100 for \$1.98

IN4000 series. May include 26. 50. 100, 200,
400, 600. 800 and 1000

\*\*ARREL KY15\*\*\*\*
SUABINITY TEMPSTORMERS
\*\*SUABINITY TEMPSTOR

PARREL RIT 113
RESISTOR NETWORKS
40 for \$1.98
By Corning Glass. In 14pin dip paks.

BARREL KIY 217 LINEAR & 7400 DIPS 100 for \$1.98

BUY 'EM FROM THE "BARREL" AND SAVE! BARREL KIY:

RELAYSI RELAYSI

30 for \$1.98

Raw failout stock, marked and unmarked stock. Babcock, Leach, etc. All types. BARREL KIT 110 ROMS-REGISTERS

40 for \$1.98 28 to 40 pin devices, marked, internal factory numbers, eto

Marked and unmarked 1/4.

BARREL KIT 116
ZENER RECTIFIER MIX
100 for \$1.98 Subminiature, DO7's, in-cludes asst. zeners and rectifiers. It's mixed

money back guarantee.

Your choice of any kit

TEST 'EM

YOURSELF

AND SAVE!

Every kit

carries

98

CIRCLE NO. 43 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

UP TO 60% DISCOUNT. Name brand instruments catalog. Freeport Music, 455N Route 110, Melville, N.Y. 11746.

WHOLESALE! Professional Guitars, PA Systems. Altec Speakers, 240W RMS Amplifiers. Free Catalog, Carvin, Escondido, Calif. 92028.

FREE CATALOG! 30% to 50% discount. Any model: guitar. amp, drum, banjo, dobro! Write: Warehouse, PE-3, Box 11449, Ft. Worth, TX 76109.

#### **EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES**

ELECTRONICS/AVIONICS EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUN-ITIES. Report on jobs now open. Details FREE, Aviation Employment Information Service, Box 240E, Northport, New York 11768.

FOREIGN CIVILIAN JOBS. Information: Foreign assignments. American companies. All occupations Indicate type work or degree. CMA. Publications, P.O. Box 10412. Dept. F. Birmingham. Alabama 35201

#### HOME ENTERTAINMENT FILMS

READ THIS AD AND SAVE MONEY! Apollo XV (The Rover Expedition on the Moon)-200 reels, Super 8, B&W, \$5.95 each PPD (limited quantity), 1972 Super Bowl (Cowboys vs Dolphins), your choice Super or Standard 8, B&W, \$5.95 each PPD, 1970 World Series, Super 8, B&W, \$5.95 each PPD. Offer expires September 15, 1975. Save \$3.00 on every print you buy. 1975 Columbia, Castle & Sportlite film catalogs, 30 cents each (coins or stamps). SPORTLITE, Elect. Dept.-9, Box 24-500, Speedway, Indiana 46224.

#### TAPE AND RECORDERS

CALCULATOR CHIPS

CT5001

MM5738

\$ 1.25 1.25

.15

#1 Quality \$1.79 ea.

2.99 ea.

RENT 4-Track open reel tapes-all major labels-3,000 different - free brochure, Stereo-Parti, 55 St. James Drive, Santa Rosa, Ca. 95401

MEMOREX CASSETTE BONANZA. C90MRX2-6 pieces \$3.29 each; 12 pieces, \$2.39 each; over 12 pieces, \$1.99 each. M&K Electronics Corp., 135-33 Northern Blvd... Flushing, N.Y. 11354.

> 8 digit multiplexed — five function chain operation 2 key memory — floating decimal — independent constant — interfaces with led with only digit driver — 9 V batt. oper. 24 pin \$3.95

On multiplexed substrate, comm. cathode compatable with all 8 digit calculator chips, 7 segment right hand decimal, red with clear magnifying lens. 12" character, 1 to 4 MA, 1.8 V ty 24"." 4" x 1/" high \$2.95

MEMORIES

MEMORIES

256 bit RAM MOS 1024 bit RAM MOS 1024 bit static RAM 2048 bit UV eras PROM 1024 bit RAM 1024 bit RAM

2048 bit RAM 64 bit ROM TTI

CALCULATOR &

SOI 12 DIG 4 funct fin dec 5002 Same as 5001 exc htry pwr 12 DIG 4 funct hain & dec MM5715 8 DIG 4 funct hain & dec MM5716 18 pin 6 DIG 4 funct MM5718 9 DIG 4 funct thirty sur) MM5718 9 DIG 4 funct thirty sur) MM5718 19 pin 8 DIG 6 dig mux MM5711 24 pin 1 pps 8 DIG 6 dig mux MM5714 24 pin 6 dig mux MM5714 24 pin 6 dig mux MM5716 40 pin alarm 4 dig

28 pin 6 DIG alarm, date

Red TO 18
Axial leads
Jumbo Vis. Red (Red Dome)
Jumbo Vis. Red (Clear Dome
Infra red dill. dome
Red 7 seg. .270"
Red alpha num .32"
Red 7 seg. .270"
6" high solid seq.
Red 7 seq. .270"
4" high solid seq.
6" high spaced seq.
Opto-iso transistor

4.45

2.95 3.75 .61

**CLOCK CHIPS** 

Programmable ROM 256 bit RAM tri-state

12.95

MM1103

MM5203

5260 5261

8223

LED'S

MAN64 MAN66 MCT2

CMOS

9 DIGIT LED DISPLAY — FNA37

Cosmetic Seconds \$ .99 .99

1.49

OLD RADIO SHOWS, Over 10,000 hours (many rare) Latest supplement \$1.00 (refundable) Free reel coupon. Hart, 1329 George Washington, Richland, Washington 99352.

1930-1962 Radio Programs, Reels, \$1.00 Hour! Cassettes, ... Mammoth Catalog, \$1.25. AM Treasures, Box 192PE, Babylon, N.Y. 11702.

OLD RADIO SHOWS ON CASSETTES. \$1.50 per show. Catalog 25 cents. Radio Classics, Box 804 A, Mattituck, N.Y. 11952.

STELLAVOX SP-7 Stereo Tape Recorder with 7-1/2 and 15 ins, head assemblies and all accessories in first class condition \$1,500. Zorning, Ansonia Road, Woodbridge, CT

FREE STEREO Catalog. Amplifiers, Receivers, turntables, speakers, patchcords, cartridges. Audio Out. Box 4299, Biloxi, Miss. 39531

RECORDS-TAPES! Discounts to 73%; all labels, no purchase obligations; newsletter; discount dividend certificates; 100% guarantees. Free details. Discount Music Club, 650 Main St., Dept 5-95, New Rochelle, New York,

#### INVENTIONS WANTED

INVENTORS: Protect your ideas! Free "Recommended Washington Inventors Service, 422T Procedure Washington Building, Washington, D.C. 20005

FREE PAMPHLET: "Tips on Safeguarding Your Invention."
Write: United States Inventors Service Company, 708-T Carry Building, Washington, D.C. 20005

# ventors Wa

RECOGNITION, FINANCIAL REWARD, OR CREDIT for "inventing it first" may be yours! We'll develop your idea, introduce it to industry, publicize it, negotiate for Cash Sale or Royalty Licensing.

INVENTORS KIT Includes • Vital Int Development, Marketing of your Invention

Record Form' Directory of 500 Corporations Seeking
 New Products 10017

Zip

RAYMOND LEE ORGANIZATION 230 Park Ave. No., New York, NY Please rush FREE INVENTORS KIT A-139 Name

Address

#### **BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES**

I MADE \$40,000.00 Year by Mailorder! Helped others make money! Free Proof. Torrey, Box 318-NN, Ypsilanti, Michigan 48197

FREE CATALOGS Repair air conditioning, refrigeration. Tools, supplies, full instructions, Doolin, 2016 Canton, Dallas, Texas 75201.

MAILORDER MILLIONAIRE helps beginners make \$500 weekly. Free report reveals secret plan! Executive (1K9), 333 North Michigan, Chicago 60601.

PIANO TUNING LEARNED QUICKLY AT HOME! Musical knowledge unnecessary. Free Information. Empire School, Box 450327, Miami 33145.

\$200.00 DAILY In Your Mailbox! Your opportunity to do what mail-order experts do. Free details. Associates. Box 136-J, Holland, Michigan 49423.

FREE BOOK "2042 unique proven enterprises." Work home! Hayling-B, Carisbad, CA 92008.

ELECTRONIC Assemby Business. Big profits. Start home, spare time. Investment, knowledge, experience unnecessary. Free illustrated literature. Barta. Box 248CW, Walnut Creek, Calif. 94597.

#### wanted Citizens Band **DEALER-DISTRIBUTORS**

Send this ad with Letterhead to

PAL ELECTRONICS CO.

2962 W. WELDON - PHOENIX, ARIZ, 85017

GET RICH with Secret Law that smashes debts and brings you \$500 to \$5 Million cash. Free report! Credit 4K9, 333 North Michigan, Chicago 60601

BEAUTIFUL WAY TO MAKE MONEY selling instant fountains. Shipped with pools, fill with water, plug in and enjoy. ROMAN FOUNTAINS, INC., Box 10288-Z. Albuquerque, N.M. 87114.

FM RADIO STATION, Start your own, Fantastic income, Frequencies still available. Complete information \$3.00. Concept. Box 106, Lawrence, N.Y. 11559.

## SEPTEMBER SPECIALS

#### SCHOOL TIME SPECIAL POCKET CALCULATOR KIT

.60 .94 .79 .79 .79 1.30 .44 .45 .85 .54 .63 1.04 1.04 .97 .79 .99 1.25 1.07 1.07 1.79

1.39 1.59 1.59 2.30 1.49 2.30 1.49 1.62 1.39 .84 .90 2.29 2.29 2.29 5.95 1.35 1.25 1.19 1.25 89 1.79 1.79

74165

74170 74173

74174

74175 74176 74177

7451

5 function plus constant – addressable memory with individual recall — 8 digit display plus overflow battery saver — uses standard or rechargeable batteries — all y parls in ready to e form — instructions



ASSEMBLED SET OF ALKALINE BATT.

TTL		LINEAR			
7400	\$ .13	340T	5V TO-220		
7404	.15	340T	15V TO-22		
7408	.15	301N	MINI DIP		
7.110	13	20714	TOE		

307H	10-5	.15
5% OFF ON O		
15% OFF ON	DRDERS	OVER \$100.00 OVER \$250.00

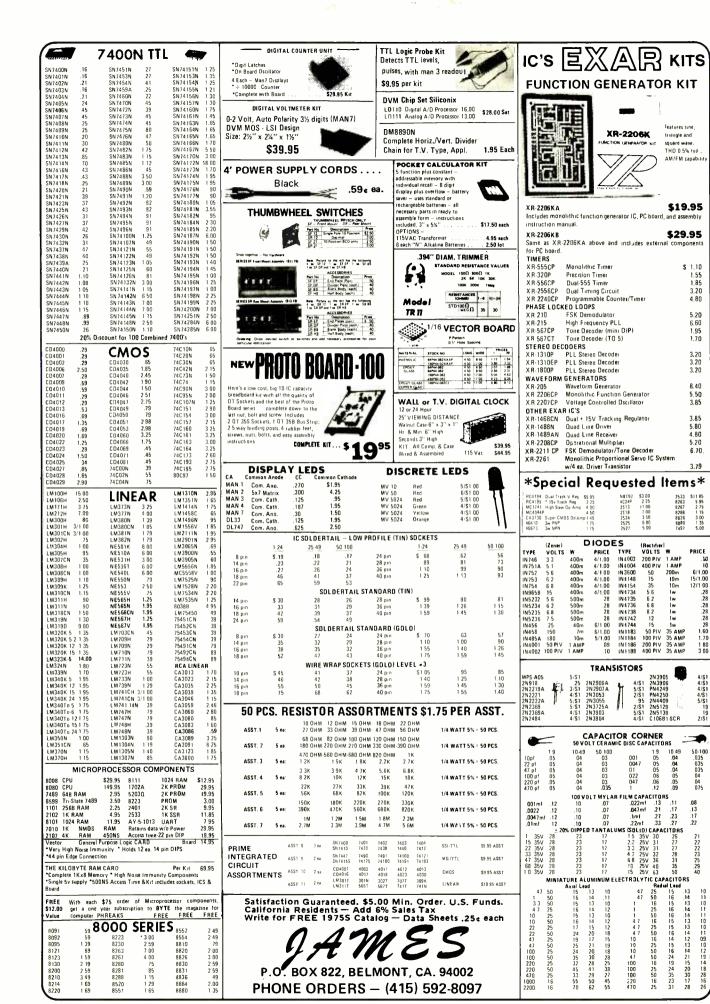
LIN	EAR CIRCUIT	<b>5</b>		1
300	Pos V Reg (super 723)	TO-5	\$ .71	
307	Op AMP (super 741)	mDIP	.26	
308	Micro Pwr Op Amp	mDIP	.89	
309K	5V 1A regulator	TO-3	1.35	
310	V Follower Op Amp	mDIP	1.07	
311	Hi perf V Comp	mDIP	.95	
319	Hi Speed Dual Comp	DIP	1.13	
320	Neg Reg 5.2, 12, 15	TO-3	1.04	
324	Quad Op Amp	DIP	1.52	
339	Quad Comparator	DIP	1.58	
340K	Pos. V reg. (5V, 6V, 8V,			
	12V, 15V, 18V, 24V)	10-3	1.69	
340T	Pos. V reg. (5V, 6V, 8V,			
	12V, 15V, 18V, 24V)	TO-220	1,49	
370	AGC/Squelch AMPL	DIP	.71	
372	AF-IF Strip detector	DIP	2.93	
373	AM/FM/SSB Strip	DIP	.53	
376	Pos. V. Reg	mDIP	2.42	
380	2w Audio Amp	DIP	1.13	
380-8	.6w Audio Amp	mD1P	1.52	
381	Lo Noise Dual preamp	DIP	1.52	
550	Prec V Reg	DIP	.89	
555	Timer	mDIP	.89	
556A	Dual 555 Timer	DIP	1.49	
560	Phase Locked Loop	DIP	2.48	
562	Phase Locked Loop	DIP	2.48	
565	Phase Locked Loop	DIP	2.38	
566	Function Gen	mDIP	2.25	
567	Tone Decoder	mDIP	2.66	
709	Operational AMPL	DIP	.26	
710	Hi Speed Volt Comp	DIP	.35	
723	V Reg	DIP	.62	
739	Dual Hi Perf Op Amp	DIP	1.07	
741	Comp Op Amp	mDIP	.32	
747	Dual 741 Op Amp	DIP	.71	
748	Freq Adj 741	mDIP	.35	
1304	FM Mulps Stereo Demod	DIP	1.07	
1307	FM Mulps Stereo Demod	DIP	.74	
1458	Dual Comp Op Amp	mDIP	.62	
1800	Stereo multiplexer	DIP	2.48	
3900	Quad Amplifier	DIP	.35	
7524	Core Mem Sense AMPL	DIP	.71	
7534	Core Mem Sense Amp	DIP	.71	
8864	9 DIG Led Cath Drvr	DIP	2.25	
75150	Dual Line Driver	DIP	1.95	
75451	Dual Perepheral Driver	mD1P	.35	
75452	Dual Peripheral Driver	mDIP	.35	
75453	(351) Dual Periph. Driver	mDIP	.35	
75491	Quad Seq Driver for LED	DIP	.71	

Salisfaction guaranteed. Shipment will be made via first class mail within 3 days from receipt of order. Add \$.50 to cover shipping and handling for orders under \$25.00. Minimum order \$5.00. California residents add sales tax.

75492 Hex Digit Driver

#### INTERNATIONAL ELECTRONICS UNLIMITED

P.O. BOX 1708/ MONTEREY, CA. 93940 USA PHONE (408) 659-3171





QUALITY ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS - SAME DAY SERVICE -

**NEW DISCOUNT SCHEDULE** SAVES YOU EVEN MORE!

## 1024 BIT STATIC MOS RAM 2102 . . . \$3.50

INTEGRATED CIRCUITS - TTL, CMOS, LINEAR & MOS

30,000	2tc	24539	20	7-t155N	77c	4019AE	58c	4 BAE	\$1.79
7400.5	21c	4 194	20	7.1156N	77¢	4020AE	5 50	4520 wE	\$7.75
7403 v	24c	144.04	271	74157N	684	4021AF	5 42	45 17 NE.	\$2.00
740×4	24c	1410N	34:	74160N	\$1 19	4027AF	\$1 18	4128AE	936
404	2iic	141214	32	741=1N	\$1.11	12 12 12 h	24-	H#54DI	\$2.04
74356	24c	41314	31 :	7.11 e2N	\$1.10	17244	96c	MESS3A	\$1.87
406	24	147 404	31-	7-163N	\$1.10	A225A6	240	NE5545	\$187
74375	24c	1415M	. 51	7:1-16	\$1.28	26A	\$1 67	MR-SNV	48c
7408%	244	T176M	74	7:174M	\$1.09	4027AE	640	18-56A	88∈
74094	2.4	7.45086	58:	7-1751	\$102	17,348	5 74	LIIS60B	\$3.83
24109	2nc	7-01294	16	74180N	77c	ACTION E	5. 3r	NES61B	\$3.83
74519	24c	74831	44	74 81N	\$2.13	4330AE	90	M45628	\$3.83
7413%	2ag	718 M	5: 11	74182N	85c	430.00	5 61	ME-65A	\$1 45
74137	2-	14864	31c	7.1190L	\$1.45	CENTAR	\$3 M	MI566B	\$1.29
74144	\$1 02	74589N		74191N	\$1.45	4.0144	5:30	MI567N	MALA
24158	244	7 :90N	246	14 142N	\$119		51.50	== 109CA	436
7417 N	2*c	7:91N	576	7.1193N	\$1.11	404141	264	=1710CA	360
7420N	2%	74914	434	7415A	51 1	424295	82c	-171 CA	176
7421N	204	7403%	2.00	4195N	\$1 1	44.21	67	23C	inh
7.125N	e5c	7 class	107	7.:279%	56c	4 14:41	67c	=27 U CV	4%
7426N	24c	7:95%	85c	4000AE	24c	4045+1	\$2.35	=1747CA	60c
7428N	e3c	7.1965	772	4001AF	24c	404941	52c	-1748CV	41
72304	31.	7=100N		4002AE	240	4.5:=1	52c	MC1458V	51
74314	244	7:1071	31c	4006AE	\$ 50	4518+	\$1 44	L129	\$1.75
74365	24c	74121N	500	4007AE	240	4.5	\$1.44	1130	\$1.15
76004	24c	74122N	130	1008AE	\$1.17	ACCUSATE.	\$1.44	1131	\$1.25
7441N	\$1.11	74123N		4009AE	641	4060AF	\$1.67	IM309K	\$1.60
744	61c	74125N	394	4010AE	64c	40mins	932	LW324A	\$1.75
74414	610	74126N		4011AE	240	4077AE	26c	UA7805CU	\$1.25
7 tuch	Al.	71132N	73c	4012AE	24c	● 72AE	26c	µA7806€U	\$1.25
744	61	7+141N	944	4013AE	50x	4:7341	750	uA7808CU	\$1.25
74404	:7¢	74145N	\$1.16	# 4AE	\$1.58	4075/41	954	±5781 2CU	\$1.25
24475	- 7c	71150N		A LA	\$1	4081AE	250	17815CU	\$1 25
71403	85c	7 1151N		40°6A1	50x	4082Ae	246	417818CU	\$1 25
7-150N	220	74153N		40 7A	\$1.26	4502AE	\$1.75	-17824CU	
7451N	224	74154N		40°Ball	\$1 44	4511AE	\$1.60	2102	\$3 50

#### SILICON TRANSISTORS

EN918 21c	10/\$2.00	1C/\$17.85	2N3640 21 c	10/\$2.00	1C/\$17.85	ı
EN930 15c		10,\$13,40	2N3641 16c	10.51.55	15/\$13.40	ı
MP5930 1==	10/\$1 55	1C \$13.40	2N3643 16c	55 55	1051140	ı
EN2222 111	10 51 55	10:\$13.60	MP\$3643 1/c	10/\$1.55	1C/\$13 An	
MP\$2222A . 16c	10 \$1.55	TC \$13 60	2N3645 21 c	\$2.00	10-517-85	ı
EN2369A 16c	10 \$1.55	1C/\$13 (d)	2N3646 21 c	\$2.00	1041785	ı
MPS2369A . 16c	10/\$1,55	1C/\$13 60	2N3904 Ide	16.5 55	1051380	ı
MPS2712 16c	10/\$1.55	1C/\$13.60	2N3906 16c	10 \$1.55	10513.60	
EN2907 5c	10:51 55	10,513.60	2N4124 16c	1:51 55	10513.60	ı
MP\$2907A 1c	10/\$1.55	10/\$13.60	2N4126 16c	10:\$1:55	TC \$13.60	ı
2N3391A 21c	10/\$2.00	1C/\$17.85	1 2N4401 lec	10 \$1 55	10513 60	ı
2N3392 . Ac	10 \$1 55	1,513 57	2N4403 Its	10.51.55	1051360	ł
MP\$3392 . 'Ac	1 \$1 55	10,513.50	245087 It's	10 \$1 55	JE \$13.60	ł
2N3393 161	10:\$1.55	C.\$13.50	245089 Inc	1051 55	10,513.60	ı
MP\$3393 160	10/\$1.55	1C/\$13.50	2N5129 71c	10:52:00	15.517.65	ı
2N3394 16:	10,51 55	10/\$13.60	745123 71c	10:52.00	C.\$ 17.55	ı
MP\$3394 16c	10/\$1.55	1 5.513 An	245134 2Tc	10/52:00	1 C \$ 17.85	ı
MPS3395 Inc	10/51.55	16.513.60	2N5137 21c	1042.00	0.310.55	ı
2N3563 21c	\$2.00	IC \$17 85	245138 21c	10:52 00	10/\$17.5	ı
2N3565 21c	1.52.00	IC \$17 85	245139 21c	10:52:00	1C.\$ 17.85	ı
2N3638 16c	\$1,55	10/\$13.60	2N5210 16c	1941.55	312.60	ı
2N3638A Inc	10/\$1.55	1C 513 M	145467 52c	10/\$4.88	1C/\$44.20	ı
MPS3638A 16c	10/\$1.55	1C/\$13.60	MPF-102 48c	10/\$4.50	1C/\$40.80	ı
			MPS-413 40c	10/\$3.75	10/534 00	

#### FIFCTPOLYTIC CAPACITORS

— Radia	Lead -	_	— Axl	al Lead	
lufd/50v Bc	10-64c	-75 5.41	10ufd/50v 1ac	10/\$1 13	1C \$ 9.56
2.2-64-50-					
2 2ufd/50v Bc	0.545	=\$ 5.41	22ufd/16v 12c		1C/\$ 331
3 3ufd/50v . 8c	0.540	175 5 41	22ufd/25v 13c	10/\$1 03	1C/S ±74
4 7 ufd/25 8c	101-5:00	1:/5 5 41	33 fd/16 1 xc	10/\$1.00	10.5 448
10ufd/25	10:47c	17/5 5.00	33 fd/25	10/51 13	10-5 = 56
10ufd/50	1/2/77c	1775 - 54	47 ufd/16 . 14c	10/\$1 13	106 9 36
22ufd/25v =- 22ufd/50v . c	10:22-	1775 4 00	47ufd/25v . 17c	10/51 32	10:\$11.22
221dd/50v	10.11.10	1 /5 = AR	100ufd/16v 17c	10/\$1.32	1C/\$11 27
100ufd/6.3v	10.264	10/5 - 32	100ufd 25v 20c		10 613 30
100ufd/16v 11c	10.04				
			100ufd/50v 29k	10/32.32	10-539.70
100ufd/25v 13c		10.5 3.15	220ufd/16v 20c		16.513 30
— Axia	Lead -	_	220 rd/25v , //c	10/\$2 35	IL 5 9 W
lufd/50 11-	10 90c	C/\$ 7.65	:Emafd/16v 790	10/\$2 35	1C \$19.96
2 2ufd/50v . 12c	10-926	10/5 7.62	Tmufd/25v . 37c	10/\$2.54	1C/\$21 62
3 3ufd/35v 12c	1+1+23c	10/5 7.91	470ufd/16v 32c	10/\$2.54	1C/\$21 62
3,3ufd/50v 12c	10.08c	10/5 8.21	±70ufd/25v 3 /c	10/\$2.98	10/\$25.36
4 7ufd/35v 12c	17-03	10/5 7.91	1000 fd/16v . 39c	10/\$3,13	10/\$26.61
10ufd/16 11c	10-90c	10/5 7.68	1000 fd/25v . 54c	10/\$4.50	1C/\$38.28
10ufd/25v12c					16/438.25
10010/23V 12C	10.98c	TC/S 8.31	2200u/d/16v . 62c	10/\$4.94	1C/\$41.98

DISC CAPS	HARDWARE
100pf/500v 4c 10/36c 2C/\$ 6.09	2-56 1/4 Screw . 90c/C \$ 7 20/M
220pf/500v 4c 10/36c 2C/\$ 6.09	2-56 1/2 Screw. 98c/C \$ 7.80/W
470pf/500v 4c 10/36c 2C/S 6.09	4-40 1/4 Screw 96c/C \$ 7.80/W
1000pf/500v 4c 10/37c 3c/s 6 22	4-20 1 5 Se w 92c/C \$ 7.30/N
2200pf/500v 4c 10/37c 3C/S n.22	6-32 1/4 Screw 92c/C \$ 7.30/W
4700pf/500v 4c 10/32c 3C/\$ 5.21	6-32 1/2 Screw 88c/C \$ 7.00/M
01ufd/500v . 6c 10/50c 76/\$ # 55	8-32 3/8 Screw . \$1.05/C \$ 8 40/M
01ufd/50v 3c 10/24c 2: \$ 4.05	8-32 5/8 Screw . \$1,35/C \$10.80/M
022ufd/25v 3c 10/28c 7. \$ 4.73	2-56 Hex Nut \$1.35/C \$10.80/M
047ufd/25v5c 10/42c 25/5 7.17	4-40 Hex Nut \$1 45/C \$11,60/M
1ufd/25v . 8c 10/62c 2: \$10.57	1 17 Hex Nut \$1 45/C \$11 70/M
	5-32 Hex Nut . \$1.50/C \$11.80/M
SILICON DIODES	No. 2 Lock Washer 45c/C \$ 3.50/M
1N4148 10/40c 10/53 50 184/524 00	N=. 4 Lock Washer . 45c/C \$ 3.50/M

SILICO	N DIOI	DES	N. 2 Lock Washer 4		\$ 3.50/M
1N4001 . 10/70c 1N4002 . 10/72c	1C/\$3.50 1C/\$6.13 1C/\$6.30 1C/\$6.48	1M/\$34.00 1M/\$59.50 1M/\$61.20 1M/\$62.90	N=. 4 Lock Washer . 4 N=. 6 Lock Washer . 4 N=. 8 Lock Washer . 4	5c/C 5c/C	\$ 3.50/M \$ 3.50/M
1N4004 10/76c 1N4005 10/82c 1N4006 . 10/90c 1N4007 10/99c	1C/\$7.88	1M/\$64 60 1M/\$69 70 1M/\$76,50 1M/\$85.00	6 AMP SPST N.O	c cal c Cal c Cal c Cal	\$1.7° \$1.7° \$1.7° . \$1.7°

# 1/2 & 1/4 WATT CARBON COMP. RESISTORS

5 each of the 85 standard 10% values (2.2-22M) ½ W Resistors (425 pcs.) Sorted by value \$13/ser 2-4 are \$12/set 5-9 are \$11/set 5 each of the 70 standard 10% values (10-5.6M) ¼ W Resistors (350 pcs.) Sorted by 4 ulue \$13/set 2-4 are \$12/set 5-9 are \$11/set

#### **MOLEX SOLDERCON IC TERMINALS**

100/\$1 500/\$4.20 1000/\$8.20 5000/\$38.20 50,000/\$275

VOLUME DISCOUNT SCHEDULE	I.C. SOCKETS
Marchandes	8 P. S. de T. 17c 14 P. S. ee T. 18c 16 P. S. de T. 18c 25 P. S. de T. 18c 26 P. S. de T. 18c 27 P. S. de T. 18c 27 P. S. de T. 18c 27 P. S. de T. 18c 28 P. Wirs-Wing 32
	14 Pr Wire Wrop . 52. 16 Pr Wire Wrop . 58. 16 Pr Wire Wrop . 60. 24 Pr Wire Wrop . We 28 Pr Wire Wrop . \$1.12
Includes skipping & insurance to USA & Cameda  COD ORDERS ACCEPTED FOR SAME DAY  SHIPMENT — CALL 218-081-0674	40 P r Wire-Wrep . \$1,56 Send for free catalog or mail readers service card

#### "Only Quality Components Sold!" DIGI-KEY CORPORATION

#### P.O. Box 677 Thief River Falls, MN 56701

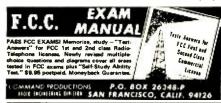
#### CIRCLE NO. 19 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### INSTRUCTION

LEARN ELECTRONIC ORGAN SERVICING at home all makes including transistor. Experimental kit-troubleshooting. Accredited NHSC, Free Booklet, NILES BRYANT SCHOOL, 3631 Stockton, Dept. A, Sacramento, Calif. 95820.

LEARN WHILE ASLEEP, Hypnotize! Strange catalog free. Auto-suggestion, Box 24-ZD, Olympia, Washington 98501. DEGREE IN ELECTRONICS through correspondence. Free catalog. Grantham. 2000 Stoner Avenue, Los Angeles, California 90025.

INTENSIVE 5 week course for Broadcast Engineers. F.C.C. First Class license, Radio Engineering Incorporated, 61 N. Pineapple Ave., Sarasota, Florida 33577 and 2402 Tidewater Trail, Fredericksburg, VA 22401



SCORE high on F.C.C. Exams Over 300 questions and answers. Covers 3rd, 2nd, 1st and even Radar. Third and Second Test, \$14.50; First Class Test, \$15.00. All tests, \$26.50. R.E.I., Inc., Box 806, Sarasota, Fla. 33577.

UNIVERSITY DEGREES BY MAIL! Bachelors, Masters, Ph.D's. Free revealing details. Counseling, Box 1162-PE9, Tustin, California 92680.

SELF-STUDY CB RADIO REPAIR COURSE. THERE'S MONEY TO BE MADE REPAIRING CB RADIOS. This easyto-learn course can prepare you for a career in electronics enabling you to earn as much as \$16.00 an hour in your spare time. For more information write: CB RADIO REPAIR COURSE, Dept. PE095, 531 N. Ann Arbor, Oklahoma City, Okla. 73127.

DRAFTING—Blueprint Reading (Mechanical, Electronic, Architectural). Home Courses \$25.00. Send \$2.00 first lesson. Prior, Inc., 23-09 169th Street, Whitestone, N.Y. 11357.

UPDATE your electronics knowledge and add a FCC first class license. Home study. Free catalog. Genn Tech., 5540 Hollywood Blvd., Los Angeles, CA 90028.

FM BROADCAST STATION. Start your own. Learn how. Details free. Broadcaster, Box 5516AK, Walnut Creek, CA 94596.

UNDERSTAND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS-Calculators. Microprocessors, clocks. New programmed learning courses. Design of Digital Systems, 6 volumes, only \$14.95. Digital Computer Logic, 4 volumes, \$9.95. Both \$19.95. Un-conditional refund if dissatisfied. Cambridge Learning, 300 East 56th Street, New York, N.Y. 10022.

#### TREASURE FINDERS

FREE FACT-FILLED CATALOG! World's largest selection! Metal detectors starting at \$79.50. Two year guarantee! Three factories, U.S.-Canada. 1,200 dealers - Service Centers nationwide. Finest instruments at any price! Budget Terms. Dealer inquiries invited. Write: White's Electronics, Inc. Dept. PD5W, 1011 Pleasant Valley Road. Sweet Home, Oregon 97386.

TREASURE FINDER locates buried gold, silver, coins, treasures. 6 powerful models. Instant financing available. Write or call for free catalog. Phone (713) 682-2728 day or night. Dealer inquiries invited. Relco, Dept. AA20, Box 10839, Houston, Texas 77018.

#### REAL ESTATE

BIG ... NEW .FREE. FALL CATALOG! Over 2,600 top values in 40 states coast to coast! UNITED FARM AGENCY, 612-EP, West 47th St., Kansas City, Mo. 64112.

#### RECORDS

OLDIES, 45rpm, Free Catalog, Corny's Record Shop, Box 166TM, Mason, Ohio 45040.

FREE RECORD COLLECTION Reviewers wanted. Anyone qualifies. We ship you new records to review. You pay postage. Records are free. Applicants accepted "first come" basis. Write: Research PE, 6162 Washington Circle, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53213.

#### RUBBER STAMPS

RUBBER address stamps. Free catalog. 45 type styles. Jackson's, Box 443G, Franklin Park. III. 60131.

#### **NEW KITS! NEW KITS!**

#### **JAMES ELECTRONICS**

P. O. BOX 822 BELMONT, CALIFORNIA 94002 (415) 592-8097

#### DIGITAL VOLTMETER



This is a 3% digit, D-2 volt Origital Voltmeter, with a ,5% full scale accuracy. It is based around the Silconix LD110. LD111 DVM chip set. The voltmeter uses MAN7 readoust, of 3% high to provide a highly readable display. The unit requires the following supply outlages; 12, -12, 5. The unit comes complete with all components to build the unit protunded the first that is a complete DVM less power supply.

#### \$39.95 Per Kit

#### LOGIC PROBE

The Logic Probe is a unit which is for the most part indespensible in trouble shooting iogic families. TTL, DTL, RTL, CMOS, It derives the Dower it needs to operate directly off of the circuit under test, fawing a scant 10 mA max. It uses a MAN3 readout to indicate any of the following states by these symbols (H1)—1 (LOW)—0 (PULSEI—P. The Probe can detect high frequency pulses to 45 MHz. It can't be used at MDS levels or circuit damage will result



\$9.95 Per Kit

#### DIGITAL COUNTER



This is a 4 digit counter unit which will count up to 9999 and then provide an ownflow pulse. It is based around the Mostes.
MKS007 digital counter, chin. The unit performs the following functions. Count Input,
RESET, Latch, Overflow. The counter openstee up to 250 eAH. The counter is an ideal unit to be used as infreuency counter, where the only exits components needed would be a timebase, divider chain and gate. The unit 
requires 5V, and -12V. The unit comes complete as shown on the left less power supply.

\$29.95 Per Kit

#### ONE KILOBYTE RANDOM ACCESS MEMORY

This memory card is for the most part a universal unit that can be used in almost any unrecommuter from a HOME REFE to an ALTARI 8800, it uses an array of 2102 1 ks. 1 static random access memorises to produce a 1024 a. 8 memory compatible with most experiment of the static part of the static part



\$69.95 Per Kit

#### 5 VOLT 1 AMP T2L SUPPLY



T2L SUPPLY

This is a standard TTL power supply using the well Known LM309K regulator IC to provide a solid 1 AMP of current at 5 voits. We try to make things easy for you by providing everything you need in one package, including the hardware for only

\$9.95 Per Kit

#### PLASTIC INSTRUMENT CASE

These cases are fine quality units made by a German manufacturing firm which fit to the dimensions of our DVM and COUNTER kit with room enough left for power supply or batteries. Excellent for many other projects as well. Dimensions 2" x 3-1/8" x 5 7/8"



#### \$5.95 Per Case

Satisfaction Guaranteed. \$5.00 Min. Order. U.S. Funds. Add \$1.25 for Postage — Write for FREE 1975\$ Catalog California Residents — Add 6% Sales Tax



P.O. BOX 822, BELMONT, CA. 94002 PHONE ORDERS — (415) 592-8097

CIRCLE NO. 62 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD



IS NOT WORTH AS MUCH AS IT USED TO BE, WE ALL MUST BE CAREFUL TO GET TOP VALUE PER COST. COMPARE THESE PRICES WITH OUR COMPETITORS' (DON'T FORGET TO INCLUDE VOLUME DISCOUNT) AND SEE IF YOU WON'T

GET MORE FOR YOUR MONEY. REMEMBER, OUR'S ARE FACTORY TESTED, FIRST RUN PRIME PARTS— NOT FACTORY FALLOUTS OR SECONDS. IF YOU'RE A REGULAR CUSTOMER, INQUIRE ABOUT OUR NEW BLANKET DISCOUNT.

# SEMICONDUCTORS

Solid State Systems, Inc. has in stock a wide range of SEMICONDUCTORS including 7400 TTL, Linear IC's, Diodes, Transistors, and TRIAC's.

These items are ALL factory tested FIRST-RUN PRIME. All IC's are supplied in 18-, 14-, 16-, or 24-pin DIP plastic or ceramic package except for NE540 and SE540, which come in a TO-3 package.

SE540, which come in a TO-3 package.				
Catalog Number	Descrition	Unit Prices		
12-17501	NE501A Video Amplifier	2.50		
12-27531	NE531V High Slew Rate OP Amp	2.60		
12-37540 12-35540	NE540L Power Driver SE540L Power Driver	2.00 4.00		
12-17550	NE550A Precision Voltage Regulator	1.00		
82-03554	SI-3554E, 5V 3 Amp Voltage Reg	7.50		
12-27555	NE555V Timer	.80		
12-25556 12-25558	N5556V Operational Amp N5558V Dual Operational Amp	1.50 .68		
12-17560	NE560B Phase Locked Loop	2.25		
12-17561	NE561B Phase Locked Loop	2.25		
12-17562	NE562B Phase Locked Loop	2.25		
12-17565	NE565A Phase Locked Loop	2.25		
12-27566 12-27567	NE566V Function Generator	2.25 2.25		
12-15595	NE567V Tone Decoder PLL N5595A Linear 4-Quad Multiplier	2.25		
12-15596	N5596A Balanced Modulator-Demod	1.65		
12-25709	709CV Operational Amp	.38		
12-15710	710CA Voltage Comparator	.30		
12-15711	711CA Qual Voltage Comparator 723CA Precision Voltage Reg	.85		
12-15723	733CA Differential Video Amp	1.40		
12-25741	741 CV High Performance Op Amp	.45		
12-15747	747CA Qual Operational Amp	.95		
DIOD	T48CV High Performance Dp Amp	.35		
21-10270	1N270 Germanium Switching Diode	.12		
42-14001 42-14002	1N4001, 1Amp, 50PRV, Rec Diode 1N4002, 1Amp, 100PRV, Rec Diode	.07		
42-14002	1N4002, 1Amp, 100PHV, Rec Diode	.09		
42-14004	1N4004, 1Amp, 400PRV, Rec Diode	. 10		
42-14005	1N4005, 1Amp, 600PRV, Rec Diode	.11		
42-14006	1N4006, 1Amp, 800PRV, Rec Diode	.12		
42-14007 42-14148	1N4007, 1Amp, 1000PRV, Rec Diode 1N4148 Silicon Switching Diode	.13		
73-10746	1N746A, 3.3V, 5%, 400MW, Zener Diode	.15		
73-10747	1N747A, 3.6V, 5%, 400MW, Zener Diode 1N748A, 3.9V, 5%, 400MW, Zener Diode	.15		
73-10748	1N748A, 3.9V, 5%, 400MW, Zener Diode	.15		
73-10749 73-10750	1N749A, 4.3V, 5%, 400MW, Zener Diode 1N750A, 4.7V, 5%, 400MW, Zener Diode	.15 .15		
73-10750	1N751A, 5.1V, 5%, 400MW, Zener Diode	.15		
73-10752	1N752A, 5.6V, 5%, 400MW, Zener Diode	.15		
73-10753	1N753A, 6.2V, 5%, 400MW, Zener Diode	.15		
73-10754	1N754A, 6.8V, 5%, 400MW, Zener Diode	.15 .15		
73-10755 73-10756	1N755A, 7.5V, 5%, 400MW, Zener Diode 1N756A, 8.2V, 5%, 400MW, Zener Diode	.15		
73-10757	1N757A, 9.1V, 5%, 400MW, Zener Diode	.15		
73-10758	1N758A, 10V, 5%, 400MW, Zener Diode	.15		
73-10759 TRAN	SISTORS	.15		
54-23860 TRIAC	2N3860 NPN General Purpose Transistor	.21		
45-03003	3mA Gate 50 V 3 Amp. TRIAC	1.31		
45 03203 45-03403	3mA Gate 200V 3 Amp. TRIAC 3mA Gate 400V 3 Amp. TRIAC	1.69 2.11		
45-03403	10mA Gate 50V 3 Amp. TRIAC	1.06		
45-10203	10mA Gate 200V 3 Amp. TRIAC	1.36		
45-10403	10mA Gate 400V 3 Amp. TRIAC	1.70		
45-25003	25mA Gate 50V 3 Amp. TRIAC	.85		
45-25203 45-25403	25mA Gate 200 V 3 Amp. TRIAC 25mA Gate 400 V 3 Amp. TRIAC	1.19 1.53		
45-25403	50mA Gate 50V 10 Amp. TRIAC	.84		
45-50015	50mA Gate 50V 15 Amp. TRIAC	1.31		
45-50210	50mA Gate 200 V 10 Amp. TRIAC	1.36		
45-50215	50mA Gate 200V 15 Amp. TRIAC	2.33		
45-50410 45-50415	50mA Gate 400V 10 Amp. TRIAC 50mA Gate 400V 15 Amp. TRIAC	1.72 2.95		
46-50010	50mA Gate 400 V 15 Amp. TRIAC	.75		
46-50015	50mA Gate 50V 15 Amp. TRIAC	1.18		
46-50215	50mA Gate 200V 15 Amp. TRIAC	2.10		
46-50410 46-50415	50mA GAte 400V 10 Amp. TRIAC 50mA GAte 400V 15 Amp. TRIAC	1.55		
40-00415	BOTTA GARE 400V 15 Amp. TRIAC	2.60		

## **7400 SERIES**

Catalog	Unit	Catalog	Unit
Number	Price	Number	Price
7400	.20	7484	2.80
7400		7484 7485	1.40
7401	.20		.45
	.20	7486	
7403	.20	7489	3.50
7404	.21	7490	.68
7405	.21	7491	1.00
7406	.40	7492	.68
7407	.40	7493	.68
7408	.22	7494	.98
7409	.22	7495	.98
7410	.20	7496	.98
7411	.21	74100	1.25
7413	.45	74104	.60
7416	.38	74105	.60
7417	.38	74 107	.42
7418	.30	74121	.48
7420	.20	74122	.60
7421	.20	74123	1.00
7423	.40	74141	1.25
7425	.40	74145	1.21
7426	.26	74150	1.42
7430	.20	74151	1.00
7437	44	74153	1.25
7438	.44	74154	1.95
7440	.20	75155	1.25
7441	1.00	74156	1.25
7442	1.00	74157	1.30
7443	1.00	74 158	1.30
7444	1.00	74161	1.50
7445	1.20	74162	1.50
7446	1.00	74163	1.50
7447	.90	74164	1.50
7448	1.00	74165	1.50
7450	.20	74166	1.50
7451	.20	74170	2.75
7453	.20	74175	2.00
7454	.20	74176	1.75
7459	.20	74177	1.75
7460	.20	74180	1.00
7470	.32	74181	3.95
7472	.29	74182	.95
7473	.40	74192	1.25
7474	.40	74193	1.25
7475	.64	74196	1.95
7476	.42	74197	1.95
7480	.50	74198	2.65
7482	.93	74199	2.65
7483	1.30		

If your merchandise total is between:
STANDARD CHARGES

# SCHOTTKY TTL

SPECIAL CLOSEOUT SALE on 74S00 series Schottky TTL. This is a one-time offer, as we are discontinuing our line of this fast TTL. These items are offered at our cost, but only while they last. These items will NOT be backordered and credit will be issued for all items SOLD OUT. Get them while they are still in stock!

Catalog	Unit
Number	Price
74501	.50
74503	.50
74504	.55
74805	.35
74509	.50
74815	.50
74S20	.50
74S21	.50
74522	.50
74540	.55
74850	.50
74851	.50
74560	.50
74S65	.50
74574	.99
745 76	.99
74578	.99
748107	.99
745112	.99
745113	.99
745114	.99

# **CMOS**

## 4000 SERIES

Catalog Number	Description	Unit Prices
4000	Dual 3-Input Positive NOR Gate Plus Inverter	.29
4000	Quad 2-Input Positive NOR Gate	.29
4002	Dual 4-Input Positive NDR Gate	.29
4002	18 Stage Static Shift Register	2.55
4007	Dual Complimentary Pair Plus Inverter	.29
4008	4-Bit Full Adder W/Parallel Carry Dut	1.36
4009	Hex Buffer, Inverting Type	.74
4010	Hex Buffer, Non-Inverting Type	.74
4011	Quad 2-Input Positive NAND Gate	.29
4012	Dual 4-Input Positive NAND Gate	.29
4013	Dual D-Type Flip-Flop W/Set-Reset	.67
4014	8-Stage Static Shift Register	1.86
4015	Dual 4-Stage Static Register	1.79
4016	Quad Bilateral Switch	.67
4017	Decade Counter/Divider W/Decoded Outputs	1.69
4018	Presettable Divide-By-"N" Counter	1.86
4019	Quad AND-OR "Select" Gate	.67
4020	14-Stage Ripple-Carry Binary Counter/Divider	1.86
4021	8-Stage Static Shift Register	1.79
4022	Divide-By-8 Counter W/8 decoded outputs	1.69
4023	Triple 3-Input Positive NAND Gate	.29
4024	7-Stage Binary Counter	1.43
4025	Triple 3-Input Positive NDR Gate	.29
4026	Decade Counter/7 Seg. Decoder, Disp. Enable	2.89
4027	Dual J-K Master-Slave Flip-Flop W/Set & Reset	.84
4028	BCD-To-Decimal Decoder	1.43
4029	Presettable Up/Down Counter, Binary or BCD	2.11
4030	Quad Exclusive-OR Gate	-67
4033	Decade Counter/7-Seg. Decod. & Ripple Blank.	3.23
4035	4-Stage Shift Register (Parallel-In, Parallel Out)	1.86
4040	12-Stage Ripple-Carry Bin. Counter/Divider	1.86
4041	Quad True/Compliment Buffer	1.35
4042	Quad Clocked "D" Latch	1.28
4043	Quad NOR R/S Latch	1.26
4044	Quad NAND R/S Latch	1.26
4049	Hex Buffer/Converter, Inverting Type	.72
4050 4051	Hex Buffer/Converter, Non-Inverting Type Single 8-Channel Multiplexer	.72 2.11
4051	Differential 4-Channel Multiplexer	2.11
4052	Triple 2-Channel Multiplexer	2.11
4060	14-Stage Ripple-Carry Bin, Count./Div. W/Osc.	2.55
4066	Quad Bilateral Switch	1.26
4071	Quad 2-Input OR Gate	.36
4072	Dual 4-Input OR Gate	.36
4073	Triple 3-Input AND Gate	.36
4075	Triple 3-Input OR Gate	.36
4081	Quag 2-Input AND Gate	.36
4082	Dual 4-Input AND Gate	.36
4502	Stobed Hex Inverter/Buffer	1.28
4510	BCD Up/Down Counter	1.96
4511	BCD-To-7 Seg. Latch/Decoder/Driver	1.96
4512	8-Channel Data Selector	2.13
4514	4-Bit Latch/4-16-Decoder(Hi)	2.47
4515	4-Bit Latch/4-16-Decoder(Lo)	2.47
4516	Binary Up/Down Counter	1.96
4518	Dual 8CD Up Counter	2.04
4520	Dual Bin, Up/Down Counter	2.04
4528	Dual Monostable Multivibrator	1.69
4585	4-Bit Magnatude Comparator	2.13

OR CALL: 800-325-2981



SOLID STATE SYSTEMS, INC.
P. O. BOX 617
COLUMBIA, MISSOURI 65201





CIRCLE NO. 52 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### **BOOKS AND MAGAZINES**

FREE catalog aviation/electronic/space books. Aero Publishers, 329PE Aviation Road, Fallbrook, California 92028.

FREE book prophet Elijah coming before Christ, Wonderful bible evidence, Megiddo Mission, Dept. 64, 481 Thurston Rd., Rochester, N.Y. 14619.

#### **HYPNOTISM**

SLEEP learning. Hypnotic method. 92% effective. Details free. ASR Foundation, Box 23429EG. Fort Lauderdale. Florida 33307

FREE Hypnotism. Self-Hypnosis. Sleep Learning Catalog! Drawer H400, Ruidoso, New Mexico 88345.

AMAZING self-hypnosis record releases fantastic mental power. Instant results! Free trial. Write: Forum (AA9), 333 North Michigan. Chicago 60601.

#### **REMAILS**

FAST CONFIDENTIAL, your mail received, forwarded from mini computer capital of the world, B.J., Box 441, Maynard, MA 01754.

#### **MAGNETS**

MAGNETS. All types. Specials-20 disc, or 10 bar, or 2 stick, or 8 assorted magnets, \$1.00. Magnets, Box 192-H, Randallstown, Maryland 21133.

#### **MISCELLANEOUS**

WINEMAKERS: Free illustrated catalog yeasts, equipment. Semplex, Box 12276P, Minneapolis, Minn. 55412.

CORVAIR PARTS—1300 different Corvair parts stocked: large catalog \$1.25. Clark's Corvair Parts, Shelburne Falls, Mass. 01370.

	TRANSISTOR SPECIALS	C/MOS (DIDDE CLAMPED)
INTEL 8080 CPU \$169.00 8008 8 BIT MICRO PROCESSING CHIP (with data book) \$35.00	2N6517 NPN St TO-92 4/\$1 !	74C02 —\$ 50 CD4019—\$ 58
CHIP (with data book) \$35.00 2102-2 1024 BIT RAM \$3.95	2N5086 PNP St 10-924/\$1 1	74C10 \$ .50 CD4022—\$1.25
5202A UV PROM \$19.00 MM5203 UV PROM \$19.00	2N404 PNP GE 10-5	CD4001—\$ .30 CD4024—\$1.00
1702A UV PROM \$19.00	2N404 PNP GE TO-5 2N3919 NPN Si TO-3 RF \$1 MPSA13 NPN Si TO-92 3-51	CD4002 \$ .30 CD4025\$ .30
MINIATURE TRIM POTS	MPSA13 NPN SI TO-92 351 1	CD4006—\$1.50 CD4026—\$ .67 CD4007—\$ .30 CD4027—\$1.20
5K, 10K, 25K, 50K, 100K, 200K	2N2222 NPN St TO-18	CD4007—\$ .30 CD4027—\$1.20 CD4009—\$ .67 CD4028—\$1.09
\$.75 ea. 3/\$2.00	2N3055 NPN Si TO-3 \$ .1 2N3904 NPN Si TO-92 5 \$1.1	CD4010—\$ .67 CD4029—\$1.42
MULTI-TURN TRIM POTS	2N3055 NPN SI 10-3 2N3904 NPN SI TO-92 2N3906 PNP SI TO-92 2N5296 NPN SI TO-92 2N6109 PNP SI TO-220 2N3866 NPN SI TO-5 SI RF	CD4011 \$ .30 CD4030 \$ .30
Similar to Bourns 3010 style 3/16" × %" × 11/4", 50, 100 2000, 5000	2N6109 PNP St TO-220	CD4012—\$ .30 CD4035—\$1.42 CD4013—\$ .53 CD4042 \$ .84
ohms \$1.50	POWER \$	75 CD4015—\$1 17 CD4046—\$2.55 CD4016—\$ 63 CD4047—\$3.10
LIGHT ACTIVATED SCR'S	POWER \$ MJ2252 NPN St TO-66 \$ 2N3638 NPN St TO 5 5/\$1.1	
TO-18 200V 1A \$1.75	2N2218A NPN Si TO-5 4/\$1	CD4017—\$1.34 CD4050—\$1.05 CD4018—\$1.45 CD4055—\$2.70
PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD 4½"×6½" single sided epoxy	CAPACITORS DO-33-A	3 DIG. LED
board, 1/16" thick, unetched	35V at .47 UF TANT 5/\$1.00 ARRAY F	READOUT \$1.65 Full Wave Bridges
\$.50 ea. 5/\$2.20	20V at 150 UF TANT .\$ .40 MAN-3 R	EADOUT \$1.00 PRV 2A 6A 25A
Conductive Elastometer low Profile	6V 30 UF TANT 5/\$1.00 MAN-4 R	EADOUT . \$1.30 200   .95   1.25   3.00
Calculator keyboard \$6.00	200V 4.7 UF ELECT . 5 30 SLA-3	3 DIG. LED READOUT \$1.65 EADOUT. \$1.65 EADOUT. \$1.75 EADOUT. \$1.00 EADOUT. \$1.30 READOUT \$1.25 \$4.50 EADOUT \$1.25 \$4.50
2N5460 P FET \$.45 TIS 73 N FET \$.45	CD 201 100x100 IMAGE SENSOR	4 WATT IR
TIS 73 N FET \$.45 2N4891 UJT \$.45	CHARGEO COUPLE DEVICES	LASER DIODE \$7.95
ER900 TRIGGER DIODES 4/\$1.00	USED IN SOLIO STATE CAMERAS WITH APPLICATIONS \$145.00	CD 110 LINEAR 256 X1 BIT SELF
2N6028 PROG. UJT \$.65	FPA 711-7 LEVEL Diode Array Op-	SCANNING CHARGED COUPLED DEVISE, WITH DATA \$125.00
VERIPAX PC BOARD This board is a 1/16" single sided	tical Tape Readers \$5.95	SANKEN AUDIO POWER AMPS
This board is a 1/16" single sided paper epoxy board, 4½" • 6½	Low cost digital volt meter kit contains integ. circuit schem	Si 1010 G 10 WATTS 5 5.90
DRILLED and ETCHED which will hold up to 21 single 14 pin	contains integ. circuit schem PC boards. LED displays, reg	S: 1020 G 20 WATTS513.95
will hold up to 21 single 14 pin IC's or 8, 16 or LSi DIP IC's with	ulators Outer case and battery not supplied, accurate to - one	Si 1050 G 50 WATTS . \$24.95
busses for power supply con- nector \$5.25	count, has range of one my to 1.999 VDC. Overall dimensions	LINEAR CIRCUITS
REO/GREEN BIPOLAR LED \$1.30	1.999 VDC. Overall dimensions 1½"× 3"× 5 \$62.00	LM 309K 5V 1A REGULATOR \$1.50 723 40 +40V REGULATOR \$58
MT-2 PHOTO TRANS \$.60 MV 5053 YELLOW GREEN	TTL IC SERIES	301/748 -Hi Per Op Amp 5.30
OR ORANGE LFO 35 ea	74L00— .30 7476— .45	CA 2047 LU DEDECORM OD AMD
RED GAP OSL-3 LEO 5.20	7400— 17 7480— 60 7401— 17 7483— 99	CA 3089 FM IF SYSTEM \$3 25
16 PIN OIP SOCKETS	7402 17 7485—1 10	TATA OF 741C OP AMP \$.31
MOLEX PINS 100/\$1.00 1000/\$8.00 8 PIN MINIDIP SOCKETS 232	7403— 17 7486— 48 7404— 21 7490— 60	709C OPER AMP 5.25
8 PIN MINIDIP SOCKETS \$.32	7405— 20 7491—1 00 7406— 35 7492— 75	A 3087 FM IF SYSTEM 5 3 25 LM 320 - 5 or 15V REG 5 1.75 7414 or 741C OP AMP 5 .31 709C OPER AMP 5 .25 3401-5.8 12. 15 18 24V POS. REG TO 220 51.75
10 WATT ZENERS	7407 37 7493 60	POS. REG. TO-220 \$1.75 101 OPER AMP HI PERFORM \$75 LM 308 Oper Amp Low Power \$1.05
3 9 4 7 OR 18V \$.75 EA 1 WATT ZENERS 5.6	7408— 18 7495— 80 7409— 22 7496— 85	747-DOAL 741
10. 12. 15. 18. CR 22V	7410 17 8267—1 95	556—DUAL TIMER \$1.30 537—PRECISION OP AMP \$2.60
Silicon Power Rectifiers	7412 45 74121 50	LM 3900—QUAO OP AMP 5.49
PRV IA 3A 12A 50A	7413 72 74122 00	LM 324—0UA0 741 \$1.70 560—PHASE LOCK LOOP \$2.00 561—PHASE LOCK LOOP \$2.00 565—PHASE LOCK LOOP \$2.00
100 .06 .14 .30 .80 200 .07 .20 .35 1.15	7414—1 75	561—PHASE LDCK LDOP 52.00
400 09 25 50 1.40	7417 37 74150 99	32.00
600 .11 .30 .70 1.80 800 .15 .35 .90 2.20	7425 36 74153 1 05	567—TONE DECODER
800 15 35 90 2.20 1000 .20 .45 1.10 2.75	7426— 27 74154—1 48	LM 370—AGC SOUELCH AMP \$1.15
,	7430 17 74157-1.18	LM 370—AGC SQUELCH AMP 555—2 µs — 2 HR TIMER 553 QUAD TIMER \$ 55 \$ 350
REGULATED MODULAR	7432 27 74161 1 25 7437 36 74163 1 49	FCD 810 OPTO-ISOLATOR \$1 35
POWER SUPPLIES	7438— 35 74164—1.70	1456 OPER AMP 5 95
- 15VDC AT 100ma 115VAC INPUT \$24.95	7440— 17 74165—1 78 7441— 95 74173—1 55	
115VAC INPUT \$24.95 5VDC AT 1A, 115VAC INPUT \$19.95	7442 90 74175—1 60	
12V .5A 24.95	7445—1 05 74177—1 50 7446—1 10 74181 3 20	LM 382—DUAL AUDIO PREAMP \$1.69
IN 4148 (IN914) 14/\$1.00	7447—1 00 74192—1 40	LM 319—Dual Hi Speed Comp 51 15
1103 1024 bit RAM \$4 75 NEC 6003 2048 bit RAM \$9 50	7472 .33 74195 80	LM 339—QUAD COMPARATOR \$1.25
1101 256 bit RAM \$1.75	7473 .38 74196—1 90 7474 .35 75324—1.75	8038C IC VOLT CONT. OSC. \$4.40
NEC 6003 2048 bit RAM \$9 50 1101 256 bit RAM \$1.75 8223 PROM \$4.75 7489 RAM \$2.45	7475 60 75491—1.10	TRIACS SCR'S
	SPOT MIN TOGGLE SWITCH \$1.50	PRV 1A 10A 25A 1.5A 6A 35A 100 40 70 1.30 40 50 1.20 200 70 1.10 1.75 60 70 1.60
Terms: FOB Cambridge, Mass Send Check or Money Order, Include	DPOT MINI TOCCLE SWITCH \$2.25	100 40 .70 1.30 40 .50 1.20 200 .70 1.10 1.75 .60 .70 1.60
Postage Minimum Order \$5.00. COD'S \$20.00	CT7001 Calendar Alarm	400 1.10 1.60 2.60 1.00 1.20 2.20 600 1.70 2.30 3.60 3.00
	CLOCK OTH	
Send 200 for our catalog feature	ng Transistors and Rectifiers; 145	mainpointe ot., campringe, mass.

# **Popular Electronics**

## SEPTEMBER 1975 ADVERTISERS INDEX

	EADER VICE NO.	ADVERTISER	PAGE Numbe
1			
2	A P Products Incorp	orated	
14	Ace Electronic Parts		
64	Active Electronic Sa	les Corp	19
3			
58	Allison Automotive (	Company	
6 7			
8			
9	Audio Toobnica II S	Inc	
10	R&K Precision Prod	ucts of Dynascan	
11	Bahvion Electronics		10
• •		ls	
	CREI Capitol Radio I	Engineering	
	Chien-Chang Indust	trial Co. Ltd	45, 47, 48, 4
12			
13	Cleveland Institute	of Electronics, Inc	64, 65, 66, 6
15	Continental Specials	ties Corp	
16	Crown		8
7	Delta Electronics Co		10
8	Delta Products, Inc		5
9		1	
20	EICO		9
21	Edmund Scientific C	0	
22		·	
23		ers, Inc	
24	Codbout Floatrania		
5	Heath Company	, Bill	74 75 76 7
3			
25	International Electro	nics Unlimited	10
26			
2			
3			
27		ated	
8	Lafayette Radio Elec	tronics	85, 8
29	Linear Systems, Inc		1
0	McIntosh Laboratory	, Inc	7
1	MITS		1
2	Mallory Distributors	Products Company .	3
14	Martin Research		5
5		f America,	
ю			
	National Technical S	chools	29 20 20 2
7		S	
8		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
9		18	
0	PAIA Flectrones		
1	PanaVise		
2	Phase Linear Corpora	ation	6
4	Pickering and Compa	ancy, Inc	THIRD COVE
3	Poly Paks		10
4	Processor Technology	y Co	
5	RCA Solid State		6
6			
7			
8		orp	
9		, The	
5 0			
1			
2		Inc	
3	Southwest Technical	Products Corporation	10 1
5			
8		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
9	Teco Electronics		9
	Tracy Design Corp		9
7	Tri-Star Corporation		9
6	U.S. Pioneer Electron	ics Corp	SECOND COVE
4		ts, Inc	
1			
	Wahl Clipper Corpora	ntion	
0 7	Weller-Xcelite Electro		

SOLID STATE SALES

P.O. BOX 74A DAY W SOMERVILLE, MASS. 02143 TEL. (617) 547-4005

OF OUR ORDERS THE

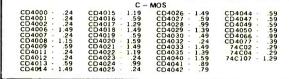
DAY WE RECEIVE THEM

# Altaj Electronic Bargains

PRICES SLASHED! WE WANT YOUR BUSINESS. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED ON EVERY ITEM

#### COMPUTER BOARD BONANZA

We bought over 4 tons of assorted boards. Contains TTL, diodes, transistors, etc. 5 board assmt. with 150 to 250 IC's - \$3.95.





TO-3 Case, 1 AMP 5 VDC Voltage Regulator, Brand New By National \$1.19



## 3 DIGIT LED READOUT ARRAY

Like Litronix DL-33: 3 MAN-3 style reeu-outs in one package. Factory new units Designed. for calculators. Special — \$1,39 (3 Digits) Like Litronix DL-33 3 MAN-3 style read-



### LITRONIX DL707 READOUTS

.30 IN.CHAR. Common Anode. SPECIAL - \$1.19



#### MAN-3 LED READOUTS

Brand new, factory prime units. .12 in. character. Common cathode. Perfect for calculators. 39c ea., Best Price Any-

series. Also a few 1 watt

ZENERS mixed in. Sample tests show this lot contains

many useable devices, some

even up to 1 KV. Sold as is

assorted, but you will be

Free 28 Pin Socket with purchase of

\$1 VALUE-FREE BONUS

SILICON TRANSISTORS

EN2222 - NPN - 8 For \$1

2N2369 -- NPN - 8 For \$1

2N3638 - PNP - 8 For \$1

2N3904 - NPN - 6 For \$1

2N4400 - NPN - 6 For \$1

6 For \$1

any clock or calculator chip.

#### CALCULATOR CHIP BONANZA PRICES SLASHED!

The newest and easiest to use chips available today. Made by famous US mfg. All are 28 pin DIP. Features: direct LED segment drive, low power consumption. internal keyboard debounce, internal clock oscillator, single supply voltage, internal keyboard encoding, and floating decimal point. Does not require many external components as do older types like CT5001, 5002, 5005, etc. We offer the most sophisticated functions for the lowest price anywhere.

Chip #1 - 8 Digit, Constant, Six Function (+, -, x, +, %,√) - \$2.49

MOTOROLA MJE 3055 Plastic version of 2N3055. NPN Silicon. 90 Watts 15 Amps. SPECIAL — 69c

#### 8008 MICROPROCESSOR

Computer on a chip. 8 Bit Parallel CPU. Can address 16k x 8 bits of memory. With specs. Factory tested units.

\$24 95

2102-1K RAM's for above -\$4.95 or 8 For \$30

> TTL SUPER SPECIAL 74121 - ONE SHOT 4/\$1

#### DIGITAL ALARM CLOCK IC The newest and easiest to use alarm chip on the market today. Features: 1. Single supply voltage.

- LED Intensity control Simple time set.
  4 or 6 Digit LED Display 5. AM-PM Indication 6. 24 Hr. Alarm.
- 10 minute snooze

8. Outperforms MM5316 Order #70250 — \$6.95 (2 FOR \$12)

MM5314 NATIONAL CLOCK CHIP The most popular clock chip around. We made a huge special purchase of factory fresh, prime units. Lowest price in USA. 24 Pin DIP. 4 or 6 Digits. With Specs.

## \$3.95 CT7001 BY CAL-TEX

Digital alarm clock chip with calender feature, 4 or 6 digits. Also has timing circuitry for radio ON-OFF control factory fresh.

\$6.95

#### JUMBO LED READOUT

Twice the size of regular readouts, .65 inches. Like Litronix DL747. Outperforms and easier to read than SLA-3, only 20 MA per segment. Our best readout for digital clocks \$2.95 ea (6 FOR \$15) Common Anode

## LINEAR IC SPECIALS

555V-75c 567V-\$1.95 723CH-59c 741CV-39c LM324 by National — Quad 741C in one DIP — \$1.19

#### 12VDC REED RELAY Coil is 500 OHM. SPST-No.

\$1.49 Sub-Mini.

PRIME TTL DIP IC'S				
7400-16c	7448-89c	74151-75c		
7402-16c	7453-16c	74153-89c		
7404-16c	7473-37c	74154-95c		
7406-24c	7474-37c	74157-99c		
7408-16c	7475-65c	74161-99c		
7410-16c	7476-39c	74163-1-19		
7413-49c	7483-85c	74164-1.29		
7420-16c	7490-69c	74165-1.49		
7427-24c	7492-75c	74174-1.29		
7430-16c	7493-75c	74175-1 39		
7437-39c	7495-75c	74181-2.75		
7438-35c	7496-75c	74192-1.25		
7440-16c	74121-38c	74193-1.25		
7442-69c	74123-75c	74195-79c		
7447-89c	74150-70c	74197-79c		

AUDIO AMP ASSEMBLY
From Audio Eqmt Mfg. Pc Board with
2 watt Ic Amp plus other components.
SPECIAL — \$1.49 Very Limited Qty.

# P& B RELAYS

4P.D.T Miniature Size 24VDC Coil — 1.49 115VAC Coil - 1.79

#### FILTER CAPS

1000 MFD 16VDC upright style.

4 FOR \$1

## **8038 FUNCTION GENERATOR**

Brand new Voltage controlled oscillator. Has sine. square wave, and triangular outputs. \$4.50 each.

IN4148 DIODES Brand New Units. Same as IN914. Full Leads. 6c each

#### MONSANTO COLORED READOUTS

.27 IN. Character. Common Anode

MAN 5 - GREEN - \$1.29 MAN 8 — YELLOW — \$1.29

#### PHASE LOCKED LOOP

565A by Signetics. Externely stable. High linearity, wide frequency range. TTL compatible. Perfect for tone decoders, FSK, SCA receivers, frequency multiplication and division - \$1.75. WITH SPECS

READOUT TUBES
7 Segments. Blue-Green in color.
Mfg. by ISE. #DGBF. The most
popular display used in many im
poeted clocks and calculators. Perchipson use with MM5316 clock
chipson use with MM5316 clock



#### DIGITAL WRIST

Brand new, mfg. by CTS-KNIGHT. 32.768 KHZ. Standard, most popular type. Special \$1.95

COLOR ORGAN CONTROL MODULE Completely self-contained. Has SCR circultry, AC line cord, etc. From a close out by a mfg. of color organs. New, unused. \$1.49

GE POWER DARLINGTON NPN, Plastic Power Tab Case. VCEO-30 HFE-30,000 TYP. Brand new units, but leads are slightly trimmed for P.C.B.

#### 1024 BIT SIGNETICS P-ROM

gramable ROM. Fully TTL compatible, 50 ns. max address access time. Much faster than MOS type units. Perfect for code conversions, microprogrammers, handwired algorithms, controllers, etc. With specs. Regular \$35 ea SPECIAL — 3.95

LOOK

MOS 4 DIGIT COUNTER

An ALTAJ exclusive. These are the latest state of the art, MOS chips. By a famous US mfg. Contains a complete 4 digit counters, including 4 decade counters, latches, multiplexing circuits, display decoders, etc. Features: 5 VDC operation, 25 MW power consumption, both 7 segment and BCD outputs. Perfect for making DVM's, frequency meters, tachometers, stopwatches, or any other device requiring 4 or more digits. Complete with specs. 28 PIN DIP. QTY Limited.

SPECIAL — \$12.50

BACK IN STOCK!

RCA CA3043 — FM IC Used in FM stereos. Contains IF Amp, Limiter, FM Detector, and an Audio Preamp and Driver all in

one 12 lead TO-5 package. With

A \$3.00 Valve - 99c

Spec Sheets.

1 AMP RECTIFIER RIOT! We bought over 10 million pieces untested. 1N4000

chips.
SUPER SPECIAL 69c ea.
12 For \$5.95

#### happy, 100 PCS - \$1,29 500 PCS - \$4.95

MOTOROLA SCR 2N4443 8 Amp 400PN, Plastic Power Case. 69c

#D40C1 - SPECIAL 39c 3 For \$1

# 82S129I-256X4 bipolar, field pro-

BEST MEMORY BUY IN USA!

IN4004 RECTIFIERS

2N3906 - PNP

1 AMP 400PIV - SPECIAL 15/\$1

#### 7805 STYLE REGULATORS TO-220 Plastic Case 5VDC Regulator. Brand New by National - 99c

FACTORY NEW LED'S Jumbo Red-Like MV5024-8/\$1 Jumbo Green-Like MV5222-5/\$1 Jumbo Yellow-5/\$1

Mini Red-Like MV50-10/\$1 FORD SOLID STATE MODULES
Mtg. by Centralab for Ford car radios.
Each module contains 2 transistors
plus other components. These modules
were used as audio pre-amps. We
include specs. — 4 For \$1

#### TTL IC ASSORTMENT

Various types. Most are marked. Our best selling assortment. Untested but includes many useable devices. 200 PCS FOR \$3.95

## FM TRANSFORMERS

We bought a load of coils and transformers that were used in Ford AM-FM car radios. Includes 19KHZ, 38KHZ, OSC. Coils, etc. All New. Perfect for experimenters or repairmen. 10 Pc Asst. — 99c

# ALTAJ ELECTRONICS P.O. BOX 38544

DALLAS, TEXAS 75238

TERMS: Check or money order, No COD. Add 10% Pstg. and Hdig. Tex Res. add

# LIVE IN THE WORLD OF TOMORROW...TODAY!

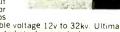
And our FREE 164 PAGE CATALOG is packed with exciting and unusual values in electronic, hobby and science items — plus 4,500 finds for fun, study or profit . . . for every member of the family.



## A BETTER LIFE STARTS HERE

#### TOTAL KIRLIAN PHOTOGRAPHY SET

Explore "aura" photography w/ superb new self-contained Kirlian Electrophotography Research Unit. Terrific value — introduced at \$99.95 (\$140 in Sept.)! Has everything but



\$99.95 \\$140 in Sept.)! Has everything but virily indice changing bag. Ideal for color or b&w 35mm, sheet or Polaroid film for photos up to 5 · 7" all without camera or lens. Variable voltage 12v to 32kv. Ultimate safety design—fully encased in plastic: patented electronics. Instrs.

No. 72,104AV ... (3 < 5% > 7%") ... \$99.95 Ppd.

No. 42,240AV ... (CHANGING BAG) ... \$ 6.50 Ppd.

#### ELECTRONIC DIGITAL **STOPWATCH: \$69.95**

A price breakthrough! New pocket size 4 oz. timer acc. to = 2% of last digit (1 100 sec. increments). Compares with others twice the price! Instant error-free readouts to 9999.99 sec. (over  $2^3_a$  hr). Starts, stops re-starts (accumulates). Mechanical pushbutton & electrical remote on/offs w/any 3.5-150v



AC/DC source, Plug-in jack, Incls. 9v batt. Solid state.

No. 1943 AV (2½x4¼x7/8")	\$69.95 Ppd.
DELUXE 2 EVENT STOPWATCH (±0.01% OF LAST DIGIT)	
No. 1653 AV	.\$149.95 Ppd.

#### FUEL MISER RECLAIMS HEAT

Save your 40% wasted heat to warm a basement. garage or rec room at no extra cost! Instead of going "up the chimney" it goes where you want it. Remove part of furnace exhaust pipe. Slip Heat
Exchanger in. At 125 fan automat, forces
clean air through unit which heats to over 200°F., can be ducted to 20 ft. from unit.



110v AC, Inst

No.	19,194AV (5/	e" DIA.) Shpg.	17 lb	\$106.00 FOB
Ńο.	19,195AV (6	" DIA.) Shpg.	17 lb	\$106.00 FOD
No.	19,198AV (7	" DIA.) Shpg.	17 lb	\$106.00 FOB

#### 3-CHANNEL **COLOR ORGAN KIT**

Easy to build low-cost kit needs no technical knowledge. Completed unit has 3 bands of audio frequencies to modulate 3 independent strings of colored lamps (i.e. "lows"-reds, "middles"-greens, "highs"-blues. Just connect hi-fi, radio, power lamp etc. & plug ea lamp string into



own channel (max. 300w ea.). Kit features 3 neon indicators, color intensity controls, controlled individ SCR circuits; isolation transformer; custom plastic housing: instr

Stock No.	41,831AV	 	 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$18.95 Ppd

# NHEN YOU COME TO PHILADELPHIA BE SURE TO SEE **T** FREE BICENTENNIAL LIGHT SHOW



#### **OWN A WORKING DUTCH WINDMILL**

Easily build a charming 1/5 scale replica of the real thing with our detailed plans, blueprints, list of materials needed and explicit instruc-Inst of materials needed and explicit instructions. 8' size can generate 1000w (12v current) of free electricity from the wind! 2', 4' & 8' sizes stand 3'6'', 7' & 14' high, respectively. Get kudos from your neighbors for the beauty complete material cost). Go Dutch!

Stock No. 9130AV

. . . . . . . . . . .



#### **AM RADIO FITS** IN/ON YOUR EAR!

Wear it inconspicuously everywhere. listen as you work (lawn, yard, office), watch (game, beach) or wait. Instant music, news. sports. No gimmick-6/10 oz. technological wonder wiintegrated circuit. 11 transistors, patented ferrite antenna/tuner/volume dial. Works best outdoors. Uses hearing aid batt. (incl)-up to 100 playing. New batt. to slip in avail. at drug stores (about 50c). No lengthy wires,

bulky cases, or power-packed!

Stock No. 42,275AV .....\$14.95 Ppd. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .



#### KNOW YOUR ALPHA FROM THETA!

For greater relaxation, concentration, listen to your Alpha-Theta brainwaves. Ultra-sensitive electrode headband slips on/off in secondseliminates need for messy creams, etc. Atch'd to amplifier, filters brainwaves, signals beep for ea. Alpha or Theta wave passed. Monitoring button stimulates Alpha sound: audio & visual

(L.E.D.) feedback. Reliable, easy-to-use unit comparable to costfier models. Completely safe. Comprehensive instruction booklet No. 1635AV (8 • 3 • 4"; 24 oz.) ........ DELUXE "ON" TIME MONITOR—Measures and records % No. 1652AV . . . . . (15 • 10 •6") . . . . .....\$299.50 Ppd. No. 71809AV LDW COST "STARTER" UNIT ......\$55.00 Ppd.

••••••



## THE FINAL OPTICAL ILLUSION!

Now you see it, but you don't. Put a coin, ring. rock, any small thing inside the unit—it seems to be resting on the mirrored top. Look at it. smell it, shine a light on it, even photograph it AND it's really there. Try to touch it, you'll get only thin air! You & everyone else will be astounded by this Parabolic Display Unit (it's

science and art) that produces an amazing optical effect. Scientists call it a 3 dimensional real image. Very exciting!

No. 72,074AV (w/4" dia. displ. stand) ......\$45.00 Ppd.



#### 41/4" ASTRONOMICAL TELESCOPE

. . . . . . . . . .

See moon craters, rings of Saturn, double stars. New equatorial mount. f/10. 1/4 wave mirror (Pyrex.). Gives theoretical limit of resolution. Rack & pinion focusing. Aluminum tube, 6X finder. 1° F.L. 45X Kellner achromatic eyepiece and Barban teases with the service of the and Barlow lens to double & triple power up to 135X. Free Star Chart plus 2 Books.

 Stock No. 85,105AV (Shipping Wt. 42 lbs.)
 \$149.50 F0B

 4½ WITH CLOCK DRIVE
 No. 85,107AV
 \$189.50 F0B

 6 REFLECTOR TELESCOPE (48X to 360X)
 No. 85,187AV
 \$249.50 F0B

 6 WITH CLOCK DRIVE
 No. 85.086AV
 \$285.00 F0B

 3" DELUXE REFLECTOR (30X to 90X)
 No. 80,162AV
 \$79.95 Ppd

 STANDARD 3" REFLECTOR
 No. 85,240AV
 \$49.95 Ppd



# MAIL COUPON FOR

164 PAGES . MORE THAN 4500 BARGAIN

elescopes Unique lighting and ecological items. plars, Magnifiers, Magnets, Lenses, Prisms. Hard ns. Ingenious scientific tools. 1000's af component

300 Edscorp Building, Barrington, N. J. 0800 Please rush Free Giant Catalo	og ''AV''
Name,	
Address	

State \_\_\_

S Dozens ection of Micro- l-to-get- s.	
j	

COMPLETE	& MAIL	WITH CHE	CK OR A	<b>1.0</b> .
EDMUND SO	CIENTIFIC CO	). 300 Edscorp Build	ling, Barrington,	N.J. 08007
PLEASE SEND GIANT	v Stock No.	Description	Price Each	Total
FREE CATALOG "AV"				
Charge my BankAmericard	<del>                                     </del>		1	
Charge my Master Charge * Add Ha	indling Chg.: \$1.00, O	rders Under \$5.00, 50¢.	Orders Over \$5.00	
Interbank No.		nclose  check  money o		
My Card No. Is	return de		INTER TOTAL \$	
		Signature		
Card Expiration Date				
30-DAY MONEY-BACK GUARANTEE.	Name	<del></del>		
You must be satisfied or return any purchase in 30 days for full	Address			
refund. *\$15.00 minimum	City	State	Zi	P

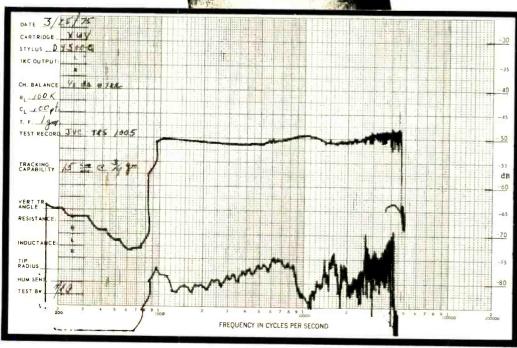
# THE SOURCE

OF PERFECTION IN SOUND

# ...tracks at one gram (or less) in stereo and discrete

Pickering's engineers pursued the idea of a totally new departure in cartridge design with all the zeal of true crusaders. They had a reason . . . there was a demand for a pickup to play both stereo and discrete (as well as SQ and QS) with total and absolute precision at one gram. That they succeeded is a remarkable achievement because this cartridge successfully tracks all types of records at forces even lighter than one gram. It is a real tirst to do it this accurately.

The XUV/4500-Q features Pickering's patented Quadrahedral® stylus assembly. The Quadrahedral stylus assembly incorporates those features that produce extended traceAbility™ for 4-channel as well as stereo. This means that it possesses not only superior performance in low frequency tracking, but also in high frequency tracing ability. When combined with the exclusive Quadrahedron™ stylus tip, a brand new shape, it can truly be called: "the Source of perfection in Sound", whether the playback requirement is stereo, SQ, QS, or discrete 4-channel.



#### CIRCLE NO. 54 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

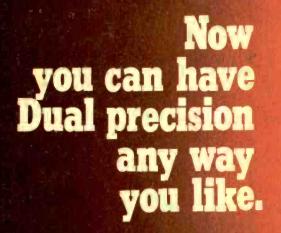
# a typical curve of the XUV/4500-Q

Shown at left is a printout graph from Pickering's testing apparatus. The top line is a frequency response curve (note that it starts at 1,000 cycles for the sake of simplicity). It depicts the unusually flat frequency response throughout the spectrum. The bottom line, which also starts at 1,000 cycles, shows the separation characteristics of this new cartridge.

Believe us, you have never seen one quite like this because Pickering's exclusive new design development also makes it superior to other cartridges in the playback of stereo records, as well as discrete.

The specifications are so exciting that we hope you will write to Pickering and Company, Inc., Dept. PE, 101 Sunnyside Blvd., Plainview, New York 11803 for further information.





Every Dual, from the 1225 to the CS701, is designed to fulfill one basic concept: to pravide more precision than you are ever likely to need.

Perhaps this is why more component owners—audio experts, hifi editors, record reviewers and readers of the music/equipment magazines—own Duals than any other turntable. These serious music lovers, whose investment in records typically exceeds their investment in equipment, prefer Dual for only one reason. Quality.

Until recently, Dual quality has been available only with fully automatic turntables with both single-play and multi-play facility. Now the choice is much broader. Of the seven Dual models, three are single-play only. Two of these are fully automatic: one is semi-automatic. Dual turntables also use all three types of drive systems: belt, rim and direct.

The way a tonearm is moved to and from the record is not critical. Nor is the type of drive system. What is critical is how faithfully the tonearm permits the stylus to follow the contours of the groove and how accurately and quietly the platter rotates.

If precision performance and reliability are of primary importance to you—as they should be—you'll find them in every Dual.



Dual 1225. Fully automatic, single-play/multi-play. Viscous damped cue-control, pitch-control. 10 % platter. \$139.95, less base. Dual 1226, with cast platter, rotating single-play spindle, \$169.95. Dual 1228, with gimballed tonearm, synchronous motor, illuminated strobe, variable tracking angle, \$199.95.

Dual 1249. Fully automatic, single-play/multi-play. Belt drive. 12" dynamically-balanced platter. \$279.95, less base. Full size belt-drive models include: Dual 510, semi-automatic, \$199.95; Dual 601, fully automatic, \$249.95 (Dual CS601, with base and cover, \$270.)

Dual CS701. Fully automatic, single-play. D.C. brushless, electronic direct drive motor; tuned anti-resonance filters. \$400, including base and cover.



United Audio Products, 120 So. Columbus Ave., Mt. Vernon, N.Y. 10553
Exclusive U.S. Distribution Agency for Dual

www.americanradiohistory.com