# Popular Electronics 

WORLD'S LARGEST-SELLING ELECTRONICS MAGAZINE DECEMBER 1980/95\%

## Build a Digital Phono Stylus Timer Comparing Electronic Games

 Low-Cost Computer-Memory Expansion
## New Cordless Telephones for the Home

Apple is the company with the brightest ideas in hardware and software and the best support - so you can be as creative with a personal computer system as Edison was with the incandescent bulb.

## How Apple grows with you.

With Apple's reliable product family, the possibilities of creating your own system are endless. Have expansion capabilities of 4 or 8 accessory slots with your choice of system.

Expand memory to 64 K bytes or 128 K bytes. Add an A to D conversion board. Plug into time sharing, news and electronic mail services. Use an IEEE 488 bus to monitor lab instruments. Add 4 or 6 disk drives - the $51 / 4^{\prime \prime}, 143 \mathrm{~K}$ bytes, high-speed, low-cost drive that's the most popular on the market.

## Apple speaks many languages.

Since more than 100 companies create software for Apple, you'll have the most extensive library in the personal
computer world. Want to write your own programs? Apple is fluent in BASIC, Pascal, FORTRAN, PILOT and 6502 assembly language.

There's even a series of utility programs called the DOS Tool Kit that not only lets you design high-resolution graphic displays, but lets you work wonders with creative animation.

## More illuminating experiences in store.

You won't want to miss all the Apple products being introduced at your computer store all the time. Don't let history pass you by. Visit your nearest Apple dealer or call 800-538-9696. In California, 800-662-9238. Or write: Apple Computer, 10260 Bandley Drive, Cupertino, CA 95014.

## applécomputer inc.



## Introducing Pionecr Laserbisc.

 The biggest innoration in television since telerision.

Imagine vou could sit down in front of your TV set and see virtually any movie or concert you wanted to see when you wanted to see it.

Imagine vou could actually see and hear concerts on your TV in sterer The best stered you've ever heard. Or cut to your favorite scene in a movie at will. Or study sports in slow motion even one frame at a time. Imagine a machine that could teach your children at their own rate.

You riow have just an idera of Pioneer LaserDisc: A rernarkable innovation that puts both picture and seurd on a record. And plays them both by means of a laser beam onto your TV and through your hi-fi
(The plaver hooks up to vour TV with just one wire. And when it's not in use, vour TV plays the way it normally plays.)

The laser picture quality is exceptional. As good as the best broadcast reception you've ever seen. And laser sound is be:ter than the best conventional audio recordings you've ever hearı. And since nothing touches the disc but a laser beam, the disc never wears out. The quality is forever.

For all it does, surprisingly, the suggested retail price of the player is only $\$ 749^{*}$ (just $\$ 5(0$ more with remote control). And you can own a disc of a great
movie or concert forever for the cost of taking your family to the moxies.

There are a few hundred different discs to choose from right now. And more and more are comirg out every day.
Someday, virtually anything that entertains anyone will be on the disc.

Nothing we say here will fully prepare you for the magicof Pioneer LaserDisc. You simply have $t$ gee it.

For a personal demonstration from the dealer nearest you call us at 800-621-5199 toll free. (In flimois 300-972-5855.

# Lascy) <br> SPIONEER* 



## SC-2 gives

 your cartridge more than The Finger!The famous SC-1 stylus brush (standard of the record and hifi industries) now has a synergistic fluid called SC-2.

SC-2 Fluid enhances and speeds cleaning and yet protects diamond adhesives, cartridge mounting polymers and fine-metal cantilevers against the corrosive effects of many other "cleaners."

The Discwasher SC-2 System. Stylus care you can finger as clearly superior.


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## Eloleuny

## WINS BOTH WORLD AND NORTH AMERICAN MICROCOMPUTER CHAMPIONSHIPS!

The same engineers who helped win the "First Worid Microcomputer Chess Championships" in London, England and the "First Official North American Microcomputer Chess Championship in San Jose, California, proudly introduce Fidelity's newest Microcomputer bridge product...


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# The Age of Affordable Pers 



POPULAR ELECTRONICS MARCH, 1979
"The Superboard II weighs in at $\$ 279$ and provides a remarkable amount of computing for this incredible price.'

KILOBAUD MICROCOMPUTING FEBRUARY, 1979
"The Superboard II and its fully dressed companion the Challenger IP series incorporate all the fundamental necessities of a personal computer at a very attractive price. With the expansion capabilities provided, this series becomes a very formidable competitor in the home computer area."

INTERFACE AGE APRIL, 1979
"The graphics available permit some really dramatic effects and are relatively simple to program...The fact that the system can be easily expanded to include a floppy means that while you are starting out with a low-cost minimal system, you don't have to throw it away when you are ready to go on to more complex computer functions. At \$279, Superboard II is a tough act to follow." RADIO ELECTRONICS JUNE, 1979
"The Superboard is an excellent choice for the personal computer enthusiast on a budget.'

BYTE MAY, 1979

Since the introduction of Superboard II, the cost of personal computers has actually gone up with new models by major manufacturers ranging from $\$ 1000$ to well over $\$ 4000$ due to the general cost of inflation and the increasing functionality included in these com puters. Today Cleveland Consumer Computers is offering you the original Superboard II at its original price of just $\$ 279$. In today's economy this is by far the best buy
in personal computing ever!
The Superboard II can entertain your whole family with spectacular video games and cartoons, made possible by its ultra high resolution graphics and super fast BASIC. It can help you with your personal finances and budget planning, made possible by its decimal arithmetic ability and cassette data storage capabilities. It can assist you in school or industry as an ultra
powerful scientific calculator, made possible by its advanced scientific math functions and built-in "immediate" mode which allows complex problem solving without programming! This computer can actually entertain your children while it educates them in topics ranging from naming the Presidents of the United States to tutoring trigonometry - all possible by its fast extended BASIC, graphics and data storage ability.
The machine can be economically expanded to assist in your business, remotely control your home, communicate with other computers and perform many other tasks via the broadest line of expansion accessories in the microcomputer industry.
This machine is super easy to use because it communicates naturally in BASIC, an English-like programming language. So you can easily instruct it or program it to do whatever you want, but you don't have to. You don't because it comes with a complete software library on cassette including programs for each application stated above. Ohio Scientific also offers you hundreds of inexpensive programs on ready-to-run cassettes. Program it yourself or just enjoy it; the choice is yours.
The Superboard II comes fully assembled and tested. It requires +5 V at 3 Amps and a video monitor or TV with RF converter to be up and running.
$\$ 279.00$

## Standard Features:

- Uses the ultra powerful 6502 Microprocessor.
- 8K Microsoft BASIC-in-ROM. Full feature BASIC runs faster than currently available personal computers and all 8080 based business computers.
- 4 K static RAM on board expandable to 8 K .
- Full 53-key keyboard with upper/lower case and user programmability.
- Kansas City standard audio cassette interface for high reliability.
- Full machine code monitor and I/O utilities in ROM.


## onal Computing is Still Here.



Direct access video display has 1 K of dedicated memory (besides 4 K user memory), features upper case, lower case, graphics and gaming characters for an effective screen resolution of up to 256 x 256 points. Normal TV's with overscan display about 24 rows of 24 characters without overscan up to $30 \times 30$ characters.

## Dptional Extras:

- Available 610 expander board features up to 24 K static RAM (additional), dual mini-floppy interface, and an OSI 48 line expansion interface.
- Assembler/Editor and Extended Machine Code monitor available.
- 630 I/O Expander. RGB color and NTSC composite color outputs with up to 16 colors, Dual 8 -axis joystick interface, AC remote control interface which mates with AC-12P, home security interface which mates with the AC-17P, 16-line parallel I/O interface, 16 -pin I/O bus interface which allows the connection of parallel I/O lines or high speed analog I/O module, or a PROM blaster or solderless interface prototyping board, programmable sound generator and program selectable modem and high speed printer ports, and more.

Freight Policies All orders of $\$ 100$ or more are shipped freight prepaid. Orders of less than $\$ 100$ please add $\$ 4.00$ to cover shipping costs. Ohio Residents add $5.5 \%$ Sales Tax.
Guaranteed Shipment Cleveland Consumer Computers \& Components guarantees shipment of computer systems within 48 hours upon receipt of your order. Our failure to ship within 48 hours entitles you to $\$ 35$ of software. FREE.

## Software:

Ohio Scientific and independent suppliers offer hundreds of programs for the Superboard II, in cassette and mini-floppy form. Here is a sampling of popular Ohio Scientific programs for the Superboard II.

| educational programs | SBIR\&ClP | Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EASIC Tutor Series | SCE-336 | 535.00 |
| Clock Tutor | SCE-353 | 6.50 |
| Continents Qurz | SCE-332 | 6.50 |
| Definite Integ | SCE-326 | 6.50 |
| French Drill \& Tutor | SCE-339 | 6.50 |
| German Tutor $\dot{\text { d }}$ Drill | SCE-342 | 6.50 |
| Hangman (8K) | SCE-324 | 9.00 |
| Log Tutors 1-3 | SCE-344 | 6.50 |
| Math Blitz | SCE-329 | . 50 |
| Math Intro | SCE-319 | . 50 |
| Mathink | SCE-337 | . 00 |
| Matrix Tutors 1-3 | SCE-345 | 6.50 |
| Metric Tutor \& ${ }_{\text {Oulz }}$ | SCE-335 | 6.50 |
| Sparish Drill \& Tutor | SCE-352 | 6.50 |
| Spelling Our | ${ }_{\text {SCEE-318 }}$ | ${ }_{6}^{6.50}$ |
| Trig Tutor ( 18 ( ) $)$ \& 1 l BUSINESS PROGRAMS | SCE-318 | 50 |
| Address Book | SCB-523 | 9.00 |
| Advertisement Demo | SCB-520 | 6.50 |
| Inventory Der | SCB-s18 | 6.50 |
| Maliling List (8K) | SCB-524 | 6.50 |
| Stralght \& Constant Depreciation | SCB-500 | 9.00 |
|  | SCB-525 | . 00 |
| PERSONAL PROGRAMS |  |  |
| Biorhythm | SCP-716 | 9.00 |
| Calorie Counter | SCP-708 |  |
| Checking Account | SCP-719 | .00 |
| Loan Fin | SCP-717 | 6.50 |
| Personal Calendar | SCP-718 | 6.50 |
| Savings Account | SCP-720 | 9.00 |
| Basebaill | SCG-975 | 6.50 |
| Black lack | SCG-955 | 6.50 |
| Civi! War | SCG-977 | 6.50 |
| Destroyer | SCG-951 | 6.50 |
| High Noon | SCG-960 | 6.50 |
| Hockey | SCG-979 | 6.50 |
| Lander | SCG-925 | 6.50 |
| New York Tax ${ }^{\text {I }}$ | SCG-956 | 6.50 |
| Poker | SCG-962 | 6.50 |
| Racer | SCG-949 | 6.50 |
| Space War | SCG-942 | 6.50 |
| Star Trek | SCG-946 | 6.50 |
| Star Wars | SCG-926 | ${ }_{6}^{6.50}$ |
| Tiger Tank | SCG-950 | $\begin{array}{r}14.00 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |



## To Order:



## Hardware:

## Superboard II <br> $$
\text { as specified in the advertisement. } \$ 279
$$ <br> <br> as specified in the advertisement. <br> <br> as specified in the advertisement. <br> <br> $\mathbf{\$ 2 7 9}$

 <br> <br> $\mathbf{\$ 2 7 9}$}610 Board For use with Superboard II and Challenger 1P, 8 K static RAM ex-
pandable to 24 K or 32 K system total
Accepts up to two mini-floppy disk
drives. Requires +5 V @ 4.5 amps .

## Mini-Floppy Disk Drive

Includes Ohio Scientıfic's PICO
DOS software and connector cable.
Compatible with 610 expander
board. Requires +12V@1.5 amps
and + 5V@ 0.7 amps .
630 Board As specified in the advertisement. 229
AC-3P 12" combination black and white 159
4KP 4K RAM chıp set. 79
PS-005 5V 4.5 amp power supply for
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CIP Sams CIP/Superboard II Manual. 8
OS-65D V3.2 Disk Operatıng System with 9 -digit extended BASIC, random access and sequential files.
CS-600 Metal case for Superboard II, 610 and 630 board and two power supplies.
CS-610 Metal case for single floppy disk drive and power supply.
Wireless AC remote control system Includes control console, two lamp Includes control console, two
modules and two appliance modules and two appliance
modules for use with 630 board.
AC-17P Home security system. Includes console, fire detector, window protection devices and door unit for use with 630 board.
C4P Sams C4P Manual
16
C3 Sams Challenger III Manual. 40

Or to get our free catalog CALL 1-800-321-5805 TOLL FREE. Charge your order to your VISA or MASTER CHARGE ACCOUNT Ohio Residents Call: (216) 464-8047. Or write, including your check or money order, to the address listed below.

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P.O. Box 46627

Cleveland, Ohio 44146

## 

$\square$ Superboard II \$279.
630 Board $\$ 229$.
$\square 610$ Board $\$ 298$. AC-3P 12" B-W Monitor \$159.
$\square$ Mini-Floppy Disk Drive $\$ 299$. $\square$ ClP Sams Manual $\$ 8$.
(Attach separate sheet for other items.)
NAME:
ADDRESS:
CITY: STATE: ZIP:
Payment by: VISA: _ MASTER CHARGE: _ MONEY ORDER: _
Credit Card Account \#
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## Over the Horizon

WITH 1980 ending, it's already clear that we have a lot to look forward to in electronics. Change is in the works.

Will the AM stereo fracas be resolved in ' 81 by the FCC, which originally accepted a proposed system and is now taking a second look? Will the EIA set standards for Teletext, Prestel or what-have-you so that we can all have access to a full home information service? Will new video cassette recorders encroach on the present market? On this score, Sony recently revealed a prototype of an all-in-one camera. And already in some retail stores is Technicolor's Funai VCR, which resembles a shoulder-straphanging audio recorder and uses a newformat tape that's as small as an audio cassette.

Will standard TV services be expanded. based on the recent FCC proposal to allot several new vhf channels? How will the independent telephone-instrument makers fare now that the Bell system is selling telephone equipment as well as leasing? Will the fact that a California court held that home video recording of

TV programs is not covered by the copyright statute so long as it doesn't violate exclusive rights to distribute copies, perform publicly, et al, spill over into direct reception of satellite TV signals? After all, passive reception is not illegal according to the Communications Act. Or is it? Furthermore, competition from video disc machines and software will harden in 1980 as companies like Magnavox and Pioneer expand their product distribution and RCA launches its Selectavision model.

In the color TV field, look for larger screens (Sony has a 26 -inch-diagonal model) and increased interest in projecton TV models. And for commercial purposes, widescreen color video from a projection system that can be adjusted electronically to Cinemascope proportons ( 1 to 2.35 ratio compared to the standard aspect ratio of 1.33 ) may well be introduced.

A boom in home computer time shating is anticipated. Predictions are that, perhaps, 100,000 subscribers will be using the telephone lines for this purpose
by the end of the year. Will the $8^{\prime \prime}$ disk systems push aside the minifloppies? Will memory-chip prices continue to be so cheap?

The battle for our electronics future has already begun. Expect AT \&T and other biggies to play a major role in the electronic home information/entertainment area. Look, too, to the cellular mobile radiotelephone market to be commonplace down the road. And I really mean "road," since radiophones will become common fixtures in automobiles during this decade. Tokyo already has such an operational system and is expanding it to Osaka, while AT \&T is still experimenting with the system in Chicago. Watch Ski of Japan and Motorola, a mong others, moving in on the market, especially with a portable ( $800-\mathrm{MHz}$ ) radiophone.

And, finally, if protection against computer crime and abuse isn't fought with intelligence and serious efforts, the timebomb it represents can cause diastrows results to industry, commerce, individuals, and our military posture.


## Season's Greetings and <br> Nappy New gear



## Popular Electronics

Editorial and Executive Offices
One Park Avenue
One Park Avenue
New York. New York 10016
$212725-3500$
Publisher
Joe Mesic
212725.3568

Ven York OFfice
Advertising Manager
Richard Govatski (725-3939)
Eastern Advertising Manager
Bonnie B. Kaiser (725-3580)
Richard B. Eicher (725-3578)

## Midwestern Office

Suite 1400,180 N. Michigan Ave.,
Chicago. II. 60601 (312 346-2600)
Sales: Ted Welsh
Wester Representative
Norman S. Schindler \& Associates. Inc 7050 Owensmouth Ave., \#209 Canoga Park. CA 91303 (213 999.1414) Sales: Norm Schindler. Jon Marshall

Representation In Japan
James Vagi
Oi Palace Aoyama
6-25. Minami Aoyama, 6 Chrome. Minato-Ku
Tokyo. Japan (407-1930/6821. 582-2851)

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 Here's the latest on the Bone Fone spin-offs.

It started with the Bone Fone. And this very unusual stereo system has created a whole new series of products.

The Bone Fone is an AM/FM stereo radio that drapes around your neck like a scarf. Two speakers, placed near your ears, not only provide excellent stereo separation, but vibrate slightly through your bones to give you the same sensation as standing in front of your home stereo system.

## UNEXPECTED APPLICATIONS

Shortly after it was introduced, the Bone Fone became a very popular product for a variety of reasons. A lady in Helena, Montana who bought the unit for her son told us, "It's made a significant contribution to my sanity. No more rock $n$ ' roll blasting through the house, the sound goes where my son goes."

A jogger in Rowlett, Texas wrote us "Amazing separation, fantastic stereo response, helps my jogging tremendously. I wasn't really expecting this type of quality through a magazine ad at this price."

But one of the most unexpected letters came from a man in Belle Center, Ohio. "You don't have to be young and jog to enjoy Bone Fone. You see, I'm 73 years old. I just sit and listen."

## LETTERS EVERYWHERE

Letters have come from mailmen, roller skaters, skiers, cyclists, motrocycle enthusiasts, hikers and even people who listen to the Bone Fone stereo while walking their dog. The Bone Fone appeals to practically every American.

The Bone Fone was designed by an engineer who wanted to listen to good stereo music without carrying heavy box radios or bulky headphones. Headphones block out all other sounds-even warnings which could be dangerous outdoors, and box radios are heavy and disturb those around you. So he invented the Bone Fone - "the stereo sound you wear around."

Weighing only 17 ounces and powered by

4AA cell batteries the Bone Fone stereo provides a sound that would be impossible to describe in an advertisement. The cliche, "you've got to hear it to believe it," certainly applies here. And for $\$ 69.95 \mathrm{it}^{1} \mathrm{~s}$ the lowest priced stereo entertainment product available.
But what about the sport enthusiast who can care less about stereo music? Or the person who wants just the news? Or simply the person that just listens to AM radio and doesn't want to spend $\$ 69.95$ ?


The Bone Fone drapes around your neck like a scarf and has a sound that you find incredible when you first hear it.

Enter NUTS! NUTS is the AM version of the Bone Fone for sports nuts, news nuts, jogging nuts or anybody who wants a low cost Bone Fone without FM or stereo. NUTS sells for $\$ 39.95$ complete with two speakers and a strap that firmly attaches the unit to you for any physical activity.

Sitting at a football game, walking your dog, jogging-NUTS gives you a convenient way to listen to music, news and sports without paying a premium for stereo.

But the Bone Fone spinoffs don't end there. There's the Neck Fone-a device you place over your shoulders and plugs into your home stereo system. This lets you enjoy your home stereo without disturbing those around you and without the bulk of headphones. The Neck

Fone sells for $\$ 24.95$
So there you have it. Three exciting products-Bone Fone, NUTS, and the Neck Fone-three unusual solutions designed to solve any gift-giving problem.

## LOWEST-PRICED STEREO

Compare the Bone Fone price with any box radio, stereo system or even the new $\$ 200$ Sony Walkman. The Bone Fone is the lowestpriced quality personal stereo system you can buy. It is also safer than headphones as it leaves you free to hear the sounds around you and keeps you in touch with the environment.

To order any of the above products, simply send your check or money order for the amount listed above plus $\$ 2.50$ for postage and handling (III. residents add $6 \%$ sales tax) to the address below, or credit card buyers may call our toll-free number below. Each unit is backed by a 90-day limited warranty and a service-by-mail facility as close as your mailbox. Service should rarely be required as the units use solid-state components and are designed to take rugged treatment. JS\&A is America's largest single source of space-age products-further assurance that your modest investment is well protected.

The Bone Fone started a small revolution. Be part of that revolution with the space-age way to listen to music, news and sports. Order a Bone Fone product at no obligation, today.


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## "Here's the best news yet about Pluke Digital Moltimeters.

Now youcan caryyone home"

Right now, in selected electrönics supply stores across the country, Fluke is introducing a new line of low-cost DMM's: the Fluke Series D. With their distinctive dark cases and full range of accessories, these five DMM's are designed to meet the test and measurement needs of the uncompromising service technician, home hobbyist, student or working engineer.

Fluke perfected the handheld DMM and set tough standards for accuracy and reliability that have made analog meters obsolete, and other digitals seem clumsy by comparison.

You've probably heard about their superior electrical performance, mechanical
ruggedness and environmental endurance. And now you can see for yourself at your favorite electronics dealer why Fluke DMM's have become the professional's choice the world over.

## Series D Handheld Models.

D 800: Fluke's lowest-priced DMM, easy to operate, with six functions, 24 ranges and $0.5 \% \mathrm{dc}$ voltage accuracy. Guaranteed a full year by Fluke. A surefire solution to basic measurement needs. $\$ 125$.*
D 802: Basic dc accuracy of $0.1 \%$ and conductance for high resistance measurements to $10,000 \mathrm{M} 8$ make this multimeter a solid price/performance value. \$179.*


D 804: A powerful, versatile handheld DMM with nine functions, 26 ranges, $0.1 \%$ basic dc accuracy and more. Direct temperature readings in ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ with K -type thermocouples; peak hold on voltage and current functions; even an audible indicator for instant continuity and logic level detection. Available January 1981. \$229.*

## Series D Bench/Portables,

D 810: By means of a Fluke-built hybrid converter, this multi-purpose DMM delivers True RMS measurements of ad voltage and current with speed and precision. Also features conductance, $0.1 \%$ basic dc accuracy, an extra 10A range and diode test. $\$ 259$.*

D 811: Same performance features as the D 810 with the added convenience of battery power. Rechargeable "C" size NiCad batteries deliver up to 40 hours continuous operation. \$299.*

## Series D Accessories.

A wide range of accessories to extend the measurement capabilities of your Series D Multimeter is available, including temperature and current probes, carrying cases, deluxe test leads and thermocouples.

With Series D Multimetersiso easy to find and economical to own, Fluke has made selecting the right DMM much simpler. This is your opportunity to own a Fluke.


> From the world leader in Duivis. Fow wéve designed one for you.


# Stocking 

Home Electric Control System


Pittway Corp. has introduced its First Alert Home Command Center, a micropro-cessor-based system that employs existing house wiring to control remote electrical devices. The system consists of the Model HC8600 Programmable Home Command Center (with a 21 -key keyboard) and three types of satellite modules: Model HC8610 lamp/dimmer module; Model HC8611 appliance module; and Model HC8612 wall switch/dimmer module. Command signals generated by the central module cause any of a number of satellite modules to turn an electrical appliance plugged into it on or off. Appliances can be programmed to turn on or off at any time of the day or week. Dimming of lamps can be controlled to a preselected level. The central module includes a digital clock, keypad, ambientlight display compensation, and a 9 -volt battery backup system that prevents loss - of information stored in the module's memory. It also notifies the user if a command cannot be executed because of appliance failure or some other reason.

CIRCLE NO. 88 ON FREE INF ORMATION CARD

## JVC Digital AM/FM

Stereo Receiver


Digitally synthesized tuning and digital frequency display are featured in JVC's new Model R-S55 AM/FM-stereo receiver. Three tuning modes are offered: stepwise through the FM and AM bands, scanning to locate stations whose signals are strong enough for superior fidelity, and instant recall of any preprogrammed stations-seven AM and seven FM. A phase-locked loop is used in the FM-stereo decoder, and direct coupling is used throughout the amplifier. Specifications: Amplifier- 40 W minimum continuous output power into 8 ohms from 20 to
$20,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ at no more than $0.03 \%$ THD ( $0.003 \%$ average at 1 kHz into 8 ohms); 88 dB A-weighted S/N; 20 to $20,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ frequency response through phono input. FM tuner- 12.1 dBf (1.1 $\mu \mathrm{V}$ ) sensitivity; $0.3 \%$ average distortion; 68 dB stereo $\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{N} ; 45 \mathrm{~dB}$ stereo separation; 65 dB alternate-channel selectivity. $\$ 399.95$.

CIRCLE NO. 89 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

## Logic Probe and Pulser



The PRB-1 Digital Logic Probe from OK Machine and Tool Corp. detects pulses as short as 10 ns and has a response to 50 MHz . It also has automatic pulse stretching to 50 ns , and is fully compatible with RTL, DTL, TTL, MOS, CMOS, and microprocessor logic families. Input impedance is $120 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ and overvoltage protection is 200 V. $\$ 36.95$. The PLS-1 Logic Pulser can superimpose a dynamic pulse train ( 20 pps ) or a single pulse into the circuit node under test. Each pulse is either highor low-going at $2 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ width. Pulse polarity is automatic. $\$ 48.95$

CIRCLE NO. 91 ON FREE INF ORMATION CARO

## Low-Cost Sinclair Computer



The new $\$ 199.95$ Model ZX80 compact micro from Sinclair Research Ltd. measures only $9^{\prime \prime} \times 7^{\prime \prime} \times 2^{\prime \prime}$ and weighs 12 oz. All it needs is a TV receiver and cassette recorder to get you up and running. Program entry is via an alphanumeric touch-sensitive keyboard that features single-stroke key word entry. A single ROM contains the BASIC interpreter, character set, operating system, and monitor, and there is 1 K byte of RAM. Every statement line is automatically checked for syntax before use in a program. The black-and-white on-screen display con-
sists of 24 lines of 32 characters each, and 24 graphic symbols are available. Graphics and alphanumerics can be displayed in reverse video. Comes with a 130 -page instruction manual.

CIRCLE NO. 92 ON FREE INF ORMATION CARD

Deluxe Yamaha Turntable


The deluxe Model PX-2 single-play turntable from Yamaha features microprocessor control, tangent-error-reducing linear tracking tonearm system, and a newly designed Optimum Mass tonearm. The tonearm is said to dramatically reduce resonance in the audio range and increase the tracking ability of the cartridge. Tone arm resonance is tuned to 12 Hz , below human hearing and above the frequencies of record warps. Height of the tonearm is adjustable. In addition, the drive/control system uses a crystal-referenced phase-locked-loop servo and coreless motor. Its controls are outside the dust-cover area for convenient access. Specifications: $0.15 \%$ or less tracking error; $80 \mathrm{~dB} \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{N}$ less than $0.01 \%$ wow and flutter. $\$ 900$.

CIRCLE NO. 93 ON FREE INF ORMATION CARO

## License-Free Transmitter Kit



Palomar Engineers has introduced a new transmitter in kit form that operates on the license-free 1750 -meter ( 160 to 190 kHz ) experimenters' band. The main transmitter assembly contains active r-f circuits, power supply, and a control panel. An antenna tuner assembly mounts remotely at the base of the antenna. (FCC regulations limit total antenna lengthincluding that of any transmission line used-to 15 meters.) Rated input power to the final active stage of the transmitter is one watt, the maximum allowed by FCC regulations. Difficult assembly and wiring steps, including the winding of Litz-wire inductors, are performed at the factory. Wiring the kit is said to take approximately one hour. Palomar Engineers designed the transmitter for CW op-


# THE 12 MELODYALARM. THE FARTHISST A WITCH HAS EVER GOME <br> Now there's a timekeeper that makes even the fanciest alarm 

watches seem ordinary.

It not only replaces one alarm with 12 but provides you with real melodies, not beeps or buzzes.

And this sweet sounding genius by Casio, available through The Sharper Image, is only $\$ 69$.

## $\mathbf{Z}$ days. $\mathbf{7}$ symphonies.

This unusual electronic watch/stopwatch features 12 computer synthesized melodiesevery one engineered to help you cope with the busiest personal schedule.

Every day of the week you'll have at your disposal a different symphonic daily alarm, to bring attention to important daily events-any minute you choose.

For example, you can wake up to American Patrol on Monday, keep Thursday appointments with the help of a French folk song, and organize your Sundays around a Schubert masterpiece. Easily presetting every alarm with the press of a button.

If you wish, this orchestral wonder can also measure every hour with a 2 tone chime. Even tell you it's lunchtime the way London's Big Ben would-by play. ing Westminster Chimes at 12 noon.

By the way, every note is a faithful reconstruction of a true musical pitch, and enriched with vibrato. Then visually reproduced right on the face--thanks to a moving 11-note musical display (and of course, any or all of the melodies can be programmed DECEMBER 1980


Set it months in ad.
vance-a visual and audible reminder of a birthday to remember.


Two additional programmable date alarms help youremember everything
from appointments to anniversarles.


A fiercely talented stopwatch, couni
down fimer and $42 / 24$ hou and $12 / 24$ hou button round out Casio's excepout Casio's excep-
tional timekeeping features.


12 different melo. dles (including seven
daily alarms) to wake you, remind you, or simply help oroanize you calendar. Each note is clearly heard through the clearly heard through the
front mounted speaker.

## for total silence).

## Reminders for the future.

Daily wake-up/appointment alarms are only a small part of this instrument's one-of-akind organizing talents.

Imagine a timepiece that reminds you of important dates-as they approach-with the help of two preprogrammable date alarms: The Maine Fight Song or Wedding March (incidentally, that latter melody sees to it you remember your anniversary before someone special has to remind you).

You'll also get advance notice of birthdays with a melodic rendering of Happy Birthday (like the date alarms, it comes on every hour, and each time you check the date). And all these tunes can be preset up to a year in advance.

If you like, this extraordinary minstrel will even play Jingle Bells every Christmasautomatically.

Want to show off Casio's musical magic without waiting for an alarm? Any of its dozen melodies can be instantly brought to life with the touch of a button. And silenced with the touch
of another.

## Count up. <br> <br> Count down.

 <br> <br> Count down.}
## Count anything.

In addition to helping you organize your days, this gifted chronograph boasts some equaily exceptional timekeeping traits.

Press one button, for example, and its continuous hour/minute/ second readout turns into a day/date calendar display with auto end of month adjustmerit. Press another, you get one of the most complete stopwatch capabilities we've ever finishes, 1 minute interval beeping and a "pip" signal to confirm starts and stops.

You can also set in motion a 1 second to 59.59 minute countdown timer-ideal for tallying cooking time, the minutes on your parking meter, or anything you like. Upon reaching zero, the timer alerts you with ten seconds of chimes. Then measures overtime -automatically (to 59.59 minutes).

This Casio wizard even lets you choose between 12 or 24 hour time. Recording both formats with $\pm 15$ second-a-month accuracy. And displaying them in large, easy to read liquid crystal digits (there's also a handy panel light, for night viewing)

## We introduce it. We guarantee it.

When we first heard that the engineers at Casio were on the brink of perfecting a 12 alarm musical chronograph, we had hopes of being among the first to offer it.

And now that's a reality.
Because this $\$ 69$ maestro is already available through The Sharper Image. And to be assured earliest delivery, please order yours now. As always, we guarantee your satisfaction; if not delighted with your new Casio, return it within two weeks for a full and courtecus refund. Battery included. One year manufacturer's warranty also included.

Call now for a no-risk recital-your first step in getting organized.

## ORDER TOLL FREE.


Please order product \#244. Credit card holders may use our toll free number below. Or send check for $\$ 69$ plus $\$ 2.50$ delivery, and $\$ 4.48$ sales tax in California. Please mention this magazine.
800 227-3436
In California $800622-0733$

## THE SHARPER IMAGE

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(415) 788-8880
(C)1980 The Sharper Image

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## Stocking Stuffers (Continued)

eration, but reports that it can easily be amplitude-modulated. Operating frequency is determined by a plug-in quartz crystal (not supplied). \$145.

CIRCLE NO. 94 ON FREE INF ORMATION CARD

## Satellite TV Receiver



International Crystal Manufacturing Co. announces the availability of its Model TV-4300 microwave receiver. It tunes 24 channels used for satellite TV downlinks in the $3.7-10-4.2-\mathrm{GHz}$ band, according to the manufacturer, and includes a lownoise amplifier (LNA), a tuner with afc, control circuits, and a power cable. All output levels are said to be compatible with video-monitor and video-recorder inputs, with dual audio outputs at standard frequencies of 6.2 and 6.8 MHz . Options include alternate audio-output frequencies, selectable audio outputs, stereo audio outputs, and remote tuning control. $\$ 995.00$

CIRCLE NO. 95 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

## Improved Discwasher Record-Care System



The D4 System, consisting of a reformulated record-cleaning fluid and a redesigned fabric in the familiar walnut handle, is the successor to Discwasher's D3 System. The D4 fluid has been designed to prevent damaging stabilizers in the high-grade vinyl used in record discs. It is said to be temperature stable and to offer enhanced micro-dust suspension. The pad itself is composed of softer fibers. Bonded with better slant stability, the fibers are claimed to attract and hold micro-dust even when dry. When used with the D4 fluid, the pad dries the disc faster and more completely than its D3 predecessor. $\$ 16.50$.

CIRCLE NO. 96 ON FREE INF ORMATION CARD

## Creatavision Projection TV Kit



VSR Sales Corp. offers two projection TV kits-the Creatavision IV, which has a four-foot diagonal screen, and the Creatavision $V$, whose screen measures five feet diagonally. Both models are designed to project the image developed by a $13-$ inch television receiver (not supplied), but the manufacturer claims that they are compatible with some 12 - and 15 -inch receivers as well. Polarity of the horizontal and vertical deflection-yoke windings of the receiver to be used must be reversed since the system employs reflected front projection. Both models employ one projection tube (f/1.3 Fresnel lens) and curved screens. Construction consists of assembling the walnut-grain cabiner. placing the receiver inside the cabinet, and mounting the curved screen on top of the cabinet. Cabinet size is $32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{W} \times$ $20^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{D} \times 54^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H}$ (4-ft. screen). Model IV, \$499: Model V, \$599.

CIRCLE NO. 97 ON FREE INF ORMATION CARD

## TX-80 Printer Graphics

The Graftrax from Epson America, Inc., is a high-resolution, bit-plot graphics adcon for the Epson TX-80 dot-matrix printer. Using a PROM, the system timing is arranged so that each seven-bit word causes the head to print at one dot position for a total of 480 dots per line. The length of a line feed is software definable in 255 steps of $0.007^{\prime \prime}$ each. Form-feed recognition is implemented with form lengths adjustable from one to 255 lines. The skipover perf function allows size of print field to be adjusted from one line to a full page. Other Graftrax features include an Afple screen dump routine and its source code. \$99.

CIRCLE NO. 98 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

Frequency-Counter Kits


Heath has in:roduced two new digital fre-quency-counter kits. The $1 \mathrm{M}-2400$ handheld counter operates from 50 Hz to 512 MHz . It fealures a 7 -digit $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ LED disflay, a $10-\mathrm{MiHz}$ crystal-controlled timetase and a 10-ppm temperature stability. A sensitivity of 10 mV is claimed. Size is only $15 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H} \asymp 33 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{W} \times 83 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ L. $\$ 139.95$. The IM-2410 Portable Frequency Counter operates tetween 10 Hz and 225 MHz with a 10 -ppen temperature stability. This unit features an 8-digit display and comes in a durable metal cabinet with RFI shielding. A pivoting stand and locking swing-down sail place the display at a convenient $v$ ewing angle. $\$ 119.95$. Optons include the PS- 2404 Eliminator/ Charger for :he IM-2400 and the SMA-2400-1 Swiveling Telescopic Antenna.

CIRCLE NO. SO ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

## Thermal Monitor for Wood Stoves



The Fire Fly by Vine Valley Research is a solid-state thermal monitor that is said to detect build-up of excessive temperature in the stovepipe of a wood stove. It is intended to warn the user that fuel consumption has become excessive because the stove's damper has been left open too long. A remote thermal sensor attached to the stovepipe and connected to a control unit by a six-foot cable triggers the control unit when it detects a temperature of $500^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. A LED and an audible alert indicate excessive temperature. Operating power is from a nine-volt battery. $\$ 29.95$.

# TALKING TIME 

Now a breakthrough in Speech Technology gives Time A Voice.


Rapidly emerging electronic progress in solid state speech synthesis brings micro computer generated speech to timekeeping.

In the fall of 1978, Texas Instruments engineers developed "Speak and Spell'TM, an electronic spelling aid with speech generated entirely by a tiny electronic micro computer chip. In 1979, talking language translators were introduced.

Today, most semi conductor houses around the world have major research efforts in solid state speech synthesis. In the next few years many new speech products will reach the marketplace. Now there is Talking Time. One of the first to be introduced, it may be the most useful and unique.

## No Recorder-No Pull String

Like R2D2 in Star Wars, Talking Time seems to spring to life when speech synthesis and quartz timekeeping technologies come together. There are no recorders or talking doll pull strings in Talking Time, only solid state electronics. Electronics that are on the leading edge of both technologies. The forerunner of things to come. Here's how it works.

## Micro Computer Brain to Slight Japanese Accent

Humans produce speech in much the same way that Talking Time does. Our brain sends nerve impulses to our jaw and chest, for our mouth to move and our lungs to push air across our voice box. Talking Times' single microprocessor chip sends electrical impulses digitized into speech patterns to an audio loud speaker. The loud speaker vibrates and out comes a clear voice that says "Attention please, it's now six o'five, please hurry' - with a slight Japanese accent. Talking Time is made by Sharp Electronics, a leading elec. tronics company in Japan. So finely processed is the speech synthesis that you will swear it seems to speak with a slight Japanese accent. Texas Instruments Speech products are said to have a Texas drawl. Perhaps it's our imagination. You can decide for yourself.


SIngle Microprocessor Chip generates signals that both speak with slight Japanese accent, and time with quartz accuracy.
No Heart Failure with this Alarm
An effective alarm with a snooze feature that reminds you any minute of a 24 hour day. First a chime to get your attention, then, "It's now six o'clock," followed by a rousing melody over Talking Time's loud speaker. After a 5 minute
sound sleeper, but pleasant enough not to give you heart failure.

## Desk Top Reminder

Talking Time is ideal as a personal reminder. A perfect gift for that busy executive who is engrossed in work and forgets the time. In the Time Announcement Mode you're reminded automatically, every 30 minutes by, "It's now twethirty p.m.' If you want more reminders, choose the Elapsed Time Mode. Select 1, 5 or 30 minute intervals. Talking Time will announce each interval with "Five minutes elapsed, then "ten minutes elapsed," etc. No more missed meetings or appointments - Talking Time is Here!

## Jogging Companion

Talking Time is small enough to be a handheld or pocket jogging companiori. In the Stopwatch Mode, it's a stopwatch with one second precision and automatic as well as manual operatior. In manual it announces the elapsed tima at the push of a button for 10 full hours. When in automatic, it announces the elapsed time automatically every 10 seconds. During your entire run, Talking Time keeps you informed. You never have to break stride to look at your watch. Comes with a hand strap so it's easy to carry.

Interval Timer to Space Work or Fun
Talking Time is great for a periodic check against how much time has elapsed on a given task. Speed up or slow down as necessary. Production supervisors, doctors, and engineers, anyone with critical time measured functions to perform, find it useful. Pilots can use it to call out elapsed time every 10 seconds while they shoot approaches. Talking Tlme has both performance and functions unheard of even one year ago. The voice adds usefulness, which we think you'll agree, can only be described as Revolutionary.

## Superb Chronometer That Can <br> Keep Its Mouth Shut

Talking Time is a great chronometer in its own right. Its famous quartz accuracy is unsurpassed by chronometers costing $\$ 200$ or more, but with half the functions. It has a large easy-to-read liquid crystal display (LCD) with 8 digits. A welcome relief for anyone who has poor eyesight. With Talking Time you hear as well as see the time. If you want silence, however, just tell it to keep its mouth shut. It won't let out a peep. You can still use it for its unsurpassed timekeeping accuracy.

Talking Time is easy to set in all modes, since it talks to you as you go along. You can keep track of what you're setting and how to do it. It may not be foolproof, but it's close.

Talking Time is worth its price as a superb clock alone. Its uses seem endless. It may add a whole new dimension to time. But don't take our word for it. Find out for yourself!

30 Day No-Risk Trial
To prove to you that Talking Time is everything we say, we offer it for 30 days at no risk. If during 30 days from receipt, you are unhappy with Talking Time for any reason, return it for a prompt refund of your purchase price. What have you got to lose?

One Full Year Warranty
Talking Time is all solid state. It should give you years of trouble free operation. If, in the unlikely event, anything should go wrong, it is warranted for one fullyear by Sharp Electronics. Talking Time comes complete with 2 AA batteries and handstrap. Under normal use, batteries should last for one year or longer.

To Order
Just fill in the order form and send it along with check or money order to our address. For even faster service credit card customers can call our Toll Free number listed below. Order yours today!


Stocking Stuffers (Continued)

Address: Vine Valley Research, 1220 East Lake Rd., Middlesex, NY 14507.

Vhf/Uhf Beam Antenna

The Scanner Beam by Grove Enterprises is a seven-element log-periodic dipole array intended primarily for vhf/uhf public-service-band monitoring applications. Grove Enterprises reports that the antenna can also be used for transmission and reception of signals in the $144-, 220$-, and $420-\mathrm{MHz}$ amateur bands. Rated gain in
the high vhf and the uhf bands is approximately 8 dB over a half-wave dipole; front-to-back ratio, 15 dB ; and average VSWR, 1.92:1. On the low vhf band, the antenna is said to function as a dipole. When the Scanner Beam is mounted in the vertical plane, it is vertically polarized and, on the low vhf band, offers omnidirectional response. A supplied offset mount permits the installation of the Scanner Beam at other than right angles to the mast for satellite reception. Construction materials include aluminum tubing, ABS Cycolac insulators, and a

Blofnuine V15 TYPE IV Ef SHURE PHONO CARTRIDGE

not simply a "cartridge"... but an innovative playback system

Dynamic Stabilizer Suspended from two viscous-damped bearings, acts like a shock absorber to maintain a constant cartridge-torecord distance and uniform tracking force: eliminates record groove skipping caused by warp; cushions the stylus from accidental damage.
Electrostatic Neutralizer 10,000 conductive graphite fibers discharge static electricity from the record during play. Eliminates attraction of dust and tracking force variations caused by static charges.
Hyperelliptical Tip Elongated, uniform groove contact reduces narmonic and intermodulation dis:ortion by as much as $25 \%$ over conventional Elliptical or long contact tips.

Telescoped Shank Greatly improves trackability at the critical middle and high frequencies. Lowest effective mass, with no sacrifice of necessary stiffness or strength
Two-Function Bearing Unique bearing system is c.ptimized for soth low frequencies and high frequencies independertly. Enhances trackability across entire audio spectrum.
Laminated Core Low-loss Iaminated electromagnetic structure provides consistently flat 'requency response, exceptional channel separation, higher s gnal level output.
four-foot enamel-painted boom. Included is a $4: 1$ balun transformer which permits direct connection to a 50 - or 75 -ohm coaxial transmission line. $\$ 39.95$ plus $\$ 4$ shipping and handling charge. Address: Grove Enterprises, Inc., Rte. 1, Box 156B, Brasstown, NC 28902.

Fidelity Electronics Chess Printer


The Challenger Printer by Fidelity Electronics, Ltd. is an accessory designed for use with the company's Chess Challenger electronic game. The Challenger Printer records black and white commands on $21 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wide thermal paper. It can also show current board positions by printing a graphic display of black and white pieces in their actual locations. The Challenger Printer is connected to the Chess Challenger by means of a cable and a jack mounted on the back of the Chess Challenger. It derives operating power from a wall-mount transformer (supplied). CIRCLE NO. 100 ON FREE INF ORMATION CARD

ADC Subwoofer \& Satellite Speaker System

ADC's Model B300 subwoofer is designed to respond to audio signals in the 27 -to-

$200-\mathrm{Hz}$ range, while the B 410 full-range satellite's rated frequency response is 65 Hz to $17 \mathrm{kHz} \pm 1.5 \mathrm{~dB}$. The subwoofer's $12^{\prime \prime}$ acoustic-suspension driver has its own 120 -watt power amplifier built into the cabinet. The B410s can be used as satellites for the B300 or as independent twoway acoustic-suspension systems. They can handle from 10 to 250 watts of input power and cross over at 1.2 kHz . $\$ 599$ for B300; $\$ 185$ each for B4 10 . CIRCLE NO. 99 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD


Are the very high frequencies disappearing from your cassettes as you play them? Friction within your cassettes may be erasing your crystal clear highs even as you are reading this ad.
DAK developed a jam proof cassette for professional high speed duplicators and in the process we discovered why recordings that sound great when you make them, may sound less than great in just a short while.
Here's a chance to try DAK ML90s risk free and as an added bonus, to improve all of your recordings, you get the DAK 8 Field Eraser for only $\$ 5$.

## HIGH FREQUENCY PROTECTION

Cassette tape is basically plastic. As it winds within the cassette, friction causes the build up of static electricity, much as scuffing your shoes on a carpet in dry weather.
To make the tape run smoothly and freely inside the cassette, DAK developed special torque control liners with spring loaded ridges to guide each layer of tape as it winds.
We coat these liners with a unique formulation of graphite and a chemical called Molysulfide which reduces friction several times better than graphite. This allows the tape to move freely.
The build up of static electricity is drastically reduced by the low friction of the Molysulfide in order to protect the crystal clear highs in your music. A very important consideration for often played tapes.

MAXELL 'TAPE' IS BETTER
Yes, honestly, if you own a $\$ 1000$ cassette deck like a Nakamichi, the frequency responses of Maxell UDXL or TDK SA, selling for $\$ 3.50$ to $\$ 4.50$ at retail, are superior and you just might be able to hear a difference.

> Try only 10 DAK high energy 90 minute cassettes risk free for just \$2.19 each and get an 8 field instant cassette eraser for only \$5.

DAK's 8 force fields are de signed to try to approximate. the original factory erasing.
There are no moving parts, nothing to plug in or wear out. It is especially useful if you are erasing signal from

DAK factory direct ML has a frequency response that is flat from below 40 hz to $14,500 \pm 3 \mathrm{db}$. Virtually all cassette recorders priced under $\$ 600$ are flat $\pm 3 \mathrm{db}$ only from 40 hz to about $12,500 \mathrm{hz}$, so we have over 2000 hz to spare and you'll probably never notice the difference.
We feel that we have equaled or exceeded the mechanical reliability of virtually all cassettes and DAK ML90 cassettes sell factory direct for only $\$ 2.19$ each complete with deluxe all clear hard plastic boxes and index insert cards.


THE 8 FIELD CASSETTE ERASER
Zap-Your cassette is erased. Just pass your cassette through the slot in this deluxe eraser and it's not only blank, but it can be much quieter than if you try to erase the cassette on your recorder.
A special magnetically charged elliptical field is developed by four independent magnetic elements. They're factory calibrated to form 8 separate fields of force to penetrate and randomize all magnetic fields (sounds) on the tape.
New tape is erased. When tape is man ufactured, it is made in wide master rolls. Each is then cut into $1 / 8$ inch cassette widths, and in the cutting process, stray magnetic fields can cause clicks.
Large alternating current erasers are used on all tape before you buy it.
one recorder before recording on another because inaccurate track matching can lead to ghost sounds. This is a must for every audiophile. You could pay up to $\$ 25$ for an eraser of this quality.

## TRY DAK ML90 CASSETTES

 RISK FREETry these high energy cassettes on your own recorder without obligation for 30 days. If you aren't $100 \%$ satisfied for any reason, return only 9 of them and the eraser for a refund. The cassette you test recorded is yours as a gift.
To order your 10 DAK ML 90 minute high energy cassettes at $\$ 2.19$ each and get the 8 field eraser for only $\$ 5$ with your credit card, call the toll free number below, or send your check for only $\$ 21.90$ plus $\$ 5$ for the eraser, and \$3 for postage and handling for each group to DAK. (CA res add $6 \%$ sales tax)
DAK unconditionally guarantees all DAK cassettes for one year against any defects in material or workmanship.
Why not order an extra group of 10 DAK ML90 cassettes. We will add one free ML90 cassette to each additional group you buy and of course you can get an eraser for $\$ 5$ with each group.


Electra Freedom Phone FF-1500

- Freedom Phones FF-1500 \& FF3000. We tested two of the three Freedom Phones from Electra: Models FF1500 and FF-3000, which the company rates as having ranges of 300 feet and "up to 600 feet," respectively. (The lowend model FF-500 also has a specified range of 300 feet.) A look at the schematics reveals that both systems are identical for the base stations, but there's a small difference for the remotes. The FF-1500 employs an MK5098 N , the FF- 3000 an MK-5099N integrated circuit. The latter is commonly used by other manufacturers and is in the Radio Shack, Cobra, and Tote \& Talk remotes. Aside from this, the transmitter and receiver in both cases are identical. The company informs us that the reason for the greater range for the FF-3000 is that all these units are precisely tuned and peaked for maximum possible performance. We also learned that if you happen to get an FF1500 or FF- 500 with components that just by chance result in optimum performance, you'll get the same range as with the FF-3000, which may account for the fact that we obtained the same 440 -foot range from both the FF- 1500 and FF-3000 in our tests.

The FF- 1500 doesn't have an automatic redial feature, while the FF-3000 does. A two-position switch is used to control volume in the FF-3000, but there is no means for controlling volume on the FF-1500. Finally, the FF-3000 is a little more compact, and has a belt clip, carrying case, and interchangeable telescoping whip and flexible rubbercovered antennas.

Suggested retail prices for the FF1500 and FF-3000 are $\$ 299.95$ and $\$ 349.95$, respectively. An economy-end FF-500 is $\$ 269.95$.

Rova/Pro 2500/B. This cordless phone, from Fracom/Rovafone is the most expensive cordless phone we tested and, to our knowledge, ranks as the most expensive on the market. Although at $\$ 649.95$, it costs almost twice the price of the next most expensive phone, the Rova/Pro 2500/B offers more than twice the range. In our tests, the range was 925 feet (claimed $1 / 3$ mile or 1760 feet).

Rova/Pro's full duplex remote is much bulkier and heavier than any of the other remotes tested, perhaps to provide features the others don't. It contains a $27-\mathrm{MHz}$ receiver (instead of the $1.7-\mathrm{MHz}$ receiver found in most other systems). Use of the $27-$ and $49-\mathrm{MHz}$ bands makes it possible to obtain greater range. However, no cordless phone that uses 27 MHz can be manufactured or imported into the U.S. as of December 31, 1980. But the $2500 / \mathrm{B}$ can still be sold until December 31, 1981 and can legally be used until the end of 1986 .

The Rova/Pro saves wear and tear on the talk switch by allowing you to hang up simply by pressing the \# key. On most other cordless phones, you must set a slide switch to off to hang up. And for security purposes, the $2500 / \mathrm{B}$ requires use of a security code to access the base station.

There are a few disturbing things about the $2500 / \mathrm{B}$, the most annoying being a wait of as long as six seconds between the time the phone is placed in the talk mode and the time you hear the dial tone. One isn't accustomed to waiting for something that occurs instantaneously when you pick up an ordinary


Rova/Pro 2500/B
telephone. Also, there is no volume control on the remote. Furthermore, the normal volume is so high that it may not be comfortable to place the remote against your ear to listen.

Unlike other cordless phones, the 2500/B doesn't recharge its remote's battery in the cradle of the base station. Instead, a separate charger, similar to those used with portable calculators, is used. The base station also uses a small charger-like module to obtain its power from the ac line.

If you have two different telephone lines and wish to use the 2500 /B on either one, you can obtain a two-line adapter for $\$ 72$. For businesses that have multiline telephones, Fracom has an accessory that allows the 2500 /B to be used on any of five lines. It costs $\$ 124.95$ and includes additional base-station circuitry, cables, $50-\mathrm{pin}$ connector, and a switch-signalling control unit.

The Bottom Line. As a general comment, every system we tested and used for several weeks deserves a passing grade for range, at least in residential situations. While we at first found the simplex units a little cumbersome to use, we quickly learned to accommodate ourselves to the push-to-talk/release-to-listen procedure required, much as CBers have. Duplex operation is preferable, naturally, since people often interrupt a conversation.

Though cordless phones are certainly a boon to users, they do not quite match the fidelity exhibited by line-attached telephones. So expect some noise under certain conditions-perhaps when near a TV set or a noisy fluorescent fixture, and so on. Just orient your position a little and the interference will likely be eliminated. Phones with ear- and mouthpiece in a more or less flat plane are slightly less desirable than those that more closely resemble the familiar standard phone.

Bear in mind, again, that once you buy a cordless-phone system, you don't have to pay a monthly service fee for equipment rental. Install additional wiring yourself and you won't have to pay extra either, owing to recent changes in Federal Communications Commission rulings.

Your local telephone company must be notified when you install your own phone instruments, you should know. The cordless telephones examined here have been registered; just call off the model and make, the registration number and the ringer equivalent number (which indicates how much current is drawn) stamped on the phone when giving the phone company notice about what you're doing.

## EXPANDNG THE LIMITS



## Big is beautiful.

Big-screen TV doesn't have to be fuzzy, dim, or distorted. With the new GE Widescreen 3000, you get America's true colors big and beautiful.

The action comes at you in breathtaking, vivid color-the kind our GE VIR II color system is known for. This GE innovation uses a special VIR signal,

sent out by most broadcasters, to automatically adjust the color for you. So flesh tones look realistic and natural.

And the GE Widescreen 3000 offers rear-screen projection, eliminating bulky lenses and projector consoles between you and the screen. So you get a bright,
clear image on a compact, big-screen TV. In fact, with a picture this good, you may be one of the few people to call a charging, 270-lb. lineman beautiful.
We bring good things to life.
GENERAL ELECTRIC
 (-llinols 3003224400 ).


Moving into the '80's . . . Unleashing a decade that promises to see intelligent, electronic systems transform everyday life-breaking barriers, expanding the limits, extending the range of human communication and enjoyment. Change, built on the foundations of the past twenty years, is coming-most notably in video . . . audio . . . computers . . . satellites. The integral parts of the new Electronic World.


Television-the progenitor of video-changed the world as did 70 other electronic concept. We relax by it, learn from it, dress by its code of commercials. It can make vivid our weaknesses and amplify our strengths. It can unite. It can divide. It has become the eyes of nations, capturing millions of $r$ inds in a single instant of time.

Profound words indeed for a media that began in 1945 when "Uncle Miltie" came live, in black-and-white, from Dur ont TV into our living rooms. 15 years later, color came on the scene, and with it began an era of remarkable change for the TV receiver. Receivers are no longer desizned around discrete components. Mow micro-circuits have condensed the electronics to a size that makes "pocket" TV viable. It can go with us everywhere- even to ball games, somehow lending credence to the action we see on the field!

Mew circuits have alto been designed to improve performance. Comb filters increase the bandwidth of a receiver to provide greaser picture resolution. Blades of grass look like individual blades of grass-not patches of green. Other circuits altomatically set picture quality. VIR systems preaisely set colors to the correct tint. Varactor tuning guarantees fine-channel tuning at the push of a button. Audio reproduction has also been improved through better amplifiers and speakers. And high-fidelity sound is there for the taking, thanks to the relatively new full-frequency audio transmission on network.

Picture zube design has improved picture quality and increased picture size. More resent and more excitingA remarkasle technology of high-light-output tubes is evolving for indirect viewirg, commonly called projection TV.

This year, many television manufacturers are offerirg

[^0]" . . . the video cassette recorder, used as a 'timeshift' machine. . could eventually change the broadcast T.V. industry, making prime time as obsolete as Uncle Miltie."

projection TV with four- to six-foot screens. The philosophy behind these new systems is entirely different and many are not called TV's at all-they are the integral part of our new "home entertainment centers."

An extensive range of entertainment and educational video sources are available to use on our TV screens which (conventional or projection) are merely outlets, as speakers are to a hi-fi system. The modern entertainment center will include a video cassette recorder which can be used as a "time shift" machine, allowing shows to be taped and played back at your convenience-a happening that could eventually change the broadcast TV industry, making prime time as obsolete as Uncle Miltie.

Mow, first-run movies are available on pre-recorded video cassettes, and by using the VCR with a portable video camera, "home movies" can be acted, recorded and played back instantly, right on your TV screen.

The newest piece of hardware that makes use of the screen is the video disc, now becoming available nationwide. This looks like a conventional audio LP, but it contains
both audio and video information. Pre-recorded movies, concerts and plays with stereo sound are suddenly alive in your viewing room. Because of the relatively low cost of each disc, instructional shows (How to Play Tennis, Golf, etc.) become practical. It's even possible that the entire Sears' catalog could come to you as a disc with one frame showing merchandise, another pricing, another its uses!
And, there are the video games. Hundreds of game cartridges convert your TV screen to a playing field, roadway, or game board. In addition, cartridges include teaching aids on a variety of subjects for children and adults.
Indirect home programming is growing, too. Over-the-air pay TV provides movies, sports, and other video extras to subscribers owning decoder boxes. Cable companies bring us dozens of additional TV channels with special movie and sports programming. You can even buy your own backyard ground station (prices start at $\$ 5000$ ) to intercept a smorg-

The technology of I.C. chips made possible the reduction of bulk and expense in electronic equipment.

# A Blockbuster Announcement By Radio Shack and Tandy Corp. 

## We've Added 3 New TRS-80 Computer Systems



## New Desktop Power! (Under ${ }^{5} 700$ *)

We've added a Model III, step-up TRS-80 desktop computer to our world-famous Model I. It gives you everything in a state-of-the-art, under $\$ 1000$ system.

- Handsome, compact case encloses computer, 65-key keyboard, $12^{\prime \prime}$ monitor, power supply, and two (optional) disk drives.
- Built-in interface and commands for optional printers.
- BASIC language compatible with most Model I software, thus a very large library is ready today!
- The internally-expandable 4 K Level I system is $\$ 699$.*
- The internally-expandable 16 K system with Model III BASIC is \$999.* It includes: upper and lower case and real-time clock.
- The 32K Business System at $\$ 2495$,* includes 2 double-density disk drives with a total free data storage capacity of 315 K , and a built-in RS-232C. Expandable to 48 K and 4 drives (two external).


New Pocket Power! (Under ${ }^{\text {²50*) }}$

We've added a TRS-80 Pocket Computer that's a sensational "first" on the market. Its BASIC language makes it easier to program and more versatile than a programmable calculator. A portable, pocketable miracle at $\$ 249$.*

- Fully programmable in BASIC with a powerful 1.9K RAM.
- Only $5 / 8 x 2^{3} / 4 \times 67 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ small, only 6 oz . light. It works on 4 inexpensive camera-type batteries having 300 hour ife!
- Large LCD readout and 57 alphanumeric keys. Display area reads 24 characters at a time.
- Optional Cassette Interface (\$49*) allows entry of our software or storage of user-programmed material.
- Available software includes Real Estate, Civil Engineering, Math Drill, Business Statistics, Business Finance, and Personal Finance.
- You get 10 -digit accuracy, 15 anthmetic functions, 24 commands, and editing!



## New Color Power! (Under ${ }^{5} 400$ *)


#### Abstract

We've added a fabulous TRS-80 Color Computer that's perfect for use in education, business and technical applications, graphics, and games. This Radio Shack built system requires attachment to your existing (or new) color or $\mathrm{B} \& \mathrm{~W}$ TV set-if $B \& W$ then you don't have "color" but you do have a potent computer at an incomparably low price.


- The TRS-80 Color Computer has an entry-level price of $\$ 399^{*}$ which, in TRS-80 tradition, is also expandable. - Includes 53-key deluxe keyboard, 4K RAM, 8K ROM Color BASIC, RS-232C expansion port, and built-in connection to any TV set (including our matching $13^{\prime \prime}$ color model).
- Internally expandable to 16 K RAM. 16K ROM Extended Color BASIC; and allows connection of optional telephone modem, printer, joystick controls, and cassette recorder.
- Plug-in instant-load Program Paks are available, and the computer is fully user programmable.

If you're confused by the proliferation of small-computer advertising, listen to the industry leader, the Radio Shack Division of Tandy Corporation (TAN). We've manufactured and sold over 200,000 business and personal microcomputers-that's more than anybody. Now we have more options than anybody: a line of FIVE COMPUTER SYSTEMS ranging from about \$249* to just under \$10,000* Four of them built in the USA by Radio Shack.

[^1]
## Radio Shaek

The biggest name in little computers ${ }^{\text {(T1ND }}$

Send Today! For Free RSC-4
Computer Catalog to RADIO SHACK, Dept. 81-A-265, 1300 One Tandy Ctr., Ft. Worth, TX 76133

Name
Title
Firm
City State Zip

# Video Review knows a bright idea when it sees one. 


asbord of programming direstly from an overhead satellite! What's at the outer limits? Information systems, such as Teletext and Viewdata, could convert your screen to show everything from classified ads to local weather maps. Some systems are interactive-by watching the screen and operating a small keyboard, you could answer questions, play games, or even vote-right from the TV screen.

There's more to come. Successful 3-D tests have already been completed in Australia, and prototype flat-screen,
hang-on-the-wall TV has been demonstrated by Japanese and American manufacturers. Holographic transmission gear is in the labs. Actors will no longer be confined to the screen, but will be projected, in three dimensions, into your living room.

The Home Entertainment Center is on its way!
New-generation magnetic bubbles from Bell Labs promise higher speed, greater memory capacity.



## WINS BOTH WORLD AND NORTH AMERICAN MICROCOMPUTER CHESS CHAMPIONSHIPS!

The same engineers who helped win the "First World Microcomputer Chess Championship" under the auspices of the World Chess Federation on September 4, 5, and 6,1980 in London, England-five straight wins with no loss or draw - and the "First Official North American Microcomputer Chess Championship" on September 5, 6, and 7, 1980 in San Jose, California-four straight wins without a loss or draw - are proud to announce Fidelity's newest chess product...

"Ultra-lightweight cartridges flawlessly track record grooves over a wide dynamic range with a minimum of distortion."

AHBRE
Clear, crisp undistorted music came from the demo speakers at the far end of a Manhattan hotel suite.
"Remember," said a spokesman for the 3M Company, "you're not listening to recorded music. You are hearing sounds "created" on a piece of recording tape" by digital pulses.

It was the first public demonstration of commercial digital recording-a quantum leap . . . the biggest news since Edison first recorded sounds on a wax cylinder!

Digital sound begins in the recording studio, where audio mixers, compressors, expanders, and specialeffects electronics tailor the live performance to a precise sound even before it's recorded. Master recorders save this sound as digital pieces of information on magnetic tape The playback-dubbed to discs and tape-precisely matches the original. The result? Consumer copies of performances with optimum reproduction quality.

Throughout the years, each component in a high-ridelisy system has been re-designed to take on the challienge of creating realistic audio reproduction in your home. Mew breeds of motors supply mechanical movement at precision speeds without adding eleatrical or mechanical noise. Ultralightweight cartridges flawlessly trask record grooves over a wide dynamic range with a minimum of distortion. Electro-mechanical arms move the cartridge across the record surface in ways that eliminate the slight skew and tracking errors found in earlier conventional arms. Cassette tape formulations have been developed to increase frequency response and dynamic range while decreasing noise and hiss. High-bias heads handle the currents necessary to use new metal tape formulations.
Whether you are listening to records, tapes or a tuner, the extracted audio signal may have been processed

State-of-the-art electro-mechanical arms move across the record surface eliminating the traching errors found in earlier arms.
> "The newest equalizers contain a microprocessor (a tiny digital computer on a chip) which automatically balances your system in seconds."
before it even enters your amplifier. Moise-reduction systems encode and increase signal levels far above inherent noise levels; compressors squeeze minimum and maximum gain levels together for less distortion while recording expanders do the opposite, pulling a signal apart to offer a larger dynamic range.

Amplifiers have progressed to the point where differences in specifications become meaningless to the human ear. Both high- and low-frequency response is well out of audible range, and distortion levels are virtually undetectable. "Front-end" components increase sensitivity dramatically with little increase in noise. Output circuitry allows power levels to reach an optimum level.

Speakers, the final crucial link to our ears, have undergone radical changes, too. Inside, new materials-r from fibers to metals-move air more efficiently for higher sound level, better frequency response, and lower distortion. Equalizers have given speakers electronic help by helping balance a system despite room acoustical problems. The newest equalizers contain a micro-processor (a tiny
digital computer on a chip) which automatically balancés your system in seconds. Slowly, the "digital" circle from recording studio to home system-is becoming complete!

Exciting innovations wait in a future where records and tapes will be composed of digital bits of information that are processed--not played-through your system. (A digital record format, played by a tracking laser beam is already a reality)! Specifications may become a thing of the analog past. Distortion is not part of the digital information, so it simply doesn't exist on playback.

With digital systems, the future of audio is full of extended possibilities-for example, you may buy an opera tape and program the key in which you'd like it sung at your system . . . or, you may "swap" recordings over the phone with a friend-the re-assembled digital data will create another exact replica at the other end!

Bell Laboratories' 30,000-element micro-processor-a computer on a chip with varied tele-communication applications.

## Lux Tuner/Amplifiers



R-3055-55 watts per channel, minimum
RMS into 8 ohms, both channels driven from 20-20,000
Hz with no more than $0.05 \%$ Total Harmonic Distortion.

# Sound thinking is... DUO.ßETA and intelligent tuning. 

Sound is all we tnink of. Exquisite sound, rich and full from top to bottom. With the kind of sophistication that simplifies, so everything about Lux/Tuner/Amplifiers is functional... designed for a purpose.

Great sound starts with super-stable, DC amplification for low inherent distortion, high dynamic range and wide bandwidth. Then, with Lux's exclusive duo-Beta circultry, distortion is taken below audiblity...almost unmeasurable.


R-3030 - 30 watts per channel, minimum RMS into 8 ohms, both channels driven from $20-20,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ with no more than $0.05 \%$ Total Harmonic Distortlon.

We've eliminated the flat amp stage which reduces phase distortion even further, and designed the tone controls into the power amplifier section. Finally, a subsonic filter removes the last traces of audible rumble and other low frequency noise.

Superior sound also depends on pinpoint center tuning. Lux's intelligent tuning systems find-and hold-that elusive center. Mistuning is a thing of the past.

Lux's new, Flash Tuning System* is an array
of LEDs which point the direction to tune, automatically changing into a signal strength indicator at the exact center tuning point.


R-3045-45 watts per channel. ninimum RMS into 8 ohms, both c7annels $\pm$ iven from $20-20,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ with no reore than $0.05 \%$ Total Harmonic Cistortion.

Another system, Closed Loop Locked (CLL) Acculock, provides an electro-mechanical lock at the exact center tuning point. You can do it blindfolded. The Acculock system includes variable sensitivity and a lock defeat for every tuning circumstance.

Lux's Tuner/Amplifiers: R-3030, R-3045 and R-3055 incorporate duo-Beta circuitry and Flash Tuning. R-3055 includes CLL Acculock as well. Both the R-3045 and R-3055 have provision for MC cartridge, with variable input Impedance and equallzer gain...automatically.

Every Lux Tuner/Amplifier is built with a host of features...the expected and the exclusive. But the definitive test is performance. Superb sound, simply achieved. Listen at your Lux dealer. Lux Tuner/Amplifiers ...better because they're built with sound thinking. "Patent Pending LUX Audio of America,Ltd.

Reflecting Tomorrow's Technology in Today's System
160 Dupont Street, Plainview, NY 11803/(516) 349-7070 - West Coast Office: 11200 Chandler Blvd., North Hollywood, CA 91603/(213) 980-7641• Canada: Lux Audio of Canada, Ontario

"In five years . . . one out of every four homes will have a computer terminal or control unit that will modify living habits for the better."

## CAMPUTEPS

You're holding a bit of history in your hands. POPULAR ELECTROMISS is credited with actually beginning the home computer revolution. It started in PE's January 1975 issue which featured plans to assemble the first powerful home computer. Reader buying response was phenomenal and a whole, new industry was launched.
Within two years, thousands of home computers were operational across the country and hundreds of other hardware and software manufacturers entered the business. Revolution ended. Evolution began.
Machines, through software, have taken on a variety of jobs to save time and money. Text Editing systems help prepare letters and reports. Financial packages compile accounts receivable, accounts payable, payroll, and forecast money flow. Inventory control systems track product manufacture, storage, and distribution. At first, these jobs were done by large, expensive, main-frame computers, affordable only by giant corporations. But now, low-cost units have put big computing power in the hands of every small business operator and made it easier for personal-use enthusiasts to use computers for their business and educational needs.
Personal-use computers fit many needs at prices that range from about $\$ 300$ to $\$ 3,000$, depending upon complexity and capability. Most are about the size of a portable typewriter, and take minutes to set up. They contain a
standard keyboard to enter data and attach to a TV monitor to display results. Some are truly personal-batteryoperated, and hand-sized, they travel in your coat pocket, look like language translators, but are complete, programmable computers. With the addition of micro-bubble memory devices that permanently store millions of pieces of data, these tiny computers may become as powerful as any desk-top system now in use.

Programming the new computers has been simplified. Each contains a language-an internal program that teaches the computer English words such as PRIMT, RUM, STOP. Each is a command the computer will understand and perform. You can learn to perform simple tasks in minutes, complew programming in a few hours.

The results of your program will vary, depending upon the computer. While all will display letters, words, and numbers, many also have graphics capability. With this feature, the computer can draw-charts, graphs and pictures appear on the TV screen in vivid color.

Besides your programming, a computer will accept prepackaged "canned" programs that instantly instruct it to perform any of hundreds of tasks. One program may compute your income tax in various ways for the best "bottomline." Another may set up a home budget system or provide financial investment information. Still others store

Home computers also have graphic capability-can draw charts, graphs and pictures in full color on your TV. screen.


We've been perfecting professional sound reproduction for almost half a century. From the famous Voice-of-the-Theater ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ to our studio monitors and large floor-standing models, Altec Lansing is continuing a tradition of creating significant advancements in speaker technology. And now we've taken the most recent professional sound innovations and put them into our new speakers for the house, our models 4, 6 and 8 . As a result, you can hear what has made Altec Lansing a long time favorite in studios, theaters and on sigund stages from coast to coast: Crisp, clear sound realism.

## Professional <br> features lmade for the home.

Here are sorme of the acoustic innovations featured by our new speakers: The Altec Tangerine, a revolistionary radial phase plug that brings ous all the high frequencies blocked by standard circumferential phase plugs. It works with our new LZT (Lead Zirconate Titanate) ultra highfrequency compression driver that replaces magnets and voice coils with a state-of-the-art semiconductor for super clean sound.

Another important professional feature is our Mantaray ${ }^{\text {® }}$ constant directivity horn that expands your
listening "sweet spot" well off to the sides of the speakers.

We've also developed a different approach to a cross-over network design that minimizes distortion and improves highfrequency response. In addition, each of our new models is equipped with an Automatic Power Control to protect the speaker from power overloads without shutting off the sound.

There's also a new lock to our new home speaker line. We use rare Endriana wood from the South Pacific for our speaker cabinetry which highlights an unusually rich woodgrain and exhibits extraordinary acoustic properties.

Of course there's a lot more to our speaker designs than these new enhancements. The sum total of

many years spent in speaker research and development is incorporated in our home models.

## Sound experience in

 a Free brochure.If you'd like to learn more about all the professional features we've built into our new line, write for our free brochure "A New Generation of Speaker Systems for the Home." Better yet, visit your nearest Altec Lansing listening room and find out how we adapted our professional sound quality to the environment of your home. For the name of your local dealer, call toll-free (800) 528-6050, Ext. 730; in Arizona (800) 352-0458. Or write: Altec Lansing International, 1515 S. Manchester
ALTEC LANSING

Ave., Anaheim,
CA 92803.


and retrieve data-phone numbers, addresses, etc.
Computers also work in tandem with external devices. They control printers to make a permanent paper record of what's seen on a TV screen. In micro-seconds, disk-drive systems save and retrieve thousands of pieces of data for the computer to use. Speech processing systems let you give the machine audible commands; synthesizers allow it to talk back-in its own voice-or compose its own music. Remote control devices even permit a computer to op-
erate the lights and Fp pliances in your home.
By controlling a modem (modulator/demodulator) a computer can com hunicate with other computers over a standard phone lind. The potential is mind-boggling!

Mow, there are alumber of such computer services available for use. Dial ghe of them, attach your computer to the
The Wall Sseet Journal hastens story text between typesetter ar printer via satellite.

## THE FIRST HIGH GRADE <br> VDE


our high grade and regular videotape.

For one thing, our oxide particles are smaller and more densely packed on the tape surface. Which is why we have a better frequency response and signal-to-noise ratio, especially at the slower recording speeds.

And, because of our unique binding process and calendering system, the oxide particles on Maxell HG stay put. This drastically reduces friction and video recorder head wear. So not only will you get better picture quality, but you'll be able to enjoy it a lot longer.

All in all, no other home videotape can deliver better color resolution, sharper images or cleaner sound than Maxell HG.
So if you own a VHS recorder, please remember one thing. If you want high grade picture maity sonned maxell and and baze ITS WORTH IT.

## SONY



## Eicavy

Introducing another Sony only. The MDR series open-air headphones. The smallest, lightest stereo headphones available today. Or tomorrow.

With our lightest at 40 grams, you will barely know you're wearing them. Yet the sound is dynamite.

Through a remarkable new audio breakthrough, our engineers have succeeded in reducing big-headphone technology down to the size of your listening channels.

The MDF series headphones' airy spaciousness delivers absolute clarity through an ultra-small driver

unit that produces more than three times the energy of conventional circuits. And a new high-compliance diaphragm accurately reproduces the 20 to $20,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ bandwidth and improves low-range response.

That means you can listen to the heaviest of music for hours. Lightly And know that you're hearing every nuance of the original recording from deep bass to the highest treble.

Listen to our new MDR series headphones. They're light. And heavy.

that are applied to the chips. For $d y$ namic memory devices, it is necessary only to apply all possible row address combinations to the chip to refresh all memory locations. This $\overline{\mathrm{RAS}}$-only refresh is achieved in less time, and since the mUX and $\overline{\text { CAS }}$ pulses are absent, the chip is not enabled.

The Z80 CPU includes built-in refresh circuits for $\overline{\text { RAS }}$-only refresh of the chips, this refresh occurring in the latter part of the opcode instruction fetch cycle, which is a special memory access period. Furthermore, refresh occurs while the CPU is decoding the fetched instruction, effecting hidden refresh. (For complete details, refer to the Zilog Z80 Technical Reference Manual and device specification sheets.)

Circuit Operation. Referring to Fig. 2 , address decoder $/ C 17$ is a 4 -line to 16 line decoder that senses address lines Al2 through Al5. All decoder output lines at pins 1 through 11 and 13 through 17 are at a high logic level until $\overline{\text { RAS }}$ appears and enables the decoder through strobe line GI at pin 18. At this time, one of the 16 output lines goes low exclusively, depending on the value of the four address input bits.

Assume that the CPU issues hexadecimal address 8000, the next address following the end of the TRS-80's resident 16 K of memory. Address decoder $/ C 17$ "sees" 8 (binary 1000) at inputs D, C, B, and A in that order. The 8000 output at pin 9 goes low and remains low through address 8 FFF . On the next higher address (9000), pin 10 goes low exclusively and remains low through address 9 FFF , and so forth.

Notice that, in each step, the loworder address lines run through the range of 000 through FFF (4096 addresses). Hence, the decoder can exclusively select any one of 164 K memory blocks over the total possible 64 K of memory space. However, on-chip address decoders of a selected memory block decode only the address range of 000 through FFF while depending on the external address decoder to establish block location in memory space.

Multiplexer switches IC13 and IC14 are controlled by the mux pulse through the $S$ control lines of the devices. Referring to the symbolic spst switch shown on IC13, all "switches" are in position 0 , with muX resting low to allow address bits A0 through A5 to pass to the RAMs. When mux goes high, all switches move to position 1 to pass bits A6 through All to the chips. The multiplexers also buffer the address lines.

The memory circuit is powered by a regulated 12 -volt source that in turn, powers 5 -volt regulator IC18. Supplying
a small bias current to the RAMs, the -5 -volt source is obtained from a charge-pump circuit formed from CCl 9 . a 555 timer that delivers a square wave to the charge-pump circuit connected to pin 3. Regulation of the charge pump's -5 -volt dc output is provided by $D 6$, while D3, D4, and D5 provide reverse voltage protection and $D 7, D 8$, and $D 9$ give some over-voltage protection.

RAM Kit Installation. We used a modified version of the TRS-80 disassembly instructions that are included in the computer's Technical Reference Manual to access the 4 K RAMs. The procedure is as follows: With bottom screws removed and computer in its normal operating position, remove the top to reveal the keyboard. Next, hinge the keyboard to a vertical position, taking care to avoid strain on the short ribbon cable, and remove the five rubber spacers to free the main board. Lower the keyboard to the table top and rest it on its keytops. In a similar manner, hinge the main board outward and place it on the inverted keyboard. Reverse the procedure to reassemble.

We used the Jameco TRS-16K RAM kit which contains eight UPD416 (MK4116) high-speed RAMs and instructions for installation. Since the chips are easily damaged by static electricity, we recommend that you connect an earth ground wire to the main board circuit, and connect yourself to earth ground through a 250,000 -ohm resistor
and a wire running to a metallic wristwatch strap. Stay clear of ac lines and equipment! Use a dot of fast-drying white paint to mark the pin-I position of each DIP shunt and 4 K RAM socket location.

Remove the somewhat fragile DIP shunts, and replace with substitutes, such as 16 -pin DIP headers, jumper wired according to instructions supplied. The DIP shunts and RAMs extract with difficulty, so go easy. As you remove each RAM, push it into black conductive foam plastic. Then install the 16 K RAMs, being sure to orient them properly in their sockets.

If you don't have a similar system, you can assemble the plug-board system shown in Fig. 3 as follows: Install three Vector No. R644-3 44-contact receptacles on $41 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 6^{\prime \prime}$ perforated board drilled as required. Bolt Vector No. BR27D card guides and receptacles to the board and slide the Wire-Wrapped assembly into the $51 \mathrm{X}-1$ aluminum frame. The memory board operates off a regulated 12 -volt power supply, which can be mounted on a vertical plate bolted to the frame as shown. (If you aren't planning to use a plug-board system at this time, assemble the circuit on a Vector No. 8802 Circbord that has etched buses on one side of the board, and slide the board horizontally into the aluminum frame.)

Fig. 3. The plugboard system used can accommodate three boards and has its own power supply.

Use only a short ribbon cable to interconnect the computer and expansion system. Connect a $6^{\prime \prime}$ length of 40 -conductor ribbon cable to a TRS-80 card edge connector. For reduced crosstalk, overlay one side of the cable with aluminum foil. Then connect bare wire pigtails to the connector's ground lugs and tape the pigtails to the foil. Omit any connection to TRS-80 5-volt line 39.

If you prefer a disconnect at the plugboard system, cut a preassembled 40 conductor female IDC ribbon cable to length and solder to the edge connector. Install two rows of No. T46-5-9 wrap posts into the perforated board with pin faces in square alignment to accept the female IDC plug.

The plug board shown is a Vector No. 4494 44-contact board with etched ground and supply planes on opposite sides. Assign the +12 -volt supply to one of the spare bus lines. Install the sockets for the multiplexer and buffer ICs in the first two socket tiers near the card fingers and install the RAM sockets in the third and fourth socket tiers. This leaves ample room for another bank of eight memory devices. Do not install the ICs in their sockets until told to do so!

Charge-pump components can be installed on a DIP header and plugged into a single socket as shown. Install small bypass capacitors with minimum lead lengths. (In the prototype, some bypass capacitors were connected directly to socket-wrap posts.) The board is preferably chain-wrapped using the Vector No. P180 Slit-N-Wrap or similar tool. To keep crosstalk low, avoid bundling the wires.

When 20 K of RAM isn't enough, you can easily install 16 K RAMs on the expansion board to obtain a total of 32 K of memory. To do this, first break the wire at point Y (see Fig. 2) to RAM pin line 13. Remove address line A6 from pin 3 of IC13 and connect address line A13 to pin 3 of $/ \mathrm{Cl} 3$. Wire lines A6 and A12 to IC14 as shown, and connect pin 4 of IC14 to RAM pin line 13. Remove the connection from pin 9 of $I C 17$ and wire it to pin 6 of IC16. Assuming there is 16 K of RAM inside the TRS-80, connect the four input pins of active-low OR gate IC16 to pins $9,10,11$, and 13 of $I C 17$ in any order.

After checking your wiring for errors and shorts, install only IC19, apply power , and check that the proper supply voltages appear at the appropriate socket pins. Disconnect power. Then install the remaining ICs, taking precautions with the MOS RAMs.

Checkout. You can check the 16 K of RAM installed in the TRS-80 by running the "Function and RAM test" pro-

## CKMEM PROGRAM

| ADDR | CODE | MNEMONIC | REMARK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4400 | 211844 | LD HL, 4418 H | INITIALIZE POINTER |
| 4403 | OE 01 | LD C, 01 H | TEST PATTERN BUFFER |
| 4405 | 71 | LD (HL), C | WRITE PATTERN IN LOC. |
| 4406 | 0608 | LD B, O8H | SET LOOP COUNT TO EIGHT |
| 4408 | CB 06 | flC, (HL) | ROTATE LEFT CIR. IN MEM |
| 440A | CB 01 | RLC, C | AND IN REGISTER C |
| 440C | 79 | LD A,C | GET TEST PATTERN AND |
| 440D | BE | C.P ( HL ) | COMPARE |
| 440E | 2005 | JRNZ, 5 | EXIT ON MEM ERROR |
| 4410 | 10 F 6 | DJNZ, - 10 | ELSE LOOP TILL DONE |
| 4412 | 23 | INCHL | POINT TO NEXT MEM LOC. |
| 4413 | 18 Fo | JR, - 16 | LOOP TO CONTINUE TEST |
| 4415 | CD 9140 | CALL, 4091 H | ; STOP IN TBUG |

REMARK
POINTER

TEST PATTERNBUFER
SET LOOP COUNT TO EIGHT
ROTATE LEFT CIR. IN MEM
AND IN REGISTER C
COMPARE
EXIT ON MEM ERROR
ELSE LOOP TiLL DONE ONT TO NEXTINE TEST STOP IN TBUG
grams listed in the TRS-80 U'ser's Manual. Running time is about 12 minutes. Next, with the power disconnected from both the TRS-80 and expansion module, connect the two together. Power-up first energizing the expansion system and then the computer. On typing the command PRINT MEMORY, 19,967 should appear on-screen. If not, deenergize the TRS-80 for 10 seconds and try again. If


The memory expansion system mounted on a 4494 plug board. There is room for eight additional RAMS if desired.
the computer still won't function properly, power down and check for bus line shorts. (If the program prints out RAM error immediately, look for wiring errors.) If the test program runs well into the test but stops at random times, the most likely cause is noise or crosstalk. A short ribbon cable, low-impedance ground and supply lines, and adequate bypassing are required.

Users of the TRS-80 TBUG ma-chine-language monitor have the option of placing the 4 K of RAM at the far end of memory. This obviates the need to
revise machine language programs located at the far end of memory when you add more memory. A DIP switch can be used to select either pin 9 or pin 17 of IC17, allowing instant movement of the 4 K block to the far end of memory. On powering up when using memory beginning at F000 always energize the TRS-80 first. Typing PRINT MEMORY should now yield 15,871 on-screen.

With any use of the reset button, always type in PRINT MEMORY. For rapid memory checks and troubleshooting, use machine language program check memory CKMEM, which runs through 20 K of memory in 5 seconds. You may wish to acquire the TBUG monitor for highspeed memory tests if for no other reason than to run CKMEM.

Check Memory Program. Thé CKMEM program given in the table writes a test pattern of a single 1 bit into a memory location and reads back the stored pattern for a comparison test. Rotated left circularly, this 1 bit is used to check all bit positions. Whenever a mismatch or RAM error is encountered, the program exits to TBUG monitor control and register pair HL holds the address at mismatch.

Entered as listed in Level 1 machines, the CKMEM program begins testing at address 4418 as shown in the first instruction. No changes are required to relocate the program in memory, apart from starting address initialization. The program can be used to fill memory with Os by changing the second instruction to 0 E 00 . To check 4 K of RAM at the remote end of memory, change the first instruction to 2100 F 0 .

Program CKMEM may miss certain address-line wiring errors of the RAM board that are caught by the TRS- 80 RAM test program. Either program will catch bad chips. Program CKMEM and TBUG monitor commands simplify isolation of a bad RAM, but don't be too quick to condemn a chip until it is proven defective by direct substitution. Once the whole system is up and running, you are ready to broaden your programming horizons with a system that has enough RAM to run sophisticated software.

## A LOW-Cost Emergency Broadcast System Monitor

Add-on circuit monitors the output of a broadcast receiver and sounds an alarm when an EBS warning signal is received

THE National Weather Service and the Civil Defense Agency, in conjunction with local broadvasters and other authorities. maintain an emergency warning systen to alert the public in case of impending natural disaster or national defense emergency. This system consists of a network of $\mathbf{A M}$ and FM radio stations that will interrupt their normal programs to broadcast an emergency bulle:in immediately after an official severe weather or Civil Defense warning is issued. You have probably heard lests of this emergency broadcast system (EBS) on local radio stations. Du-ing sucl tests, and in the event of an actial alert, participaling stations broadeas: a special two-tone signal used to activate uarning devices at other radio stations and at regional Civil Defense offices.

For less than $\$ 25.00$, you can build a circuit that will respond to the EBS alertings gnal. This project receives signals from the earphone jack of a standard broadcast receiver and, in response

## "Satellites giant switchboards in the sky, silently accepting and sorting radio frequencies from one direction and sending them off in another."

phone with a modem, and you'll be in touch with thousands of programs and data banks. Get national and international airline schedules, make vacation reservations, order gifts, read the latest news over AP and UPI wire services, or send correspondence over electronic mail channels. It's easy to see how home computers will change the way we live!

Shopping could become unnecessary, as could money and credit cards. Mewspapers and magazines may be delivered electronically with immediate updates as they occur. We may no longer have to travel to work . . . and the postal department may never get another letter to lose!

Sound improbable that a "machine" could cause such massive changes? In five years, some experts predict, one out of every four homes will have a computer terminal or control unit that' will modify living habits for the better. Implementing a host of commercial developments-bubble memories, fiber optics, et al-will make the shape of tomorrow's world feasible.

## SATELITES $\square$

In 1957, the world was to learn of a new page in science. A sphere, no larger than a basketball, had been put into orbit. Its message to radio listeners? A simple "beep" that sounded once a second indicating it was alive. Its message to visionaries? Vast, dependable, worldwide communications in less than a decade.

By 1965, the US had launched the Early Bird, a satellite capable of relaying 240 phone calls or one TV broadcast, the first of over 30 such communications satellites (comsats) now fixed over the earth.

Since then, satellites have become a standard link in all our conventional communications. Make a phone call from state to state, and the odds are your voice will have traveled some 45,000 miles through a satellite before reaching your party's ear. For television, "live via satellite" has meant instant and simultaneous viewing for millions of people throughout the world. Satellites such as Comstar handle some $\mathbf{1 8 , 0 0 0}$ phone calls and dozens of TV channels at one time. They're giant switchboards in the sky, silently accepting and sorting radio frequencies from one direction and sending them off in another.

What of the unconventional? For that, satellites both aid communications, and sometimes create a totally new form of media. At the push of a button, MASA meetings can include members from all over the country. Each participant sits in his own teleconferencing room, able to see and hear all others via satellite.

In addition to visual and audible human communication, satellites can have a tremendous effect on machine communication. Smart machines-from computers to photo
copiers-are no longer restricted to the relatively low data rates imposed by phone lines. Data, which take hours to send over a phone line, uill move in literal secands through a satellite network. In addition to being faster. it car be cheaper, and is fast tecoming practical.

Elestronic mail can be sent from the desk of one company executive to another anywhere in the country in seconds. The "writing" is done on CRT screens linked to the company central computer. Depending upon the urgency, it is sen: instantly or held in storage to be batched with others for a mass "mailing."

For news services such as AP and UPI, speed is essential. Both Mave satellite capalility for instant text distribution and the Wall Street Journal rastens story text between typesetter and printer via satellite.

Satellite communication also has many direct effects on us. Home Box Office supplies TV viewers with firstrun movies on home television sets. The distribution metwork? Satellite. The "Superstations" have turned the heads of more than one commercial IV network executive. Cvernight. small TV stations, through access to satellite dís tribution, become major rival's to established networks. Ted Turner, owner of the first Superstation out of Atlanta, estimates some 2.5 million people are now tuned in to his system-and expects three times that many by the middle of 1981.

TV-via-satellite can ofer a more personal touch as $\boldsymbol{u}$ did during the Republican comention in Detroit. While networks carried the events of national interest, reporters from three independent news affiliates were beaming irdividual state views to loal stations over a Westar satellite.

In the near future, this persenal touch may prove to be a twist of technological fate. Since the beginning, satellite communication has been thought of in global concepts-thousands of miles of spase brought into mirror view by electronic servants. Even the technology of tocay's sophistic.ted craft support that use. Relatively low levels of energy beam earthward in a scattered array to be picked up by giant signal-gathering dishes which re-focus the energy into sophisticated electronics for practical use.

But looking to the future . . . it seems that satellite communication may give us a closer, more personal view of our immediate concerns. Two areas of technology make that possible: superior receiving electronics packages nave greatly reduced the size of the antenna needed to capture signals. (A 10 -foot diameter dish can be used in lieu $0^{=}$the 100 -foot requirement established earlier.) Add to this the drarratic drop in cost for state-of-the-art components, and the result is a do-it-yourself backyard ground station. The cost? $\$ 5000$ and up . . . and it's available from a catalog!

Tests have been successfully completed using super ighfrequency, high-powered satelites. Canada, the U.S. ard Japan have a joint venture in CTS, e communicasiors satellite capable of broad=asting directly lo your TV set. The antenna? A desk-top dish that measures just under two feet across. The down-irk necessary fits in your hand and is plenned to cost under $\$ 500$ !

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# HOW MANY HOURS ARE ON YOUR PHONO STYLUS? 

ALMOST every hi-fi phono stylus is made from the hardest substance known to man-diamond. Even a diamond stylus, however, will become appreciably worn after a given number of hours of use. Keeping track of the number of playing hours a stylus has accumulated-and thus indirectly the degree to which it has become worn-is important for two reasons. Using a worn phono stylus dramatically reduces playback fidelity and can cause catastrophic, permanent physical damage to the grooves of a vinyl recording.

Presented here is a simple, inexpensive project that logs the number of hours a stylus has been used. This information is displayed at the push of a button on a four-digit, seven-segment LED readout to the nearest tenth of an hour. The low construction cost of this proj-ect- $\$ 50$ or less-makes it an ideal solution to the problem of monitoring stylus use. With it, you will eliminate both the risk of using the same stylus too long and the needless expense of replacing it too soon.


## BY DENNIS BOHN

About the Project. One principal design goal was to produce a circuit that would provide as accurate a count of actual stylus playing time as possible. This immediately ruled out the use of any scheme involving the sensing of the amount of time that the turntable was simply on. What was required was a method of determining the amount of time that the cartridge would actually be generating an audio output for subsequent processing by the phono preamp. This is the approach that was taken in the project described here.

The project is shown schematically in Fig. 1. Because there is no easy access to the output of the phono-preamp stage (apart from the fact that most equipment warrantees would be voided by any such tampering), the stylus timer begins with its own RIAA phono preamplifier. The audio output of one of the cartridge's channels is tapped at the stereo system's phono-preamp input by means of a $Y$ connector/adapter and a short patch cord. Sensing the input signal of only one audio channel was deemed suf-

## phono stylus

ficient for the accuracy required. It is highly unlikely that long periods of time will exist in which there is a total absence of signal in one channel of a typical stereo disc

The output of the phono cartridge is applied to audio input jack $J l$. One megohm of resistance ( $R I$ ) and 20 pF or less of parasitic shunt capacitance comprise the input impedance of the project This means that there is no additional, significant loading of the cartridge. Therefore, the stylus timer's input network does not appreciably alter the loading and hence sonic performance of the phono cartridge.

Operational amplifier $I C l$ boosts the level of the input signal and, with the help of $R 2, R 3, C 2$ and $C 3$, provides RIAA playback equalization. Because the op amp is powered by a single-ended supply, dc level-shifting of the input signal (performed by C5,R5 and R6) and capacitive input coupling (furnished by Cl) are required. Output signals from $I C 1$ are directly coupled to the noninverting input of $I C 2 D$, which is onefourth of an LM339 quad comparator. This stage is operated in linear fashion as an op amp with transistor $Q 1$ inside the overall feedback loop. Resistors R10 and R11 determine the bias of Q1. Resistor $R 7$ and capacitors C6, C7 and C9 furnish frequency compensation to ensure stability.

The 20 dB of gain provided by $I C 2 D$ and the 40 dB of gain supplied by $I C 1$ (at 1 kHz ) boost the input signal to the level required by the half-wave rectifying and averaging network $D 4, C 11$, and R13. The amplified input signal is converted into a positive dc voltage appearing across capacitor Cll, which charges rapidly and discharges slowly through R13.

Comparator IC2C accepts the de voltage appearing across C11 and compares it with the reference of approximately 100 mV generated by R17, R18 and C12. Resistors R14 and R15 provide hysteresis to stabilize the comparator. The output of this comparator is applied to the noninverting input of comparator $I C 2 B$, while the inverting input receives a shaped timebase signal derived from the ac power line. Transformer Tl supplies a low-voltage $60-\mathrm{Hz}$ sine wave to low-pass filter R19C13, whose output is attenuated by voltage divider R20R23. The attenuated sine wave, converted into a square wave with a dc offset by $I C 2 A$, is applied to the inverting input of comparator IC2B.

This comparator passes timebase pulses when audio from the cartridge drives the output of IC2C high. Timebase pulses then reach the ClOCK input of the first section of dual D flip-flop IC3. The mismatch between pull-up re-


PARTS LIST

B1-4.2-V mercury battery (Mallory TR133 or equivalent)
C1-0.0033- $\mu \mathrm{F}$ Mylar capacitor
C2-0.0027- $\mu \mathrm{F}$ Mylar capacitor
C3-0.01- $\mu \mathrm{F}$ Mylar capacitor
C4, C8, C10-10- $\mu \mathrm{F}, 6.3-\mathrm{V}$ tantalum capacitor
C5, C11, C12-100- $\mu \mathrm{F}, 10-\mathrm{V}$, radial-lead electrolytic
$\mathrm{C} 6-0.1-\mu \mathrm{F}$ disc ceramic capacitor
C7-0.001- $\mu \mathrm{F}$ Mylar capacitor
$\mathrm{C} 9-0.005-\mu \mathrm{F}$ disc ceramic capacitor
$\mathrm{C} 13-0.01-\mu \mathrm{F}$ disc ceramic capacitor
C14-100- $\mu \mathrm{F}, 35-\mathrm{V}$, radial-lead electrolytic
C $15-330-\mu \mathrm{F}$, 6.3-V tantalum capacitor (see text)
C16-56-pF disc ceramic capacitor
D1, D2-1N4001 rectifier
D3, D6-1N9 14 signal diode
D4-1N34 germanium signal diode
D5-1N4735 6.2-V zener diode
DIS1-Four-digit, common-cathode LED display (NSA 1541 A or equivalent) IC 1-LM301A operational amplifier IC2-LM339 quad comparator

IC3-CD40 13 dual D flip-flop
IC4-CD4059 programmable divide-by-N counter
IC5—MM74C925 four-decade counter with multiplexed four-digit, seven-segment output drivers
J1-Insulated phono jack
Q1 through Q5-2N5210 or equivalent npn silicon transistor
Q6-2N5086 or equivalent pnp silicon transistor
The following, unless otherwise specified, are $1 / 4$-watt, $10 \%$ tolerance, fixed car-bon-composition resistors.
R1,R15, R22-1 M $\Omega$
R2, R23-27 k $\Omega$
R3-470 k $\Omega$
R4-330 $\Omega$
R5, R6, R12, R16, R19, R26-100 ks
R7-10 $\Omega$
R8, R14, R21, R27 through R33-1 k $\Omega$
R9, R11, R13- $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$
R10-15 k $\Omega$
R17, R36-6.8 k $\Omega$
R18-100 $\Omega$
R20-33 k $\Omega$
R24, R25, R34, R36, R37-3.3ks
$R 35-330 \Omega,{ }^{1 / 2} W$


S1, S2-Normally open, momentary-contact pushbutton switch
T1-24-volt center-tapped, $40-\mathrm{mA}$ stepdown transformer
Misc. - Printed circuit board, IC sockets or Molex Soldercons, battery holder, fuse holder, suitable enclosure, Y phono-connector/adapter, shielded cable, phono plugs, hookup wire, line cord and strain relief, suitable hardware, solder, etc.
Note-The following is available from TOLECO Systems, Box 401, Kingston, WA 98346: kit of parts consisting of all required integrated circuits, commoncathode LED display, and etched, drilled and plated glass-epoxy printedcircuit board, No. ST-1, for \$29.95, plus $\$ 2.00$ postage and handling in U.S., \$4.00, foreign. Also available separately is the etched, drilled and plated glass-epoxy printed-circuit board, No. ST-2, for $\$ 8.95$, postpaid in U.S. Washington state residents, add $5.3 \%$ sales tax. No COD or foreign-currency orders. The project as designed is suitable for use only in those areas whose power-line frequency is 60 Hz .

Fig. 1. The audio input is obtained from one channel of the cartridge output to the phone preamp. It is then amplified and rectified and compared to a reference to create timed pulses and drive the digital display.
sistors $R 16$ and $R 24$ holds the out put of $I C 2 B$ low in the absence of a signal from the cartridge.

The timebase signal from $I C 2 B$ passes to dual $D$ flip-flop $/ C 3$, which functions as a divide-by- 4 counter. A $15-\mathrm{Hz}$ pulse train appears at the $Q$ output of the second flip-flop in $I C 3$ (pin 13) when $I C 2 B$ allows the clock signal to pass. This pulse train is applied to the input of IC4, which is programmed to divide the input frequency by 5400 . The resulting output pulse train has a period of 6 minutes or 0.1 hour and appears at pin 23 of IC4 to clock four-decade counter $/ C 5$.

This chip contains not only counting stages but also seven-segment decoders and multiplexed display drivers. The outputs of $I C 5$ drive not only the seven segment lines of $D I S I$ but transistors $Q 2$ through $Q 6$ as well. The latter drive the digit and decimal-point cathode lines of the display. Their emitters are connected together and to one side of pushbutton VIEw switch $S l$, the other side of which is grounded. No current flows through the LED display until the view switch is closed. The elapsed stylus playing time is indicated in hundreds, tens, units, and tenths of an hour up to 999.9 hours. When 999.9 hours have been tallied, counter $I C 5$ resets to 000.0 . The user can manually clear the counter by closing reset pushbutton switch $S 2$. Resistor $R 26$ is the pull-down component for switch $S 2$.

A simple single-ended, full-wave supply satisfies the project's power requirements. There is no power on/off switch; line power should be applied continuously so that the information stored in $/ C 5$ is not lost. One simple way to do this is to plug its line cord into the audio preamplifier's or receiver's unswitched power socket. Mercury battery Bl and steering diodes $D 3$ and $D 6$ ensure that the count stored in $1 C 5$ is not lost during power failures and during times when it is necessary to unplug the timer from the power line. Current drain of $I C 5$ is low, making battery life at least as long as that of the stylus. It is good practice to replace the battery each time the stylus is replaced. Capacitor C15 is optional and supplies power when both ac and battery power are lost.

Construction. The high impedances and gains of the early stages of the sig-nal-processing chain make the use of a carefully designed printed-circuit board almost a necessity. An etching and drilling guide and component layout are shown in Fig. 2. To keep construction cost low, a single-sided pc board using several jumper wires was used. As long as the jumpers are as short as possible and are installed neatly, they need not be insulated.
 printed circuit board is above left, component layout at right.

After the jumpers are in place, install the resistors, and then the diodes-in the correct polarity. Molex Soldercons or IC sockets should be mounted on the board after the diodes, and then the capacitors should be installed. (The polarities of electrolytic capacitors must be observed.) Finally, the transistors should be installed. Using a smalltipped, low-wattage soldering iron and small-diameter (No. 22 AWG or similar), $60 / 40$ rosin-core solder, make all necessary connections.

When all pc components have been mounted on the board, use suitable lengths of shielded cable and hook-up wire to connect the appropriate foil pads to those components that are not mounted on the board. Connect the shield of the cable running between input jack $J l$ and the input foil pads at both ends. However, use an insulated phono jack to prevent a ground loop
from arising. A suitable length of multiconductor ribbon cable can be used between the pc board and the display.

The author's prototype is housed in an aluminum utility box that encloses everything except the LED display and the view switch. These were mounted on a small piece of oak and interconnected with the boxed section by a length of multiconductor ribbon cable. This arrangement permitted the placement of the utility box behind the audio preamplifier and the attachment of the oak display board to the rear of the turntable. The reset switch was mounted inside the enclosure to prevent accidental switch closure and loss of count.

The display used by the author is a four-digit calculator-type readout selected for small size and low current demand. However, almost any type of LED display can be used, so long as it is of common-cathode design and is com-
patible with multiplexing. Discrete-digit LED readouts can be used in this application if all pins corresponding to the same display segment ( $a, b, c, e t c$.) are connected together to the appropriate outputs of IC5. Any available display color is acceptable. However, the use of a LED readout other than the one specified might require a change in value of current-limiting resistors $R 27$ through R33. Increasing the resistances will result in diminished display current and brightness. Decreasing them will cause more current to flow and more light to be radiated by the display segments. The output drivers of IC5 can source a maximum of 30 mA , so the lower limit of resistance for $R 27$ through $R 33$ is approximately 100 ohms.

Transformer $T l$ as specified is a 24 volt center-tapped component with a rated secondary current of 40 mA . The author's prototype has an actual current
demand of approximately 32 mA in either the Standiy ( $S l$ open) or view ( $S /$ closed) mode. In the latter, the flow of display current causes a decrease in current flow through zener diode D5, This is why the overall current demand remains constant whether the readout is glowing or not. If a display requiring more current is used, $T l$ will have to be a component that can deliver more secondary current.

In any event, to minimize hum pickup and possible false time counts, the transformer should be positioned as far away from the input stage as possible. Its leads should be routed along the opposite side of the pc board from the input cable or, even better, at the opposite side of the board and at right angles to the input cable.

Installation and Use, For initial checkout, plug the line cord into an ac power socket and depress the view pushbutton switch. The display should read 000.0. If it indicates some other number, momentarily close the RESET switch and verify that the display returns to 000.0 when the vIEw switch is closed again.

Next, position the project near your turntable and preamplifier in such a
way that the LED display can easily be seen. Make sure that the audio system is turned off. Then disconnect one of the signal cables running from the turntable to the PHONO input jacks of the system's preamplifier. Either the right- or leftchannel output of the turntable can be used. Connect a suitable Y adapter to the unoccupied preamplifier PHONO input jack and plug the floating output cable from the turntable into one of the adapter's two phono jacks. Finally, connect one end of a patch cord to the remaining $Y$-adapter phono jack, and the other end of the patch cord to the project's audio input jack ( $J_{l}$ ).

Turn the stereo system on and play a record for slightly more than six minutes, verifying that the display reads 000.1 hour when the view switch is closed. If it does, return the tonearm to its rest position and unplug the project's line cord from the power socket. Wait a few minutes and reconnect the project to the ac power source. Depress the view pushbutton switch once more. A readout of 000.1 hour on the LED display confirms that the battery-powered memorybackup circuit is working.

Finally, apply ac power 1 the stylus timer and to the audio system. Place the
preamplifier's mode selector switch in its phono position, leaving the tonearm in its rest position. At the end of an hour, depress the view pushbutton switch. If the display still reads an elapsed time of 000.1 hour, the project is not falsely counting the $60-\mathrm{Hz}$ powerline frequency. If a false count is indicated, reroute any ac line cords passing near the project's audio input jack. Also, check the audio cable's shield and the connections between the shield and the phono jacks. Grounding the metal enclosure to the audio system ground at one point only will also help keep $60-\mathrm{Hz}$ ac out of the high-gain stages of the timer. Repeat the test procedure to ensure that the false-count problem has been solved.

Knowing the playing time of the stylus to the nearest hour or even ten hours is sufficient for replacement purposes. Contact the manufacturer of your cartridge for his recommended stylusreplacement interval. If this information is not available, check spherical styli after about 200 hours, elliptical styli after 500 hours, and Shibata and similar types after 900 hours. Use a stylusreplacement microscope for making visual inspections. If in doubt about replacement, consult a dealer.


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AMICROCOMPUTER with 4 K of RAM (random access memory) can perform reasonably well, but its small memory locks it out of using much sophisticated software. In most systems, memory can be expanded by installing memory chip sets or plug-in memory boards. However, in the particular case of the Radio Shack TRS-80, installation of a RAM chip set leaves 16 K inside the machine and 4 K of removed RAM unused. Actually, this can be a bonus if you build the memory board and expansion interface described in this article.

The modification detailed here provides a total of 20 K of RAM and a plugboard system that allows experiments with I/O ports. The memory board features a universal address decoder that allows placing the RAM on any 4 K boundary. If you program in machine language using the TRS-80 TBUG monitor, you can switch the memory block to the remote end of memory where the small utility program really belongs. Also, the board is easily converted to accept 16 K RAMs if desired.

The simplicity of memory upgrade from 4 K to 16 K is the direct result of the use of 16 -pin RAM chips. These multi-plexed-address input dynamic RAMs are in wide application because of their low cost and power consumption. The latest additions to this family of devices provide up to 64 K bytes with eight memory chips.

Memory Basics. The $Z 80$ microprocessor distinguishes memory access machine cycles by concurrently issuing a 16 -bit memory address and memory request ( $\overline{M R E Q}$ ), along with either a read $(\overline{R D})$ or write ( $\overline{W R}$ ) pulse. These and other control signals operate the memory blocks of a computer. A typical memory chip includes address input, write, chipselect (or chip-enable), and data input and output lines.

Computer memory consists of a number of memory blocks arranged in sequence. A memory block may consist of one $1 \mathrm{~K} \times 8$ read-only memory (ROM), two $1 \mathrm{~K} \times 4 \mathrm{RAMs}$, or eight $16 \mathrm{~K} \times 1$ RAMs, to name a few of the possible configurations. Whatever the chip size, the storage elements of the device are arranged in a matrix. For example, the storage matrix of the $4027(4 \mathrm{~K} \times 1)$ chip consists of 64 rows by 64 columns, yielding 4096 bits. A memory element within the matrix is selected by matrix row and column decoders. For a $4 \mathrm{~K} \times 1$ memory chip, the address decode range is from 000 (zero) to FFF hexadecimal or 4096 decimal.

To allow stacking memory blocks end-to-end, an external memory address decoder is required. The address decoder continuously scans the higher-order computer address lines and exclusively

## PLUG-BOARD SYSTEM FOR ADDING 16K OF DYNAMIC RAM WITH A 4K BONUS BY ADOLPH A. MANGIERI

 -TRS-80 MEMORY

trs-80 memory
selects one memory block at a time, depending on the address from the CPU.

The block and timing diagram shown in Fig. 1 illustrates the operational arrangement of a 40274 K multiplexed dynamic memory. The 4027 accepts 12 address line bits (A0 through A11) in two groups through multiplexer switches consisting of six single-pole doublethrow semiconductor switches controlled by the mux (multiplexer control) pulse. The chip data-out and data-in lines are buffered by three-state gate G3, which is controlled by gate G2 and by data-in buffer G4. The input to the address decoder consists of high-order address lines Al2 through A15

Prior to appearance of the $\overline{R A S}$, (row address select) pulse, the address decoder is disabled and its output is high. Since gate G2 is inactive at this time, gate G3 is also off. In addition, chip select line $\overline{\mathrm{CS}}$ is high, with memory de-


Fig. 1. RAM block diagram and timing waveforms

selected, gate Gl inactive, and the chip data-out line off. The mux pulse is low and allows bits A0 through A5 to pass through the mux switch to the chip's address input pins. On a memory read $\overline{\mathrm{RD}}$ machine cycle, the CPU places a 16 bit address on the system bus, along with $\overline{M R E Q}$ and $\overline{R D}$ pulses. (Incidentally, $\overline{\text { RAS }}$ is simply a renaming of the $\overline{\text { MREQ }}$ CPU pulse.) When $\overline{\text { RAS }}$ appears, the address decoder is enabled and its decoded output goes low, enabling memory. Also, one input pin of G1 and G2 goes low, allowing read pulse $\overline{\mathrm{RD}}$ to pass through G2 and turn on G3, but the chip is not yet ready to output data. The $\overline{\text { RAS }}$ pulse also strobes bits A 0 through A5 into the chip address latches for temporary storage. The mux pulse next appears and "throws" the multiplexer switches allowing address bits A6 through All to pass. Shortly thereafter, the $\overline{\mathrm{CAS}}$ (column address strobe) pulse appears and
strobes the second group of address bits into the chip.

With the full address now entered, the matrix row and column address decoders decode the address and select the stored data cell. At this point, the chip data-out line becomes active and passes the data bit to the system bus through G3. The $\overline{R A S}$ pulse goes high with chip deselection, and G3 cuts off.

Action is similar on a memory write cycle. Write pulse $\overline{W R}$ appears, G3 is off throughout the cycle, and data enters the chip through G4. mUX and CAS pulses are not supplied by the CPU; rather, they are developed by other circuit logic and properly synchronized with CPU $\overline{M R E Q}$ pulse. This logic is already present in the TRS-80, and mUX and $\overline{C A S}$ pulses are on the system's bus in this and most other Z80-based systems utilizing multiplexed-address input dynamic RAMs.

For the 411616 K version, 14 address line bits are multiplexed to the chip. To make room for two additional address line bits, pin 13 of the 4116 is used to enter bits A6 and A12, sacrificing the chip-select line. Address bits A0 and Al3 enter pin 5. Then, to account for the missing chip-select line, the 4116 's logic senses the proper sequence and timing of the $\overline{\mathrm{RAS}}$, MUX, and $\overline{\mathrm{CAS}}$ pulses before enabling the chip.

Memory Refresh. All memory locations of the dynamic RAM must be refreshed within a $2-\mathrm{ms}$ interval to avoid loss of data. This occurs on any memory cycle of a running program. It can be accomplished via software, but this reduces processing speed. Memory refresh, therefore, is best accomplished by hardware.

Refresh circuits are essentially counters that generate sequential addresses


## PARTS LIST

C 1 through $\mathrm{C} 4-22-\mu \mathrm{F}, 20-\mathrm{V}$ electrolytic
C 5 through $\mathrm{C} 11-1.0 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 35 \mathrm{~V}$ tantalum electrolytic
C12 through C35-0.1- $\mathrm{F}, 15-\mathrm{V}$ disc capacitor
C36-0.22- $\mu \mathrm{F}, 15-\mathrm{V}$ disc capacitor
C37-0.01- $\mathrm{F}, 15-\mathrm{V} 10 \%$ disc or polystyrene
D1,D2-1N4148 switching diode
D3,D4, D5-1N400 1 rectifier diode
D6-1N7515.1-V zener diode
D7,D8-1N4735 6.2-V zener diode
D9-1N4744 15-V zener diode
IC 1 through IC8-UPD4 14 (MK4027)* 4 K or UPD4 16 (MK4 1 16)** 16K RAM
IC9 through IC 12-74LS367 three-state hex buffer
IC 13,IC14-74LS 157 quad 2-input multiplexer
IC 15-74LS32 quad 2 -input OR gate
IC 16-74LS2 1 dual 2 -input AND gate
IC $17-74154$ 4-to- 16 line decoder
IC 18 - $78055-\mathrm{V}, 1-\mathrm{A}$ voltage regulator
IC 19-555 timer
R1,R3-1-kR, $1 / 4-$ W $10 \%$ resistor
R2-100-k $2,1 / 4-\mathrm{W} 10 \%$ resistor
R4,R5,R6-4.7-k $\Omega$, $1 / 4-\mathrm{W} 10 \%$ resistor
*Use similar 4K RAMs on removal from TRS-80.
**Use JAMECO TRS-16K kit for TRS-80 16 K upgrade and for 4 K to 16 K board upgrade. See text.
Misc.-IC sockets; wrap posts; 20/40 card edge connector; ribbon cable; plug board; card guides; chassis; card receptacles; heat sink; 12 -volt power supply (JAMECO JE2 10 or similar); perforated board; hookup wire; etc:

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Making Performance Affordable
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[^3]to the special EBS tones, actuates a Sonalert or similar audible alarm or a relay. For around-the-clock protection, the EBS Monitor and the radio to which it is connected can be left activated continuously. If an emergency occurs, the alarm could save your life.

How it Works. The EBS alert signal consists of simultaneous tones at 853 Hz and 960 Hz broadcast for 22.5 seconds. This unlikely combination of frequencies and its long duration make it easy to distinguish the warning signal from speech and music. (Its waveform is shown in Fig. 1.)

Commercial EBS alerting devices employ a separate tone decoder for each of the two audio frequencies and a timedelay circuit that triggers an alarm only when the two frequencies are present for 15 seconds or more. This is an expensive approach requiring a large battery power source. To minimize cost and battery drain without sacrificing performance, this project employs a single CMOS phase-locked loop (PLL) to detect the presence of both frequencies. Three other CMOS integrated circuits perform most of the remaining functions. The circuit, which is shown schematically in


Fig. 1. Oscilloscope photo of the alert signal of the Emergency Broadcast System. It consists of two tones at 853 Hz and 960 Hz broadcast for 22.5 seconds.

Fig. 2, is such an energy miser that it will operate in its listening mode for more than one year on a single 9 -volt transistor battery.

The one PLL is able to detect the two discrete audio tones by responding to the $107-\mathrm{Hz}$ difference between their two frequencies. This $107-\mathrm{Hz}$ difference tone can be separated from the rest of the alert signal by rectifying and filtering the signal. Diode $D 3$, capacitors $C 1$ and $C 2$, resistors $R 2$ and $R 4$, and potentiometer $R 20$ perform this function.

Transistor Q1 amplifies the $107-\mathrm{Hz}$ difference signal and, with the help of inverter $I C 3 A$, converts it to a square wave that is then applied to the input (pin 14) of IC4, the phase-locked loop. The loop acts as a frequency-to-voltage converter that can be programmed to respond to a narrow band of frequencies called the lock range. Over this lock range, the output (pin 9) of the phaselocked loop will be a voltage that increases as the frequency of the input signal increases. For an input frequency

outside of the lock range, the PLL output voltage will approach either 0 or 9 volts, depending on whether the input frequency is above or below the lock range. Capacitors C3 and C4, together with resistors $R 5, R 6$, and $R 7$, and potentiometer $R 21$ limit the lock range of the PLL to between 100 and 115 Hz . When a $107-\mathrm{Hz}$ signal is applied to the input of the PLL, its output voltage will be approximately 4.5 volts. This output voltage level can, therefore, be interpreted as an indication that a $107-\mathrm{Hz}$ input frequency is present.

At this point in the circuit, a network is needed that will have a logic 1 output when its input is approximately 4.5 volts, and a logic 0 output when its input is either greater than or less than 4.5 volts. Integrated MOSFETs contained in IC2 together with inverter IC3B and NOR gate IClA form such a network. Thus, the presence of the EBS alert signal causes the output of ICIA (pin 4) to go high. However, difference frequencies close to 107 Hz that are occasionally contained in voice, music and noise can also cause the output of ICIA to momentarily go high. False alarms due to these normal audio components can be avoided by requiring that the output
of IClA be high for at least 15 seconds before the circuit triggers alarm.

This delay is obtained by having the output of ICIA charge capacitor C5 through resistors R12 and R22 before the logic level is passed to the next portion of the circuit. As C5 charges, the voltage at pin 9 of IC2 increases. Eventually it reaches the level required to switch from logic 0 to logic 1 the output of the Schmitt trigger made up of inverters $I C 3 C$ and $I C 3 D$ and resistors R14 and R15. The output (pin 15) of the Schmitt trigger is connected to the input of the alarm trigger flip-flop consisting of NOR gates $I C 1 B$ and ICIC. When the output of the Schmitt trigger switches to logic 1, the output of the alarm trigger flip-flop (pin 10) switches from logic 1 to logic 0 . Once this happens, the output of the flip-flop will remain low even if the output of the Schmitt trigger returns to logic 0.

The logic 0 appearing at the output of the flip-flop activates the oscillator made up of NOR gate ICID and inverter $I C 3 E$. This oscillator generates a square wave that alternately turns Q2 on and off, activating alarm $A l$.

The circuit contains a few other components whose functions should be
noted. Capacitor C6 and resistor R16 generate a positive pulse which resets the alarm trigger flip-flop each time power switch $S l$ is closed. This assures that the alarm will be silent when power is applied to the circuit. Light-emitting diodes $L E D 1$ and $L E D 2$ indicate when the audio output of the broadcast receiver that drives the circuit is at the proper level. The receiver's output should be adjusted so that, when TEST switch $S 2$ is closed, $L E D 1$ flickers on and off but $L E D 2$ remains dark. If volume is too low, neither LED will flicker. If volume is too high, both LEDs will flicker. Diode $L E D 3$ is used to indicate when a $107-\mathrm{Hz}$ signal is being detected. It glows whenever the output of NOR gate ICIA is at logic 1. Diode D4 prevents damage to the circuit that would otherwise occur if the battery leads were to become inadvertently reversed.

Construction. The EBS Monitor is most easily assembled using a printed circuit board. The full-size etching and drilling guide for a suitable printed circuit board is shown in Fig. 3. Its corresponding parts placement guide appears in Fig. 4. Mount the integrated circuits using sockets or Molex Soldercons rath-

## PARTS LIST



|  |  |
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A1-Solid-state audible warning device (Mallory SC-628 Sonalert or similar)
B1-9-volt transistor battery
$\mathrm{C} 1, \mathrm{C} 7-0.22-\mu \mathrm{F}, 15$-volt tantalum capacitor
C2-0.05- $\mu \mathrm{F}$, Mylar capacitor
C3-0.1- $\mu \mathrm{F}, 15$-volt tantalum capacitor
C4-1- F , 15 -volt axial-lead aluminum electrolytic capacitor
$\mathrm{C} 5-4-\mu \mathrm{F}$, 15 -volt axial-lead aluminum electrolytic capacitor
C6- $0.01-\mu \mathrm{F}$ disc ceramic capacitor through $4-$ N4001
C1-CD4001 quad 2 -input NOR gate plus inverter
IC3-CD4009 hex inverter
IC4-CD4046 phase-locked loop
J1-Miniature phone jack
LED 1-Green light-emitting diode
LED2 - Red light-emitting diode
LED3-Yellow light-emitting diode
Q1 2N3904 npn silicon transistor
The following are $1 / 4$-watt, $5 \%$ tolerance carbon-composition fixed resistors un less otherwise specified.
$R 1-10 \Omega$
R2-33 $\mathrm{k} \Omega$
R3, R5, R7, R8, R9, R13, R14, R16- 100 k $\Omega$
R4-10 k $\Omega$
R6, R15- $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$
R10-220 k $\Omega$
R11-100 $\Omega$
R12-470 k $\Omega$
R17-3.9 M $\Omega$
R18-2.2 M $\Omega$
R19-1 k $\Omega$
R2O-20-k $\Omega$, linear-taper, pc-mount trimmer potentiometer
R21-200-k $\Omega$, linear-taper, pc-mount trimmer potentiometer
R22-1-M , linear-taper, pc-mount trimmer potentiometer
S1-Spst switch
S2-Normally open, momentary-contact pushbutton switch
Misc.-Printed circuit board, suitable enclosure, IC sockets or Molex Soldercons, battery retainer and connecting clip, hookup wire, two-conductor cable, miniature phone plugs, hardware, etc.

Fig. 2. The circuit in the project uses a CMOS phase-locked loop to detect the presence of the alert signal. The CMOS components cause little battery drain so that the monitor can be in use constantly.


Fig. 3. Actual-size etching and drilling guide for a suitable printed circuit board.

Fig. 4. Component layout for the monitor's printed circuit board is shown below.

er than soldering them directly to the board. This makes replacement of defective ICs infinitely easier and eliminates the possibility of damaging them during soldering. Be sure to observe polarities and pin basings when you mount the diodes, transistors, LEDs, ICs, and electrolytic capacitors.

The LEDs should be mounted off the board so that they can project through the front panel of the enclosure that is employed to house the project. The switches should also be mounted on the front panel. Connect the LEDs and switches to the pc board using flexible hookup wire. Input jack $J /$ should be mounted on the rear of the enclosure and connected to the board using twoconductor cable. Fasten a retaining clip for the 9 -volt battery to the enclosure and connect suitably long leads from the appropriate foil pads to a 9 -volt battery clip. Then install the battery and snap the connecting clip in place. Finally, prepare a two-conductor patch cord of convenient length terminated with miniature phone plugs at each end.

Alignment. There are only three adjustments that must be made before the EBS Monitor is ready for service. Potentiometer $R 20$ must be adjusted so that, when the audio output of the broadcast receiver is at the proper level and the EBS signal is present, a $107-\mathrm{Hz}$ square wave will be applied to the input of the

PLL. Potentiometer R21 must be adjusted so that the lock range of the PLL is centered around 107 Hz . Third, potentiometer $R 22$ needs to be set so that, once $L E D 3$ begins to glow, there will be a 12- to 18 -second delay before the alarm sounds. The easiest way to make these adjustments is to first make a recording of the EBS alert signal when a local radio station is conducting an EBS test. Use a high-quality cassette or openreel tape recorder that has an earphone or line-level output jack. After you have recorded the two-tone signal, patch the output of the recorder to the project's input jack and proceed as follows.

First, connect a voltmeter between pin 14 of IC4 and the circuit ground. Then close switch $S l$ and play back the EBS alert signal. (Rewind and repeat this step as necessary so that the tone is present during all of the remaining steps.) Hold switch $S 2$ closed and adjust the recorder's output level until $L E D I$ glows but LED 2 remains dark. Vary potentiometer $R 20$ until the voltmeter reads 3 to 5 volts dc. Vary potentiometer R21 until LED3 glows most or all of the time that the tone is present. Vary potentiometer $R 22$ until the delay between the application of the tone and the activation of the audible alarm is between 12 and 18 seconds. The delay can be reduced by moving the wiper of $R 22$ toward capacitor C5 as viewed from the top of the board.

Use. Your EBS monitor is ready for service. Apply power to both the project and the broadcast receiver with which it will be used. Tune in a local radio station that participates in the Emergency Broadcast Service, has a strong signal in your area, and broadcasts 24 hours a day. If possible, choose an FM station, because static interference during an electrical storm will be less severe and the operation of the Monitor will be more reliable.

Patch the output of the receiver to input jack $J I$ and, if necessary, adjust the output level so that $L E D I$ flickers in step with the demodulated signal when $S 2$ is depressed but that LED2 remains dark. When the project is operating in its listening mode, LED3 should flicker on occasionally. As long as it flashes brightly, the battery is in good condition. As the battery becomes weaker and needs replacing, LED3 will diminish in brightness.

Take advantage of the broadcaster's EBS tests to check the circuit periodically for proper operation. These tests are never conducted at night, so you will not be disturbed by false alarms if you leave the project in its listening mode while you sleep. When the alarm sounds, remove power from the project and disconnect the patch cord from the output jack of your broadcast receiver. You will then be able to hear the emergency message that follows.

## Girn딜ir Multimeters

## Repeatable Quality at Unrepeatable Prices! Take advantage of this super special offer of professional quality DMMs.



# e <br> ectronic 9 <br>  

BY JERRY AND ERIC EIMBINDER
Part 3: Comparing electronic "sport" games


Mattel Horserace Analyzer
TABLE IX—MULTIFUNCTION GAMES

| Game | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| IDEAL <br> Maniac | Four games: (1) react to the end of the tune, <br> (2) guess the number of notes in a tune, (3) recall <br> the original light pattern, (4) estimate the length of <br> a tune. |
| LOGIX | Program cards provide a broad range of games includ- <br> ing tic-tac-toe, doodling, battlefield, etc. |
| MEGO <br> Fabulous Fred | Ten games: (1) organ, (2) compose a song, (3) what's <br> that tune, (4) repeat the tune, (5) guess the number, <br> (6) space attack, (7) sub hunt, (8) tag, (9) baseball, <br> and (10) roulette. |
| PARKER BROTHERS <br> Merlin | Six games: (1) tic-tac-toe against the computer, (2) <br> compose a tune, (3) repeat a sequence of notes, <br> (4) blackjack 13, (5) recall a coded sequence to <br> create a savoie of flashing lights, (6) determine cor- <br> rect numbers and their order. |
| Eight games (five basic games): three different mazes, |  |
| two space attacks, auto cross, stomp, and speed- |  |
| ball. |  |

IN Part 2, we started comparing some of the games, setting up an Evaluation System by which they could be rated. These comparisons are continued here, starting with Multifunction Games and ending with a detailed description of the latest video games.

One of the first Multifunction Games (Table IX) was Parker Brothers' "Merlin" which was originally planned as tic-tac-toe and was expanded to six games.

All eight games provided by Parker Brothers' "Split Second" are battles against time. In the three different maze games, the player moves a ball around obstacles into a goal. Hitting a wall with the ball loses precious time, and in all "Split Second" games, each split-second lost counts.

Remember the clashes between the Colonial Warriers and the Cylons? You can be Starbuck or Apollo when you play "Split Second's Space Attack." The game is the closest hand-held equivalent to the radar representations of the Colonial Vipers in the original Battlestar Galactica television episodes. When an enemy ship is positioned on the screen over the target sights, it can be destroyed by a laser blast. The explosion fills the display.

In "Split Second's Auto Cross," a car is driven through a 16 -obstacle course in as short a time as possible. In "Stomp," 20 targets must be hit as fast as possible. A moving ball is boxed in by four moving lines in "Speedball"-again in a race against time. Each game must be completed in 99.9 seconds; winners and losers are greeted with appropriate little jingles.
(Continued on page 70)

## AFTER 500 PLAYS OUR HIGH FIDELITY TAPE STILL DELIVERS HIGH FIDELITY.



If your old favorites don't sound as good as they used to, the problem could be your recording tape.

Some tapes show their age more than others. And when a tape ages prematurely, the music on it does too.

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So even after a Maxell recording is 500 plays old, you'll swear it's not a play over five.


TABLE X-ARCADE-TYPE GAMES

| Game | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| ATARI <br> Super Breakout | Bricks are knocked out of a wall when struck by a <br> ball; ball eventually "Breaks out." |
| ENTEX <br> Blast It | Lines eliminated when hit by ball. |
| IDEAL <br> Flash | Bean bags are tossed at eight-color display board. <br> Five game variations. |
| PARKER BROTHERS <br> Wildfire | Surprisingly realistic hand-held version of arcade elec- <br> tronic pinball machine. |
| TIGER <br> Rocket Pinball | Less sophisticated than Wildfire but fun. |
| VANITY FAIR <br> Starburst | Electronic pinball machine. |

## TABLE XI—FOR SMALL CHILDREN

## BANDAI

Baseball, Basketball, Football, Incredible Hulk, Amazing Spiderman

## tiger

Safari/Darts, Football/Sea
Chase, Space Invader/Gone
Fishing
Arcade-Type Games (Table X). "Flash" might better be classified as a party group-participation game than an arcade game. Players toss bean bags, dart style, at the panels of a board. Lights are turned off and on; sounds are produced and scores are displayed.

Electronic Games For Small Children (Table XI) look like the real thing but require little if any skill. Some only require the player to press the start button to play the game.

Word and Number Educational


[^4]Games (Table XII) abound in electronic interpretations of nonelectronic counterparts. You can get quizzed on just about anything at almost any level. Coleco's "Quiz Wiz" will test your knowledge of Sherlock Holmes or how aerosols work. Mattel's "Brain Baffler" will challenge your ability to unscramble a word as its letters change at the rate of three per
second. You can even try your hand at an electronic rack of "Scrabble" called "Lexor," made by Selchow \& Righter.

Sports (Table XIII). Most handheld electronic football games have been based on Mattel's "Football," designed in 1977. Mattel's original game pits two players, taking turns, against a computer defense (unlike video cartridge football games, where the players directly oppose each other).

The object of this type of football game is to move your ball carrier, represented by a bright LED light through would-be tacklers, depicted by dimmer LED lights. The original Mattel didn't have provision for passing, a deficiency eliminated in Mattel "Football 2," which also introduced other refinements to the game.

In the original Mattel "Football" (and competitive products that followed it), play starts on the 20 -yard line; however, Mattel's "Football 2" begins the action with a kickoff. The ball carrier can reverse his field in Mattel's "Football 2" to avoid tacklers, a maneuver not possible in "Football" and many other competitive versions of it. The time to play is continuously displayed in "Foot-

## TABLE XII-WORD \& NUMBER EDUCATIONAL GAMES

| Game | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| COLECO <br> Electronic Learning Machine <br> Lil Genius <br> Quiz Wiz | Spelling and word games, math problems and general knowledge questions. <br> Right answer lights green LED; wrong reply turns on red LED and buzzer. <br> Cartridges cover sports, movies, energy, trivia, etc. Wrong answer produces a raspberry. |
| FONAS <br> Kiddy Computer | Poses over 6500 math problems. If two machines are hooked together, the first person to answer correctly, wins. |
| MATTEL Brain Baffler | Eight spelling and word strategy games including twoplayer competitive games. |
| MILTON BRADLEY <br> Omni Entertainment System | Cartridges present questions on movies, sports, music, television, trivia, etc. |
| SELCHOW 8 RIGHTER Sensor <br> Lexor | Electronic version of Scrabble, made by same company. Player can be matched against opponent or computer. <br> Object of game is to form as many words as possible from seven letters. |
| TEXAS INSTRUMENTS Mr. Challenger Little Professor Speak \& Spell Speak \& Read Speak \& Math | Letter and word games. Players compete against each other or the computer. <br> Generates over 16,000 basic problems in addition, subtraction, multiplication and division. <br> Tests players on more than 200 frequently misspelled words. Speaks words and letters. <br> Sequel to Speak \& Spell. <br> Math version of Speak \& Spell. |



When PMC-80 was first introduced to the United States, the response was overwhelming! The Computer World was ASTONISHED at the QUALITY, as well as the PRICE. In fact, the PMC-80 has; almost all the features of America's best selling computer, the TRS-80, but with a price tag of $\$ 200.00$ less!

## (SIMUTEK'S price is $\$ 250.00$ less!)

## Microsoft's Level II Basic and 16K Memory.

Another reason for all the commotion is that the PMC-80 uses the same, easy to learn, LEVEL II BASIC language that the TRS-80 uses! What does this mean? It means that the PMC-80 can run all the 1000 's of programs that have been written for the TRS-80 Level II, 16K computer! Some of the programs available include: Flight simulation, World Champion Chess program, Scores of educational and business programs. Word processing programs and hundreds of other games and simulations

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Your PMC-80 is ready to grow with your needs. Using a special cable, available from Simutek for $\$ 35.00$, it may be connected to Radio Shack's Expansion interface, to give you up to 48,000 characters of memory, up to 4 disk drives. addition of a telephone communication system, Voice Synthesizer, various printers, a real time clock, as well as plotters and other neat interfaces! As your skills with the PMC-80 improve, you're sure to want some of the ADD-ON's described above. (And these are just a few!)

## Save Money! Use your own <br> television!

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## 25 Free Programs

SIMUTEK, a leading innovator in Home Computer Software, is making a SPECTACULAR INTRODUCTORY OFFER

destroyers, etd, STAR WARS: Fly your space fighter into the Death Star to destroy it! But watch out, Darth Vader doesn't like you!. SPACE TARGET: A fantastic animated arcade game of skill and daring!, SAUEERS: Can you win

IS NOW ON SALE.win the coveted Medal of Honor?

Here's what you get: The PMC-80 microcomputer with 16.000 characters of "In Computer

| Comparison Chart |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Features P | PMC-80 | TRS-80 |
| Microsoft's Fantastic |  |  |
| Level If Basıc | Yes | Yes |
| Full $128 \times 48$ Graphics | Yes | Yes |
| 16,000 characters memory | Yes | Yes |
| Tape secorder for storing |  |  |
| or retrieving programs | yes | Yes |
| Use your own TV (Save \$\$) | Yes | No |
| Expandable to 48.000 characters of |  |  |
| in computer memory | Yes | Yes |
| Use TRS-80 |  |  |
| expansion interface | Yes | Yes |
| Expandable to 4 floppy disk drives |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| disk drives (Over 100,000 characters of |  |  |
| Telephone Communications avaliable connect to large |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| computers/electronic mall etc | c Yes | Yes |
| 1000 's of ready made programs availble for |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| grams avallble for educational" and "scientific' |  |  |
| applications? | res | Yes |
| Printers avalable | res | Yes |
| High Speed Z80 CPU | res | Yes |
| Intertace avatable for |  |  |
| controling lights and |  |  |
| applances in home | Yes | Yes |
| Retail Price | \$845.00 | \$849.00 |

to people that ORDER the PMC-80 NOW With each purchase, we will give 25 FREE HOME COMPUTER PROGRAMS! Some of these include: Home Amortization tables program, Loan payment programs. Depreciation rate program, Interest table program, Annuity and Investment calculation programs as well as these great animated games: GRAPHIC-TREK 2000: Command the Enterprise!, INVASION WORG. Stop the invading marauders from space before they take over earth! You command Earth's forces of androids. space fighters, laser guns etc., against the enemy's robots, saucers, proton

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TRS-80 is a regislered trademarh of Rad o Shack, a Tancy Corp
ball $2^{\prime}$; in most games, a button must be pressed to check the remaining time. "Football 2" also has an easy-to-use control panel with separate pass and kick buttons (Coleco's "Electronic Quarterback" requires moving a shift lever before touching a kick/pass button) and four speed options (most games have two).

Despite its age, Mattel's "Football" scores highly when compared with Coleco's "Electronic Quarterback" and Mattel's "Football 2." Weaknesses of
"Electronic Quarterback" include difficulty in distinguishing the ball carrier from other players, awkward spacing of carrier direction buttons, and poor sound effects.

All three games ("Football," "Football 2," and "Electronic Quarterback") received strong ratings as shown in Ta ble XIV.

Recently, hand-held game manufacturers have been increasing their emphasis on graphics. Pictorial representations of players have been replacing the


## TABLE XIII- <br> ELECTRONIC SPORTS GAMES

| Football |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| BAMBINO | Super Star Football |
| BANDAI | Electronic Football |
| COLECO | Electronic Quarterback |
| COLECO | Head-to Head Football |
| ENTEX | Color Football 4 |
| EPIC | Electronic Football |
| FONAS | Two-Player Football/ Tennis |
| KENNER | Live Action Football |
| MATTEL | Football |
| MATTEL | Football II |
| WADDINGTONS | Sports Center* |
| Baseball |  |
| BANDAI | Miracle Baseball |
| BANDAI | Super Baseball |
| COLECO | Head-to-Head Baseball |
| ENTEX | Baseball 3 |
| EPIC | Digit-Com Baseball |
| FONAS | 2-Player Baseball |
| LJN | Stadium Baseball |
| MATTEL | Baseball |
| TIGER | Electronic Baseball |
| Basketball |  |
| BAMBINO | Basketball |
| COLECO | Head-to-Head Basketball |
| ENTEX | Electronic Basketball |
| MATTEL | Basketball |
| MATTEL | Basketball II |
| Soccer/ Hockey |  |
| BAMBINO | Soccer |
| BAMBINO | Ice Hockey |
| COLECO | Head-to-Head Soccer |
| COLECO | Head-to-Head Hockey |
| ENTEX | Soccer |
| MATTEL | Soccer |
| MATTEL | Soccer II |
| MATTEL | Hockey |
| WADDING- | Soccer 2 |
| TONS WADDINGTONS | Hockey 2 |
| Boxing BAMBINO | Boxing |
| Golf | (Not available) |
| Bowling |  |
| CADACO | Foto Electronic Bowling |
| VANITY | Computer Bowling |
| FAIR |  |
| MARX | Electronic Bowling |
| Skiing | (Not available) |
| Horse |  |
| Racing |  |
| BAMBINO | Horse Race |
| MATTEL | Horse Race Analyzer |
| Tennis ENTEX | Electronic Tennis |
| Pool |  |
| PARKER | Bankshot |
| BRO. |  |

*includes football. baseball and tennis.

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To further enhance sound quality
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But the differences acr'1 sfep there. The MS-65C's uniq」ヨ nonpara lel cabinet sides were campled to a low a gradual terminatior of midrange frequencies at the cabinet edge. The sound you'll hear will te -more nat sral. . . at all levels. E-en the front face is sloped to improyed phase coherency. To minimize the odverse effeats of =abinel resonanzes, the MS-650 is zanstrucled of isopur T.F.M. a specially formula-ed ron-resonant material.

The new ADC MS-653 min speozer sysem. The on $y$ thing srall about it, is is size.

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## electronic games

LED "lines" of earlier games. In both Bambino's "Football" and Kenner's "Live Action Football," body movement is simulated on the display.

The same body-movement techniques are employed in other sports games; Bambino uses them with great success in boxing and soccer.

Coleco's "Head-to-Head Baseball" deserves special mention. Cleverly and attractively designed, it neglects few aspects of baseball, the play-by-play action includes sound effects, stealing, bunting, double plays, hit-and-run and tagging up after a fly ball.

One nice touch is the displaying of the hitter's batting average as he comes up
and the posting of game statistics on the scoreboard. However, "Head-to-Head Baseball" and all hand-held baseball games rely too heavily on "announced" computer-generated decisions (single, double play, home run, etc.). Until this deficiency is dealt with, players who have tried video cartridge versions of baseball will find the hand-held baseball products dull by comparison and much less challenging

If you can live with the idea of a cue stick formed by a row of lights, you'll find "Bank Shot" a real challenge. Parker Brothers' electronic pool game simulates straight pool and poison pool (eight ball). Balls are also represented

TABLE XIV-COMPARING HANDHELD FOOTBALL GAMES

| No. | Consideration | Coleco <br> Electronic <br> Quarterback | Mattel <br> Football | Mattel <br> Football 2 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Interest retention | 25 | 25 | 25 |
| 2 | Player skill required | 15 | 15 | 18 |
| 3 | Design creativity | 18 | 17 | 20 |
| 4 | Competitiveness | 15 | 14 | 15 |
| 5 | Display realism/ packaging/controls | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| 6 | Time needed to learn the game | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| 7 | Computer as opponent | 9 | 9 | 10 |
| 8 | Sound effects | 5 | 8 | 9 |
| 9 | Game variation random generation | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ |
| 10 | Overall execution | 12 | 13 | 15 |
| Total Points | 117 | 120 | 132 |  |
| Max. Possible Points | 140 | 140 | 140 |  |
| Score | 84 | 86 | 94 |  |

TABLE XV-MISCELLANEOUS GAMES \& TOYS

| Game |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| BAMBINO <br> Safari <br> Police Car Chase | Cage as many jungle animals as possible. <br> Police car pursues gangsters. |
| CASTLE <br> Name That Tune | Simulates the TV show. |
| COLECO <br> Zodiac Astrology <br> Computer <br> Zap | Chart your horoscope. |
| FISHER PRICE <br> Baby Soft Sounds | Doll talks when moved. |
| GAF <br> Melody Madness | Musical version of Concentration. |
| LJN <br> Electronic Concen- <br> tration | A game of matching numbers. |
| Impulse <br> Lickin' From Chicken | A test of instant reaction. |
| LAKESIDE <br> Strobe | Tersion of Tic Tac Toe. |
| MILTON BRADLEY <br> Milton <br> Microvision | Phrase completion game. |
| PEDIGREE <br> Quickfire | Cartridges plug into hand-held console. |
| PLAYSKOOL <br> Alphie | Beam of light knocks out targets. |

by lights (the brightest one being the cue ball).

The cue stick can be controlled for soft or hard shots and backspin. The cushions can be used as in real pool and combination shots are possible. A miscalculation can cause a scratch (sinking the cue ball by mistake). The game begins by breaking the rack of balls as in real pool. Pressing a button reveals the score at any time during a game.

Mattel's "Horserace Analyzer" isn't a game; its an aid for rating horses at the racetrack. Information from the Daily Racing Form is entered in a fixed sequence and the machine provides ratings for the best four horses in the race.

Miscellaneous (Table XV) includes games not easily classified elsewhere. They range from "Melody Madness," the most musical of all games on the marketplace to "Baby Soft Sounds," the first of a new generation of talking dolls.
"Baby Soft Sounds" has no switches or controls. Movement and position trigger its electronic circuitry which randomly generates 16 different words and sounds. The circuitry was designed in a joint engineering effort by Fisher Price and Siltronics, a Canadian electronics company. The October cover of PE showed a wafer of speech synthesis chips made for the doll by Precision Monolithics, Inc., a leading supplier of military and space integrated circuits. Each wafer contains hundreds of chips. Siltronics dices the wafer to produce chips for the Fisher-Price doll. By buying wafers and slicing them instead of buying individual chips, Fisher-Price was able to use high-reliability PMI chips at minimum cost.
"Melody Madness," a musical version of concentration, will play long, short or very brief tunes, at the player's choice; the player has seven seconds to match the tune by pushing one of 24 buttons. A correct selection triggers a display of lights and a congratulatory signal; an error is greeted by a raspberry. Creative players can also use "Melody Madness" to write their own tunes; these tunes however cannot replace the 24 tunes stored in the machine's memory bank.
"Baby Soft Sounds," "Melody Madness" and other products listed in the miscellaneous category reveal some of the new directions being taken in games and toys thanks to semiconductor chips. The games in this and other categories reveal that hand-held games are very much in a transitionary period; a year from now, today's sensations could well be obsolete.

Next month:
Video cassette games.

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By Forrest M. Mims

## The Laser at Twenty

THE LASER is no longer a teenager! It seems hard to believe, but it was two decades ago that Theodore Maiman, then at Hughes Aircraft, assembled the world's first working laser by inserting a polished ruby rod inside a helical, xenon strobe lamp. Maiman's achievement made Hughes Aircraft the victor of a race in which several other major research laboratories were competing. Bell Laboratories, which built the first gas laser early in 1961, was one notable contestant. Bell Labs had worked to be first, because one of its scientists, Arthur Schawlow, and one of its consultants, Charles Townes, were then credited with having first proposed the laser. That achievement, however, might also be relegated to second place. In 1977, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office issued a controversial, landmark laser patent (Patent No. $4,053,845$ ) to inventor Gordon Gould.

Gould, who had described his laser ideas and even coined the word "laser" in a 1957 notebook, disclosed his laser concepts to the Patent Office in 1959. For technical and other reasons too complex to describe in this column, he was denied a patent.

Gould pursued his quest until he was granted his landmark patent covering optically pumped lasers. Ruby lasers, for example, are usually optically pumped by an external light source such as a xenon strobe tube. Recently, Gould was granted a second patent covering various laser applications. At least one additional laser patent will probably be issued to this inventor.

Gould's laser patents have thrown the laser industry into an uproar. As you can readily imagine, laser companies and users alike are hardly enthusiastic about having to pay royalties on an invention whose principal patents were thought to have expired previously.

We will be hearing a lot more about Gordon Gould's laser patents in coming years as the various contenders fight out their disputes in court. In the meantime, there can be no controversy whatever that, at 20, the laser has matured into an important tool of modern industry that offers countless applications in research, education, industry and the military.

Laser Light. Ordinary light is a blend of components having many different wavelengths which are out of phase with


Fig. 1. Comparison of the physical structures of a light-emitting diode (left) and a simple diffused-junction laser.


Fig. 2. Comparing the chief operating characteristics of light-ernitting diodes and junction lasers.
one another (even with components of the same wavelength) and which diffuse into space in many directions. Laser light is much more organized. For example, the light from most lasers is highly monochromatic. This means that the emitted light consists of a single wavelength or very narrow band of wavelengths. Also, the waves emitted by most lasers are all in phase with each other. Finally, the light from many lasers is highly directional. The resulting narrow beam means laser light can be incredibly intense.

How intense? The filament of an incandescent lamp would have to be heated to the impossibly high temperature of $10,000,000,000,000,000$ degrees Centigrade, filtered to a single wavelength, and concentrated with lenses to equal the beam produced by a small he-lium-neon laser only a tenth as powerful as a small flashlight!
In 1977, I wrote a book entitled Lasers: The Incredible Light Machines (David McKay Co., Inc.) in which I related an experience which helps one appreciate the incredible intensity of laser light. I will repeat that description now for your benefit.
"A few summers ago, a group of students and I placed a small helium-neon gas laser atop an office building in Albuquerque, New Mexico, and pointed the laser's bright red beam at the parking lot of the Sandia Mountain tramway some 20 kilometers ( 12.5 miles) away. We then drove to the tramway and looked back at the scintillating lights of Albuquerque. At first we saw no sign of the laser. But as we walked down a slight slope, we gasped in awe as the dazzling red beam of the laser suddenly came into view. Though the beam contained only three-thousandths of a watt of optical power, it easily outshone every light in Albuquerque, even the flashing beacon from the city airport!"

The key to the laser's brilliance, of course, was its narrow beam. After having travelled 20 kilometers, the beam had widened to approximately the size of a drive-in movie screen. Therefore, walking ten or fifteen paces from the center of the beam made the brilliant starburst of red laser light disappear completely from Albuquerque's skyline.

Kinds of Lasers. Many different solids, liquids, and gases have been successfully stimulated to exhibit laser action. The brilliant red, green, blue and yellow beams you can see at laser light shows, for example, are produced by various kinds of gas lasers. Most of the laser target designators and rangefinders used by the armed forces employ a crystalline rod of ruby or neodymium-doped YAG (Yttrium Aluminum Garnet) to produce, respectively, bright red or invisible infrared pulses.

No doubt, you've read about the highly classified military lasers which can burn holes through steel plates and even shoot down fast-moving, airborne target
drones. These lasers employ highly reactive chemical mixtures, combustion or high-voltage discharges to achieve power levels of from hundreds to, in some cases, hundreds of thousands of watts!

Ruby, YAG, glass, plastic and other solid laser materials certainly qualify as "solid state," but the only laser which is a totally self-contained, solid-state device is the semiconductor injection laser. Because this column is about solid-state developments, let's find out more about injection lasers.

Semiconductor Lasers. Several types of semiconductor lasers have been invented. One you might not have read

made from chips of n-type gallium arsenide (GaAs) into which a thin layer of p-type dopant had been diffused. Two facing ends of the chip were cleaved to produce smooth, mirror-like facets. The remaining two sides were intentionally roughened during the process of sawing a bar of GaAs into individual laserdiode chips.

When cooled to the temperature of liquid nitrogen and biased with a dc voltage, both ends of these laser chips would emit beams of continuous radiation having a wavelength of about 850 nm . At room temperature, these early lasers could be operated for only brief pulses lasting less than 200 nanosecnnds


## Fig. 3. Simplified cross sections of the four most

## important kinds of injection lasers.

about is the cadmium sulfide laser. This laser is made from a thin crystal of the same chemical compound used to make CdS photoresistors. If the CdS crystal is "pumped" by a focused electron beam or light from another laser, it will emit a fan-shaped beam of green light.

To date, perhaps the most important type of semiconductor laser is the injection laser. These devices are actually members of the light-emitting diode family. The first injection lasers were
each. This required the development of various kinds of high-speed, miniaturized pulse-driving circuits. To make matters worse, these early lasers had very limited lifetimes.

Today's semiconductor lasers are much more reliable than those comparatively primitive, diffused-junction devices. Before finding out more about these modern devices, let's explore some of the differences between semiconductor lasers and LEDs.

Fig. 4. A long-range laser communicator made by American Laser Systems.


LEDs vs. Lasers. Injection lasers, as we have observed, are actually members of the light-emitting diode family. When the current injected into a diode laser is below a critical point called the threshold (denoted symbolically as $J_{t h}$ or $I_{t h}$ ), the diode behaves exactly like a LED. The chip emits a relatively broad spectrum of wavelengths in a very wide radiation pattern.

Above the threshold, the light from the laser narrows into a distinct beam which emerges from both end facets unless one is coated with a gold reflective film. Also, the wavelengths of the emitted radiation become confined to a very narrow region of the spectrum.

Figure 1 compares the physical structure of a very simple diffused junction laser with a LED made from a semiconductor wafer of the same type. The ways in which the devices operate are compared in Fig. 2.

Heterojunction Lasers. The key to the development of high-performance, long-lived lasers was the introduction of the heterojunction, a junction of two dissimilar semiconductors such as gallium arsenide (GaAs) and aluminum gallium arsenide (AlGaAs). This permits the light-emitting pn junction region to be sandwiched between two or more semiconductor layers that confine the generation and emergence of the emitted light to the junction region. The result is a laser with a much lower threshold and higher efficiency.

The confinement of light between two heterojunctions occurs when the refractive index of the semiconductor in which the pn junction is formed (typically GaAs) is higher than that of the semiconductor bordering the pn junction. This causes the heterojunctions to appear as mirrors to light waves travelling between them. The same phenomenon, which is called wave guiding, causes light to propagate through the core of a plastic or glass fiber when the core is clad with plastic or glass having a lower index of refraction than the material forming the outer surface of the fibers.

There are many different kinds of heterojunction lasers, the two most important of which are single-heterojunction (SH) and double-heterojunction (DH) lasers. It's very important to understand the differences between these two classes of diode lasers.

The Single-Heterojunction Laser.
This type of laser has a heterojunction on only one side of the pn junction. A typical SH laser will emit a full watt of optical power for every mil ( 0.001 inch) of junction width. The smallest SH lasers are 3 mils wide and emit three to four watts at 10 amperes of forward current. Their threshold current is typically 4 amperes.

Although an SH laser is several times more efficient than a diffused-junction laser, an SH laser cannot be operated continuously at room temperature. In-

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stead, a high-current pulse generator which delivers fast-rise-time pulses lasting no more than 200 nanoseconds must be used to drive such a laser diode.

The Double-Heterojunction Laser. Most kinds of DH lasers, and there are far too many to describe here, can operate continuously at room temperature. That's because the heterojunctions on either side of the light-emitting pn junction efficiently confine the light to an ultra-thin region along the junction.

Many DH lasers are stripe-geometry devices. This simply means that all but a narrow stripe of one electrode is insulated from the upper surface of the laser. As a result, the current flow through the pn junction is confined to a thin stripe between the two end mirrors.

The very high current density present in the active region of a stripe-geometry DH laser produces a very low "lasing" threshold and operating current. Some such lasers will generate several milliwatts of laser light at forward currents of less than 100 milliamperes. Figure 3 compares the kinds of injection lasers


Fig. 5. Simple pulse driving
circuit for injection laser.
Injection-Laser Applications. SH lasers are noted for their high output power-as much as 50 watts per pulse. Therefore, they are ideal for long-distance, pulse-modulated communications and rangefinding through the atmosphere. Figure 4 shows a sophisticated laser communicator made by American Laser Systems of Goleta, CA.

Experimenters can buy SH lasers for less than $\$ 10$ from some of the parts dealers who advertise in Popular Elec. tronics. Many different SH lasers are available from Laser Diode Laboratories (1130 Somerset St., New Brunswick, NJ 08901) and RCA (Solid State Division, Electro Optics and Devices, Lancaster, PA 17604). Prices of diodes sold by the last two sources range from approximately $\$ 15$ to $\$ 50$ or more. Both companies publish excellent data sheets and brochures describing their laser products.

SH lasers require much more operating current than DH lasers and nonlasing LEDs. They must be powered by drivers which deliver fast-rise-time, short-duration current pulses. Typically,


Fig. 6. A battery-driven miniaturized single-heterojunction laser transmitter.
an SCR, a four-layer diode, an avalanche transistor or a VFET is used to gate current or to discharge a capacitor through an SH laser. Because of the combined voltage drops of the switching device and the laser, the supply voltage that must be employed so that the required current will flow will range from approximately 25 to several hundred volts, depending upon the parameters of the switching device and the laser

The apparent complex demands placed on SH-laser drivers can be deceptive. As you can see by looking at the schematic diagram in Fig. 5, a driver can be very simple. I described in detail in the October 1971 issue of this magazine (pp. 46-49) a circuit very similar to this one. The September 1977 "Experimenter's Corner" also contained a similar avalanche-transistor laser driver.

Figure 6 shows a miniaturized SHlaser system that is smaller than a penlight. This tiny laser is powered by a sin-


Fig. 7. A DH laser with collimating lens installed on an oversize heat sink.

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## solid-state

gle, 1.3-volt, mercury "button cell." A miniature dc-to-dc converter charges a capacitor to 30 volts. The charge is then dumped through an SH laser by a fourlayer diode. A lens collimates the laser light into a pencil-thin beam. I originally built this laser intending to publish it as a Project of the Month, but have postponed the article because the four-layer diode is no longer available in small quantities.

DH lasers are ideally suited for communications through optical fibers They will probably also find use in laser printing systems and video-disc readouts. Because a DH laser can operate continuously at room temperature, powering one would at first glance seem a simple matter of connecting the diode to a few batteries and a current-limiting resistor. Unforunately, things are more complicated. The operating current for a DH laser is greatly influenced by temperature. A change of even a few degrees can change a laser's threshold enough either to halt the lasing process or to destroy the laser! A DH laser must therefore be maintained at a constant temperature. Otherwise, its forward current must be temperature-compensated by a thermal-tracking network

Figure 7 shows a DH laser purchased from Laser Diode Laboratories installed on an oversize, finned heat sink. A small lens in front of the laser collimates its relatively broad beam into a very narrow pencil of near-infrared radiation. I assembled this DH laser system for experiments in long-range amplitude-modulated voice communications

The laser that appears in Fig. 7 is biased by a 6 -volt battery in series with a wirewound, current-limiting potentiometer. Current through the laser is carefully monitored by means of a digital voltmeter and a low-value, currentsense resistor. The beam from the laser can be modulated by a flexible mirror against which the user directs his voice.

Further Reading. Many hundreds of technical papers have been published about semiconductor lasers. A very good introductory article is "Light-Wave Communications" by W. S. Boyle (Scientific American, August 1977, pp. 40-49). The best book I've seen is Semiconductor Lasers and Heterojunction LEDs, by Dr. Henry Kressel and J. K. Butler (Academic Press, 1977). Ralph Campbell and I wrote an early book called Semiconductor Diode Lasers (Howard W. Sams \& Co., 1972) Though out of print, this book contains many useful circuits and ideas.

You will be able to find all of these publications and many more at most university libraries. For the latest developments, check journals like Applied Optics, Applied Physics Letters and Proceedings of the IEEE. Also, read Laser Focus magazine each month. Keep one important thing in mind, how-ever-if you assemble injection laser projects, be sure to follow the manufacturer's safety precautions


## Experimenting with a Light Pen-I

AMONG the most interesting data-entry devices for computers and remote terminals are those that are sensitive to light. The most sophisticated optical data-entry devices are solid-state television cameras. When such a camera is used with a computer having a large complement of RAM storage capacity, complex operations such as pattern recognition, equipment monitoring, and area surveillance can be performed easily.

Television cameras provide perhaps the ultimate in optical data entry, but their cost (as well as that of the necessary interface circuit) varies from high to exorbitant. Two much more cornmon-and cheaper-optical data-entry devices are light wands and pens. Television cameras contain many hundreds or thousands of resolution elements, but most light wands and pens incorporate a single-element light detector such as a photodiode or a phototransistor.

It's important at the outset to understand the differences between light wands and pens. Light wands are designed to detect the presence or absence of contrasting marks such as bars of ink printed on paper or plastic. Therefore, light wands usually include built-in light sources to illuminate the marks. They also include precisely focused optics that assist the detector and the light source in their work.

Light pens, on the other hand, are designed to detect a point of light on the screen of a video display such as a cathode ray tube. Simple light pens do not include an internal light source because most video displays are light emitters.


Fig. 1. Hewlett-Packard's bar code-reading Optical Wand plug into an HP-41C calculator.

However, some pens designed for use with high-resolution displays include a pinpoint light source so that the operator will know precisely where the pen is pointed.

Applications. The light wand is a one-way data entry device. You've probably seen sleek-looking wands attached by flexible cables to some late-model cash registers. A sales clerk can record a purchase merely by sweeping the wand past the bar code printed on the label or package of many different products. Some wands can even read the printed information on a price tag!

Because light wands can be used by unskilled operators and provide faster and more reliable data entry than keyboards,
their use is rapidly expanding. They are currently being used in portable inventory monitoring systems in some department stores and supermarkets. They are also used in some libraries to read information from bar-coded identity cards and books.

Figure 1 is a photograph of a light wand made by HewlettPackard. The wand's cable plugs into the company's HP-41C programmable calculator and allows bar-coded programs to be quickly loaded into the calculator. If you've ever spent ten or more tedious minutes loading a long program into a calculator, you can readily appreciate the convenience and speed provided by such a wand.

Fig. 2. A basic phototransistor light-detection circuit. Any standard npn phototransistor can be used.


Light-Pen Applications. Light pens are simpler and therefore physically slimmer than light wands.

How the light pen allows information to be "drawn" on the screen of a CRT is not immediately obvious-at least it wasn't to me when, as a high school student, I viewed a film which showed computer operators using light pens!

Actually, the light pen's principle of operation is remarkably simple. In a typical CRT/light-pen system, for example, the entire screen is repeatedly scanned by a tightly focused electron beam. This produces a fast-moving dot of light too dim to be seen by the human eye but easily detectable by a phototransistor or photodiode.

The computer knows the precise location of the moving dot at any given instant. Therefore, if a light pen is connected to an input port, the computer knows exactly where the light pen is pointed. Depending upon the computer's software, this permits the operator to select specific data to be displayed on a CRT for any desired purpose, and to "write" information, including complex graphics, onto the screen and into the computer's memory.

A Komemade Light Pen. A light pen is very easy to make. Both photodiodes and phototransistors make suitable sensors. The former are faster but the latter are more sensitive.

The basic phototransistor light-detection circuit in Fig. 2 illustrates how a straightforward detector responds to a light pulse. Any standard npn phototransistor such as the FPT-100 can be used for Q1. When Q1 is dark, its collector-to-emitter resistance is much higher than $R 1$. The output voltage of the circuit therefore rises very close to $+\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$. When photons strike the device's light-sensitive region, $Q I$ becomes forwardbiased and its collector-to-emitter resistance falls far below that of $R 1$. The circuit's output voltage thereupon approaches ground potential. Summing up, the output of the circuit is normally a high voltage. When light strikes phototransistor Q1, the output voltage is low.

This basic circuit can be used in some light-pen applica-
tions. A much better circuit, however, is shown in Fig. 3. An operational amplifier is used without a feedback resistor to provide the highest possible gain. The gain is so high that the op amp functions as a comparator whose output switches from +5 volts to ground when the voltage applied to its noninverting input falls below the reference voltage provided by $R 2$. This occurs when $Q 1$ is illuminated.

When QI is dark, the voltage at the noninverting input of the op amp rises above the reference voltage. The comparator output then swings from ground potential to +5 volts. Potentiometer $R 2$ can be adjusted to alter the light level at which the comparator switches. Those readers who have experience with op amps are probably wondering about the function of potentiometer R3. In a working version of this circuit lacking $R 3$, the output voltage when $Q 1$ is illuminated can be greater than 1 volt. This exceeds the maximum allowable TTL logic 0 level of about 0.85 volt. Therefore, if TTL logic is to be controlled by the circuit shown in Fig. 4, it is necessary to adjust $R 3$ to pull the output down a few tenths of a volt.

Incidentally, the basic phototransistor circuit shown in Fig.


$$
R Z=S E N S I T I V I T Y \bar{Y} \text { ADIUST }
$$

R3 = OFFSET ADUUST
Fig. 3. An expansion of the circuit in Fig. 2. using an operational amplifier for higher gain.

2 will directly drive TTL logic without the need for a pulldown resistor. However, it is less sensitive than the circuit that appears in Fig. 3.
Light-Pen Data-Entry Circuit. It's relativitely easy to design a data-entry circuit controlled by a homemade light pen. Figure 4 is the block diagram of one such circuit I've designed.

The operation of the circuit is straightforward. The clock supplies a stream of pulses to a programmable 4-bit counter. The counter's binary output is decoded by a l-of-16 decoder which sequentially illuminates each of sixteen LEDs.

When the light pen is dark, the LEDs are scanned at a rate determined by the clock frequency. When the light pen is brought near any of the LEDs, nothing happens until that LED glows during the scan sequence. The output from the comparator then changes state and causes the counter to be loaded with whatever data is present at its data inputs. Because these data inputs are connected to their respective outputs, the current count is loaded into the counter. This freezes the counter even though the clock continues to supply pulses to it. The address of the selected LED then appears on the 4 -bit bus.

Incidentally, the usual way to block clock pulses is to insert a gate between the clock output and the counter input. The method employed here eliminates the need for such a gate.

Figure 5 is the schematic diagram of my prototype dataentry circuit. A 555 timer operating in the astable mode (IC3) serves as the circuit's clock. The clock frequency, and hence the LED scan rate, can be adjusted by means of potentiometer $R 5$. You can also increase the value of $C 1$ to slow the scan rate.

Counter IC4 is a 74193 programmable up-down counter. Note how the programming data inputs are tied to their respective outputs. The 1 -of-16 decoder (IC2) is a 74154 . The
anodes of the 16 LEDs connected to the decoder outputs are all tied to a single current-limiting resistor because only one LED is illuminated at any given instant.

The light pen circuit appears above the LED array. Note that the output of operational amplifier $I C 1$ is connected to the LOAD input of counter IC4.
You can assemble a working version of this circuit on a solderless breadboard in less than an hour. The selection of devices for use as $I C I$ and $Q I$ is not critical. Any general-purpose op amp such as a $\mu \mathrm{A} 741$ is suitable, and any standard npn phototransistor such as the FPT-100 can be used. The phototransistor should be connected to the circuit by means of clip leads. Power can be provided by a +5 -volt supply or you can use a 6 -volt battery if you first connect the cathode of a 1N4001 diode to those points in the circuit marked +5 volts and the anode to the battery's positive terminal.

When you apply power to the circuit, the LEDs will either flash off and on in rapid sequence or all the LEDs will appear to glow dimly. If the latter occurs, the clock frequency is so great that the LEDs switch on and off faster than your eyes can respond. For initial tests, adjust $R 5$ to achieve this latter condition.

Before attempting to use the circuit, you must trim the light-pen circuit. A trial-and-error approach will eventually produce useful results, but a much better approach is to temporarily disconnect the grounded lug of potentiometer R3 from ground and connect a voltmeter between the output of the op amp and ground. Illuminate $Q I$ with a flashlight and adjust $R 2$ until the output voltage of the op amp falls to its lowest value, which was approximately 1.2 volts in the prototype circuit. Don't turn the rotor of $R 2$ beyond this point once you have found it.

When you remove light from $Q 1$, the output voltage of the op amp should immediately increase several volts. (It reached 3.4 volts in the prototype.) The light pen is now adjusted for maximum sensitivity. Indeed, it is probably so sensitive that ordinary room lighting will be able to switch the comparator. Therefore, you should wrap a cylinder of black electrical tape one-half inch in diameter around Q1 to block ambient light. Heat-shrinkable tubing can also be used for this purpose.

Next, reconnect the lug of potentiometer $R 3$ to ground and again illuminate $Q I$ with a flashlight. Adjust the rotor of $R 3$ until the LEDs stop scanning and only a single LED remains on. The light-pen circuit is now trimmed and ready for use.

Test the circuit by bringing the aperture of $Q I$ close to any of the LEDs in the array. Depending upon the scan frequency, the selected LED should immediately or very quickly glow brightly and all the remaining LEDs will darken. The binary


Fig. 4. Block diagram of a 16-position data-entry circuit controlled by a homemade light pen.
$\qquad$

Fig. 5. Schematic diagram of a complete data-entry circuit. The circuit for the light pen appears above the LED array.

Q/, IC/-SEE TEXT $I C 2=5 N 74154$ IC. $3=$ NE 55.5 IC4 $=5 N 74193$

address of the selected LED will then appear on the 4 -bit bus between IC2 and IC4.

It's interesting to move $Q I$ back and forth along the row of

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## Save on Scanners! NEW Rebates!

Communications Electronics, the world's largest distributor of radio scanners, celebrates Christmas early with big savings on Bearcat synthesized scanners. Electra Company, the manufacturers of Bearcat brand scanners is offering consumer rebates on their fantastic line of crystalless scanners purchased between September 15 and November 15, 1980.
We give you excellent service because CE distributes more scanners worldwide than anyone else. Our warehouse facilities are equipped to process thousands of scanner orders every week. We also export scanners to over 300 countries and military instal lations. Most items are in stock for quick shipment. Do your Christmas scanner Shopping early and order today from CE!

## Bearcat ${ }^{\oplus} 300$

The Ultimate Synthesized Scanner! List price $\$ 519.95 / \mathrm{CE}$ price $\$ 329.00 / \$ 20.00$ rebate
Your final cost is a low $\$ 309.00$ Your final cost is a low $\$ 309.00$
4-Band, 50 Channel - Service Search - Nocrystal scanner• AM Aircraft and Public Service bands. Priority Channel © AC/DC Bands: 32-50.118-136 AM, 144-174, 421-512 MHz. The new Bearcat 300 is the most advanced automatic scanning radio that has ever been offered to the public. The Bearcat 300 uses a bright green fluorescent digital display, so it's ideal for mobile applications. The Bearcat 300 now has these added features: Service Search, Display Intensity Control, Hold Search and Resume Search keys, Separate Band keys to permit lock-in/lock-out of any band for more efficient service search.

## Bearcat® 250

Your final cost is a low \$239.00
50 Channels - Crystalless - Searches
Stores - Recalls - Digital clock - AC/DC
Priority Channel - 3-Band Count Feature. Frequency range 32-50, 146-174, 420-512 MHz.
The Bearcat 250 performs any scanning function you program up to 50 channels for automatic monitoring. Overseas customers should order the Bearcat 250 FB Overseas customers should order the Bearcat 250FB at $\$ 349.00$ each. This model is like a Bearcat 250 , but
designed for international operation with 220 V AC/12V designed for international operation with
DC power supply and 66.88 MHz low band coverage

## Bearcat ${ }^{\circledR} 220$

List price $\$ 419.95 / \mathrm{CE}$ price $\$ 259.00 / \$ 20.00$ rebate your final cost is a low $\$ 239.00$ Aircraft and public sarvice monitor. Frequency The Bearcat 220 is one scanner which can monitor all public service bands plus the exciting AM aircraft band channels. Up to twenty frequencies may be scanned at the same time. Overseas customers should order the
Bearcat 220 FB at $\$ 349.00$ each. This model is like a Bearcat 220, but designed for international operation with 220 V AC/ 12 V DC power supply and 66.88 MHz

## NEW! Bearcat ${ }^{\text {® }}$ 210XL

List price $\$ 319.95$ / CE price $\$ 209$.
Your final cost is a low $\$ 189.00$ 18 Channels - 3 Bands Crystalless - AC/DC Frequency range: $32-50,144-174,421-512 \mathrm{MHz}$
The Bearcat $210 \times$ scanning radio is the second generation scanner that replaces the popular Bearcat 210 and 211 . It has almost twice the scanning capacity of the Bearcat 210 with 18 channels plus dual scanning speeds and a bright green fluorescent display.


FREE Bearcat ${ }^{\ominus}$ Rebate Offer Get a coupon good for a $\$ 20$ rebate when you purchase
Bearcat 300.250 .220 or $210 \times \mathrm{L}$. $\$ 10$ rebate on models 21 210 and 160 . To get your rebate, mail this coupon with your original dated sales receipt and the Bearcat model number
from the carton to Electra You'll receive your rebate in four from the carton to Electra You'll receive your rebate in four
to six weeks. Offer valid only on purchases made betwen September 15. 1980 and November 15. 1980. All requests must be postmarked by November 29, 1980. Limit of one rebate per household. Coupon must accompany all rebate
requests and may not be reproduced. Offer good only in the U.S.A. Void where taxed or prohibited by law. Resellers, companies, clubs and organizations-both profit and non protit-are not eligıble for rebates. Employees of Electra Company, theır advertısing agencies, distributors and relaiters of Bearcat Scanners are also not eligible for reba
please be sure to send in the correct amount for your Please be sure to send in the correct amount for your scanner. Pay the listed CE price in this ad. Do not deduct the rebate amount since your rebate will be sent directly to you
from Electra. Orders received with insufficient payments will

## NEW! Bearcat ${ }^{\circledR} 160$

ist price $\$ 279.95 /$ CE price $\$ 189.00 / \$ 10.00$ rebate Our final cost is low \$179.00
16 Chammels - 3 Bands - AC only - Priority Dual Scan Speed's Direct Channel Access Frequency range: $32-50,144-174,440-512 \mathrm{MHz}$.
The Bearcat 160 presents a new dimension in scanning form and function. The keyboard is smooth. No buttons to punch. No knobs to turn. Instead, finger-tip pads provide control of all scanning operations, including On/Off. Volume and Squelch. Green easy to read

## ent display

## NEW! Bearcat ${ }^{\oplus}$ 5/800 MHz

## The world's first 800 MHz . \$canner!

 List price $\$ 179.95 /$ CE price $\$ 129.00$ 8 Crystal Channels 4 Bands AC only Frequency range: 33-50, 144-174, 440-512. 806-870 MHz The Bearcat $5 / 800 \mathrm{MHz}$ is the only scanner on the market today that offers coverage of the 800 MHz . public service band and the other public service bands. Individual channel lockout. Scan Delay. Manual Scan.
## Bearcat ${ }^{\text {© }} 5$

a Crystal Channels - 3 Bands AC only
Frequency range: $33-50,146-174,450-508 \mathrm{MHz}$.
The Bearcat 5 is a value-packedcrystal scanner bu
The Bearcat 5 is a value-packed crystal scanner built fo
the scanning professional - at a price the first-time buyer can afford. Individual lockout switches.

## Bearcat ${ }^{\oplus}$ Four-Six ThinScan

## List price s17.995/ Le price Frequency range: 3 -47, 152 -164, 450.508 MHz

 The incredible, new Bearcat Four-Six Thin Scan' is like having an information center in your pocket. This three band, 6 channel crystal controlled scanner has patented Track Tuning on UHF. Scan Delay and Channel Lockout. Measures $2^{3 / 4} \times 6^{1 / 4} \times 1^{\prime \prime}$ I Includes rubber ducky antennaNEW! Fanon Slimline 6-HLU

## List price $\$ 169.95 /$ CE price $\$ 109.00$

## Low cost 6-channel, 3-band scanner!

The new Fanon Slimline 5-HLU gives you six channels of crystal controlled excitement. Unique Automatic Peak Tuning Circuit adjusts the receiver front end for maximum sensitivity across the entire UHF band. Indi vidual channel lockout switches. Frequency range 30-50. $146-175$ and $450-512 \mathrm{MHz}$. Size $23 / 4 \times 61 / 4 \times 1$. Includes
rubber ducky antenna. Order crystal certificates for each channel. Made in Japan.

## NEW! Fanon Slimline 6-HL

G-Channel performance at 4 -channel cost! Frequency range: $30-50,146-175 \mathrm{MHz}$.
If you don't need the UHF band, get this model and save money. Same high performance and features as the model HLU without the UHF band. Order crystal certifi cates for each channel. Made in Japan

## FANON SCANNER ACCESSORIES

## CAT-6 Carrying case for Fanon w/Belt Clip........... $\$ 15.00$ AUC-3 Auto lighter adaptor/Battery Charger . ..... $\$ 15.00$

## OTHER SCANNER ACCESSORIES

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| SP58 Carrying Case for Bear | \$12. |
| FB-E Frequency Directory fo | \$12. |
| FB-W Frequency Directory for Western U.S.A | \$12.00 |
| FFD Federal Frequency Directory to | \$12.00 |
| 41.2 V AAA Ni-Cad's for ThinScan |  |
| 35cc |  |
|  |  |

## INCREASED PERFORMANCE ANTENNAS

If you want the utmost in pertormance from you We have six base and mobile antennas specifically We have sIx base and moble ands. Order \#A6O is a designed for receiving all bands. Order \# A60 is a
magnet mount mobile antenna. Order \#A61 is a gutter clip mobile antenna. Order \# A62 is a trunk-lip mobile antenna. Order \#A63 is a $3 / 4$ inch hole mount. Order \#A64 is a $\frac{3 / 8}{}$ inch snap-in mount, and \#A70 is an all band
base station antenna. All antennas are $\$ 30.00$ and base station antenna. All antennas are $\$ 30.00$ and
$\$ 3.00$ for UPS shipping in the continental United States.

TEST ANY SCANNER
Test any scanner purchased from Communications Electronics" for 31 days before you decide to keep it. If for any reason you are not completely satisfied, return it in refund (less shipping/handing charges and rebate credits)

## NEW!Regency ${ }^{(1)}$ M400

## List price $\$ 379.95 / \mathrm{CE}$ price $\$ 259.00$

 30 Channel - Synthesized - Service Search Digital clock - Digital timer - M100 styling Search/Store - Priority Channel © AC/DC Frequency range: $30-50,144-174,440.512 \mathrm{MHz}$ The new Regency M 400 is a compact programmable FM monitor receiver for use at home or on the road
## OTHER REGENCY' SCANNERS

## Touch K100

. $\$ 199.00$

## NEW! Telephone Products

Electra's cordless Freedom Phone does everything
an ordinary phone does and more. Because it is cordless. you can take it anywhere, inside or outside-on the patio, by the pool, in the garage, in the workshop...even next door at the neighbor's.
Model FF-500 has pushbutton dialing. Rechargeable ni-cad batteries included. Battery low light. Secure feature. Telescopic antenna. Your cost is $\$ 179.00$. Model FF-1500 has the same features as the FF-500 Mod also includes a charger/cradle that allows the but also includes a charger/cradie that all the base station. Your cost for this cordless phone is $\$ 199.00$. station. Your cost for this cordless phone is $\$ 199.00$. (except charger/cradle) plus interchangeable telescop ic and rubber ducky antenna. Redial feature. Belt clip

## World Scanner Association

 as a public service by Communications Electronics.' When you join, you'll receive a one-year membership and our quarterly newsletter with scanner news and features. You'll also get a wallet I.D. card, an Official WSA Membership Certificate, and more. FREE classi fied ads for members so you can contact other scanner owners when you want to sell or buy a scanner. FREE membership in the WSA Buyer's Co-op Your Co-op membership will allow you to get special discounts on scanners and scanner related products. Since the WSA Buyer's co-op gives you group purchasing power, you you make a Co-op purchase. To join, send $\$ 12.00$ ( $\$ 20.00$ outside U.S.A.) for your membership materials.
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| 3:45-5:30 p.m. | 2045-2230 | All India R. | c | 15110 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3:504:40 p.m. | 2050-2140 | R. Habana Cuba | c | 17750, 9770 |
| 4:00-4:15 p.m. | 21002115 | R. Japan | B | 15270 |
| 4:00-4:30 p.m. | $2100 \cdot 2130$ | R. Algiers | - | 21635, 11810, 11740, $9610 \dagger$ |
| 4:00-4:30 p.m. | $2100 \cdot 2130$ | R. Budapest | - | 11910, 9835, 9585 |
| 4:004:50 p.m. | 2100-2150 | R. RSA | B | 21535, 17780, 15155 |
| 4:00-5:00 p.m. | 2100.2200 | V. of Nigeria | c | 15185, 15119 |
| 4:00-5:00 p.m. | 2100.2200 | V . of Germany | c | 9765,7130 |
| 4:00-5:00 p.m. | $2100-2200$ | R. Mascow | B | 12010, 7390 |
| 4:15-6:00 p.m. | 2115-2300 | BBC | A | 15260, 15070,6175 |
| 4:15.7:00 p.m. | 2115.2400 | R. Free Grenada | B | 15045 (time varies) |
| 4:30.5:00 p.m. | 2130-2200 | R. Canada International | A | 17820, 17875, 15150, 11945, 15325 |
| 4:30-5:00 p.m. | $2130-2200$ | KGEI, San Francisco | c | 15280 |
| 4:30-5:00 p.m. | $2130 \cdot 2200$ | HCJB Ecuador | c | 26020, 21480, 17790, 15180 $\dagger$ |
| 4:30-5:00 p.m. | $2130-2200$ | R. Sofia | - | 9665, 9530¢ |
| 4:30-5:30 p.m. | $2130-2230$ | R. Baghdad | c | 9745 |
| 4:40-5:40 p.m. | $2140-2240$ | V. of Free China | c | 17890, 15270, 11825 |
| 4:50-12:30 p.m. | 2150.0530 | R. New Zealand | c | 17860 |
| 4:50-5:00 p.m. | $2150-2200$ | R. Free Europe | C | 15245t, 11825 (Fri.) |
| 5:00-5:15 p.m. | $2200 \cdot 2215$ | R. Japan | 8 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 17755, (via Portugal } 15305 \text { or } \\ & 11735+\text { ) } \end{aligned}$ |
| 5:00-5:30 p.m. | $2200-2230$ | R. Norway | c | 15175 (Sun, only) 18860,11850 |
| 5:00-6:00 p.m. | 2200-2300 | C8C Radio | A | 15325, 11925, 9760t (Mon. Fri.) |
| 5:00-6:00 p.m. | $2200 \cdot 2300$ | WYFR, Family Radio | A | 21525, 15130, 11855, 5985 |
| 5:00-6:00 p.m. | $2200 \cdot 2300$ | R. Moscow | 8 | 9765, 9530, 7440, 7165 |
| 5:00-6:00 p.m. | 2200-2300 | V. of Turkey | B | 15360, $9515,7215 \dagger$ |
| 5:00-6:00 p.m. | $2200 \cdot 2300$ | R. Andorra | c | 6225, 6215 (Sun.) |
| 5:00.7:00 p.m. | 2200-2400 | AFRTS | A | $25615,21570,15430,15330,11790$ |
| 5:00-11:30 p.m. | 2200-0430 | VOA | A | $\begin{aligned} & 21460,17740,(26000 \cdot 2400), \\ & 17820,0100 \end{aligned}$ |
| 5:15.5:30 p.m. | $2215 \cdot 2230$ | R. Yugostavia | c | 9620 |
| 5:30-6:00 p.m. | $2230 \cdot 2300$ | Kol Israel | A | 17710, 15584, 11638, 9815 |
| 5:45-6:00 p.m. | $2245 \cdot 2300$ | SODRE, Uruguay | c | 11885, 9515 (time varies) |
| 5:45-6:00 p.m. | 2245.2300 | UN Radio | A | 15225, 11830 (Mon. Fri.) |
| 6:00-6:30 p.m. | $2300 \cdot 2330$ | R. Japan | A | 17755 |
| 6:00-6:30 p.m. | $2300 \cdot 2330$ | R. Swaden | 8 | 9695, 11705 |
| 6:00-6:30 p.m. | 2300.2330 | R. Vilnius | 8 | 15405, 7215, 7150 |
| 6:00.6:50 p.m. | 2300-2350 | Rdif. Argentina | c | 11710 (Mon. Fri.) |
| 6:00.7:00 p.m. | $2300 \cdot 2400$ | 4VEH. Haiti | 8 | 11835, 9770 |
| 6:00-7:30 p.m. | $2300 \cdot 2430$ | 8BC | A | 15260, 15070, 119 10, 9590, 9580, $9410,7325,6175,6120,5975$ |
| 6:00.7:50 p.m. | $2300 \cdot 2450$ | R. Pyongyang | c | 9977 |
| 6:00-8:00 p.m. | 2300-0100 | WYFR, Family Radio | A | 5985 (17875 froril 0000) |
| 6:00-8:00 p.m. | $2300-0100$ | CBC Southern Service | A | 11850 (Sat. • 2330 and Sun. - 2400) |
| 6:00.8:00 p.m. | 2300-0200 | R. Moscow | A | 17720, 15455, 15180, 15140, 12050, 11780, 9765, 9685, 9610,9530 . 9490, 7440, 7165 |
| 6:00 p.m. 1:07 a.m. | 2300.0647 | CBC Northern Service | 8.C | 9625, 6195 (not all English) |
| 6:30-7:00 p.m. | 2330-2400 | V. of Vietnam | c | 12035, 10080, 10040, 10010 |
| 6:35-6:55 p.m. | 2335-2355 | SOD RE, Unuguay | c | 11885, 9515 (time varies) |
| 6:45-7:45 p.m. | 2345-2445 | R. Japan | c | 17825, 15270 |
| 7:00-7:15 p.m. | 0000-0015 | R. Japan | C | 17755 |
| 7:007:25 p.m. | 0000-0025 | R. Tirana | B | 9750, 7065 |
| 7:00.7:30 p.m. | 0000-0030 | Kol Israel | A | 15584, 11638,9815 |
| 7:00.7:30 p.m. | 0000.0030 | R. Norway | c | 11870, 11860 (Mon. only) |
| 7:00-7:55 p.m. | 0000-0055 | R. Peking |  | 17855, 17680, 15120 |
| 7:00-8:00 p.m. | 0000.0100 | R. Sofia | B | 9705 |
| 7:00-8:00 p.m. | 0000.0100 | AFRTS | A | 25615, 21570, 15330, 15345, 11790 |
| 7:00-9:00 p.m. | 0000.0200 | R. Luxembourg | c | 6090 (Time varies) |
| 7:00-9:00 p.m. | 0000-0200 | VOA | A | $\begin{aligned} & 17730,15205,11740, \\ & 9650,6130,5995 \end{aligned}$ |
| 7:00-12:00 p.m. | 0000-0500 | R. Moscow (via Cuba) | A | 9600 or 6115 |
| 7:00-12:00 p.m. | 0000.0500 | FEBC Philippines | c | 17810 |
| 7:00 p.m. 4:00 a.m. | 0000.0900 | UN Radio | A | 6055 (when in session) |
| 7:05-8:55 p.m. | 0005-0155 | Spanish Foreign R. | B | 11880,9630 |
| 7:15-8:00 p.m. | 0015-0100 | BRT, Belgium | c | 15385 or 9760; 15175 or 11710 |
| 7:30.7:50 p.m. | 0030-0050 | SODRE, Uruguay | c | 11885, 9515 (time varies) |
| 7:30-8:00 p.m. | 0030.0100 | R. Prague | c | 6055 |
| 7:30-8:00 p.m. | 0030.0100 | R. Kiev | B | $\begin{aligned} & 17870,15240,15100,9800, \\ & 7215,7150 \end{aligned}$ |
| 7:30.8:00 p.m. | 0030-0100 | La Cruz del Sur, 8olivia | D | 4875 (Mon. only) |
| 7:30-8:30 p.m. | 0030-0130 | R. Mexico | c | $\begin{aligned} & 17765,15430,11770,9705, \\ & 5985 \text { (Ffi. only) } \end{aligned}$ |
| 7:30-9:00 p.m. | 0030-0200 | hCJB, Ecuador | A | $15155 \dagger$ |
| 7:30-9:30 p.m. | 0030.0230 | BBC | A | $\begin{aligned} & 15260,11835,11750,9580,9410 \\ & 7325,6175,6120,5975 \end{aligned}$ |
| 7:30.9:30 p.m. | 0030.0230 | HCJB, Ecuador | 8 | 26020, 9745, 15355 |
| 7:55-8:35 p.m. | 0055-0135 | TWR-80naire | B | $11745{ }^{\text {¢ }}$ |
| 8:00-8: 15 p.m | 0100-0115 | R. Japan | c | 17755 |
| 8:00.8:15 p.m. | 0100-0115 | Vatican $R$. | 8 | 11845, 9605, 6015 |
| 8:00-8:20 p.m. | 0100-0120 | RAI, Italy | 8 | 11800, 9575 |
| 8:00.8:25 p.m. | 0100-0125 | Kol israel | A | 15584, 11638,9815 |
| 8:00-8:30 p.m. | 0100-0130 | R. Canada International | A | 11940, 11850, 5960 |
| 8:00-8:45 p.m. | 0100-0145 | R. Berlin Internationa | ¢ | : 1975,9730 |
| 8:00-8:55 p.m. | 0100.0155 | R. Prague | 8 | 11990, 9740, 9540, 7345,5930 |
| 8:00-8:55 p.m. | 0100.0155 | R. Peking |  | 17855, 17680, 15120 |
| 8:00-9:00 p.m. | 0100.0200 | R. Confusion | c | 14550 (one Mon. per month) |
| 8:00-9:00 p.m. | 0100.0200 | R. Korea | c | 15570, 15375 |
| 8:00-9:00 p.m. | 0100.0200 | V. ol Free Cthina | c | 17890, 15345, 11825 |
| 8:00-9:00 p.m. | 0100.0200 | AFRTS | A | 25615, 21570, 11790, 6030 |
| 8:00-10:30 p.m. | 0100.0330 | R. Australia | 8 | 21740, 17795 |

8:00.11:50 p.m. 8:00-12:00 p.m. 8:20 p.m. 12:10 a.m. 8:20-8:50 p.m.
fade.8:30 p.m.

8:30.8:45 p.m. 8:30.8:55 p.m. 8:30.8:55 p.m 8:30.9:00 p.m.

8:30.9:25 p.m.
8:30-9:30 p.m. 8:45-9:15 p.m. 9:00.9:15 p.m 9:00-9:25 p.m. 9:00-9:30 p.m 9:00-9:30 p.m. 9:00.9.30 p.m.

9:00.9:40 p.m.

9:00.9:50 p.m. 9:00.9:55 p.m 9:00-10:00 p.m. 9:00.10:30 p.m. 9:00-11:00 p.m.

9:00-11:30 p.m. 9:30.9:45 p.m. 9.30-9:45 p.m.
g.30.9.55 p.m. 9:30-10:00 p.m. 9-30-10:00 p.m. 9:30-10:15 p.m. 9:30-10:25 p.m. 9:30-10:30 p.m.
9.30-12:00 p.m. 9.55 -fade

10:00-10:15 p.m. 10:00-10:30 p.m.

10:00-10:25 p.m.

10:00-10:30 p.m 10:00-10:30 p.m. 10:00-10:30 p.m.

10:00-10:30 p.m 10:00-10:50 p.m
10:00-10:55 p.m 10:00-10:55 p.m 10:00-11:00 p.m 10:00-1:00 p.m 10:00-11:00 p.m. 10:00-11:00 p.m. 10:00-11:15 p.m 10:00-11:26 p.m. 10:00-11:30 p.m. 10:00 p.m. 1:00 в.m. 10:00 p.m.-2:30 a.m.

10:30-10:55 p.m 10:30-10:55 p.m 10:30-11:00 p.m.

10:30-11:15 p.m 10:30-11:30 p.m. 10:30-11:45 p.m 10:30-11:00 p.m 10:30-12:00 p,m 10:30 p.m. - 1:00 a. 10:40.10:47 p.m. 10:50-11:10 p.m. 10:51-10:58 p.m.

11:00-11:15 p.m.
11:00-11:15 p.m. 11:00-11:30 p.m.

11:00-11:30 p.m
11:00.11:30 p.m. 11:00-11:30 p.m 11:00-11:55 p.m 11:00-12:00 p.m.
$0100-0450$ R. Habana Cuba 0100-0500 WYFR, Family R $0120-0510$ R. Betize 0120-0150 V. of Germany

> 0130 Faukkland Is. Broadcast Station

01300145 V . of Greece
0130.0155 Austrian Radio
$0130-0155$ R. Tirana
$0130-0200$ R. Budapest
0130.0225 R. Bucharest
0130.0230 R. Japan
0145.0215 Swiss R. International 0200-0215 R. Japan
0200-0225 Kol Israel
$0200-0230$ R. Canada International
0200.0230 R. Norway

02000230 R. Budapest
0200.0240 R. Polatia
0200.0250 R. RSA

0200-0255 R. Peking
0200.0300 R. Nacional, Brazil
0200.0330 R. Cairo
$0200-0400$ R. Moscow
0200.0430 AFRTS
0230.0245 R. Pakistan 02300245 UN Radio

02300255 R. Tirana 02300300 R. Lebanon 02300300 R. Sweden $0230-0315$ R. Berlin International 0230.0325 R. Nederland 0230.0330 BBC

02300500 HCJB, Ecuador
0255 R. One Zimbabwe 0300.0315 R. Japan $0300-0330$ R. Budapest

0300-0325 R. Polonia
0300.0330 R. Canada International
0300.0330 R. Partugal
$0300-0330$ R. Kiev
$0300-0330$ R. Australia
0300-0350 V. of Free China
0300-0355 R. Prague
0300-0355 R. Peking
0300-0400 RAE, Argentina
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0300-0400 TIFC Costa Rica
$0300-0400$ R. Bagidad
0300-0415 R. Uganda 0300.0426 R. RSA

0300-0430 R. Cultural, Guatemala 0300.0600 HRVC, Honduras 0300.0730 VOA

### 0330.0355 R. Tirana 0330-0355 Austrian Radio 0330-0400 R. Australia

0330-0415 R. Berlin International $0330-0430$ R. Korea 0330.0445 8BC
0330.0400 R. Finland 0330-0500 AWR Guatemala 0330.0600 R. Habena Cuba 0340.0347 V. of Greece 0350-0410 RAI, Italy 0351.0358 V. of Yerevan
$0400-0415$ R. Budapest
0400.0415 R. Japan
0400.0430 R. Bucharest
0400.0430 R. Canada International
$0400-0430$ R. Norway
$0400-0430 \quad$ R. Mozambique
$0400-0455$ R. Peking
0400-0500 XERF, Mexico

A 11930,11725
A $9715,(5985$ from 0200)
C 3285,834
A $15105,11865.9565,9545,6145$.
6100, 6085, 6040
D 2370 (Man. - 0030)
B $\quad 11730.9655,9515$ (not Sun.)
B $\quad 9770.5945$
B $\quad 9750,7120$
B $17710,15220,11910,9835$,
9585. (Wed., Fri. only)

C $11940,11840,11735$. 9690, 9570,5990
C $21640,17825,17725,15235$
A $15305,11715,9725,6135$
C 17755
A 15584.11638.9815
A $11940,11845,5960$
B $11860,9610,9590$ (Mon. only)
B $\quad 17710,15220,11910,9835$. 9585, 6000 (not Mon.)
C $15120.11815,9525,7270,7145$, 6135,6095 (Iengtin varies)
B $\quad 15325$ or $15220.11900,9585$
B $17680,15230,15120$
A 15290
B 12050,9475
A $15455,15180,15140,12050,11780$.
$9765,9700,9635,9610,9580$.
9530, 9490, 7440, 7165
A 27570,17765.11790,6030
C $21590,17835,21745 \dagger$
A $15240,6035,15752 \mathrm{SSB}$ 10869-SSB (Tue.Sat.)
B $\quad 9750.7120$
C $\quad 15170 \dagger$ (time vafies)
C 11705,9695
C 11975,9730
A 9590,6165
A $11750,9580,9410,7325$ $6175,6120,5975$
A $15155.9745,11910,26020$
C 3396 (exc. Sun.)
C 17755
B $17710,15220,11910,9835$,
9585, 6000 $\dagger$
C $15120,11815,9525,7270,7145$,
6735,6095 (length varies)
A $\quad 11940.11845,11770,9535,5960$
B 11925,9765
B $11690,9800,9735,9505,7400$.
7215.7150

15260 (Fri.)
17890, 15270, 11825
19990, 9740, 9540, 7345, 5930
17680, 15120, 15230
9690 (Tue-Sat)
$15290 \dagger$
9645, 5055, (Mon. 0235-0435)
11925
15325 (irreguiar)
15220, 11900, 9585, 7270
3300 (Mon. 0030-)
4820
A $15330,15245,9670,6040$,
6035,5995
B 7300,6200
C 9770,5945
B $\quad 21680,17890,17870$.
17795, 17725
B 11975, 11890, 5955
C 15570
9410, 6175, 6120, 5975
11755,9645
$5980 \dagger$
11760, 11725
B 11730, 9650,9515 (not Sun.)
C $11905,17795,15330$
$17870,15405,15180 \dagger$
(Sun, Wed, Thu, Sat)
B $\quad 17710,15220,11910,9835,9585$, 60001 (Wed. \& Fri) (Mon. to 0430)
C 17755
C $11940,11840,11735$
9690, 9570, 5990
A $11845,11770,5960$
C 6185 (Mon. onfy)
4855, 3265
B $17680,15230,15120$
A 1570 (Mon.)

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11:00-12:00 p.m. 0400-0500 R. Austratia

11:00 p.m. 1.00 a.m. $0400-0600 \quad$ R. Moscow Warld Service

11:00 p.m. 3:00 a.m. 0400-0800 R. Mascow
$\begin{array}{lll}11: 05 \cdot 11: 50 \text { p.m. } & 0405-0450 & \text { REBA, Seychelles }\end{array}$
11:30-11:55 p.m. 0430-0455 Austrian R.
11:30-12;00 p.m. 0430.0500 Swiss R. International
11:30-12:00 p.m. $\quad$ 0430-0500 R. Sotia
11:30 p.m. 2:00 a.m, 0430-0700 AFRTS
11:45 p.m.12:45 a.m. 0445-0545 BBC
11:55 p.m. $-1: 00$ a.m. $0455 \cdot 0600 \quad$ V. of Nigeria
12:00-12:15 a.m. 0500-0515 Kol israel
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 12:00-12:15 a.m. } & 0500-0515 & \text { R. Japan }\end{array}$
12:00-12:30 a.m. 0500-0530 R. Portugal
12:00.1:00 a.m. 0500-0600 WYFR, Family R.
12:00-1:00 a.m.
12:00-2:00 a.m.
12:00-3:00 a.m.
12:00-5:00 a.m.
12:15-1:15 a.m.
12:22-12:30 a.m.
12:30.12:50 a.m.
12:30-fade
12:30.1:25 a.m.
12:40-6:15 a.m.
12:45-1:00 a.m.
12:45-1:00 a.m.
12:45.1:30 a.m.
12:45-2:30 a.m.
1:00-1:15 a.m
$0600.0630 \quad$ V. of Germany
0600.0630 R. Norway

1:00-1:30 a.m. $0600 \cdot 0630 \quad$ R. Australia
1:00-2:00 a.m. 0600.0700 RAE, Argentina
1:00-2:00 a.m. 0600-0700 R. RSA
1:00-3:00 a.m. $\quad 060000800 \quad$ V. of Nigeria
1:15-1:30 a.m. $0615.0630 \quad$ R. Canada International
1:25.3:55 a.m.
0625-0855 V. of Malaysia
0630.0700 Radio Polonia
$0630-0800$ R. Habana Cuba
1:45-2:00 a.m. 0645-0700 R. Canada International

1:45-2:00 a.m. 0645-0700 UN Radio
.57.:55
2.00.2.15

2:00-2:15 a.m
2:00-2:30 a.m. 2:00-3:00 a.m. 2:00-3:00 a.m. 2:00.3:30 a.m. 2:004:00 a.m. 2:004:00 a.m. 2:00-4:00 a.m. 2:00-5:30 a.m. 2:07.2:15 a.m. 2:254:00 a.m 2:30-3:25 a.m. 2:30-3:00 a.m. 2:30-4:00 a.m. 2:30-6:30 a.m. 2:30-9:02 a.m. 2:37.2:45 $\mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. 2:454:30 am. 2:55 a.m.fade 2:55-3:05 a.m. $3.00 \cdot 3.15 \mathrm{~m}$ 3:00-3:30 a.m. 3:30-3:15 a.m. 3:30-3:35 a.m. 3:30-3:45 a.m.
3:30-4:25 a.m. 3:30-5:00 a.m.

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## Explanatory Notes.

1. Times in first column are EST. For AST add 1 hour, CST, subtract 1 hour, MST, subtract 2 hours, PST, subtract 3 hours. Days of week are in GMT
2. Quality. A-strong signal and very reliable reception. B-regular reception. $\mathbf{C}$-occasional reception under favorable conditions. D-rarely audible. These ratings are for locations in the central USA. European and African stations are in general, more reliably received in eastern North America. Asian and Pacific stations are more reliably received in western North America. North American stations are received well except in areas too close to the transmitter site.
3. The information in this listing is correct to press time. However, trequencies and schedules are constantly changing. Listen to "OX Digest" on R. Canada Intemational for late changes, Saturday at 2136; Sunday at 1934; GMT Mondays at 0106 and 0406 .
4. R.-Radio; V.-Vaice
$t=$ frequent changes

# PROJECT OF THE MONTH 

BY FORREST M. MIMS

THE CIRCUIT shown schematically in Fig. 1 is a simple AM radio receiver. You can assemble it and start to receive radio stations within minutes. This receiver does not generate enough output to drive a loudspeaker, but that's a small price to pay for a circuit which derives all of its operating power from the radio signal it receives.

The major factor that limits the sensitivity of the receiver shown in Fig. 1 (which is an updated version of the old-fashioned crystal radio) is the barrier potential across the pn junction of the diode detector. For the circuit to respond, the received signal must exceed about 300 millivolts if $D I$ is a germanium diode such as the 1 N 34 and a hefty 600 millivolts if $D I$ is a silicon device like the 1 N 914 . To maximize the input signal level, a good antenna and earth ground should be used. The antenna should be a length of copper wire at least 10 feet long positioned as high and in the clear as possible. A low-resistance connection to a coldwater pipe that extends deeply into the earth or to some other good ground will help the receiver gather as much signal power as possible.

The threshold effect imposed by the diode restricts reception to relatively powerful stations. If the forward voltage drop across the diode could be eliminated, the receiver would be able to demodulate any strength signal.

Russel Quong of Palos Verdes, CA, has found a simple way to reduce the voltage drop of a standard silicon diode from 600 millivolts to only one millivolt or so. Russel's idea, which was described in a brief note on page 148 of the July 20, 1978 issue of Electronics, is to substitute an op-amp precision half-wave rectifier for the standard diode. I've tried several versions of this basic idea, one of which is shown in Fig. 2. They all work well.

The circuit in Fig. 2 can be divided into four sections, the first comprising antenna coil $L 1$ and tuning capacitor C1. These components form a simple tunable filter which enables individual stations to be selected from a broad band of received frequencies.

The received signal is detected or demodulated by the second section, a half-wave rectifier formed by IC1A,

## An Op-Amp AM Radio

$D I, D 2$, and RI. The demodulated signal is then amplified by the third section, a high-gain driver amplifier consisting of IC1B,C3, R2, and R3. Potentiometer R3 governs the gain of this amplifier and therefore serves as a volume control.

In the output stage, transistor QI functions as a simple power amplifier for driving a small 8 -ohm speaker or an earphone. Resistors $R 4$ and $R 5$ set the base bias for $Q 1$, and R6 limits current through the speaker.

You can assemble most of the circuit on a small solderless breadboard. Variable inductance $L I$ is a standard loopstick antenna coil with an adjustable ferrite core, and Cl is a miniature 0 -to- $365-\mathrm{pF}$ variable capacitor. Both these components used to be widely available, but you might now have trouble finding them because the demand for radio parts has seemingly been reduced to a trickle. None of my catalogs list either part, but I've seen them in some shops.

If you can't find $L /$ and $C l$ as new commercial items, salvage them from a transistor radio. The leads from the coil will be very fragile, so use care when disconnecting them from the radio's circuit board. One or more of the leads probably go directly to the tuning capacitor. If the coil has more than one tap, try all of them and use the one that gives best results.

If you can find an adjustable loopstick, substitute a fixed capacitor for $C l$ if you prefer. Try values ranging from 100 to 250 pF . Higher values of
capacitance will favor the low end of the AM broadcast band and lower values the high end.

In most areas, this radio will require an external antenna. If you live fairly close to several stations, you might find that a few feet of dangling copper wire will suffice. I live in a rural area 35 miles from each of several cities, and have had excellent results by clipping a short antenna lead to the dial stop on a rotary-dial telephone. This antenna allows my radio to pull in five stations with plenty of volume, and several others at somewhat lower levels. A good earth ground will help this receiver perform as well as it can. It is not as important to provide this receiver with a good earth ground as it is in the case of the "crystal" receiver described earlier, but this should be done if possible.

For room-filling volume, eliminate the output stage comprising $Q I$ and its associated components, and connect an external power amplifier to pin 7 of ICIB. The amplifier can be a commercial unit such as Radio Shack's Micro-Sonic Speaker-Amplifier. Alternatively, you can construct a home-brew unit. For example, you can use the LM386 output stage of the general-purpose utility amplifier that was presented as the August 1980 "Project of the Month."


Fig. 1. Super-simple diode AM radio.


Fig. 2. An AM radio using an operational amplifier.

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The End of the Beginning

By Harold A. Rodgers Executive Editor

BEAUTY, says the old saw, is in the eyes of the beholder. Realism, according to the visual sciences, is to be found in the very same place.

For example, were an objective "eye" to look at a motion picture, it would see, far from continuous motion, a succession of still images. Similarly, that which the human eye assembles into a color television image would be a series of moving streaks or, depending on the persistence of the phosphors in the CRT, a series of near-random blobs. These systems for reproducing visual information work as efficiently as they do because the people who designed them were able to exploit the characteristics of the eye and present to it just what is necessary to form a continuous image. The objective character of the system is important only insofar as it relates to design goals arrived at through knowledge of visual perception as well as hardware.

In audio reproduction, largely because the ear is less well understood than the eye, a good deal of confusion prevails. Worse yet, much of what is known about hearing is ignored. Rival factions debate whether the ear or objective measuring equipment provides the better means of evaluating and designing equipment. Ironically, many times the ear is used where test equipment would be better and vice versa.

For example, subjective listening tests have been used to investigate differences between pieces of equipment. That's all well and good if we are talking about audible differences and differences of preference. But when differences in slew rate, distortion, or phase response are at issue, test equipment must have the upper hand. And how often does advertising copy imp-ly-ignoring the perceptual thresholds that apply-that if low distortion is good, lower distortion must be better? Were motion-picture engineers to design the way some of their audio colleagues do, film would be shot at 240 frames per second instead of the cutomary 24 , and the "state of the art" would be approaching 2,400 .

Checking Out the Axioms. Even some of the basic assumptions on which audio reproduction is based may not hold water under close examination. For example, it is most often
implicitly assumed that the closer the resemblance between the signal waveform presented to the listener's ear and that picked up by the microphone in the recording session, the better the reproduction will be. This, however, is not necessarily the case. As Robert Berkovitz, one of the authors of the "Loudspeaker Focus," in last April's issue of POPULAR ELECTRONICS, pointed out, a time-delay systemsomething that most listeners find ad-vantageous-does nothing to improve an input/output waveform match. As a case in point, I will recount some experiences with a time-delay unit.

The Koss K/4DS Digital Delay System is designed for simplicity of operation and, apparently realistically, relieves the user of fine control over some parameters. Length of delay and degree of recirculation are selected from four preset models ranging from club (the smallest and least reverberant) through THEATER and CONCERT HALL to AUDITORIUM (the most reverberant). All the listener need do is select one and set the level of the reverberation to match that of the front channels.

Integral power amplifiers are included in the unit, each rated at 20 watts. This, somewhat surprisingly, is adequate even when the front channels have hundreds of watts available, probably because the reverb process flattens out the peak-to-average ratio of the signal. A 200 -watt amplifier reproducing program material with a


15-dB peak-to-average ratio would reach its rated limit on peaks when the average output power is only about 12 watts. If reverberation reduces the peak/average ratio to, say, 8 dB , at 20 watts, the amp will reach its limits at about 5 watts continuous power-just about right if sensitivities of the front and back speakers are comparable. While cleanliness of sound is related to unclipped peaks, the sense of loudness corresponds more closely to average power.

The Koss unit also can drive two sets of headphones (naturally), with provisions for adding reverb. A mom-entary-contact pushbutton cancels the reverb to allow comparison. This button affects the headphone section only. After we had completed our test, Koss informed us that the unit is offered with a pair of suitable speakers (which we didn't test) at a suggested price of $\$ 459$.

Listening to the unit was in many ways what might be called an earopening experience. First, the unit gave very satisfactory results with cheap, single-driver loudspeakers that would have been close to marginal working by themselves. Second, the addition of the processed signal not only enhanced the impression of space in recorded program material, but actually seemed to contribute clarity.

One of my favorite tests of a listening system or environment could be called the "audibility-of-string-sec-tion-inner-voices test." I try to ignore the first violins and the cellos and double basses, while concentrating on the second violins and violas. Frequently, I find these parts obscured or very nearly buried, even when following the score so that I know just what I am trying to hear. That the Koss system actually made these inner voices more audible and the texture more transparent was startling. After all, not even natural reverberation can do that. Normally, moving an ensemble from a "dry" to a reverberant space decreases articulation.

What makes this effect even more puzzling is that, by itself, the synthetic reverberation from the Koss "box" is not at all attractive. When FM ra-

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has sufficient reverberation recorded with it in the first place so that the synthetic addition cannot be singly identified, the overal effect is superb and includes the aforementioned increase in clarity. Apparently, my earlier concerns about signal recirculated through a delay adding coloration are unfounded. (I had favored using delay without recirculation.) As long as the relative front/back levels are set reasonably, it doesn't seem to matter

Why Does It Work? Shocking as it may seem, no one really knows. Clearly, the notion that one is simulating the diffuse reverb of a concert hall doesn't hold up. If it were true, requirements for the auxiliary speakers would be more critical, particularly with regard to bass energy. Why a relatively low-level signal with so much latitude in its composition and
derivation can so profoundly affect the subjective auditory experience is at this point anybody's guess.

But this, it seems to me, is exactly the problem with contemporary audio engineering: We have become highly expert with circuitry and its quirks, but we have not carefully and fully defined what the circuitry must accomplish. Nothing is to be gained by making vanishingly small distortion even smaller or by making "improvements" in phase response that listeners have found perfectly satisfactory to begin with. Rather, we should be investigating some of the mysteries of psychoacoustics and putting the circuitry to work intelligently. The early pioneering days are over, and nothing will be achieved by traveling the old trails in space-age Conestoga wagons. The challenges for today exist-it's time to get serious.


## Audiophile Recordings

By Harold A. Rodgers Executive Editor

Natalie Cole: Thankful. Mobile Fidelity Sound Labs MFSL 1-032. The mastering and production of this album are impressive indeed. The sample we received was free of even minor warpage, and sonic blemishes were virtually absent. What continues to be amazing is how much clarity Mobile Fidelity's disc mastering process can extract from a regular analog master tape.

When it comes to content, however, matters are less salutary. Natalie Cole may not have achieved the superstardom that many people expected of her on the basis of her parentage, but she is certainly a highly talented and competent artist. Unfortunately, this album, with its general blandness, doesn't really reflect that. The music is pleasant, but seldom moving. It seems odd that, with the benefit of hindsight, Mobile Fidelity would choose to represent Ms. Cole with one of her lackluster offerings.

Michael Murray [plays] Bach [on] The Great Organ at Methuen: Passacaglia and Fugue in $C$ minor, Fantasia and Fugue in G minor ("The Great"), Toccata in F, two chorale preludes. Telarc DG-10049. With its ability to produce timbres suitable for baroque music and still have great power in its sound, the Methuen Memorial Music Hall organ is an unusual instrument. Furthermore, Mi-
chael Murray shows it off outstandingly in the performances on this disc. Textures are always clear enough to allow Bach's kaleidoscopic polyphony to be heard, yet when, as in the G minor Fantasia, Bach demands "good lungs" from the organ, the big sound is there with almost no loss of clarity. Murray's tempos seem particularly well chosen-they leave the music energetic yet well poised.
Of course, some of the fine effect of this record results from the way in which it was recorded and produced. There is sufficient reverberation to provide a sense of fullness without turning the sonic texture into echoey mud. Dynamic range is excellent, as is frequency balance. This is a real treat for lovers of Bach's organ music-and if you don't like organ music, this may just change your mind.

Rúzičková Encore Album. Zuzana Rǔžičková, harpsichord. Denon PCM NCC-8503-N. This is an interesting collection of short harpsichord pieces (except for the final three Bartok pieces, which are borrowed from piano literature) that, true to the title of the album, are suitable for encores. Unfortunately, the liner notes for this album are in Japanese, and the only way to find out what the various pieces are is to read them from the label on the disc itself

The good news is that Růžičková and the recording engineers have conspired to capture a series of exquisitely intimate moments of harpsichord music. For example, anyone who thinks the tone of this instrument is insubstantial and dies out at once is in for a surprise. Not only is the sustaining power considerable, but Rủžičková shows how expressively it can be used

## CORRECTION

Due to a printer's error, the Omnisonix ad in last month's issue had an incorrect price. The suggested price is $\$ 199.00$.

# THEY HEARD WHAT THEY'VE BEAN MISSINA! 

there isn't anything l've heard that improves the sound quality as much as the 801 does. Espe-, cially for such an aconomical cost.'<br>J. Hagen, Milwaukee, WI

In all of my more than 30 years as an Audio engineer, I have never heard anything that compares with the results I obtained, using the urit. I am the retired Chief AudioVideo Engineer for the Oberlin College Conservatory of Music, at Oberlin, Ohio and I can attest to the fact that the more than a half million dollars worth of professional and 'super' audio equipment that 1 designed and installed for the Conservatory of Music there, did not match the results obtained in using your '801' unit in connection with a new cassette recorde:!"
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Harold A. Rodgers
Executive Editor Popular Electronics July 1980

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## By Carl Warren

## Interesting Items and BASIC Conversion.

SINCE Christmas is upon us, you just might be thinking about a little something electronic for yourself or one of the children. One item that you might consider is the 8085AT microcomputer system from Paccom. This single-board computer ( SBC ) is priced at $\$ 299.95$ completely built and tested, and a kit is $\$ 249.95$

What makes this SBC a worthwhile buy is that it can be used as a controller or a trainer. The unit comes with the 8085A Cookbook and the 8080/8085 Software Design Book 1 written by the dynamic trio of David Larsen, Jonathan Titus, and Christopher Titus. The trainer used in conjunction with these books will certainly strengthen your knowledge about 8 - bit processor software design.

More on Modems. It seems that since I started keeping you abreast of happenings in system-to-system communication, more keeps coming. Specifically, modem manufacturers are sensitive to the needs of small-system owners and are offering a lot of performance for a relatively low price.

For example, I recently had the pleasure of visiting Dennis Hayes, president of Hayes Microcomputer Products. Dennis was one of the first to make a bus-oriented modem for S-100 systems. This unit, dubbed the Micromodem 100, is still available at $\$ 399$ with a microcoupler that eliminates the need for a separate Data Access Arrangement (DAA). Dennis advised me that although the trend is to unitized systems like the Apple, S-100 bus systems are still popular.

The Micromodem 100 isn't the big news though-the company's Micro-
modom II for the Apple II is. This $\$ 379$ unit includes a modem board that fits on the Apple bus, a microcoupler to attach it to the phone line, cables, and firmware on Read Only Memory ( $\mathbb{R O M}$ ). The ROM code is

- Bell system 103 compatibility
- Full duplex operation

Hayes has further enhanced his product by providing what I consider the most comprehensive manuals offered for any product today. In them, numerous subroutines are provided for functions such as answering a ringing phone and sending an acknowledgement tone, automotive dialing, and sending text data by phone. The entire package provides high quality at reasonable cost.

As good as they are, the Hayes modems are system dependent and, consequently, leave the field open for competitors. One such company, Bizcomp, offers a series (1030) of intelli-


Flexible stand-alone intelligent moder: series from BIZCOMP.
the secret to the power of the unit. It permits you to use your Apple in some very sophisticated communications operations. Among the many features of the Micromodem II are:

- Auto answer
- Auto dial
- Auto data transfer

The 8085AT
single-board computer from Paccom can be used as a controller or trainer.
gent modems designed to fit any computer with a serial interface. Prices for the Bizcomp units range from $\$ 395$ for the model 1030 to $\$ 495$ for the 1031 .

The modems incorporate an 8 -bit microprocessor and an on-board ROM to establish the interactive features of the unit. With any of the 1030 series you have auto answer, dial, Bell 103 compatibility, and a selection of baud rates from 110 to 300 .

What's especially exciting is that you can have the intelligent interactive dialogue features with just a terminal and the Bizcomp modem-a computer isn't even required. According to Bizcomp, the idea is to provide a microprocessor modem system at low cost, while allowing a user the

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bedefghijklanoparsturxyg $\{$ \}-M

## HADDOT Character Set $A B C D E F G A T I K L M A O P Q$

 Cursor Modes: Home, Backspace, Horizontal Tab, Line Feed, Cursor Modes: Home, Backspace, Horizontal Tab, Line Feed,Vertical Tab, Carriage Return. Two special cursor sequences Verical Tab, Carriage Return. Two special cursor sequences are provided for absolute and relative X-Y cursor adaressing Cursur Control: Erase, Feed, Delete - Monitor Operationt 50 or 60 Hz (jumper Contin
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flexibility of incorporating it into a computer.

Software can be written that uses the power of the modems in concert with that of a base computer. Since the modem has its own control and logic, the communications package can be written in any language you have running. This system looks ideal as an add-on for a Heath system, especially if you're setting up a store-and-forward message system.

Adding More Functions to an H89. I know that many of you have the Heath $\mathrm{H}-89$ microcomputer system, and have been looking for a variety of ways to upgrade it. Well, Magnolia Microsystems has the answer, especially if you're interested in adding a 10 M -byte Winchester disk. Magnolia is offering the Corvus 112 10M-byte Winchester disk with intelligent controller and the MMS 89 interface board for $\$ 5,350$. The interface and patches to Digital Research's CP/M operating system are the value added by Magnolia.

The interface board consists of two parallel I/O ports for communicating with the Corvus controller and space for the existing serial ports used by the computer. (You simply move the components from your existing serial board to the Magnolia board.) The interface fits on the $\mathrm{H}-89$ bus slot and requires no modifications that would void the Heath warranty. Magnolia recommends that you also purchase the PROM upgrade that puts memory at a zero base, thus permitting use of standard CP/M.

A Most Unbellevable "Magazine." Imagine the following: You sit down at your computer system, insert a disk, and try software projects others have done, as well as reading about new ideas. The "magazine," Micro Media, lets you really do this. For example, there's a convert BASIC that allows you to translate from one version to another (it doesn't work in all cases, though). Micro Media comes on disk for either the Heath H-89.. Radio Shack TRS-80, or Apple II micro-computer systems. The annual subscription rate is $\$ 55$. (If you want to nibble before you bite, you can order a single issue for $\$ 11.95$. Be sure to specify the system you have.)

So You Want to Convert a BASIC Program? I imagine that many of you from time to time have run across a program you just had to have run on your machine. But what do you do
when it's written in a version of BASIC that you don't have, or one that's somewhat obscure? (I started researching the problem about two years ago and, to date, have identified 111 versions of BASIC, 23 of which were developed by Microsoft.)

Translation from one version to another is more tedious than difficult, but it requires that you have the manuals that explain the use of the BASICs you are translating between, and an understanding of how the language works in the first place. In cases where it will work, an automatic translater such as that mentioned above is most convenient.

Hand translation is the next and most tedious method. For this, I'd suggest you get a copy of David Lein's The BASIC Handbook for reference. David provides information on many versions of BASIC and offers valuable translation tips.

Assuming that you have assembled all of the required manuals and guides, your next step is to dive right in and go for it. Begin by taking a listing of the program. If you can get it into your machine, so much the better. Of course, there are versions of BASIC that won't permit this. Since each line is translated on insertion to a buffer, you'll get an error.
Once you have some form of listing to work from, follow the outline in Fig. 1, writing down functions and breaking the program into parts. The key is to translate on a routine-toroutine basis, rather than attacking the whole program at once. Thus you are essentially rewriting the program, using the original as an outline.

Most of the statements used in BASIC programs are fairly straightforward and can be used as originally written. The big problem occurs when translating disk $1 / O$ and graphics functions since virtually every machine handles these differently. In cases where disk operations and graphics are employed, your best bet is to break these out as subroutines, and write them in accordance with the specs of your BASIC. But remember, BASIC doesn't support mass storage I/O or graphics. These functions have been added over time and are considered extensions. They rely on the system monitor firmware and the operating system in order to work.

An interesting aspect of BASIC is that you can establish macro calls in the form of subroutines that can be defined to simulate a function not supported by your BASIC. Suppose you see a program written for the TRS-80, for example, and you have
just become the owner of a Mits 680b using the old Microsoft BASIC. Your goal is to make that program work as


Fig. 1. Procedure for converting a BASIC program.

## MORE INFORMATION

For additional information about products and services mentioned here, contact the companies directly.

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it would on the TRS-80 (for this example no disk I/O is implied). Let's first look at the original program:

10 CLS
$201=0$
30 FORI = 1 to 25
40 PRINT "THIS IS A TEST"'
50 NEXT I
60 END
Notice that the program is straightforward. Nothing fancy, but it won't run on the 680b! The first line will generate a syntax error, meaning that there is something in it that the BASIC in use doesn't understand-in this case, CLS. To the TRS-80, CLS is a special function that tells the system monitor: "Clear the screen by blanking all the available picture elements (pixels)."

The 680b operates with an external terminal that may or may not have a blanking feature and is separate from the internal operation of the computer. Accordingly, the terminal may not have a method of clearing the screen with a control character (which incidentally, would be easy). Instead, a counter much like the main program body is called for. Therefore, the new program will look like this:

10 GOSUB 100
$201=0$
30 FORI $=1$ TO 25
40 PRINT "THIS IS A TEST"
50 NEXT I
60 END
100 FOR C $=1$ to 16
110 PRINT
120 NEXT C
:REM SCREEN HAS 16 LINES :PRINT A BLANK LINE :INCREMENT THE COUNTER :GO BACK WHERE YOU CAME FROM

The rest of the program stays the same, as it contains nothing not known to the 680b version of BASIC. In this case, both BASICs are of Microsoft design, which helps, since they are reasonably similar.

Now, here's something for you to do. Write a conversion program that will take the program in this example and translate it for some other machine, such as a Heath, Apple or an Atari 800. I'll show you a program that performs this translation in an upcoming issue, and how to convert an Apple graphics program to work on the Heath H-89 and Radio Shack TRS-80.

Should you, in the meantime, come up with a good idea on how to convert programs, send me a note, in care of the magazine. Or, if you have a program you want to convert and aren't sure what to do, let me know (enclose a stamped, self-addressed envelope); I probably can help. Those of you that are on the Micronet can reach me at ID [70003,133].

## Computer Sources <br> By Leslie Solomon

 Senior Technical Editor
## Hardware

Apple Music. The Music Machine Nine can produce nine voices and requires only one Apple slot. It can use presently available software compatible with other music boards. Two high-impedance, low-level outputs are provided with six voices assigned to each channel. \$199. Address: Advanced Computer Products, 1310 E. Edinger, Santa Ana, CA 92705, (Tel: 714-558-8813).

Minimal 6802 System. The Model SBC-02 computer is a 4 -chip system on a $6^{\prime \prime} \times 6^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{pc}$ board and features a 6802 processor, 128 bytes of RAM, 2 K of ROM and a parallel/ serial I/O port. A Wire-Wrap area is also provided. An optional monitor
(HUMBUG in a 2716 EPROM at $\$ 40$ ) can be used to provide program entry and control, single stepping, breakpoints, and other front-panellike functions. Other options include 4 K floating-point BASIC in ROM, a cross assembler for 6802 development, and other utilities. Bare board with instructions $\$ 25, \$ 75$ for parallel I/O kit, or $\$ 150$ wired and tested. Address: Star Kits. Box 209, Mt. Kisco, NY 10549.

Terminal for the Blind. Total Talk is a computer terminal that converts data into full-word synthetic speech. It consists of a keyboard, two

processors, a CRT screen and speech synthesizer. Phonetic characters plus rules for enunciation are fed into the synthesizer and the product is clear synthetic speech for a blind computer
operator. The operator can listen to a page, a selected line, or a single word. Speech rate can be set between 45 and 720 words/minute with pitch, tone, and volume adjustable. $\$ 5,995$. Speak Easy is a subset of Total Talk without the editing and cursor control capabilities. $\$ 4,000$. Address: Maryland Computer Services Inc., 502 Rock Spring Ave., Bel Air, MD 21014 (Tel: 301-879-3366/838-8888)

Scrub-A-Daisy. This print-wheel cleaning system is to be used with Daisy, Diablo, Qume, and Wang print wheels, as well as IBM word processor and mag card wheels. The cleaner removes ink, carbon, dirt, and static accumulations from the wheel characters. It comes in a self-storing container. \$13.95. Address: Vikor Company, Inc., 51 Lake St., Box 3123, Nashua, NH 03061 (Tel: 603-889-8530)

## Software

picoforth for the 1802. picoFORTH, a subset of polyFORTH, is available for the 1802 (disk or PROM) and the 8080. It can be upgraded at any time with the Source, Target Compiler, or Multitasker, to full polyFORTH. A File Management option package is also available. In addition to the current versions, pico-

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| Sine Wave <br> 0 | 0.707 V | 0.707 V | 0.707 V |
| Full wave Rectlifed Sine Wave 0 | 0298 V | 0707 V | 0.707 V |
| Mall Wave Rectified Sine Wave | 0.382V | 0.500 V | 0.500V |
| Square Wave 0 <br>  | 1.110 V | 1.000 V | 1.000 V |
| Triangular Sawtooth Wave | 0.545 V | 0.577 V | 0.577 V |

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FORTH will soon be implemented for the 8086,6800 , and LSI-11 systems. \$495. Address: FORTH, Inc., 2309 Pacific Coast Hwy, Hermosa Beach, CA 90254 (Tel: 213-372-8493).

Stars on Your Screen. Comp-USky is a high-resolution graphics program for Apple computers that interacts with the user via text and game paddles to locate, identify, and provide information on stellar objects. It requires 48 K of memory, Applesoft in firmware, and one disk drive. It presents a display of eight directions and
directly overhead. The viewing "eye" can be changed from the North Pole to a South Sea isle. The program adjusts for latitude and longitude, viewing time and date, including earth precession. Right ascension and declination are provided for all objects in the tables. Constellations, planets, sun, moon, and stars are presented in high-resolution graphics. A calculation utility is provided for performing equatorial, ecliptic, horizontal and precession conversions. $\$ 39.95$ on diskette. An advanced version having multiple star tables is $\$ 79.95$. Ad-

You can extend the usefulness and data entry speed of your computer by giving it the graphics and menu capabilities of the Bit Pad One digitizer.

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## Popular Electronics Tests

## Sonys 19"KV-1913/1914

Color TV


# Features a noise-free picture and convenient serviceability 

ACLOSE look at Sony's 19801981 TV receivers in comparison to Trinitron models of previous years reveals salutary changes. A typical example of this upgrading is seen in the intermediate 19 -inch KV-1913/ 1914 chassis, which has a suggested retail price of $\$ 579.95$. Unlike its predecessors, this chassis is amenable to servicing. Central to this serviceability is its single-board construction, with plug-in connections to the tuners, deflection yoke, audio section-and just about everything else.

This chassis contains a half-dozen integrated circuits that provide fea-
tures such as noise cancellers in both sync and intermediate-frequency amplifiers, a sharp band-skirt surface acoustic wave (SAW) filter, a preamplifier between tuner and i-f's, and push-pull audio output. Only 23 discrete transistors are used throughout the entire chassis; seven are in the receiver's unitized tuners. High-voltage holdown, sensible dc regulation, nonflammable resistors in strategic locations, and a 5 -ampere line fuse appear to do a good job of overall protection, too. There's even a power-on indicator.

Sony's color-TV hallmark, the

Trinitron picture tube, complete with three cathodes, four sets of grids, and four high-voltage plates for horizontal static convergence, is a prominent feature in this receiver. In the past, the Trinitron required a fairly large parabolic waveform synchronized with horizontal scan for dynamic convergence, which was added to the dc voltage applied to the outer deflection plates. Now, apparently, horizontal static control on the high-voltage output assembly is pretty much de, with vertical and horizontal dynamic convergence executed prencipally by variable (ring) position magnets on the

neck of the CRT and the deflection yoke itself. Also, the little purity magnets scattered here and there around the picture tube are no longer needed.

The unified uhf-vhf tuner in this receiver has twin 3SK76 r-f MOSFETs for U/V amplifiers, common-base uhf oscillator and diode mixer, and output driver. Automatic gain control (agc) and automatic fine tuning (aft) are equally applied to each. Sony, however, clings to discrete voltage tuning via potentiometers, with no phase-locked loop (PLL) involved.

Comments. This newly designed Sony receiver, including its curvedface Trinitron picture tube, is a full contender for the quality U.S. TV market. As can be seen in the top trace of Fig. 1, i-f bandpass is a full 3.5 MHz (about 6 dB down at 4 MHz ) at the video detector. By the time we reach the CRT, however, bandpass has contracted to 3 MHz . This shows in the bottom trace, along with preshoots and overshoots from the video detector, the result of attempts to sharpen scene transitions.

Dc voltage regulation for the +135 - and 12 -volt sources is very acceptable, but at $90 \%$, high voltage is not quite as stable. The audio section performed well. Its limits ( -3 dB points) are 100 Hz and 8 kHz , with some boost in evidence between 100 Hz and 1 kHz . Input power for the entire set (some 70 watts with signal inputs) is considerably lower than the average 90 to 110 watts drawn by U.S. receivers. The $46-\mathrm{dB}$ measured signal/noise ratio is also remarkable and is a major reason why Sony's 3-

## HOW IT WORKS

THE simplified block diagram opposite shows signal flow and dc voltage origins in the KV-1913 chassis.

Video here is apparently envelope (diode) detected in IC201, since no tank circuit is evident, and is routed to the base of less-than-unity-gain amplifier/driver Q202 for both chroma and luminance amplifiers. On the way, broadband luminance passes through delay line DL301 so that it reaches blue, green, and red output amplifiers Q701, Q702, and Q703 at the same time as narrow-band recovered color does. These luminance signals are buffered and then LC and LR coupled to both contrast and 'sharpness' portions of /C301.

Sharpness controls are ordinarily RC or RLC limiting networks that either roll-off high frequencies (and internal noise) or actually change low- and high-frequency peaking to balance or compensate noisy conditions. Sony's system depends on RLC series-resonant networks with lowpass filtering in the IC sharpness amplifier. Gair of the sharpness amplifier is controlled by a variable dc voltage through the sharpness potentiometer. These passive circuits, however, are separate from the $3.58-\mathrm{MHz}$ trap (not illustrated) situated just before the luminance delay line. This highpass, constant-K T network keeps chroma out of the monochrome channel but limits luminance bandpass at the CRT to 3 MHz . Contrast is subsequently gain-controlled by a PICTURE potentiometer that is ganged to the color control circuits, resulting in composite video passing into a dc-referenced black pedestal clamper (via the brightness control) and then to the RGB amplifiers.

Chroma enters /C301 through a tuned bandpass transformer that permits 3.58 MHz burst (color sync) and double-side-band-transmitted $I$ and $Q$ chroma to be processed by the bandpass amplifier between 3.08 and 4.08 MHz . Chroma is phase shifted some $30^{\circ}$ to the $R-Y$ and $B-Y$ axes, after which, it is detected and gaincontrolled by an automatic color control (acc) circuit that derives its voltage swings from color-burst amplitudes and is, in turn, manually controlled by the potentiometer at pin 15. With no color information present, the automatic color killer (ack) conducts and cuts off the color output.

The acc detector, ack pedestal clamp, and burst gate are all keyed by a horizontal sync pulse through pin 20. The automaticphase control (apc) comparator circuit also keys in the same way, and develops a correction voltage from broadcast burst to correctly sync the $3.58-\mathrm{MHz}$ oscillator at 3.579545 MHz

The hue control (also dc) becomes an operator-selectable variable so that the $3.58 \cdot \mathrm{MHz}$ oscillator's phase reference output can be changed some $30^{\circ}$ on either side of center setting to compensate for tint variations in broadcast transmissions. Red minus luminance $(R-Y$ ) and blue minus luminance $(B-Y$ ) references, separated by a $70^{\circ}$ to $90^{\circ}$ phase-shifting network, then key the RGB - Y synchronous demodulators that develop all the large areas of color required to produce saturated and pastel-shaded pictures.

Luminance from the pedestal clamp next enters the RGB amplifiers, where it mixes with demodulated chroma and forms red, blue, and green outputs for the final power amplifiers and cathodes of the picture tube. During horizontal retrace, the RGB amplifiers are blanked to prevent noise and interference from reaching the screen.

Following luminance, chroma, and other signal circuits, the next most important function in any TV receiver is synchronization, which is accomplished in this receiver by IC501.

In this receiver, the sync separator and another noise canceller are supplied directly from the Q202 video amplifier, whose output goes to /С301 and the video sync separator and horizontal automaticfrequency control in /C501. Diode D501 samples and conducts some of the horizontal pulse from flyback transformer T501, delivering this to the horizontal sawtooth generator, which generates a voltage ramp. Incoming horizontal sync pulses "ride" this ramp positively and negatively so that the horizontal frequency control supplies a dc correction voltage to the horizontal oscillator to keep it operating at $15,734 \mathrm{~Hz}$ and in phase with the transmitted signals

The vertical sync separator integrates the much slower vertical sync pulses through an external $R C$ network and times
the vertical oscillator so that it maintains a $59.94 \cdot \mathrm{~Hz}$ repetition rate. Vertical hold and size controls are simply dc biases for their respective oscillator and amplifiers. The ensuing sawtooth generator aids in charging and discharging a capacitor to form a direct-drive ramp for the discrete vertical output, which has pincushion correction built into the sweep via Q503 and T502. Vertical outputs drive the vertical deflection coils.

Similarly, horizontal outputs deliver power to horizontal deflection coils and horizontal output transformer to generate high voltage and the additional $\mathrm{B}+$ voltages required by the receiver. The $25-\mathrm{kV}$ anode voltage is developed through the series diodes in the secondary coils of the outputflyback transformer. From the lower windings, an automatic brightness limiter monitors flyback current and places restraints on pedestal clamp gain in /C3O1 to prevent runaway CRT-beam current. Current drive for the horizontal-output stage Q901 is provided by T501. The 950 volts dc developed by D5 13 is used for CRT focus and screencontrol adjust potentiometers on the CRT board. These voltages are developed initially as current pulses when the flyback cycle collapses. Then a damper diode across the horizontal-output transistor conducts and current reverses in T503, producing large pulses that are rectified after selection from the various flyback taps.

High voltage, as shown, comes from the secondary and is rectified and used for both convergence (CV) and high voltages (HV). Low voltage in this receiver is obtained, after rectification and filtering, directly from the ac line without use of an isolation transformer. As incoming ac passes through r-f suppression coils T6O1 (not shown), degaussing coils $\angle 901$ and $\angle 902$ produce an electromagnetic field that realigns any disturbed flux in shadow or slot mask metals. After a few milliseconds, degaussing current heats up a temperaturedependent resistor (TDR) and is shut off. Then the bridge rectifiers conduct, giving a main output of +135 volts, regulated by a pair of complementary series-pass transistors, a divider and error amplifier reference source that controls the discrete seriespass transistors.

MODEL KV-1913/1914 RECEIVER LABORATORY DATA

## Parameter

Measurement

Tuner/receiver sensitivity
(Min. signal for snow-free picture)
Voltage regulation
(Line varied from 105 to 130 V with $r$ - $f$ signal input):
Luminance bandpass at CRT
$\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{N}$ at CRT:
Horizontal overscan:
Audio bandpass ( 3 dB down)

Chassis power requirements (signal applied)

vhf: -64 dBm<br>uhf: -56 dBm<br>Low voltage: $\quad 12 \cdot V$ supply - $99 \%$ 135-V supply -95\%<br>High voltage: $\quad 25-\mathrm{kV}$ supply - $90 \%$<br>3 MHz<br>46 dB<br>$16 \%$<br>1 Hz to 7.8 kHz (boosted between 100 Hz and 1 kHz ) 70 W



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Once you get into Hobby-Blox, look out. You're going to get hooked.

MHz CRT bandpass can compete with other receivers that have somewhat better color and wideband luminance response. To the eye, the picture appears exceptionally clean.

As for color, the video-detector and CRT waveforms (Fig. 2, upper and lower traces, respectively) are representative of what you should find between 3.08 and 4.08 MHz -the I and Q shifted to $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{Y}, \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{Y} 0.5-\mathrm{MHz}$ ( $2 \times$ ) double sidebands. There's no undue oscillation. Sine waves out of the video detector are well-formed with adequate separation, and the minor "garbage" in the $3.08-\mathrm{MHz}$ left portion at the CRT is within normal bounds. The vector in between, however, isn't as uniform as it might be, especially with respect to symmetry. The first, second, and ninth petals, starting from top left, should ideally


Fig. 1. I-f bandpass at video detector is a full 3.5 MHz but only 3 MHz at the CRT.


Fig. 2. Swept chroma at video detector and output
vector representation.
be as oval as the other seven. The angle of demodulation between the third $(\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{Y})$ and sixth $(\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{Y})$ petals seems to be just a little more than quadrature $\left(90^{\circ}\right)$. This will tend to spread fleshtones somewhat more than usual. One point in the KV-1913 receiver's picture reproduction that we observed is that, when the reds are excited by NTSC or gated-rainbow generators, they tend toward orange rather than the pink tones. This possibly results from different tube phosphors often used in Japanese sets.

On the positive side, this chassis shows excellent convergence (the Trinitron tube, of course) and good dc restoration, the latter providing good "blacks." Furthermore, the 14 -position finger-touch tuner is particularly convenient.-Stan Prentiss
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## Hitachi D-3300M Stereo Cassette Deck

## Features Automatic Tape Response System to set optimal recording parameters

THE Hitachi D-3300M is a threehead, two-motor cassette deck featuring the microprocessor-controlled ATRS (Automatic Tape Response System) developed by Hitachi and used in a slightly different form in its top-of-the-line Model D-5500M. Although some of the convenience features of the D-5500M have been deleted from the lower-priced D3300 M , in their essentials the two machines are very much alike.

The $\mathrm{D}-3300 \mathrm{M}$ has metal-tape record/play capability, a double Dolby system for monitoring off the tape with correct frequency response and noise levels, solenoid-operated tape transport functions, and fast-acting fluorescent peak-level indicators that hold readings above 0 dB for an extended time.
Some unusual operating modes, such as auto rewind PLAY/STOP, are found in the recorder. It can be set to automatically rewind a tape at the end of play and stop when the beginning has been reached or go into PLAY and repeat the tape indefinitely. There is also a conventional memory rewind that stops the tape when the index counter returns to a 000 . The D3300 M can be controlled from an ex-
ternal clock timer in the power line for unattended recording or playback.

The Hitachi D-3300M is $17^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{W} \times$ $10^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{D} \times 61 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H}$ and weighs $181 / 2$ pounds. Suggested list price is $\$ 700$.

General Description. In most respects, the front-loading D-3300M presents a conventional appearance, with light touchbuttons below the cassette door controlling the transport through solenoids. Colored lights above the buttons show the selected mode of operation. A rec mUTE button kills the incoming signal to the recording circuits while it is held in. This allows material to be conveniently deleted from a recording.

Although they are electrically and magnetically distinct, the record and playback heads of the D-3300M are housed in a single case. Separate line and microphone input record-level controls are provided, and the two sources can be mixed. Each control is actually a pair of clutch-coupled potentiometers for individual channellevel adjustment. Playback level is controlled by a single knob.
The fluorescent peak-level indica-tors-a pair of horizontal lines formed of closely spaced luminous
segments-are calibrated from -20 dB to +6 dB and respond very rapidly to program peaks. Pressing PEAK HOLD causes the maximum level above 0 dB to be displayed until the button is pressed a second time, or the recorder is shut off.

Most novel among features of the Hitachi D-3300M is the Automatic Tape Response System (ATRS). To use it, one first selects the basic tape type by pressing one of four pushbuttons. They are marked UD-ER (NOR), ud-ex $\left(\mathrm{CrO}_{2}\right), \mathrm{FeCr}$, and metal. In general, ferric tapes will use the NOR setting, while ferricobalt or chromi-um-dioxide tapes take the $\mathrm{CrO}_{2}$ setting. A green light in the center of each button glows when it is active.

Next the machine is put into the REC mode and the button marked TEST is pressed. The automatic test sequence begins and, after about 10 sec onds, the tape rewinds to the start of the test section and the machine stops. At this point, the red light in the center of the TEST MEMORY button comes on, signifying that optimal parameters of bias, record level, and equalization are stored in the computer's memory. If desired, the recording can be made without further use of the ATRS controls. The data is retained in the memory, even with power off, with the aid of two silver cells.

Alternatively, one can store the computer-derived information in a
(Continued on page 130)


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## (Continued from page 125)

memory assigned only to the tapetype button that was used for the ATRS operation. This releases the TEST MEMORY for use with another type of tape. To load this data into the regular memory, it is only necessary to press in TEST MEMORY and the adjacent MEMORY button in that order, holding both in and releasing TEST memory first. From that point on, touching the tape type button will optimize the recorder for that particular tape formulation. The information assigned to each button can be changed at any time by running another tape through TEST and loading the TEST MEMORY into MEMORY.

A window next to the buttons contains red lights that illuminate in rapid sequence to show which test frequency ( 1,7 , or 15 kHz ) is being used at any time during the ATRS operation. A fourth light (batt) shows that the memory batteries are installed and operating properly; if the batteries become weak or are absent, this light flashes.

In the automatic test, the computer first records a $1-\mathrm{kHz}$ standard level tone on the tape and checks the playback level. If the primary tape selection is incorrect, or if the leader tape is passing over the heads, the red light in the TEST button flashes, indicating an error.

If the correct tape type has been selected, the machine's logic circuits vary the bias current in 32 steps, noting which value gives the maximum
playback level as the bias is increased, and again as it is decreased. The average of those two bias values is stored and used for the following tests. Next, the recording level is varied in 32 steps ( 0.25 dB per step) to find the value that gives a correct playback level at 1 kHz . Then, frequencies of 7 kHz and 15 kHz are recorded in turn, with the computer adjusting equalization in 32 steps to obtain uniform output at all three frequencies.

Since there is some interaction between these adjustments, the entire process is repeated two more times before the parameter settings are stored in TEST MEMORY. During the tests, the turns of the tape hubs are monitored by the computer so that the tape is rewound to where the test began.

When the stored data is transferred to the individual tape memories, it is available at any time the associated buttons are pressed. This transfers the information in 5-bit data units to the peripheral circuits, establishing bias, level, and equalization.

Although the D-3300M lacks the wireless remote-control feature of the D- 5500 M , it has an optional cableconnected remote-control unit that operates all the transport functions.

Laboratory Measurements. For our bench tests we used Maxell UDXLI for NOR, Maxell UD-XLII for $\mathrm{CrO}_{2}$, Sony Duad for FeCr , and TDK MA-R for metal tape. Frequency response at -20 dB was virtually iden-
tical for all the tapes, typically $\pm 2 \mathrm{~dB}$ from 35 to $20,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$, with a slightly depressed output above 10 kHz and a falling response below 50 Hz . Differences between the tapes became more apparent in measurements taken from a $0-\mathrm{dB}$ record level. Here, the two Maxell tapes showed a falling response above 8 kHz , which intersected the $-20-\mathrm{dB}$ response curve between 15 and 20 kHz . The Duad tape response began to fall off at 4 kHz , but it did not meet the $-20-\mathrm{dB}$ curve until 18 kHz . Not surprisingly, the TDK MA-R metal tape was flat to 10 kHz , falling off moderately to -8 dB at 20 kHz , where it was till 12 dB above the $-20-\mathrm{dB}$ response.
Dolby tracking was fairly good at levels of -20 and -30 dB , with response changing by no more than 2 dB at any frequency when the Dolby system was turned on. At -40 dB the tracking was nearly perfect. The switchable MPX filter had no effect on the response up to $15,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$, but attenuated the $19,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ response by at least 30 dB .

Playback frequency response was measured with BASF (DIN) and TEAC 116SP test tapes (for the $120-$ and 70 -microsecond playback characteristics respectively). Both responses were well within $\pm 1 \mathrm{~dB}$ over the full range of the tapes (from 30 or 40 to $10,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ).

A $0-\mathrm{dB}$ recording indication required a line input of 71 to 72 mV at 1 kHz , the corresponding maximum playback level was between 0.49 and 0.70 V , depending on the tape (the Duad gave the lowest output and UDXLI the highest). Microphone sensitivity for 0 dB was 0.82 mV ; overload occurred at 62 mV .

Third-harmonic distortion in the playback of a $1-\mathrm{kHz}$ tone recorded at 0 dB was between -37 and -44 dB ( 1.4 to $0.63 \%$ ) depending on the tape. Metal tape gave markedly lower distortion than any of the others. The input level that gave $3 \%$ distortion in the playback was about +2 to +2.5 dB for the ferric tapes, +5.5 dB for the Duad tape, and +6.5 dB for metal tape. Referred to that level, the unweighted signal-to-noise ratio ( $\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{N}$ ) in the output was 54 to 55 dB with all the tapes except UD-XLI (NOR) which measured 50.5 dB . Using the Dolby system and CCIR/ARM weighting, the NOR tape gave a $60.5-$ dB S/N reading; UD-XLII, 64.5 dB ; metal, 65.8 dB ; and the Sony Duad ( FeCr ), 66.7 dB . Noise increased by only 2.5 dB through the microphone input at maximum gain.

The fluorescent "meters", responded with exactly correct "vu" ballistic characteristics, and their $0-\mathrm{dB}$ indications corresponded with the 200$\mathrm{nWb} / \mathrm{m}$ standard Dolby level. Tape speed was $0.75 \%$ slow, and in the fastwind speeds, a C60 cassette was moved from one end to the other in 92
seconds. Flutter was extremely low, meeting Hitachi's specification of $0.023 \%$ wrms. A weighted peak (CCIR) reading reached $0.04 \%$. These are excellent flutter data.

User Comment. The short ATRS cycle time of about 10 seconds makes it perfectly practical to use it before making any recording, instead of using a set of previously stored data in one of the tape memories. This also has the advantage of compensating for any possible batch-to-batch differences in tape properties.

One demanding test of a cassette deck's fidelity is to record FM tuner interstation noise and compare the playback with the incoming signal. This had to be done via the amplifier's tape monitor switch, since the "source" playback from the tape deck was slightly brighter than the incoming signal. Playback from the D3300 M was almost perfectly accurate with UD-XLII tape, even at a $-6-\mathrm{dB}$ recording level-and very nearly as good at 0 dB ! UD-XLI performed nearly as well. Sony Duad gave a distinctly duller sound than either ferric tape in this test, and the TDK MA-R playback was slightly brighter than the incoming signal, even at levels of 0 dB or higher! This recorder proved itself capable of making highly accurate recordings of just about any program one might encounter. With records and FM broadcasts, it was audibly perfect in its reproduction of the original program.

Although everything on the D3300 M worked with total smoothness and freedom from "bugs", one must practice with this machine in order to use it with confidence. For example, the procedure for making the ATRS alignment and storing it in memory is not at all obvious from the control markings. It is necessary to read the manual and make a few trial runs to render it as automatic for the operator as for the recorder. Also, the operation of the pause button is somewhat unusual. A momentary touch on the button stops the tape, without disengaging RECORD if it is in use. However, to release paUSE, the "play" button must be touched. It is not necessary to use REC simultaneously, since the machine's logic system will remember that it was in the recording mode.

Since Hitachi's introduction of ATRS, similar systems have appeared in some competitive machines. All the others we have seen sell for more than the D-3300M, and to our knowledge none can top its performance. This is an excellent recorder that eliminates tape characteristics from the recording equations. Essentially, the only differences between tapes as far as the D-3300M is concerned are minor variations in residual noise.-Julian D. Hirsch
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# Popular Electronics Tests 



## Ohio Scientifics' Challenger Model C4P-MF Microcomputer

0N ITS capabilities alone, Ohio Scientific would have been justified in naming the Challenger Model C4P-MF microcomputer the "I/O Machine." An outgrowth of the basic Model C4P, a $\$ 698$ computer, the MF version reaches new dimensions of utility through its numerous input/ output provisions and other useful special features.

The rear panel tells much of the story. It has 16 parallel I/O lines, RS232 ports for a 300 -baud modem and a $300 / 1200$-baud printer, an interface for fire and intrusion detectors, a realtime clock, and an accessory bus connector for an external 48 -line $1 / \mathrm{O}$ board, PROM blaster or whatever. And there's a GT option that nearly doubles the C4P-MF's speed, which is already twice that of the basic C4P. Also, the C4P-MF uses a mini-floppy for mass storage, in contrast to the cassette used in the C4P. In addition, the computer has keypad interfaces, joystick interfaces, voice and music generation, a built-in audio amp, an ac remote-control interface, and a full-color display system,

As it comes, the C4P-MF incorporates a single mini-floppy drive (with BASIC on disk) and a minimum of 24 K of RAM. Moreover, it can be expanded to 48 K RAM and two minifloppy drives. With its 53-key keyboard, the computer main frame is no larger than an office typewriter
 disk drive measures $14^{1} / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{W} \times 10^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{D}$ $\times 41 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H}$. Suggested retail price is $\$ 1799$ for the 24 K version, $\$ 2199$ for the 48 K version.

Hardware Description. The C4PMF is built around a 6502 A microprocessor, the same one used in the PET, Atari and Apple computers. This CPU is known for its speed and somewhat limited addressing modes. In the OSI system, the clock rate is 2 MHz , slowed to 1 MHz during cycles that reference the monitor ROM.

In its minimal configuration the Challenger contains 24 K bytes of RAM. When the video display accessory is included, an extra 2 K bytes is added to manage the screen. Since the display area is memory mapped, it
can be addressed as part of the main memory and used by programs. OSI advises that this will "mess up the display." The 24 K of RAM resides on a separate pc board and is implemented in 2114 static RAM chips. Static RAM chips are not prone to the soft errors sometimes found in dynamic RAM chips. Therefore, circuitry for error detection and correction is not required. A socket for a 2716 EPROM, the largest the address lines can handle, is provided on the CPU board.

Mass Storage. A 51/4" disk drive using single-sided, single-density, soft-sectored (one index hole) diskettes provides mass storage for the C4P-MF. Each diskette can hold 79,872 bytes, and a second drive can be added as an option. No cassette interface hardware is provided.
Display. A raster-type, conventional TV scan is used. The composite video output from the computer is 1 volt peak-to-peak. Source impedance is about 22 ohms, and the manual recommends the use of a high-input impedance monitor. The display is
organized as 64 characters per line, and 32 lines per screen. Under software control, the number of characters per line may be reduced to 32 for better legibility on an unconverted TV receiver. The position of the display on the raster is fixed, and although a good horizontal margin is left, the vertical margin is not enough to prevent the top line from appearing "above" the viewable screen. Some slight ringing and overshoot can also be observed in the display.

Characters are created in a matrix eight dots by eight lines with the lowest cell line blank, except when a descender is used. As the lowest cell line abuts the topmost line of the character cell below it, the descender will merge into the character below. Commas and semicolons do not project below the baseline of their cells.

The dot rate of 13.5 MHz requires a monitor video bandwidth of 6.75 MHz for optimum display of 64 characters per line. Such a bandwidth is usually available from a monochrome monitor and modified TV receivers in which the $3.58-\mathrm{MHz}$ (chroma) and $4.5-\mathrm{MHz}$ (sound) traps have been bypassed or disabled.

Of the total of 256 characters (including space) contained in the char-acter-generator ROM, 96 comprise the full ASCII alphanumeric set. The remaining 160 are patterns that can be combined to create graphics. No software-writable character set is available, and no hardware is provided for cursor generation. BASIC uses an underscore character that cannot co-exist with another character. A cursor effect is possible by setting a color over one or more characters. This is subject to the limitations imposed by the color subcarrier (which can produce an annoying "dot crawl" over a monochrome display).

The C4P-MF can, under software control, be set to a color display mode, in which each character position has a four-bit color number (in memory) associated with it. Three of the bits specify the color (any of seven hues, black, or the hue overlaid with black), while the fourth bit specifies whether the character or the background is to assume the specified color. If the video assumes the color, then the background becomes black, and vice versa. Colors may be used in any order desired. The color of the rightmost character background is continued to fill the screen as the background color for the entire raster.

This background color extends right up to the following horizontal sync pulse, which, at a width of 4.5 $\mu \mathrm{s}$, is within NTSC specifications. At variance with the NTSC specification, the $3.58-\mathrm{MHz}$ color-reference burst starts right at the trailing edge of the horizontal sync pulse, rather than with the slight ( $380-n s$ ) delay
specified by NTSC. Also, the color burst has its negative peaks rather than its zero level coincident with the pedestal (back porch) of the horizontal sync. Since the back porch is assumed to be the blanking level and there is no gap between the end of the burst and the video line, there is no blanking level "set-up" reference. In some receivers, this may cause poor operation of the sync, age and chroma circuits.

Keyboard. A 53-key, typewriterlike keyboard is used in the C4P-MF. Layout is standard, with offset keys, sloped profile, and matte keytops for reduced reflections. Auto repeat is provided.

Conventional alphanumerics use 42 keys, 8 are used for control functions, and one is the "break" key that transmits no character, but instead resets the CPU. All keys are software defined and any number of them can be held down at once and detected. The keytops are not marked with control characters or characters such as left arrow, right arrow, at-sign, etc. The equivalencies of shifted characters and their functions must be dug out of the manual-where they are not clearly given.
> ". . . this computer offers easy entry to the field and lots of room for exploration."

To operate the system bootstrap, one must depress the shift-lock key. This may seem awkward, but it is a valuable safety feature.

Input/Output. A serial communications port with two connectors, one for a printer and the other for a modem, serve the C4P-MF. Both cannot be used at once. The voltage levels do not meet RS-232 standards, but represent a compromise between the need to include a separate negative power supply and the fact that most serial devices can accept signals that range between 0 and +5 volts. RS-232 inputs on some peripherals may include a pull-up resistor to hold a disconnected input in the high state. The low logic level of the C4P-MF's serial output is produced by a resistor to ground, so the current sourced by pull-up resistors could produce a permanent "high" indication.
The ACIA (a form of UART) used
in the serial port will inhibit its trans-mitter-empty flag if the CTS (clear to send) signal is not presented to it. This signal, supplied from the printer port as the C4P-MF is shipped, can be jumpered to a permanent "ready" condition.

Baud rates are selected from a range of 75 to 9600 , and a 110 -baud setting is not provided (this precludes use of a TTY as a hard-copy printer). Only two baud rates (with one four times the other) can be selected under software control. As the unit is shipped, the baud rates are 300 and 1200 . Accuracy is $99.84 \%$.

Two parallel ports driven by one PIA (peripheral interface adapter) are provided. By means of software, the 16 bits can be independently configured as inputs or outputs. Only data bits are present and no strobe bits that will set interrupts are provided. Thus, the program must test the status of bits from the external device to determine if a flag signal is presented. This means that latching and handshaking must be externally performed.

The PIA outputs are capable of sinking 1.6 mA in the low logic level and sourcing 1.0 mA at 1.5 volts in the high state. This restricts the maximum termination load to $1.31 \mathrm{k} \Omega \mathrm{re}$ turned to 2.5 volts. This does not permit the use of terminated transmission lines for long interconnections. Maximum cable length that can be driven by these outputs is about 10 feet ( 3 meters).

In addition to the PIA, a set of buffered data lines is brought out to a socket on the rear panel that can be connected to an external PIA (or its equivalent). The sockets for these signals, as well as the PIA ports, are conventional 16-pin DIP types suitable for IC's but not the most durable I/O connectors.

Eight resistors, arranged in a divider, form an eight-bit resistive D/A (digital-to-analog) converter. These resistors, accurate to within $5 \%$, make the smallest variation possible under program control 0.4\% (1 part in 255). Output precision is $5 \%$. Because of an output coupling capacitor, low-frequency response of the $D / A$ is -3 dB at 9.5 Hz . Conversion speed is limited by program execution.

The D/A converter can be turned off under software control and the built-in tone generator turned on. This generator, operating between 20 Hz and 20 kHz , provides a square wave whose frequency is divided down from that of a master oscillator using any of 256 divisors selected via software. Direct memory access (DMA) is not possible with the C4P-MF, since the address drivers are permanently enabled.

The two joysticks provided in the C4P-MF package are conventional in
use in that their movement controls that of an on-screen object, while depressing the joystick button controls another action. However, since the software keeps testing at the joystick port at all times, and the two joysticks are equivalent to an active keyboard when out of their "neutral" positions, false data can be incidentally input. This can "bomb" the program before it starts to run. The external 10 -key keypads are the equivalent of a conventional numeric cluster as used in many terminals and computers.

Also quite useful is the remote-control option (a modified version of the BSR X-10 home wireless control system), whose command console can handle up to 16 channels of lights and/or appliances. As supplied by OSI, the package includes two modules for appliances and two for lights, along with appropriate software. In order to prevent remote-control interrupts from wiping out BASIC programs that may be running, the first statement of a remote-control program should save the current BASIC program on diskette. That way, its execution can be resumed after the interrupt is serviced.

Power Supply. The C4P-MF operates from 120 V ac and a separate power line and switch are provided for the disk chassis. Series-pass regulated power supplies are used: two in the C4P and one in the disk drive. The supplies in the computer chassis were loaded to 1.6 amperes of excess current before their regulators automatically shut down.

Both the C4P-MF and the disk were powered from a variable autotransformer and the line voltage was lowered at approximately $0.1-$ volt ac per second to simulate a power-line "brownout" condition. No ripple 'appeared on the video display until 85.3 volts rms was reached, and the pro-gram-which was causing the head to seek back and forth across the dis-kette-stopped operating at 68.4 V .

Other System Factors. The C4PMF is provided with an internal fourcard bus structure in which three positions are occupied. In the fourth position, a cable-adapter board blocks some of the space a circuit board might occupy. The bus structure is "nonstandard" and there is no mention in the manuals of plug-in cards that are available for bus use. The rear-panel I/O connector allows connection of three external PIA's through the AC-12 option that can interface up to 48 bits in either input or output operation. Since DMA is not available, interrupts are generated strictly on the CPU board and there is no provision for I/O interrupts. The user is thus restricted to peripherals provided by OSI.

A program was written to force the

DOS (and disk head) to seek and load another program located at the opposite side of the diskette. This second program forced the DOS to go back across the diskette and pick up the original program and continue the cycle. Thus, the disk mechanism went back and forth from inner to outer track continuously, making the average half-cycle time an accurate measure of the access time including seek time, rotational latency, and program execution time. Sixty-four full head cycles occured in 50 seconds, producing a $300-\mathrm{ms}$ access time.

To reduce time from a "cold" start and to allow more frequent access to the disk, OSI allows the disk-drive motor to run continuously as long as power is applied. As the mean-time-before-failure (MTBF) for the small dc motors used in 5 -inch disk systems is on the order of 1800 hours, the extra operating time is of no special import, though it does count against overall MTBF.

Reset procedure is simple-all that is necessary is to depress the break key. The system then puts up a clear screen and asks for the bootstrap source which can only be the C4P-MF disk. If anything else is specified, the operating system enters its monitor program and allows you to poke around and examine memory.

On start-up, you get the option of entering the monitor, entering DOS, or "unlocking" the BASIC. Before you can enter your BASIC program, you must first clear the BASIC startup program. Using the disk bootstrap will lose any BASIC program you may have keyed in prior to reverting to the boot. Before going out of BASIC, for any reason, it is prudent to
static memories.) In its chosen bailiwick, the system offers definite advantages. Its relative simplicity makes learning to use it easy, and its elaborate I/O facilities can save the drudgery (and expense) of engineering interfaces with the outside world.

It's not suggested that the TV monitor be placed atop the mainframe because stray signals radiated from the mainframe can cause a slight "swimming" of the horizontal sweep. A compact setup is best achieved, therefore, by setting the disk drive on the mainframe and the TV monitor a foot or so away. Both the monochrome monitor and the color-TV receiver we used for display purposes were capable of presenting 32 -character lines with clarity. On the video monitor, the 64 -character lines were superb. We found that the merging of descenders with the character below is only-a minor nuisance; it becomes less vexing as one gets used to it.

The BASIC provided with the C4P-MF is excellent and provides all the expected functions. Start-up procedure, which is unusual, seems awkward at first, but soon becomes easy.

Owing to the large number of I/O modes, the C4P-MF encompasses, we were unable to test all of them. Using the software provided, it appears to be relatively easy to control a number of external devices. Since the system also includes a real-time clock, it is possible to activate or deactivate controlled devices at preset times.

With the excellent OSI disk-based software available-including an Information Management System, Word Processor, and a library of program development tools-and with its color graphics, animation capabilities,


Rear panel of C4P with I/ O ports.
store your data on diskette, since not much will be left after a restart.

User Notes. The C4P-MF is clearly designed for use in personal and educational applications. (For engineering/professional use, there's a GT option of the C4P-MF that uses a 6502C microprocessor with ultra-fast
audio output, joystick controls and a number of personal programs, the C4P-MF is a good buy. While it is true that someone who becomes seriously involved in computers might eventually outgrow it, this computer offers easy entry to the field and lots of room for exploration.

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